

# Package ‘bigrquery’

July 22, 2025

**Title** An Interface to Google's 'BigQuery' 'API'

**Version** 1.5.1

**Description** Easily talk to Google's 'BigQuery' database from R.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**URL** <https://bigrquery.r-dbi.org>, <https://github.com/r-dbi/bigrquery>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/r-dbi/bigrquery/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 3.6)

**Imports** bit64, brio, cli, clock, curl, DBI, gargle (>= 1.5.0), httr, jsonlite, lifecycle, methods, prettyunits, rlang (>= 1.1.0), tibble

**Suggests** blob, covr, dbplyr (>= 2.4.0), dplyr (>= 1.1.0), hms, readr, sodium, testthat (>= 3.1.5), wk (>= 0.3.2), withr

**LinkingTo** cli, cpp11, rapidjsonr

**Config/Needs/website** tidyverse/tidytemplate

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

**Config/testthat/parallel** TRUE

**Config/testthat/start-first** bq-table, dplyr

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.1

**Collate** 'bigrquery-package.R' 'bq-auth.R' 'bq-dataset.R' 'bq-download.R' 'bq-field.R' 'bq-job.R' 'bq-param.R' 'bq-parse.R' 'bq-perform.R' 'bq-project.R' 'bq-projects.R' 'bq-query.R' 'bq-refs.R' 'bq-request.R' 'bq-table.R' 'bq-test.R' 'camelCase.R' 'connections-page.R' 'cpp11.R' 'dbi-driver.R' 'dbi-connection.R' 'dbi-result.R' 'dplyr.R' 'gs-object.R' 'import-standalone-obj-type.R' 'import-standalone-s3-register.R' 'import-standalone-types-check.R' 'utils.R' 'zzz.R'

**NeedsCompilation** yes

**Author** Hadley Wickham [aut, cre] (ORCID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4757-117X>),  
Jennifer Bryan [aut] (ORCID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6983-2759>),  
Posit Software, PBC [cph, fnd]  
**Maintainer** Hadley Wickham <hadley@posit.co>  
**Repository** CRAN  
**Date/Publication** 2024-03-14 17:10:02 UTC

Contents

|                             |           |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| api-dataset . . . . .       | 2         |
| api-job . . . . .           | 4         |
| api-project . . . . .       | 5         |
| api-table . . . . .         | 6         |
| bigquery . . . . .          | 8         |
| bq_auth . . . . .           | 9         |
| bq_auth_configure . . . . . | 12        |
| bq_deauth . . . . .         | 13        |
| bq_field . . . . .          | 14        |
| bq_has_token . . . . .      | 15        |
| bq_projects . . . . .       | 15        |
| bq_query . . . . .          | 16        |
| bq_refs . . . . .           | 17        |
| bq_table_download . . . . . | 19        |
| bq_token . . . . .          | 20        |
| bq_user . . . . .           | 21        |
| src_bigquery . . . . .      | 22        |
| <b>Index</b>                | <b>23</b> |

---

|             |                          |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| api-dataset | <i>BigQuery datasets</i> |
|-------------|--------------------------|

---

Description

Basic create-read-update-delete verbs for datasets.

Usage

```
bq_dataset_create(x, location = "US", ...)

bq_dataset_meta(x, fields = NULL)

bq_dataset_exists(x)

bq_dataset_update(x, ...)
```

```
bq_dataset_delete(x, delete_contents = FALSE)
```

```
bq_dataset_tables(x, page_size = 50, max_pages = Inf, warn = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

|                 |                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x               | A <a href="#">bq_dataset</a>                                                                                          |
| location        | Dataset location                                                                                                      |
| ...             | Additional arguments passed on to the underlying API call. snake_case names are automatically converted to camelCase. |
| fields          | An optional field specification for <a href="#">partial response</a>                                                  |
| delete_contents | If TRUE, will recursively delete all tables in the dataset. Set to FALSE by default for safety.                       |
| page_size       | Number of items per page.                                                                                             |
| max_pages       | Maximum number of pages to retrieve. Use Inf to retrieve all pages (this may take a long time!)                       |
| warn            | If TRUE, warn when there are unretrieved pages.                                                                       |

### Google BigQuery API documentation

- [get](#)
- [insert](#)
- [delete](#)
- [list](#)

### Examples

```
ds <- bq_dataset(bq_test_project(), "dataset_api")
bq_dataset_exists(ds)

bq_dataset_create(ds)
bq_dataset_exists(ds)
str(bq_dataset_meta(ds))

bq_dataset_delete(ds)
bq_dataset_exists(ds)

# Use bq_test_dataset() to create a temporary dataset that will
# be automatically deleted
ds <- bq_test_dataset()
bq_table_create(bq_table(ds, "x1"))
bq_table_create(bq_table(ds, "x2"))
bq_table_create(bq_table(ds, "x3"))
bq_dataset_tables(ds)
```

---

|         |                                        |
|---------|----------------------------------------|
| api-job | <i>BigQuery job: retrieve metadata</i> |
|---------|----------------------------------------|

---

### Description

To perform a job, see [api-perform](#). These functions all retrieve metadata (in various forms) about an existing job.

### Usage

```
bq_job_meta(x, fields = NULL)

bq_job_status(x)

bq_job_show_statistics(x)

bq_job_wait(
  x,
  quiet = getOption("bigrquery.quiet"),
  pause = 0.5,
  call = caller_env()
)
```

### Arguments

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x      | A <a href="#">bq_job</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| fields | An optional field specification for <a href="#">partial response</a>                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| quiet  | If FALSE, displays progress bar; if TRUE is silent; if NA picks based on whether or not you're in an interactive context.                                                                                                                                    |
| pause  | amount of time to wait between status requests                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| call   | The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the <code>call</code> argument of <a href="#">abort()</a> for more information. |

### Google BigQuery API documentation

- [get](#)

### Examples

```
jobs <- bq_project_jobs(bq_test_project())
jobs[[1]]

# Show statistics about job
bq_job_show_statistics(jobs[[1]])

# Wait for job to complete
```

```
bq_job_wait(jobs[[1]])
```

---

api-project

*BigQuery project methods*


---

## Description

Projects have two primary components: datasets and jobs. Unlike other BigQuery objects, is no accompanying `bq_project` S3 class because a project is a simple string.

## Usage

```
bq_project_datasets(x, page_size = 100, max_pages = 1, warn = TRUE)
```

```
bq_project_jobs(x, page_size = 100, max_pages = 1, warn = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

|                        |                                                                                                              |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>         | A string giving a project name.                                                                              |
| <code>page_size</code> | Number of items per page.                                                                                    |
| <code>max_pages</code> | Maximum number of pages to retrieve. Use <code>Inf</code> to retrieve all pages (this may take a long time!) |
| <code>warn</code>      | If <code>TRUE</code> , warn when there are unretrieved pages.                                                |

## Value

- `bq_project_datasets()`: a list of [bq\\_datasets](#)
- `bq_project_jobs()`: a list of [bq\\_jobs](#).

## Google BigQuery API documentation

- [datasets](#)
- [jobs](#)

One day we might also expose the general [project metadata](#).

## Examples

```
bq_project_datasets("bigquery-public-data")
bq_project_datasets("githubarchive")

bq_project_jobs(bq_test_project(), page_size = 10)
```

api-table

*BigQuery tables***Description**

Basic create-read-update-delete verbs for tables, as well as functions uploading data (`bq_table_upload()`), saving to/loading from Google Cloud Storage (`bq_table_load()`, `bq_table_save()`), and getting various values from the metadata.

**Usage**

```

bq_table_create(x, fields = NULL, ...)

bq_table_meta(x, fields = NULL)

bq_table_fields(x)

bq_table_size(x)

bq_table_nrow(x)

bq_table_exists(x)

bq_table_delete(x)

bq_table_copy(x, dest, ..., quiet = NA)

bq_table_upload(x, values, ..., quiet = NA)

bq_table_save(x, destination_uris, ..., quiet = NA)

bq_table_load(x, source_uris, ..., quiet = NA)

bq_table_patch(x, fields)

```

**Arguments**

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>      | A <a href="#">bq_table</a> , or an object coercible to a <code>bq_table</code> .                                                                                  |
| <code>fields</code> | A <a href="#">bq_fields</a> specification, or something coercible to it (like a data frame).                                                                      |
| <code>...</code>    | Additional arguments passed on to the underlying API call. <code>snake_case</code> names are automatically converted to <code>camelCase</code> .                  |
| <code>dest</code>   | Source and destination <a href="#">bq_tables</a> .                                                                                                                |
| <code>quiet</code>  | If <code>FALSE</code> , displays progress bar; if <code>TRUE</code> is silent; if <code>NA</code> picks based on whether or not you're in an interactive context. |
| <code>values</code> | Data frame of values to insert.                                                                                                                                   |

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| destination_uris | A character vector of fully-qualified Google Cloud Storage URIs where the extracted table should be written. Can export up to 1 Gb of data per file. Use a wild card URI (e.g. gs://[YOUR_BUCKET]/file-name-*.json) to automatically create any number of files.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| source_uris      | <p>The fully-qualified URIs that point to your data in Google Cloud.</p> <p>For Google Cloud Storage URIs: Each URI can contain one “*” wildcard character and it must come after the ‘bucket’ name. Size limits related to load jobs apply to external data sources.</p> <p>For Google Cloud Bigtable URIs: Exactly one URI can be specified and it has to be a fully specified and valid HTTPS URL for a Google Cloud Bigtable table.</p> <p>For Google Cloud Datastore backups: Exactly one URI can be specified. Also, the ‘*’ wildcard character is not allowed.</p> |

### Value

- `bq_table_copy()`, `bq_table_create()`, `bq_table_delete()`, `bq_table_upload()`: an invisible [bq\\_table](#)
- `bq_table_exists()`: either TRUE or FALSE.
- `bq_table_size()`: the size of the table in bytes
- `bq_table_fields()`: a [bq\\_fields](#).

### Google BigQuery API documentation

- [insert](#)
- [get](#)
- [delete](#)

### Examples

```
ds <- bq_test_dataset()

bq_mtcars <- bq_table(ds, "mtcars")
bq_table_exists(bq_mtcars)

bq_table_create(
  bq_mtcars,
  fields = mtcars,
  friendly_name = "Motor Trend Car Road Tests",
  description = "The data was extracted from the 1974 Motor Trend US magazine",
  labels = list(category = "example")
)
bq_table_exists(bq_mtcars)

bq_table_upload(bq_mtcars, mtcars)

bq_table_fields(bq_mtcars)
bq_table_size(bq_mtcars)
str(bq_table_meta(bq_mtcars))
```

```

bq_table_delete(bq_mtcars)
bq_table_exists(bq_mtcars)

my_natality <- bq_table(ds, "mynatality")
bq_table_copy("publicdata.samples.natality", my_natality)

```

bigquery

*BigQuery DBI driver***Description**

Creates a BigQuery DBI driver for use in `DBI::dbConnect()`.

**Usage**

```

## S4 method for signature 'BigQueryDriver'
dbConnect(
  drv,
  project,
  dataset = NULL,
  billing = project,
  page_size = 10000,
  quiet = NA,
  use_legacy_sql = FALSE,
  bigint = c("integer", "integer64", "numeric", "character"),
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

|                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>drv</code>              | an object that inherits from <a href="#">DBIDriver</a> , or an existing <a href="#">DBIConnection</a> object (in order to clone an existing connection).                                                                                                                                       |
| <code>project, dataset</code> | Project and dataset identifiers                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>billing</code>          | Identifier of project to bill.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>page_size</code>        | Number of items per page.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>quiet</code>            | If FALSE, displays progress bar; if TRUE is silent; if NA picks based on whether or not you're in an interactive context.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>use_legacy_sql</code>   | If TRUE will use BigQuery's legacy SQL format.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>bigint</code>           | The R type that BigQuery's 64-bit integer types should be mapped to. The default is "integer" which returns R's integer type but results in NA for values above/below +/- 2147483647. "integer64" returns a <a href="#">bit64::integer64</a> , which allows the full range of 64 bit integers. |
| <code>...</code>              | Other arguments for compatibility with generic; currently ignored.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## Examples

```
con <- DBI::dbConnect(
  bigquery(),
  project = "publicdata",
  dataset = "samples",
  billing = bq_test_project()
)
con
DBI::dbListTables(con)
DBI::dbReadTable(con, "natality", n_max = 10)

# Create a temporary dataset to explore
ds <- bq_test_dataset()
con <- DBI::dbConnect(
  bigquery(),
  project = ds$project,
  dataset = ds$dataset
)
DBI::dbWriteTable(con, "mtcars", mtcars)
DBI::dbReadTable(con, "mtcars")[1:6, ]

DBI::dbGetQuery(con, "SELECT count(*) FROM mtcars")

res <- DBI::dbSendQuery(con, "SELECT cyl, mpg FROM mtcars")
dbColumnInfo(res)
dbFetch(res, 10)
dbFetch(res, -1)
DBI::dbHasCompleted(res)
```

---

bq\_auth

---

*Authorize bigrquery*


---

## Description

Authorize bigrquery to view and manage your BigQuery projects. This function is a wrapper around [gargle::token\\_fetch\(\)](#).

By default, you are directed to a web browser, asked to sign in to your Google account, and to grant bigrquery permission to operate on your behalf with Google BigQuery. By default, with your permission, these user credentials are cached in a folder below your home directory, from where they can be automatically refreshed, as necessary. Storage at the user level means the same token can be used across multiple projects and tokens are less likely to be synced to the cloud by accident.

## Usage

```
bq_auth(
  email = gargle::gargle_oauth_email(),
  path = NULL,
```

```
scopes = c("https://www.googleapis.com/auth/bigquery",
  "https://www.googleapis.com/auth/cloud-platform"),
cache = gargle::gargle_oauth_cache(),
use_oob = gargle::gargle_oob_default(),
token = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| email   | <p>Optional. If specified, email can take several different forms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "jane@gmail.com", i.e. an actual email address. This allows the user to target a specific Google identity. If specified, this is used for token lookup, i.e. to determine if a suitable token is already available in the cache. If no such token is found, email is used to pre-select the targeted Google identity in the OAuth chooser. (Note, however, that the email associated with a token when it's cached is always determined from the token itself, never from this argument).</li> <li>• "*@example.com", i.e. a domain-only glob pattern. This can be helpful if you need code that "just works" for both alice@example.com and bob@example.com.</li> <li>• TRUE means that you are approving email auto-discovery. If exactly one matching token is found in the cache, it will be used.</li> <li>• FALSE or NA mean that you want to ignore the token cache and force a new OAuth dance in the browser.</li> </ul> <p>Defaults to the option named "gargle_oauth_email", retrieved by <code>gargle_oauth_email()</code> (unless a wrapper package implements different default behavior).</p> |
| path    | JSON identifying the service account, in one of the forms supported for the txt argument of <code>jsonlite::fromJSON()</code> (typically, a file path or JSON string).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| scopes  | A character vector of scopes to request. Pick from those listed at <a href="https://developers.google.com/identity/protocols/oauth2/scopes">https://developers.google.com/identity/protocols/oauth2/scopes</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| cache   | Specifies the OAuth token cache. Defaults to the option named "gargle_oauth_cache", retrieved via <code>gargle_oauth_cache()</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| use_oob | <p>Whether to use out-of-band authentication (or, perhaps, a variant implemented by gargle and known as "pseudo-OOB") when first acquiring the token. Defaults to the value returned by <code>gargle_oob_default()</code>. Note that (pseudo-)OOB auth only affects the initial OAuth dance. If we retrieve (and possibly refresh) a cached token, use_oob has no effect.</p> <p>If the OAuth client is provided implicitly by a wrapper package, its type probably defaults to the value returned by <code>gargle_oauth_client_type()</code>. You can take control of the client type by setting <code>options(gargle_oauth_client_type = "web")</code> or <code>options(gargle_oauth_client_type = "installed")</code>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| token   | A token with class <code>Token2.0</code> or an object of <code>httr</code> 's class request, i.e. a token that has been prepared with <code>httr::config()</code> and has a <code>Token2.0</code> in the <code>auth_token</code> component.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## Details

Most users, most of the time, do not need to call `bq_auth()` explicitly – it is triggered by the first action that requires authorization. Even when called, the default arguments often suffice.

However, when necessary, `bq_auth()` allows the user to explicitly:

- Declare which Google identity to use, via an email specification.
- Use a service account token or workload identity federation via path.
- Bring your own token.
- Customize scopes.
- Use a non-default cache folder or turn caching off.
- Explicitly request out-of-band (OOB) auth via `use_oob`.

If you are interacting with R within a browser (applies to RStudio Server, Posit Workbench, Posit Cloud, and Google Colaboratory), you need OOB auth or the pseudo-OOB variant. If this does not happen automatically, you can request it explicitly with `use_oob = TRUE` or, more persistently, by setting an option via `options(gargle_oob_default = TRUE)`.

The choice between conventional OOB or pseudo-OOB auth is determined by the type of OAuth client. If the client is of the "installed" type, `use_oob = TRUE` results in conventional OOB auth. If the client is of the "web" type, `use_oob = TRUE` results in pseudo-OOB auth. Packages that provide a built-in OAuth client can usually detect which type of client to use. But if you need to set this explicitly, use the "gargle\_oauth\_client\_type" option:

```
options(gargle_oauth_client_type = "web")      # pseudo-OOB
# or, alternatively
options(gargle_oauth_client_type = "installed") # conventional OOB
```

For details on the many ways to find a token, see [gargle::token\\_fetch\(\)](#). For deeper control over auth, use [bq\\_auth\\_configure\(\)](#) to bring your own OAuth client or API key. To learn more about gargle options, see [gargle::gargle\\_options](#).

## See Also

Other auth functions: [bq\\_auth\\_configure\(\)](#), [bq\\_deauth\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:
## load/refresh existing credentials, if available
## otherwise, go to browser for authentication and authorization
bq_auth()

## force use of a token associated with a specific email
bq_auth(email = "jenny@example.com")

## force a menu where you can choose from existing tokens or
## choose to get a new one
bq_auth(email = NA)
```

```
## use a 'read only' scope, so it's impossible to change data
bq_auth(
  scopes = "https://www.googleapis.com/auth/devstorage.read_only"
)

## use a service account token
bq_auth(path = "foofy-83ee9e7c9c48.json")

## End(Not run)
```

---

|                   |                                         |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| bq_auth_configure | <i>Edit and view auth configuration</i> |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------|

---

## Description

These functions give more control over and visibility into the auth configuration than `bq_auth()` does. `bq_auth_configure()` lets the user specify their own:

- OAuth client, which is used when obtaining a user token.

See the vignette("get-api-credentials", package = "gargle") for more. If the user does not configure these settings, internal defaults are used.

`bq_oauth_client()` retrieves the currently configured OAuth client.

## Usage

```
bq_auth_configure(client, path, app = deprecated())
```

```
bq_oauth_client()
```

## Arguments

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| client | A Google OAuth client, presumably constructed via <code>gargle::gargle_oauth_client_from_json()</code> . Note, however, that it is preferred to specify the client with JSON, using the path argument.                                       |
| path   | JSON downloaded from <a href="#">Google Cloud Console</a> , containing a client id and secret, in one of the forms supported for the <code>txt</code> argument of <code>jsonlite::fromJSON()</code> (typically, a file path or JSON string). |
| app    | <b>[Deprecated]</b> Replaced by the <code>client</code> argument.                                                                                                                                                                            |

## Value

- `bq_auth_configure()`: An object of R6 class `gargle::AuthState`, invisibly.
- `bq_oauth_client()`: the current user-configured OAuth client.

## See Also

Other auth functions: `bq_auth()`, `bq_deauth()`

**Examples**

```
# see and store the current user-configured OAuth client (probably `NULL`)
(original_client <- bq_oauth_client())

# the preferred way to configure your own client is via a JSON file
# downloaded from Google Developers Console
# this example JSON is indicative, but fake
path_to_json <- system.file(
  "extdata", "data", "client_secret_123.googleusercontent.com.json",
  package = "bigquery"
)
bq_auth_configure(path = path_to_json)

# confirm the changes
bq_oauth_client()

# restore original auth config
bq_auth_configure(client = original_client)
```

bq\_deauth

*Clear current token***Description**

Clears any currently stored token. The next time bigquery needs a token, the token acquisition process starts over, with a fresh call to `bq_auth()` and, therefore, internally, a call to `gargle::token_fetch()`. Unlike some other packages that use gargle, bigquery is not usable in a de-authorized state. Therefore, calling `bq_deauth()` only clears the token, i.e. it does NOT imply that subsequent requests are made with an API key in lieu of a token.

**Usage**

```
bq_deauth()
```

**See Also**

Other auth functions: `bq_auth()`, `bq_auth_configure()`

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
bq_deauth()

## End(Not run)
```

---

|          |                                          |
|----------|------------------------------------------|
| bq_field | <i>BigQuery field (and fields) class</i> |
|----------|------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

bq\_field() and bq\_fields() create; as\_bq\_field() and as\_bq\_fields() coerce from lists.

### Usage

```
bq_field(name, type, mode = "NULLABLE", fields = list(), description = NULL)

bq_fields(x)

as_bq_field(x)

as_bq_fields(x)
```

### Arguments

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| name        | The field name. The name must contain only letters (a-z, A-Z), numbers (0-9), or underscores (_), and must start with a letter or underscore. The maximum length is 300 characters.              |
| type        | The field data type. Possible values include: "STRING", "BYTES", "INTEGER", "FLOAT", "BOOLEAN", "TIMESTAMP", "DATE", "TIME", "DATETIME", "GEOGRAPHY", "NUMERIC", "BIGNUMERIC", "JSON", "RECORD". |
| mode        | The field mode. Possible values include: "NULLABLE", "REQUIRED", and "REPEATED".                                                                                                                 |
| fields      | For a field of type "record", a list of sub-fields.                                                                                                                                              |
| description | The field description. The maximum length is 1,024 characters.                                                                                                                                   |
| x           | A list of bq_fields                                                                                                                                                                              |

### See Also

bq\_field() corresponds to a TableFieldSchema, see <https://cloud.google.com/bigquery/docs/reference/rest/v2/tables#TableFieldSchema> for more details.

### Examples

```
bq_field("name", "string")

as_bq_fields(list(
  list(name = "name", type = "string"),
  bq_field("age", "integer")
))

# as_bq_fields() can also take a data frame
as_bq_fields(mtcars)
```

---

|              |                                  |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| bq_has_token | <i>Is there a token on hand?</i> |
|--------------|----------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Reports whether bigquery has stored a token, ready for use in downstream requests.

**Usage**

```
bq_has_token()
```

**Value**

Logical.

**See Also**

Other low-level API functions: [bq\\_token\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
bq_has_token()
```

---

|             |                                |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| bq_projects | <i>List available projects</i> |
|-------------|--------------------------------|

---

**Description**

List all projects that you have access to. You can also work with **public datasets**, but you will need to provide a billing project whenever you perform any non-free operation.

**Usage**

```
bq_projects(page_size = 100, max_pages = 1, warn = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                                                 |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| page_size | Number of items per page.                                                                       |
| max_pages | Maximum number of pages to retrieve. Use Inf to retrieve all pages (this may take a long time!) |
| warn      | If TRUE, warn when there are unretrieved pages.                                                 |

**Value**

A character vector.

Google BigQuery API documentation

- [list](#)

Examples

```
bq_projects()
```

---

|          |                                 |
|----------|---------------------------------|
| bq_query | <i>Submit query to BigQuery</i> |
|----------|---------------------------------|

---

Description

These submit a query (using [bq\\_perform\\_query\(\)](#)) and then wait for it complete (with [bq\\_job\\_wait\(\)](#)). All BigQuery queries save their results into a table (temporary or otherwise), so these functions return a [bq\\_table](#) which you can then query for more information.

Usage

```
bq_project_query(x, query, destination_table = NULL, ..., quiet = NA)

bq_dataset_query(
  x,
  query,
  destination_table = NULL,
  ...,
  billing = NULL,
  quiet = NA
)
```

Arguments

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x                 | Either a project (a string) or a <a href="#">bq_dataset</a> .                                                                                                                                                                   |
| query             | SQL query string.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| destination_table | A <a href="#">bq_table</a> where results should be stored. If not supplied, results will be saved to a temporary table that lives in a special dataset. You must supply this parameter for large queries (> 128 MB compressed). |
| ...               | Passed on to <a href="#">bq_perform_query()</a>                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| quiet             | If FALSE, displays progress bar; if TRUE is silent; if NA picks based on whether or not you're in an interactive context.                                                                                                       |
| billing           | If you query a dataset that you only have read access for, such as a public dataset, you must also submit a billing project.                                                                                                    |

Value

A [bq\\_table](#)

## Examples

```
# Querying a project requires full name in query
tb <- bq_project_query(
  bq_test_project(),
  "SELECT count(*) FROM publicdata.samples.natality"
)
bq_table_fields(tb)
bq_table_download(tb)

# Querying a dataset sets default dataset so you can use bare table name,
# but for public data, you'll need to set a project to bill.
ds <- bq_dataset("publicdata", "samples")
tb <- bq_dataset_query(ds,
  query = "SELECT count(*) FROM natality",
  billing = bq_test_project()
)
bq_table_download(tb)

tb <- bq_dataset_query(ds,
  query = "SELECT count(*) FROM natality WHERE state = @state",
  parameters = list(state = "KS"),
  billing = bq_test_project()
)
bq_table_download(tb)
```

---

bq\_refs

*S3 classes for BigQuery datasets, tables and jobs*


---

## Description

Create references to BigQuery datasets, jobs, and tables. Each class has a constructor function (`bq_dataset()`, `bq_table()`, `bq_job()`) and a coercion function (`as_bq_dataset()`, `as_bq_table()`, `as_bq_job()`). The coercion functions come with methods for strings (which find components by splitting on `.`), and lists (which look for named components like `projectId` or `project_id`).

All `bq_table_`, `bq_dataset_` and `bq_job_` functions call the appropriate coercion functions on their first argument, allowing you to flexibly specify their inputs.

## Usage

```
bq_dataset(project, dataset)

as_bq_dataset(x, ..., error_arg = caller_arg(x), error_call = caller_env())

bq_table(project, dataset, table = NULL, type = "TABLE")

as_bq_table(x, ..., error_arg = caller_arg(x), error_call = caller_env())
```

```
bq_job(project, job, location = "US")

as_bq_job(x, ..., error_arg = caller_arg(x), error_call = caller_env())
```

### Arguments

|                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| project, dataset, table, job, type | Individual project, dataset, table, job identifiers and table type (strings).<br>For <code>bq_table()</code> , you if supply a <code>bq_dataset</code> as the first argument, the 2nd argument will be interpreted as the table                 |
| x                                  | An object to coerce to a <code>bq_job</code> , <code>bq_dataset</code> , or <code>bq_table</code> . Built-in methods handle strings and lists.                                                                                                  |
| ...                                | Other arguments passed on to methods.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| error_arg                          | An argument name as a string. This argument will be mentioned in error messages as the input that is at the origin of a problem.                                                                                                                |
| error_call                         | The execution environment of a currently running function, e.g. <code>caller_env()</code> . The function will be mentioned in error messages as the source of the error. See the call argument of <a href="#">abort()</a> for more information. |
| location                           | Job location                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

### See Also

[api-job](#), [api-perform](#), [api-dataset](#), and [api-table](#) for functions that work with these objects.

### Examples

```
# Creation -----
samples <- bq_dataset("publicdata", "samples")
natality <- bq_table("publicdata", "samples", "natality")
natality

# Or
bq_table(samples, "natality")

bq_job("bigquery-examples", "m0SgFu2ycbbge6jgcvzvf1BJ_Wft")

# Coercion -----
as_bq_dataset("publicdata.shakespeare")
as_bq_table("publicdata.samples.natality")

as_bq_table(list(
  project_id = "publicdata",
  dataset_id = "samples",
  table_id = "natality"
))

as_bq_job(list(
  projectId = "bigquery-examples",
  jobId = "job_m0SgFu2ycbbge6jgcvzvf1BJ_Wft",
  location = "US"
```

```
))
```

---

|                   |                            |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| bq_table_download | <i>Download table data</i> |
|-------------------|----------------------------|

---

## Description

This retrieves rows in chunks of `page_size`. It is most suitable for results of smaller queries (<100 MB, say). For larger queries, it is better to export the results to a CSV file stored on google cloud and use the bq command line tool to download locally.

## Usage

```
bq_table_download(
  x,
  n_max = Inf,
  page_size = NULL,
  start_index = 0L,
  max_connections = 6L,
  quiet = NA,
  bigint = c("integer", "integer64", "numeric", "character"),
  max_results = deprecated()
)
```

## Arguments

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>               | A <a href="#">bq_table</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>n_max</code>           | Maximum number of results to retrieve. Use <code>Inf</code> to retrieve all rows.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>page_size</code>       | The number of rows requested per chunk. It is recommended to leave this unspecified until you have evidence that the <code>page_size</code> selected automatically by <code>bq_table_download()</code> is problematic.<br>When <code>page_size = NULL</code> bigrquery determines a conservative, natural chunk size empirically. If you specify the <code>page_size</code> , it is important that each chunk fits on one page, i.e. that the requested row limit is low enough to prevent the API from paginating based on response size. |
| <code>start_index</code>     | Starting row index (zero-based).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>max_connections</code> | Number of maximum simultaneous connections to BigQuery servers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>quiet</code>           | If <code>FALSE</code> , displays progress bar; if <code>TRUE</code> is silent; if <code>NA</code> picks based on whether or not you're in an interactive context.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>bigint</code>          | The R type that BigQuery's 64-bit integer types should be mapped to. The default is <code>"integer"</code> , which returns R's integer type, but results in <code>NA</code> for values above/below +/- 2147483647. <code>"integer64"</code> returns a <a href="#">bit64::integer64</a> , which allows the full range of 64 bit integers.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>max_results</code>     | <b>[Deprecated]</b> Deprecated. Please use <code>n_max</code> instead.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

**Value**

Because data retrieval may generate list-columns and the `data.frame` print method can have problems with list-columns, this method returns a tibble. If you need a `data.frame`, coerce the results with `as.data.frame()`.

**Complex data**

bigquery will retrieve nested and repeated columns in to list-columns as follows:

- Repeated values (arrays) will become a list-column of vectors.
- Records will become list-columns of named lists.
- Repeated records will become list-columns of data frames.

**Larger datasets**

In my timings, this code takes around 1 minute per 100 MB of data. If you need to download considerably more than this, I recommend:

- Export a .csv file to Cloud Storage using `bq_table_save()`.
- Use the `gsutil` command line utility to download it.
- Read the csv file into R with `readr::read_csv()` or `data.table::fread()`.

Unfortunately you can not export nested or repeated formats into CSV, and the formats that BigQuery supports (arvn and ndjson) that allow for nested/repeated values, are not well supported in R.

**Google BigQuery API documentation**

- [list](#)

**Examples**

```
df <- bq_table_download("publicdata.samples.natality", n_max = 35000)
```

---

bq\_token

---

*Produce configured token*


---

**Description**

For internal use or for those programming around the BigQuery API. Returns a token pre-processed with `http::config()`. Most users do not need to handle tokens "by hand" or, even if they need some control, `bq_auth()` is what they need. If there is no current token, `bq_auth()` is called to either load from cache or initiate OAuth2.0 flow. If auth has been deactivated via `bq_deauth()`, `bq_token()` returns NULL.

**Usage**

```
bq_token()
```

**Value**

A request object (an S3 class provided by [httr](#)).

**See Also**

Other low-level API functions: [bq\\_has\\_token\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
bq_token()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

|         |                                 |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| bq_user | <i>Get info on current user</i> |
|---------|---------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Reveals the email address of the user associated with the current token. If no token has been loaded yet, this function does not initiate auth.

**Usage**

```
bq_user()
```

**Value**

An email address or, if no token has been loaded, NULL.

**See Also**

[gargle::token\\_userinfo\(\)](#), [gargle::token\\_email\(\)](#), [gargle::token\\_tokeninfo\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
bq_user()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

src\_bigquery

*A BigQuery data source for dplyr.*


---

### Description

Create the connection to the database with `DBI::dbConnect()` then use `dplyr::tbl()` to connect to tables within that database. Generally, it's best to provide the fully qualified name of the table (i.e. `project.dataset.table`) but if you supply a default dataset in the connection, you can use just the table name. (This, however, will prevent you from making joins across datasets.)

### Usage

```
src_bigquery(project, dataset, billing = project, max_pages = 10)
```

### Arguments

|           |                                             |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------|
| project   | project id or name                          |
| dataset   | dataset name                                |
| billing   | billing project, if different to project    |
| max_pages | (IGNORED) maximum pages returned by a query |

### Examples

```
## Not run:
library(dplyr)

# To run this example, replace billing with the id of one of your projects
# set up for billing
con <- DBI::dbConnect(bigquery(), project = bq_test_project())

shakespeare <- con %>% tbl("publicdata.samples.shakespeare")
shakespeare
shakespeare %>%
  group_by(word) %>%
  summarise(n = sum(word_count, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
  arrange(desc(n))

## End(Not run)
```

# Index

## \* auth functions

- bq\_auth, 9
- bq\_auth\_configure, 12
- bq\_deauth, 13

## \* low-level API functions

- bq\_has\_token, 15
- bq\_token, 20

abort(), 4, 18

api-dataset, 2, 18

api-job, 4, 18

api-perform, 4, 18

api-project, 5

api-table, 6, 18

as.data.frame(), 20

as\_bq\_dataset (bq\_refs), 17

as\_bq\_field (bq\_field), 14

as\_bq\_fields (bq\_field), 14

as\_bq\_job (bq\_refs), 17

as\_bq\_table (bq\_refs), 17

bigquery, 8

bit64::integer64, 8, 19

bq\_auth, 9, 12, 13

bq\_auth(), 12, 13, 20

bq\_auth\_configure, 11, 12, 13

bq\_auth\_configure(), 11

bq\_dataset, 3, 5, 16

bq\_dataset (bq\_refs), 17

bq\_dataset\_create (api-dataset), 2

bq\_dataset\_delete (api-dataset), 2

bq\_dataset\_exists (api-dataset), 2

bq\_dataset\_meta (api-dataset), 2

bq\_dataset\_query (bq\_query), 16

bq\_dataset\_tables (api-dataset), 2

bq\_dataset\_update (api-dataset), 2

bq\_deauth, 11, 12, 13

bq\_deauth(), 20

bq\_field, 14

bq\_fields, 6, 7

bq\_fields (bq\_field), 14

bq\_has\_token, 15, 21

bq\_job, 4, 5

bq\_job (bq\_refs), 17

bq\_job\_meta (api-job), 4

bq\_job\_show\_statistics (api-job), 4

bq\_job\_status (api-job), 4

bq\_job\_wait (api-job), 4

bq\_job\_wait(), 16

bq\_oauth\_client (bq\_auth\_configure), 12

bq\_perform\_query(), 16

bq\_project\_datasets (api-project), 5

bq\_project\_jobs (api-project), 5

bq\_project\_query (bq\_query), 16

bq\_projects, 15

bq\_query, 16

bq\_refs, 17

bq\_table, 6, 7, 16, 19

bq\_table (bq\_refs), 17

bq\_table\_copy (api-table), 6

bq\_table\_create (api-table), 6

bq\_table\_delete (api-table), 6

bq\_table\_download, 19

bq\_table\_exists (api-table), 6

bq\_table\_fields (api-table), 6

bq\_table\_load (api-table), 6

bq\_table\_meta (api-table), 6

bq\_table\_nrow (api-table), 6

bq\_table\_patch (api-table), 6

bq\_table\_save (api-table), 6

bq\_table\_save(), 20

bq\_table\_size (api-table), 6

bq\_table\_upload (api-table), 6

bq\_token, 15, 20

bq\_user, 21

dbConnect, BigQueryDriver-method  
(bigquery), 8

DBI::dbConnect(), 8

dbi\_driver (bigquery), 8

DBIConnection, [8](#)  
DBIDriver, [8](#)  
dplyr::tbl(), [22](#)  
  
gargle::AuthState, [12](#)  
gargle::gargle\_oauth\_client\_from\_json(),  
    [12](#)  
gargle::gargle\_options, [11](#)  
gargle::token\_email(), [21](#)  
gargle::token\_fetch(), [9](#), [11](#), [13](#)  
gargle::token\_tokeninfo(), [21](#)  
gargle::token\_userinfo(), [21](#)  
gargle\_oauth\_cache(), [10](#)  
gargle\_oauth\_client\_type(), [10](#)  
gargle\_oauth\_email(), [10](#)  
gargle\_oob\_default(), [10](#)  
  
httr, [21](#)  
httr::config(), [10](#), [20](#)  
  
jsonlite::fromJSON(), [10](#), [12](#)  
  
src\_bigquery, [22](#)  
  
Token2.0, [10](#)