Package 'ScreenClean'

July 21, 2025

Title Screen and clean variable selection procedures

Version 1.0.1

Date 2012-10-30							
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Description Routines for a collection of screen-and-clean type variable selection procedures, including UPS and GS.							
Imports MASS, Matrix, quadprog							
License GPL (>= 2)							
Repository CRAN							
Date/Publication 2012-10-30 17:34:49							
NeedsCompilation no							
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Contents							
ScreenClean-package							
CleaningStep							
FindAllCG							
FindCG							
IterGS							
PMLE							
ScreeningStep							
ThresholdGram							
VectorizeBase							
Index 10							

ScreenClean-package Screen and clean variable selection procedures, including UPS and GS.

Description

Routines for a collection of screen-and-clean type variable selection procedures.

Details

Package: ScreenClean Type: Package Version: 1.0.1 Date: 2012-10-30 License: GPL (>= 2)

Note

In order to use ScreenClean, the data need to be normalized, to make the standard deviation of the noise to be 1, and the 1_2 norm of each length n predictor vector to be 1.

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References

Ji, P. and Jin, J. (2012). *UPS delivers optimal phase diagram in high dimensional variable selection*. Ann. Statist., 40(1), 73-103.

Jin, J., Zhang, C.-H. and Zhang, Q. (2012). *Optimality of Graphlet Screening in High Dimensional Variable Selection*. arXiv:1204.6452

CleaningStep 3

CleaningStep	GC-step of the graphlet screening

Description

CleaningStep performs the cleaning step of the graphlet screening

Usage

```
CleaningStep(survivor, y.tilde, gram, lambda, uu)
```

Arguments

survivor the result of the screening step, a logical vector.

y.tilde X'y, where X and y are the predictor matrix and the reponse vector.

gram the thresholded sparse gram matrix

lambda the tuning parameters of the cleaning step, whose optimal choice is tied to the

sparse level.

uu the tuning parameter of the cleaning step; its optimal choice has the intuition of

the detected minimal signal strength.

Value

beta.gs the estimated regression coefficient of the graphlet screening, a numeric vector

See Also

IterGS,ScreeningStep

Examples

##See the demoGs.r

FindAllCG Find all the connected subgraphs whose size $\leq lc$	
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Description

FindAllCG uses FindCG iteratively, and lists all the connected subgraphs with no more than lc nodes

Usage

```
FindAllCG(adjacency.matrix, lc)
```

4 FindCG

Arguments

adjacency.matrix

p by p adjacency matrix of an undirected graph; it must be symmetric.

1c

the maximal size of the connected subgraphs to be listed

Value

cg.all

A list, whose kth component is a matrix with k columns that lists all the connected subgraphs with k nodes.

See Also

FindCG

Examples

```
require(MASS)
require(Matrix)
p <- 10
Omega <- sparseMatrix(c(1:(p-1),2:p),c(2:p,1:(p-1)),x=1)
cg.all <- FindAllCG(Omega,3)</pre>
```

FindCG

Find the connected subgraphs with a certain number of nodes

Description

FindCG is used to find all the connected subgraphs with a certain number of nodes.

Usage

```
FindCG(adjacency.matrix, cg.initial)
```

Arguments

adjacency.matrix

p by p adjacency matrix of an undirected graph. It must be symmetric.

cg.initial

It could be 1:p or a matrix, whose elements are positive integers from 1 to p. If it is a length p vector, FindCG converts it into a matrix with one column. For a matrix with k columns, FindCG reads its rows as th indices of a collection of connected subgraphs with k nodes.

Value

cg.new

If the input is a matrix with k columns and stores the indices of all the size k connected subgraphs, the output is a matrix with k+1 columns storing the indices of all the connected subgraphs with k+1 nodes.

IterGS 5

See Also

```
FindAllCG
```

Examples

```
require(MASS)
require(Matrix)
p <- 10
Omega <- sparseMatrix(c(1:(p-1),2:p),c(2:p,1:(p-1)),x=1)
cg.2 <- FindCG(Omega,c(1:p))
cg.3 <- FindCG(Omega,cg.2)</pre>
```

IterGS

Iterative graphlet screening procedure

Description

The iterative graphlet screening procedure, main function of the package.

Usage

```
IterGS(y.tilde, gram, gram.bias, cg.all, sp, tau, nm, q0=0.1, scale = 1, max.iter = 3,
std.thresh = 1.05, beta.initial = NULL)
```

Arguments

beta.initial

y.tilde	$X^{\prime}y$ where X and y are the predictor matrix and the response vector, respectively.
gram	the threholded gram matrix
gram.bias	the bias of the threholded gram matrix
cg.all	all the connected cg.alls of gram with size no more than nm.
sp	the expected sparse level
tau	the minimal signal strength to be detected
nm	the maximal size of the connected subgaphs considered in the screening step.
q0	the minimal screening parameter
scale	optional numerical parameter of the screening step. The default is 1
max.iter	the maximal number of iterations. The default is 3.
std.thresh	the threshold of the std change that stop the loop. The default is 1.05.

the initial estimate of beta in reducing the bias. The default is uu*sign(y.tilde)*(abs(y.tilde)>uu).

PMLE

Value

IterGS returns a list with two elements

estimate The iterative GS estimate of beta n.iter The number of iterations it takes

Examples

```
##See demoIterGs.r
```

PMLE

Penalized MLE procedure used in the cleaning step

Description

Penalized MLE procedure used in the cleaning step, an inner function.

Usage

```
PMLE(gram, y, lambda, uu)
```

Arguments

gram the sub gram matrix of the small scale quadratic problem.

y the sub-vector of y.tilde

lambda the tuning parameter of the cleaning step, tied to the sparse level.

uu the tuning parameters of the cleaning step. It has the intuitive interpretation of

the minimal signal strength to be detected.

Value

b the estimate of the subvector of beta

See Also

CleaningStep

ScreeningStep 7

ScreeningStep	GS-step of the graphlet screening	
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Description

ScreeningStep performs the cleaning step of the graphlet screening

Usage

```
ScreeningStep(y.tilde, gram, cg.all, nm, v, r, q0 = 0.1, scale = 1)
```

Arguments

y.tilde	X'y, where X and y are the predictor matrix and the reponse vector.
gram	the regularized gram matrix
cg.all	a list whose kth element is a matrix of k columns. Its rows contain all the connected subgraph with k nodes.
nm	the maximal subgraph invesgated in the screening step
V	an essential tuning parameter of graphlet screening, tied to the sparse level
r	an essential tuning parameter of graphlet screening, tied to the signal strength
q0	the minimal screening parameter
scale	$q(D,F) = q^{max}(D,F) * scale$, default is scale=1

Value

survivor A logical vector, where TRUE means retained as a protential signal.

Note

When nm=1, it is just univariate threholding, and thurs the screening step of UPS.

See Also

```
CleaningStep, IterGS
```

Examples

##See the demoGS.r

8 VectorizeBase

ThresholdGram

Thresholds the gram matrix

Description

Thresholds the gram matrix

Usage

```
ThresholdGram(gram.full, delta = 1/log(dim(gram.full)[1]))
```

Arguments

gram. full the gram matrix before the elementwise thresholding, a p by p symmetric matrix

delta the threshold, the default is 1/log(p)

Value

A list with two elements

gram. sd the threhsolded gram matrix, a sparse matrix

gram.bias the difference of the orginal matrix and the threholded matrix

Examples

```
p <-10
off.diag<-matrix(runif(p^2),p,p)
omega <- (off.diag+t(off.diag))*0.3
diag(omega) <- 1
omega.omega<-ThresholdGram(omega,0.3)
omega.omega$gram
omega.omega$gram.bias</pre>
```

VectorizeBase

expresses the number i on the base as a vector

Description

expresses the number i on the base as a vector, an inner function.

Usage

```
VectorizeBase(i, base, length)
```

VectorizeBase 9

Arguments

i the non-negative number to be converted

base the base to be converted on

length the length of the converted vector

Value

vector A vector with the given length, whose elements can be read as the number i with

the given base.

Index

```
\ast connected subgraph
    FindAllCG, 3
    {\sf FindCG}, {\color{red} 4}
* graph
    FindAllCG, 3
    FindCG, 4
CleaningStep, 3, 6, 7
FindAllCG, 3, 5
FindCG, 4, 4
IterGS, 3, 5, 7
PMLE, 6
ScreenClean (ScreenClean-package), 2
ScreenClean-package, 2
ScreeningStep, 3, 7
{\it ThresholdGram}, \, 8
VectorizeBase, 8
```