

Package ‘BinaryEMVS’

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Title Variable Selection for Binary Data Using the EM Algorithm

Version 0.1

Description Implements variable selection for high dimensional datasets with a binary response variable using the EM algorithm. Both probit and logit models are supported. Also included is a useful function to generate high dimensional data with correlated variables.

Depends R (>= 3.1.3)

License GPL-3

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 5.0.1

NeedsCompilation no

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Contents

BinomialEMVS	1
data.sim	3
Index	4

BinomialEMVS	<i>Variable Selection For Binary Data Using The EM Algorithm</i>
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Description

Conducts EMVS analysis

Usage

```
BinomialEMVS(y, x, type = "probit", epsilon = 5e-04, v0s = ifelse(type ==
  "probit", 0.025, 5), nu.1 = ifelse(type == "probit", 100, 1000),
  nu.gam = 1, lambda.var = 0.001, a = 1, b = ncol(x),
  beta.initial = NULL, sigma.initial = 1, theta.inital = 0.5, temp = 1,
  p = ncol(x), n = nrow(x), SDCD.length = 50)
```

Arguments

y	responses in 0-1 coding
x	X matrix
type	probit or logit model
epsilon	tuning parameter
v0s	tuning parameter, can be vector
nu.1	tuning parameter
nu.gam	tuning parameter
lambda.var	tuning parameter
a	tuning parameter
b	tuning parameter
beta.initial	starting values
sigma.initial	starting value
theta.inital	startng value
temp	not sure
p	not sure
n	not sure
SDCD.length	not sure

Value

probs is posterior probabilities

Examples

```
#Generate data
set.seed(1)
n=25;p=500;pr=10;cor=.6
X=data.sim(n,p,pr,cor)

#Randomly generate related beta coefficnets from U(-1,1)
beta.Vec=rep(0,times=p)
beta.Vec[1:pr]=runif(pr,-1,1)

y=scale(X%%beta.Vec+rnorm(n,0,sd=sqrt(3)),center=TRUE,scale=FALSE)
prob=1/(1+exp(-y))
y.bin=t(t(ifelse(rbinom(n,1,prob)>0,1,0)))
```

```
result.probit=BinomialEMVS(y=y.bin,x=X,type="probit")
result.logit=BinomialEMVS(y=y.bin,x=X,type="logit")

which(result.probit$posts>.5)
which(result.logit$posts>.5)
```

data.sim

High Dimensional Correlated Data Generation

Description

Generates an high dimensional dataset with a subset of columns being related to the response, while controlling the maximum correlation between related and unrelated variables.

Usage

```
data.sim(n = 100, p = 1000, pr = 3, cor = 0.6)
```

Arguments

n	sample size
p	total number of variables
pr	the number of variables related to the response
cor	the maximum correlation between related and unrelated variables

Value

Returns an nxp matrix with the first pr columns having maximum correlation cor with the remaining p-pr columns

Examples

```
data=data.sim(n=100,p=1000,pr=10,cor=.6)
max(abs(cor(data))[abs(cor(data))<1])
```

Index

BinomialEMVS, [1](#)

data.sim, [3](#)