

Package ‘SyncMove’

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Title Subsample Temporal Data to Synchronal Events and Compute the MCI

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Depends R (>= 3.1.0)

Description The function 'syncSubsample' subsamples temporal data of different entities so that the result only contains synchronal events. The function 'mci' calculates the Movement Coordination Index (MCI, see reference on help page for function 'mci') of a data set created with the function 'syncSubsample'.

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LazyData true

Imports utils

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SyncMove-package	<i>Subsample Temporal Data to Synchronal Events and Compute the MCI</i>
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Description

The function `syncSubsample` subsamples temporal data of different entities so that the result only contains synchronal events. The function `mci` calculates the Movement Coordination Index (MCI, see reference on help page for function `mci`) e.g. of a data set created with the function `syncSubsample`.

Details

Package:	SyncMove
Type:	Package
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License:	GLP-2

Author(s)

Martin Rimmmler (maintainer, [martin.rimmmler\[AT\]gmail.com](mailto:martin.rimmmler@gmail.com)), Thomas Mueller

References

Mueller, T., et al. (2011) How landscape dynamics link individual- to population-level movement patterns: a multispecies comparison of ungulate relocation data, *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **20**, pages 683–694.

gazelleRelocations	<i>Relocations of Mongolian Gazelles</i>
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Description

Data set of GPS tracked relocations of gazelles in the Mongolian steppe. For more information contact Thomas Mueller (e-mail address see below).

Usage

```
gazelleRelocations
```

Format

Data frame with columns *id*, *sex*, *time*, *x* and *y*.

Source

Mueller, T. (2015), muellert[AT]gmail.com

mci

Movement Coordination Index (MCI)

Description

Computes the Movement Coordination Index as described in Mueller, T., et al. (2011).

Usage

```
mci(x)
```

Arguments

x data frame of synchronized relocations of a set of individuals. The data frame must containing the following columns:

syncID: numeric (integer), ID marking the synchronization event. For each synchronization event every individual must have a record. Therefore each ID must appear as often as every other ID (e.g. not c(1,1,1,2,2,3,3,3) but c(1,1,1,2,2,2,3,3,3)).

utm.easting: numeric, planar x coordinate. Although the name indicates UTM coordinates other planar coordinate systems are also allowed.

utm.northing: analogue to *utm.easting*

(Further columns are allowed, but will be ignored. Usually a column naming the individual is present in the data frame.)

Such a data frame is returned by the function `syncSubsample` in package `SyncMove` (`<output>$data[[i]]`) with the argument ‘completeSyncsOnly’ set to TRUE.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of MCI values, one for each pair of subsequent synchronization events.

Author(s)

Martin Rimpler (maintainer, martin.rimpler[AT]gmail.com), Thomas Mueller

References

Mueller, T., et al. (2011) How landscape dynamics link individual- to population-level movement patterns: a multispecies comparison of ungulate relocation data, *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, **20**, pages 683–694.

Examples

```
# load example data
data(gazelleRelocations)

# create input data frame
syncRelocs <- syncSubsample(x = gazelleRelocations,
                           startSearch = "2007-09-05 00:00:00",
                           syncIntervalSecs = 3600*24*16,
                           syncAccuracySecs = 3600*24)

# calculate MCI
mci(syncRelocs$data[[1]])
```

syncSubsample	<i>Subsamples Temporal Data to Synchronal Events</i>
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Description

Subsamples temporal records of different entities to a data set which only includes records that occur at predefined and equally spaced synchronization events. A subsample is created for each possible combination of entities (unless restricted by argument *minEntities*, *maxEntities* or *mustEntities*).

Usage

```
syncSubsample(
  x,
  startSearch = min(as.character(x$study.local.timestamp)),
  endSearch = max(as.character(x$study.local.timestamp)),
  syncIntervalSecs = 3600,
  syncAccuracySecs = 60,
  minEntities = 2,
  maxEntities = length(unique(x$individual.local.identifier)),
  mustEntities = NULL,
  completeSyncsOnly = TRUE,
  fast = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

x	a data frame with the following columns (further columns are allowed, but will be ignored): <i>individual.local.identifier</i> : character, entity ID <i>study.local.timestamp</i> : character, time of format "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS" Such a data frame can be created by importing data from www.movebank.org . If the output is to be processed with function <code>mci</code> the data frame must also contain the following columns:
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	<i>utm.easting</i> : numeric, planar x coordinate. Although the name indicates UTM coordinates other planar coordinate systems are also allowed.
	<i>utm.northing</i> : analogue to <i>utm.easting</i>
startSearch	character, time of format "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS" as the start time for the creation of synchronization events. Default is the minimum timestamp in the data.
endSearch	analogue to <i>startSearch</i> .
syncIntervalSecs	numeric, interval between synchronization events in seconds. (e.g., $60*60*24*3$ defines a three day interval)
syncAccuracySecs	numeric, accuracy for synchronization events in seconds. (e.g., $60*60*2$ defines a two hour accuracy)
minEntities	numeric, minimum number of entities to be included in the synchronization events.
maxEntities	analogue to <i>minEntities</i>
mustEntities	character, vector of IDs of entities which have to be included in the synchronization events.
completeSyncsOnly	boolean, if TRUE (default) only events will appear in the output where each entity of a given combination of entities has a record. If FALSE also events with no records for some entities will appear in the output.
fast	boolean, if TRUE (default) synchronized subsamples are created only for those combinations of entities that seem to be the most prominent in the input data. If FALSE synchronized subsamples are created for all combinations of entities in the input data. See details.

Details

The synchronization events are created with a start time as the first synchronization event (argument *startSearch*) and an interval between following synchronization events. Each synchronization event has an accuracy. All records of a given combination of entities which fall into *synchronization events* + - *accuracy* are selected for the subsample. If there is more than one record for an entity in a *synchronization event* + - *accuracy* the record that is closest to the synchronization event is selected. The arguments *startSearch*, *syncIntervalSecs* and *syncAccuracySecs* must be chosen with respect to the input data in order to get good synchronization results.

Running the function with *fast* = FALSE one can find the combination of entities with the maximum number of synchronization events. However, an input data set with more then 8 to 10 entities should be processed with *fast* = TRUE. Otherwise the calculations can take a long time. (For input data with 10 entities there are more than 1000 possible combinations of entities.)

The synchronization events are numbered from 1 to n. These numbers are referred to as sync IDs. If no records are present at a given synchronization event the ID for this event will not appear in the output subsample. Thus the sync IDs in the subsample show if subsequent pairs of synchronized events exist (e.g., sync ID 1 and 2, sync ID 2 and 3, ...). Such pairs can be used to calculate the Movement Coordination Index, see function *mci*.

Value

List, returns a list with 3 elements named *overview*, *data*, and *entities*.

overview	<p>An overview of the synchronized subsamples for all possible combinations of entities. Each row refers to the respective element in the <i>data</i> and <i>entities</i> lists (see below). E.g., for the data described in row 1 see <code><output>\$data[[1]]</code> and <code><output>\$entities[[1]]</code>. The overview table contains the following columns:</p> <p><i>numberOfEntities</i>: the number of entities used for creating the subsample</p> <p><i>numberOfSyncs</i>: number of synchronized events in the subsample</p> <p><i>numberOfSubsequentSyncs</i>: number subsequent synchronized events (see details)</p> <p><i>firstEvent</i>: time of first synchronization event</p> <p><i>lastEvent</i>: analogue to <i>lastEvent</i></p> <p><i>syncIntervalSecs</i>: interval used for creating the synchronization events</p> <p><i>syncAccuracySecs</i>: accuracy of the synchronization events</p>
data	<p>A list containing the subsampled data described in the overview. The subsamples have the same columns as the input data set plus the additional columns <i>syncTime</i> and <i>syncID</i> for the time and ID of the synchronization events respectively.</p>
entities	<p>A list containing the entity combinations used for creating the synchronized subsamples.</p>

Author(s)

Martin Rimmmler (maintainer, martin.rimmmler[AT]gmail.com), Thomas Mueller

Examples

```
# load example data
data(gazelleRelocations)

# subsample synchronal events
syncRelocs <- syncSubsample(x = gazelleRelocations,
                           startSearch = "2007-09-05 00:00:00",
                           syncIntervalSecs = 3600*24*16,
                           syncAccuracySecs = 3600*24)

# show results overview
syncRelocs$overview

# show first subsample
syncRelocs$data[[1]]

# show entities of first subsample
syncRelocs$entities[[1]]
```

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