

Package ‘RMOA’

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Title Connect R with MOA for Massive Online Analysis

Description Connect R with MOA (Massive Online Analysis - <https://moa.cms.waikato.ac.nz/>) to build classification models and regression models on streaming data or out-of-RAM data.
Also streaming recommendation models are made available.

Depends RMOAjars (>= 1.0), rJava (>= 0.6-3), methods

Suggests ff, recommenderlab

SystemRequirements Java (>= 5.0)

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URL <http://www.bnosac.be>, <https://github.com/jwijnffels/RMOA>,
<https://moa.cms.waikato.ac.nz/>

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datastream	<i>Datastream objects and methods</i>
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Description

Reference object of class datastream. This is a generic class which holds general information about the data stream.
Currently streams are implemented for data in table format (streams of read.table, read.csv, read.csv2, read.delim, read.delim2), data in RAM (data.frame, matrix), data in ff (on disk).
See the documentation of [datastream_file](#), [datastream_dataframe](#), [datastream_matrix](#), and [datastream_ffdf](#)

Arguments

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| description | The name how the stream is labelled |
| args | a list with arguments used to set up the stream and used in the datastream methods |

Value

A class of type datastream which contains

description: character with the name how the stream is labelled.

state: integer with the current state at which the stream will read new instances of data

processed: integer with the number of instances already processed

finished: logical indicating if the stream has finished processing all the instances

args: list with arguments passed on to the stream when it is created (e.g. arguments of read.table)

See Also[datastream_file](#)**Examples**

```
## Basic example, showing the general methods available for a datastream object
x <- datastream(description = "My own datastream", args = list(a = "TEST"))
x
str(x)
try(x$get_points(x))
```

datastream_dataframe	<i>data streams on a data.frame</i>
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Description

Reference object of class `datastream_dataframe`. This is a class which inherits from class `datastream` and which can be used to read in a stream from a `data.frame`.

Arguments

`data` a `data.frame` to extract data from in a streaming way

Value

A class of type `datastream_dataframe` which contains

data: The `data.frame` to extract instances from

all fields of the datastream superclass: See [datastream](#)

Methods

- `get_points(n)` Get data from a `datastream` object.
n integer, indicating the number of instances to retrieve from the `datastream`

See Also[datastream](#)**Examples**

```
x <- datastream_dataframe(data=iris)
x$get_points(10)
x
x$get_points(10)
x
```

datastream_ffdf	<i>data streams on an ffd</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Reference object of class `datastream_ffdf`. This is a class which inherits from class `datastream` and which can be used to read in a stream from a `ffdf` from the `ff` package.

Arguments

`data` a `data.frame` to extract data from in a streaming way

Value

A class of type `datastream_ffdf` which contains

data: The `ffdf` to extract instances from

all fields of the datastream superclass: See [datastream](#)

Methods

- `get_points(n)` Get data from a `datastream` object.
n integer, indicating the number of instances to retrieve from the `datastream`

See Also

[datastream](#)

Examples

```
## You need to load package ff before you can use datastream_ffdf
require(ff)
irisff <- as.ffdf(factorise(iris))
x <- datastream_ffdf(data=irisff)
x$get_points(10)
x
x$get_points(10)
x
```

datastream_file	<i>File data stream</i>
-----------------	-------------------------

Description

Reference object of class `datastream_file`. This is a class which inherits from class `datastream` and which can be used to read in a stream from a file. A number of file readers have been implemented, namely `datastream_table`, `datastream_csv`, `datastream_csv2`, `datastream_delim`, `datastream_delim2`.

See the examples.

Arguments

<code>description</code>	The name how the stream is labelled
<code>FUN</code>	The function to use to read in the file. Defaults to <code>read.table</code> for <code>datastream_table</code> , <code>read.csv</code> for <code>datastream_csv</code> , <code>read.csv2</code> for <code>datastream_csv2</code> , <code>read.delim</code> for <code>datastream_delim</code> , <code>read.delim2</code> for <code>datastream_delim2</code>
<code>columnnames</code>	optional character vector of column to overwrite the column names of the data read in with in <code>get_points</code>
<code>file</code>	The file to read in. See e.g. <code>read.table</code>
<code>...</code>	parameters passed on to <code>FUN</code> . See e.g. <code>read.table</code>

Value

A class of type `datastream_file` which contains

FUN: The function to use to read in the file

connection: A connection to the file

columnnames: A character vector of column names to overwrite the column names with in `get_points`

all fields of the datastream superclass: See [datastream](#)

Methods

- `get_points(n)` Get data from a `datastream` object.
n integer, indicating the number of instances to retrieve from the `datastream`

See Also

[read.table](#), [read.csv](#), [read.csv2](#), [read.delim](#), [read.delim2](#)

Examples

```
mydata <- iris
mydata$Species[2:3] <- NA
## Example of a CSV file stream
myfile <- tempfile()
write.csv(iris, file = myfile, row.names=FALSE, na = "")
x <- datastream_csv(file = myfile, na.strings = "")
x
x$get_points(n=10)
x
x$get_points(n=10)
x
x$stop()

## Create your own specific file stream
write.table(iris, file = myfile, row.names=FALSE, na = "")
x <- datastream_file(description="My file definition stream", FUN=read.table,
  file = myfile, header=TRUE, na.strings="")
x$get_points(n=10)
x
x$stop()

## Clean up for CRAN
file.remove(myfile)
```

datastream_matrix	<i>data streams on a matrix</i>
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Description

Reference object of class `datastream_matrix`. This is a class which inherits from class `datastream` and which can be used to read in a stream from a matrix.

Arguments

data a matrix to extract data from in a streaming way

Value

A class of type `datastream_matrix` which contains

data: The matrix to extract instances from

all fields of the datastream superclass: See [datastream](#)

Methods

- `get_points(n)` Get data from a `datastream` object.
n integer, indicating the number of instances to retrieve from the `datastream`

See Also[datastream](#)**Examples**

```
data <- matrix(rnorm(1000*10), nrow = 1000, ncol = 10)
x <- datastream_matrix(data=data)
x$get_points(10)
x
x$get_points(10)
x
```

factorise*Convert character strings to factors in a dataset*

Description

Convert character strings to factors in a dataset

Usage

```
factorise(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	object of class data.frame
...	other parameters currently not used yet

Value

a data.frame with the information in x where character columns are converted to factors

Examples

```
data(iris)
str(iris)
mydata <- factorise(iris)
str(mydata)
```

MOAattributes	<i>Define the attributes of a dataset (factor levels, numeric or string data) in a MOA setting</i>
---------------	--

Description

Define the attributes of a dataset (factor levels, numeric or string data) in a MOA setting

Usage

```
MOAattributes(data, ...)
```

Arguments

data	object of class data.frame
...	other parameters currently not used yet

Value

An object of class MOAmodelAttributes

Examples

```
data(iris)
mydata <- factorise(iris)
atts <- MOAattributes(data=mydata)
atts
```

MOAoptions	<i>Get and set options for models build with MOA.</i>
------------	---

Description

Get and set options for models build with MOA.

Usage

```
MOAoptions(model, ...)
```

Arguments

model	character string with a model or an object of class MOA_model. E.g. HoeffdingTree, DecisionStump, NaiveBayes, HoeffdingOptionTree, ... The list of known models can be obtained by typing RMOA:::moaknownmodels. See the examples.
...	other parameters specifying the MOA modelling options of each model. See the examples.

Value

An object of class MOAmodelOptions.

This is a list with elements:

1. model: The name of the model
2. moamodelname: The purpose of the model known by MOA (getPurposeString)
3. javaObj: a java reference of MOA options
4. options: a list with options of the MOA model. Each list element contains the Name of the option, the Purpose of the option and the current Value

See the examples.

Examples

```
control <- MOAoptions(model = "HoeffdingTree")
control
MOAoptions(model = "HoeffdingTree", leafprediction = "MC",
  removePoorAtts = TRUE, binarySplits = TRUE, tieThreshold = 0.20)

## Other models known by RMOA
RMOA:::moaknownmodels

## Classification Trees
MOAoptions(model = "AdaHoeffdingOptionTree")
MOAoptions(model = "ASHoeffdingTree")
MOAoptions(model = "DecisionStump")
MOAoptions(model = "HoeffdingAdaptiveTree")
MOAoptions(model = "HoeffdingOptionTree")
MOAoptions(model = "HoeffdingTree")
MOAoptions(model = "LimAttHoeffdingTree")
MOAoptions(model = "RandomHoeffdingTree")
## Classification using Bayes rule
MOAoptions(model = "NaiveBayes")
MOAoptions(model = "NaiveBayesMultinomial")
## Classification using Active learning
MOAoptions(model = "ActiveClassifier")
## Classification using Ensemble learning
MOAoptions(model = "AccuracyUpdatedEnsemble")
MOAoptions(model = "AccuracyWeightedEnsemble")
MOAoptions(model = "ADACC")
MOAoptions(model = "DACC")
MOAoptions(model = "LeveragingBag")
MOAoptions(model = "OCBoost")
MOAoptions(model = "OnlineAccuracyUpdatedEnsemble")
MOAoptions(model = "OzaBag")
MOAoptions(model = "OzaBagAdwin")
MOAoptions(model = "OzaBagASHT")
MOAoptions(model = "OzaBoost")
MOAoptions(model = "OzaBoostAdwin")
MOAoptions(model = "TemporallyAugmentedClassifier")
MOAoptions(model = "WeightedMajorityAlgorithm")
```

```
## Regressions
MOAoptions(model = "AMRulesRegressor")
MOAoptions(model = "FadingTargetMean")
MOAoptions(model = "FIMTDD")
MOAoptions(model = "ORTO")
MOAoptions(model = "Perceptron")
MOAoptions(model = "SGD")
MOAoptions(model = "TargetMean")

## Recommendation engines
MOAoptions(model = "BRISMFPPredictor")
MOAoptions(model = "BaselinePredictor")
```

MOA_classification_activelearning

MOA active learning classification

Description

MOA active learning classification

Usage

```
ActiveClassifier(control = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

control	an object of class MOAmodelOptions as obtained by calling MOAoptions
...	options of parameters passed on to MOAoptions , in case control is left to NULL. Ignored if control is supplied

Value

An object of class MOA_classifier which sets up an untrained MOA model, which can be trained using [trainMOA](#)

See Also

[MOAoptions](#), [trainMOA](#)

Examples

```
ctrl <- MOAoptions(model = "ActiveClassifier")
mymodel <- ActiveClassifier(control=ctrl)
mymodel
```

`MOA_classification_bayes`*MOA bayesian classification*

Description

MOA bayesian classification

Usage

```
NaiveBayes(control = NULL, ...)
```

```
NaiveBayesMultinomial(control = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>control</code>	an object of class <code>MOAModelOptions</code> as obtained by calling MOAoptions
<code>...</code>	options of parameters passed on to MOAoptions , in case <code>control</code> is left to <code>NULL</code> . Ignored if <code>control</code> is supplied

Value

An object of class `MOA_classifier` which sets up an untrained MOA model, which can be trained using [trainMOA](#)

See Also

[MOAoptions](#), [trainMOA](#)

Examples

```
ctrl <- MOAoptions(model = "NaiveBayes")
mymodel <- NaiveBayes(control=ctrl)
mymodel
```

`MOA_classification_ensemblelearning`*MOA classification using ensembles*

Description

MOA classification using ensembles (bagging/boosting/stacking/other)

Usage

```
AccuracyUpdatedEnsemble(control = NULL, ...)

AccuracyWeightedEnsemble(control = NULL, ...)

ADACC(control = NULL, ...)

DACC(control = NULL, ...)

LeveragingBag(control = NULL, ...)

LimAttClassifier(control = NULL, ...)

OCBoost(control = NULL, ...)

OnlineAccuracyUpdatedEnsemble(control = NULL, ...)

OzaBag(control = NULL, ...)

OzaBagAdwin(control = NULL, ...)

OzaBagASHT(control = NULL, ...)

OzaBoost(control = NULL, ...)

OzaBoostAdwin(control = NULL, ...)

TemporallyAugmentedClassifier(control = NULL, ...)

WeightedMajorityAlgorithm(control = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>control</code>	an object of class <code>MOAmodelOptions</code> as obtained by calling MOAoptions
<code>...</code>	options of parameters passed on to MOAoptions , in case <code>control</code> is left to <code>NULL</code> . Ignored if <code>control</code> is supplied

Value

An object of class `MOA_classifier` which sets up an untrained MOA model, which can be trained using [trainMOA](#)

See Also

[MOAoptions](#), [trainMOA](#)

Examples

```
ctrl <- MOAoptions(model = "OzaBoostAdwin")
```

```
mymodel <- OzaBoostAdwin(control=ctrl)
mymodel
```

MOA_classification_trees
MOA classification trees

Description

MOA classification trees

Usage

```
AdaHoeffdingOptionTree(control = NULL, ...)
ASHoeffdingTree(control = NULL, ...)
DecisionStump(control = NULL, ...)
HoeffdingAdaptiveTree(control = NULL, ...)
HoeffdingOptionTree(control = NULL, ...)
HoeffdingTree(control = NULL, ...)
LimAttHoeffdingTree(control = NULL, ...)
RandomHoeffdingTree(control = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

control	an object of class MOAmodelOptions as obtained by calling MOAoptions
...	options of parameters passed on to MOAoptions , in case control is left to NULL. Ignored if control is supplied

Value

An object of class MOA_classifier which sets up an untrained MOA model, which can be trained using [trainMOA](#)

See Also

[MOAoptions](#), [trainMOA](#)

Examples

```
ctrl <- MOAoptions(model = "HoeffdingTree", leafprediction = "MC",
  removePoorAtts = TRUE, binarySplits = TRUE, tieThreshold = 0.20)
hdt <- HoeffdingTree(control=ctrl)
hdt
hdt <- HoeffdingTree(numericEstimator = "GaussianNumericAttributeClassObserver")
hdt
```

MOA_classifier

*Create a MOA classifier***Description**

Create a MOA classifier

Usage

```
MOA_classifier(model, control = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	character string with a model. E.g. HoeffdingTree, DecisionStump, Naive-Bayes, HoeffdingOptionTree, ... The list of known models can be obtained by typing <code>RMOA:::.moaknownmodels</code> . See the examples and MOAoptions .
control	an object of class MOAmodelOptions as obtained by calling MOAoptions
...	options of parameters passed on to MOAoptions , in case control is left to NULL. Ignored if control is supplied

Value

An object of class MOA_classifier

See Also

[MOAoptions](#)

Examples

```
RMOA:::.moaknownmodels
ctrl <- MOAoptions(model = "HoeffdingTree", leafprediction = "MC",
  removePoorAtts = TRUE, binarySplits = TRUE, tieThreshold = 0.20)
hdt <- MOA_classifier(model = "HoeffdingTree", control=ctrl)
hdt
hdt <- MOA_classifier(
  model = "HoeffdingTree",
  numericEstimator = "GaussianNumericAttributeClassObserver")
hdt
```

MOA_recommendation_engines
MOA recommendation engines

Description

MOA recommendation engines

Usage

```
BRISMFPPredictor(control = NULL, ...)

BaselinePredictor(control = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

control	an object of class MOAmodelOptions as obtained by calling MOAoptions
...	options of parameters passed on to MOAoptions , in case control is left to NULL. Ignored if control is supplied

Value

An object of class MOA_recommender which sets up an untrained MOA model, which can be trained using [trainMOA](#)

See Also

[MOAoptions](#), [trainMOA](#)

Examples

```
ctrl <- MOAoptions(model = "BRISMFPPredictor", features = 10)
brism <- BRISMFPPredictor(control=ctrl)
brism
baseline <- BaselinePredictor()
baseline
```

MOA_recommender	<i>Create a MOA recommendation engine</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Create a MOA recommendation engine

Usage

```
MOA_recommender(model, control = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	character string with a model. E.g. BRISMFPredictor, BaselinePredictor The list of known models can be obtained by typing RMOA:::.moaknownmodels. See the examples and MOAoptions .
control	an object of class MOAmodelOptions as obtained by calling MOAoptions
...	options of parameters passed on to MOAoptions , in case control is left to NULL. Ignored if control is supplied

Value

An object of class MOA_recommender

See Also

[MOAoptions](#)

Examples

```
RMOA:::.moaknownmodels
ctrl <- MOAoptions(model = "BRISMFPredictor", features = 10, lRate=0.002)
brism <- MOA_recommender(model = "BRISMFPredictor", control=ctrl)
brism
MOAoptions(model = "BaselinePredictor")
baseline <- MOA_recommender(model = "BaselinePredictor")
baseline
```

MOA_regressor

Create a MOA regressor

Description

Create a MOA regressor

Usage

```
MOA_regressor(model, control = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	character string with a model. E.g. AMRulesRegressor, FadingTargetMean, FIMTDD, ORTO, Perceptron, RandomRules, SGD, TargetMean, ... The list of known models can be obtained by typing RMOA:::.moaknownmodels. See the examples and MOAoptions .
control	an object of class MOAmodelOptions as obtained by calling MOAoptions
...	options of parameters passed on to MOAoptions , in case control is left to NULL. Ignored if control is supplied

Value

An object of class MOA_regressor

See Also

[MOAoptions](#)

Examples

```
mymodel <- MOA_regressor(model = "FIMTDD")
mymodel
data(iris)
iris <- factorise(iris)
irisdatastream <- datastream_dataframe(data=iris)
## Train the model
mytrainedmodel <- trainMOA(model = mymodel,
  Sepal.Length ~ Petal.Length + Species, data = irisdatastream)
mytrainedmodel$model

summary(lm(Sepal.Length ~ Petal.Length + Species, data = iris))
predict(mytrainedmodel, newdata=iris)
```

MOA_regressors

MOA regressors

Description

MOA regressors

Usage

```
TargetMean(control = NULL, ...)

FadingTargetMean(control = NULL, ...)

Perceptron(control = NULL, ...)

AMRulesRegressor(control = NULL, ...)

FIMTDD(control = NULL, ...)

ORTO(control = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

control	an object of class MOAmodelOptions as obtained by calling MOAoptions
...	options of parameters passed on to MOAoptions , in case control is left to NULL. Ignored if control is supplied

Value

An object of class `MOA_classifier` which sets up an untrained MOA model, which can be trained using [trainMOA](#)

See Also

[MOAoptions](#), [trainMOA](#)

Examples

```
ctrl <- MOAoptions(model = "FIMTDD", DoNotDetectChanges = TRUE, noAnomalyDetection=FALSE,
  univariateAnomalyprobabilityThreshold = 0.5, verbosity = 5)
mymodel <- FIMTDD(control=ctrl)
mymodel
mymodel <- FIMTDD(ctrlDoNotDetectChanges = FALSE)
mymodel
```

```
predict.MOA_trainedmodel
```

Predict using a MOA classifier, MOA regressor or MOA recommender on a new dataset

Description

Predict using a MOA classifier, MOA regressor or MOA recommender on a new dataset. \ Make sure the new dataset has the same structure and the same levels as `get_points` returns on the datastream which was used in `trainMOA`

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOA_trainedmodel'
predict(object, newdata, type = "response",
  transFUN = object$transFUN, na.action = na.fail, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	an object of class <code>MOA_trainedmodel</code> , as returned by trainMOA
<code>newdata</code>	a data.frame with the same structure and the same levels as used in <code>trainMOA</code> for MOA classifier, MOA regressor, a data.frame with at least the user/item columns which were used in trainMOA when training the MOA recommendation engine
<code>type</code>	a character string, either 'response' or 'votes'
<code>transFUN</code>	a function which is used on <code>newdata</code> before applying model.frame . Useful if you want to change the results <code>get_points</code> on the datastream (e.g. for making sure the factor levels are the same in each chunk of processing, some data cleaning, ...). Defaults to <code>transFUN</code> available in object.
<code>na.action</code>	passed on to <code>model.frame</code> when constructing the <code>model.matrix</code> from <code>newdata</code> . Defaults to <code>na.fail</code> .
<code>...</code>	other arguments, currently not used yet

Value

A matrix of votes or a vector with the predicted class for MOA classifier or MOA regressor. A

See Also

[trainMOA](#)

Examples

```
## Hoeffdingtree
hdt <- HoeffdingTree(numericEstimator = "GaussianNumericAttributeClassObserver")
data(iris)
## Make a training set
iris <- factorise(iris)
traintest <- list()
traintest$trainidx <- sample(nrow(iris), size=nrow(iris)/2)
traintest$trainingset <- iris[traintest$trainidx, ]
traintest$testset <- iris[-traintest$trainidx, ]
irisdatastream <- datastream_dataframe(data=traintest$trainingset)
## Train the model
hdtreetrained <- trainMOA(model = hdt,
  Species ~ Sepal.Length + Sepal.Width + Petal.Length + Petal.Width,
  data = irisdatastream)

## Score the model on the holdoutset
scores <- predict(hdtreetrained,
  newdata=traintest$testset[, c("Sepal.Length", "Sepal.Width", "Petal.Length", "Petal.Width")],
  type="response")
str(scores)
table(scores, traintest$testset$Species)
scores <- predict(hdtreetrained, newdata=traintest$testset, type="votes")
head(scores)

## Prediction based on recommendation engine
require(recommenderlab)
data(MovieLense)
x <- getData.frame(MovieLense)
x$itemid <- as.integer(as.factor(x$item))
x$userid <- as.integer(as.factor(x$user))
x$rating <- as.numeric(x$rating)
x <- head(x, 2000)

movielensestream <- datastream_dataframe(data=x)
movielensestream$get_points(3)

ctrl <- MOAoptions(model = "BRISMFPredictor", features = 10)
brism <- BRISMFPredictor(control=ctrl)
mymodel <- trainMOA(model = brism, rating ~ userid + itemid,
  data = movielensestream, chunksize = 1000, trace=TRUE)

overview <- summary(mymodel$model)
str(overview)
```

```
predict(mymodel, head(x, 10), type = "response")

x <- expand.grid(userid=overview$users[1:10], itemid=overview$items)
predict(mymodel, x, type = "response")
```

summary.MOA_classifier

Summary statistics of a MOA classifier

Description

Summary statistics of a MOA classifier

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOA_classifier'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an object of class MOA_classifier
...	other arguments, currently not used yet

Value

the form of the return value depends on the type of MOA model

Examples

```
hdt <- HoeffdingTree(numericEstimator = "GaussianNumericAttributeClassObserver")
hdt
data(iris)
iris <- factorise(iris)
irisdatastream <- datastream_dataframe(data=iris)
## Train the model
hdtreetrained <- trainMOA(model = hdt,
  Species ~ Sepal.Length + Sepal.Width + Petal.Length + Petal.Width,
  data = irisdatastream)
summary(hdtreetrained$model)
```

`summary.MOA_recommender`*Summary statistics of a MOA recommender*

Description

Summary statistics of a MOA recommender

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOA_recommender'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	an object of class <code>MOA_recommender</code>
<code>...</code>	other arguments, currently not used yet

Value

the form of the return value depends on the type of MOA model

Examples

```
require(recommenderlab)  
data(MovieLense)  
x <- getData.frame(MovieLense)  
x$itemid <- as.integer(as.factor(x$item))  
x$userid <- as.integer(as.factor(x$user))  
x$rating <- as.numeric(x$rating)  
x <- head(x, 2000)  
  
movielensestream <- datastream_dataframe(data=x)  
movielensestream$get_points(3)  
  
ctrl <- MOAoptions(model = "BRISMFpredictor", features = 10)  
brism <- BRISMFpredictor(control=ctrl)  
mymodel <- trainMOA(model = brism, rating ~ userid + itemid,  
  data = movielensestream, chunksize = 1000, trace=TRUE)  
  
overview <- summary(mymodel$model)  
str(overview)  
predict(mymodel, head(x, 10), type = "response")
```

summary.MOA_regressor	<i>Summary statistics of a MOA regressor</i>
-----------------------	--

Description

Summary statistics of a MOA regressor

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOA_regressor'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an object of class MOA_regressor
...	other arguments, currently not used yet

Value

the form of the return value depends on the type of MOA model

Examples

```
## TODO
```

trainMOA	<i>Train a MOA classifier/regressor/recommendation engine on a datastream</i>
----------	---

Description

Train a MOA classifier/regressor/recommendation engine on a datastream

Usage

```
trainMOA(model, ...)
```

Arguments

model	an object of class MOA_model, as returned by MOA_classifier , MOA_regressor , MOA_recommender
...	other parameters passed on to the methods

Value

An object of class MOA_trainedmodel which is returned by the methods for the specific model. See [trainMOA.MOA_classifier](#), [trainMOA.MOA_regressor](#), [trainMOA.MOA_recommender](#)

See Also

[trainMOA.MOA_classifier](#), [trainMOA.MOA_regressor](#), [trainMOA.MOA_recommender](#)

trainMOA.MOA_classifier

Train a MOA classifier (e.g. a HoeffdingTree) on a datastream

Description

Train a MOA classifier (e.g. a HoeffdingTree) on a datastream

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOA_classifier'
trainMOA(model, formula, data, subset,
  na.action = na.exclude, transFUN = identity, chunksize = 1000,
  reset = TRUE, trace = FALSE, options = list(maxruntime = +Inf), ...)
```

Arguments

model	an object of class MOA_model, as returned by MOA_classifier , e.g. a HoeffdingTree
formula	a symbolic description of the model to be fit.
data	an object of class datastream set up e.g. with datastream_file , datastream_dataframe , datastream_matrix , datastream_ffdf or your own datastream.
subset	an optional vector specifying a subset of observations to be used in the fitting process.
na.action	a function which indicates what should happen when the data contain NAs. See model.frame for details. Defaults to na.exclude .
transFUN	a function which is used after obtaining chunksize number of rows from the data datastream before applying model.frame . Useful if you want to change the results get_points on the datastream (e.g. for making sure the factor levels are the same in each chunk of processing, some data cleaning, ...). Defaults to identity .
chunksize	the number of rows to obtain from the data datastream in one chunk of model processing. Defaults to 1000. Can be used to speed up things according to the backbone architecture of the datastream.
reset	logical indicating to reset the MOA_classifier so that it forgets what it already has learned. Defaults to TRUE.
trace	logical, indicating to show information on how many datastream chunks are already processed as a message.
options	a names list of further options. Currently not used.
...	other arguments, currently not used yet

Value

An object of class `MOA_trainedmodel` which is a list with elements

- `model`: the updated supplied model object of class `MOA_classifier`
- `call`: the matched call
- `na.action`: the value of `na.action`
- `terms`: the terms in the model
- `transFUN`: the `transFUN` argument

See Also

[MOA_classifier](#), [datastream_file](#), [datastream_dataframe](#), [datastream_matrix](#), [datastream_ffdf](#), [datastream](#), [predict.MOA_trainedmodel](#)

Examples

```
hdt <- HoeffdingTree(numericEstimator = "GaussianNumericAttributeClassObserver")
hdt
data(iris)
iris <- factorise(iris)
irisdatastream <- datastream_dataframe(data=iris)
irisdatastream$get_points(3)

mymodel <- trainMOA(model = hdt, Species ~ Sepal.Length + Sepal.Width + Petal.Length,
  data = irisdatastream, chunksize = 10)
mymodel$model
irisdatastream$reset()
mymodel <- trainMOA(model = hdt,
  Species ~ Sepal.Length + Sepal.Width + Petal.Length + Petal.Length^2,
  data = irisdatastream, chunksize = 10, reset=TRUE, trace=TRUE)
mymodel$model
```

```
trainMOA.MOA_recommender
```

Train a MOA recommender (e.g. a BRISMFPredictor) on a datastream

Description

Train a MOA recommender (e.g. a BRISMFPredictor) on a datastream

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MOA_recommender'
trainMOA(model, formula, data, subset,
  na.action = na.exclude, transFUN = identity, chunksize = 1000,
  trace = FALSE, options = list(maxruntime = +Inf), ...)
```

Arguments

model	an object of class <code>MOA_model</code> , as returned by <code>MOA_recommender</code> , e.g. a <code>BRISMFPredictor</code>
formula	a symbolic description of the model to be fit. This should be of the form <code>rating ~ userid + itemid</code> , in that sequence. These should be columns in the data, where <code>userid</code> and <code>itemid</code> are integers and <code>rating</code> is numeric.
data	an object of class <code>datastream</code> set up e.g. with <code>datastream_file</code> , <code>datastream_dataframe</code> , <code>datastream_matrix</code> , <code>datastream_ffdf</code> or your own <code>datastream</code> .
subset	an optional vector specifying a subset of observations to be used in the fitting process.
na.action	a function which indicates what should happen when the data contain NAs. See <code>model.frame</code> for details. Defaults to <code>na.exclude</code> .
transFUN	a function which is used after obtaining <code>chunksize</code> number of rows from the data <code>datastream</code> before applying <code>model.frame</code> . Useful if you want to change the results <code>get_points</code> on the <code>datastream</code> (e.g. for making sure the factor levels are the same in each chunk of processing, some data cleaning, ...). Defaults to <code>identity</code> .
chunksize	the number of rows to obtain from the data <code>datastream</code> in one chunk of model processing. Defaults to 1000. Can be used to speed up things according to the backbone architecture of the <code>datastream</code> .
trace	logical, indicating to show information on how many <code>datastream</code> chunks are already processed as a message.
options	a names list of further options. Currently not used.
...	other arguments, currently not used yet

Value

An object of class `MOA_trainedmodel` which is a list with elements

- `model`: the updated supplied `model` object of class `MOA_recommender`
- `call`: the matched call
- `na.action`: the value of `na.action`
- `terms`: the terms in the model
- `transFUN`: the `transFUN` argument

See Also

`MOA_recommender`, `datastream_file`, `datastream_dataframe`, `datastream_matrix`, `datastream_ffdf`, `datastream`, `predict.MOA_trainedmodel`

Examples

```
require(recommenderlab)
data(MovieLense)
x <- getData.frame(MovieLense)
x$itemid <- as.integer(as.factor(x$itemid))
```

```

x$userid <- as.integer(as.factor(x$user))
x$rating <- as.numeric(x$rating)
x <- head(x, 5000)

movielensstream <- datastream_dataframe(data=x)
movielensstream$get_points(3)

ctrl <- MOAoptions(model = "BRISMFpredictor", features = 10)
brism <- BRISMFpredictor(control=ctrl)
mymodel <- trainMOA(model = brism, rating ~ userid + itemid,
  data = movielensstream, chunksize = 1000, trace=TRUE)
summary(mymodel$model)

```

trainMOA.MOA_regressor

Train a MOA regressor (e.g. a FIMTDD) on a datastream

Description

Train a MOA regressor (e.g. a FIMTDD) on a datastream

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'MOA_regressor'
trainMOA(model, formula, data, subset,
  na.action = na.exclude, transFUN = identity, chunksize = 1000,
  reset = TRUE, trace = FALSE, options = list(maxruntime = +Inf), ...)

```

Arguments

model	an object of class MOA_model, as returned by MOA_regressor , e.g. a FIMTDD
formula	a symbolic description of the model to be fit.
data	an object of class datastream set up e.g. with datastream_file , datastream_dataframe , datastream_matrix , datastream_ffdf or your own datastream.
subset	an optional vector specifying a subset of observations to be used in the fitting process.
na.action	a function which indicates what should happen when the data contain NAs. See model.frame for details. Defaults to na.exclude .
transFUN	a function which is used after obtaining chunksize number of rows from the data datastream before applying model.frame . Useful if you want to change the results get_points on the datastream (e.g. for making sure the factor levels are the same in each chunk of processing, some data cleaning, ...). Defaults to identity .
chunksize	the number of rows to obtain from the data datastream in one chunk of model processing. Defaults to 1000. Can be used to speed up things according to the backbone architecture of the datastream.

reset	logical indicating to reset the MOA_regressor so that it forgets what it already has learned. Defaults to TRUE.
trace	logical, indicating to show information on how many datastream chunks are already processed as a message.
options	a names list of further options. Currently not used.
...	other arguments, currently not used yet

Value

An object of class MOA_trainedmodel which is a list with elements

- model: the updated supplied model object of class MOA_regressor
- call: the matched call
- na.action: the value of na.action
- terms: the terms in the model
- transFUN: the transFUN argument

See Also

[MOA_regressor](#), [datastream_file](#), [datastream_dataframe](#), [datastream_matrix](#), [datastream_ffdf](#), [datastream](#), [predict.MOA_trainedmodel](#)

Examples

```

mymodel <- MOA_regressor(model = "FIMTDD")
mymodel
data(iris)
iris <- factorise(iris)
irisdatastream <- datastream_dataframe(data=iris)
irisdatastream$get_points(3)
## Train the model
mytrainedmodel <- trainMOA(model = mymodel,
  Sepal.Length ~ Petal.Length + Species, data = irisdatastream)
mytrainedmodel$model
irisdatastream$reset()
mytrainedmodel <- trainMOA(model = mytrainedmodel$model,
  Sepal.Length ~ Petal.Length + Species, data = irisdatastream,
  chunksize = 10, reset=FALSE, trace=TRUE)
mytrainedmodel$model

```

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