# Package 'bsub'

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<b>Description</b> It submits R code/R scripts/shell commands to 'LSF cluster' ( <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platform_LSF">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platform_LSF</a> , the 'bsub' system) without leaving R. There is also an interactive 'shiny' app for monitoring the job status.
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# Description

bconf

Print current configuation

# Usage

bconf

# **Details**

This function is only for printing. Use bsub\_opt to change configurations.

Print current configuation

You simply type bconf (without the brackets) in the interactive R console.

# Value

A bconf object.

bjobs 3

#### **Examples**

bconf

bjobs Summary of jobs

# Description

Summary of jobs

# Usage

```
bjobs(status = c("RUN", "PEND"), max = Inf, filter = NULL, print = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

status Status of the jobs. Use "all" for all jobs.

max Maximal number of recent jobs.

filter Regular expression to filter on job names.

print Whether to print the table.

#### **Details**

There is an additional column "RECENT" which is the order for the job with the same name. 1 means the most recent job.

You can directly type bjobs without parentheses which runs bjobs with defaults.

#### Value

A data frame with selected job summaries.

#### See Also

- brecent shows the most recent.
- bjobs\_done shows the "DONE" jobs.
- bjobs\_exit shows the "EXIT" jobs.
- bjobs\_pending shows the "PEND" jobs.
- bjobs\_running shows the "RUN" jobs.

4 bjobs\_barplot

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
bjobs # this is the same as bjobs()
bjobs() # all running and pending jobs
bjobs(status = "all") # all jobs
bjobs(status = "RUN") # all running jobs, you can also use `bjobs_running`
bjobs(status = "PEND") # all pending jobs, you can also use `bjobs_pending`
bjobs(status = "DONE") # all done jobs, you can also use `bjobs_done`
bjobs(status = "EXIT") # all exit jobs, you can also use `bjobs_exit`
bjobs(status = "all", max = 20) # last 20 jobs
bjobs(status = "DONE", filter = "example") # done jobs with name '.*example.*'
## End(Not run)
```

bjobs\_barplot

Barplot of number of jobs

# Description

Barplot of number of jobs

#### Usage

```
bjobs_barplot(status = c("RUN", "EXIT", "PEND", "DONE"), filter = NULL, df = NULL)
```

# **Arguments**

status Status of the jobs. Use "all" for all jobs.
filter Regular expression to filter on job names.

df Internally used.

#### **Details**

It draws barplots of number of jobs per day.

#### Value

A ggplot2 object.

```
# There is no example NULL
```

bjobs\_done 5

bjobs\_done

Finished jobs

# Description

Finished jobs

#### Usage

```
bjobs_done(max = Inf, filter = NULL)
```

# Arguments

max

Maximal number of jobs.

filter

Regular expression to filter on job names.

#### **Details**

You can directly type bjobs\_done without parentheses which runs bjobs\_done with defaults.

#### Value

The same output format as bjobs.

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
bjobs_done # this is the same as `bjobs_done()`
bjobs_done() # all done jobs
bjobs_done(max = 50) # last 50 done jobs
bjobs_done(filter = "example") # done jobs with name ".*example.*"
## End(Not run)
```

bjobs\_exit

Failed jobs

# Description

Failed jobs

# Usage

```
bjobs_exit(max = Inf, filter = NULL)
```

6 bjobs\_pending

#### **Arguments**

max Maximal number of jobs.

filter Regular expression to filter on job names.

#### **Details**

You can directly type bjobs\_exit without parentheses which runs bjobs\_exit with defaults.

#### Value

The same output format as bjobs.

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
bjobs_exit # this is the same as `bjobs_exit()`
bjobs_exit() # all exit jobs
bjobs_exit(max = 50) # last 50 exit jobs
bjobs_exit(filter = "example") # exit jobs with name ".*example.*"
## End(Not run)
```

bjobs\_pending

Pending jobs

# **Description**

Pending jobs

#### Usage

```
bjobs_pending(max = Inf, filter = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

max Maximal number of jobs.

filter Regular expression to filter on job names.

#### **Details**

You can directly type bjobs\_pending without parentheses which runs bjobs\_pending with defaults.

#### Value

The same output format as bjobs.

bjobs\_running 7

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
bjobs_pending # this is the same as `bjobs_pending()`
bjobs_pending() # all pending jobs
bjobs_pending(max = 50) # last 50 pending jobs
bjobs_pending(filter = "example") # pending jobs with name ".*example.*"
## End(Not run)
```

bjobs\_running

Running jobs

# Description

Running jobs

#### **Usage**

```
bjobs_running(max = Inf, filter = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

max Maximal number of jobs.

filter Regular expression to filter on job names.

#### **Details**

You can directly type bjobs\_running without parentheses which runs bjobs\_running with defaults.

#### Value

The same output format as bjobs.

```
## Not run:
bjobs_running # this is the same as `bjobs_running()`
bjobs_running() # all running jobs
bjobs_running(max = 50) # last 50 running jobs
bjobs_running(filter = "example") # running jobs with name ".*example.*"
## End(Not run)
```

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bjobs\_timeline

Timeline of jobs

# Description

Timeline of jobs

#### Usage

```
bjobs\_timeline(status = c("RUN", "EXIT", "PEND", "DONE"), filter = NULL, df = NULL)
```

# **Arguments**

status Status of the jobs. Use "all" for all jobs.

filter Regular expression to filter on job names.

df Internally used.

#### **Details**

It draws segments of duration of jobs. In the plot, each segment represents a job and the width of the segment correspond to its duration.

#### Value

No value is returned.

#### **Examples**

```
# There is no example NULL
```

bkill

Kill jobs

# Description

Kill jobs

# Usage

```
bkill(job_id, filter = NULL)
```

# Arguments

job\_id A vector of job ids.

filter Regular expression to filter on job names (only the running and pending jobs).

brecent 9

#### Value

No value is returned.

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
job_id = c(10000000, 10000001, 10000002) # job ids can be get from `bjobs`
bkill(job_id)
# kill all jobs (running and pending) of which the names contain "example"
bkill(filter = "example")
## End(Not run)
```

brecent

Recent jobs from all status

#### **Description**

Recent jobs from all status

### Usage

```
brecent(max = 20, filter = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

max Maximal number of recent jobs.

filter Regular expression to filter on job names.

#### **Details**

You can directly type brecent without parentheses which runs brecent with defaults.

#### Value

The same output format as bjobs.

```
## Not run:
brecent # this is the same as `brecent()`
brecent() # last 20 jobs (from all status)
brecent(max = 50) # last 50 jobs
brecent(filter = "example") # last 20 jobs with name ".*example.*"
## End(Not run)
```

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bsub\_chunk

Submit R code

### **Description**

Submit R code

#### Usage

```
bsub_chunk(code,
    name = NULL,
    packages = bsub_opt$packages,
    image = bsub_opt$image,
    variables = character(),
    share = character(),
    working_dir = bsub_opt$working_dir,
    hours = 1,
    memory = 1,
    cores = 1,
    R_version = bsub_opt$R_version,
    temp_dir = bsub_opt$temp_dir,
    output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir,
    dependency = NULL,
    enforce = bsub_opt$enforce,
    local = bsub_opt$local,
    script = NULL,
    start = NULL,
    end = NULL,
    save_var = FALSE,
    sh_head = bsub_opt$sh_head)
```

#### **Arguments**

code The code chunk, it should be embraced by { }.

name If name is not specified, an internal name calculated by digest on the chunk is

automatically assigned.

packages A character vector with package names that will be loaded before running the

script. There is a special name \_in\_session\_ that loads all the packages loaded

in current R session.

image A character vector of RData/rda files that will be loaded before running the

script. When image is set to TRUE, all variables in .GlobalEnv will be saved into a temporary file and all attached packages will be recorded. The temporary

files will be removed after the job is finished.

variables A character vector of variable names that will be loaded before running the

script. There is a special name \_all\_functions\_ that saves all functions de-

fined in the global environment.

bsub\_chunk 11

share A character vector of variables names for which the variables are shared between

jobs. Note the temporary .RData files are not deleted automatically.

working\_dir The working directory.

hours Running time of the job.

memory Memory usage of the job. It is measured in GB.

cores Number of cores.

R\_version R version.

temp\_dir Path of temporary folder where the temporary R/bash scripts will be put.

output\_dir Path of output folder where the output/flag files will be put.

dependency A vector of job IDs that current job depends on.

enforce If a flag file for the job is found, whether to enforce to rerun the job.

local Run job locally (not submitting to the LSF cluster)?

script Path of a script where code chunks will be extracted and sent to the cluster.It is

always used with start and end arguments.

start A numeric vector that contains line indices of the starting code chunk or a char-

acter vector that contain regular expression to match the start of code chunks.

end Same setting as start.

save\_var Whether save the last variable in the code chunk? Later the variable can be

retrieved by retrieve\_var.

sh\_head Commands that are written as head of the sh script.

#### Value

Job ID.

#### See Also

- bsub\_script submits R scripts.
- bsub\_cmdsubmits shell commands.

```
## Not run:
bsub_chunk(name = "example", memory = 10, hours = 10, cores = 4,
{
    Sys.sleep(5)
})
## End(Not run)
```

12 bsub\_cmd

bsub_cmd Submit shell commands	
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#### **Description**

Submit shell commands

#### Usage

```
bsub_cmd(cmd,
    name = NULL,
    hours = 1,
    memory = 1,
    cores = 1,
    temp_dir = bsub_opt$temp_dir,
    output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir,
    dependency = NULL,
    enforce = bsub_opt$enforce,
    local = bsub_opt$local,
    sh_head = bsub_opt$sh_head,
    ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

cmd A list of commands.

name If name is not specified, an internal name calculated by digest is automatically

assigned.

hours Running time of the job.

memory Memory usage of the job. It is measured in GB.

cores Number of cores.

temp\_dir Path of temporary folder where the temporary R/bash scripts will be put.

output\_dir Path of output folder where the output/flag files will be put.

dependency A vector of job IDs that current job depends on.

enforce If a flag file for the job is found, whether to enforce to rerun the job.

local Run job locally (not submitting to the LSF cluster)? sh\_head Commands that are written as head of the sh script.

... Command-line arguments can also be specified as name-value pairs.

#### Value

Job ID.

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#### See Also

- bsub\_chunksubmits R code.
- bsub\_script submits R scripts.

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
bsub_cmd("samtools sort ...", name = ..., memory = ..., cores = ..., ...)
## End(Not run)
```

bsub\_opt

Parameters for bsub

# Description

Parameters for bsub

#### Usage

```
bsub_opt(..., RESET = FALSE, READ.ONLY = NULL, LOCAL = FALSE, ADD = FALSE)
```

#### Arguments

... Arguments for the parameters, see "details" section

RESET reset to default values

READ.ONLY please ignore LOCAL please ignore ADD please ignore

#### **Details**

There are following parameters:

packages A character vector with package names that will be loaded before running the script.

image A character vector of RData/rda files that will be loaded before running the script.

temp\_dir Path of temporary folder where the temporary R/bash scripts will be put.

output\_dir Path of output folder where the output/flag files will be put.

enforce If a flag file for the job is found, whether to enforce to rerun the job.

R\_version The version of R.

working\_dir The working directory.

ignore Whether ignore bsub\_chunk, bsub\_script and bsub\_cmd.

local Run job locally (not submitting to the LSF cluster)?

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call\_Rscript How to call Rscript by specifying an R version number.

submission\_node A list of node names for submitting jobs.

login\_node This value basically is the same as submission\_node unless the login nodes are different from submission nodes.

sh\_head Commands that are written as head of the sh script.

user Username on the submission node.

group The user group

ssh\_envir The commands for setting bash environment for successfully running bjobs, bsub, ... bsub\_template Template for constructing bsub command.

parse\_time A function that parses time string from the LSF bjobs command to a POSIXct object. verbose Whether to print more messages.

ssh\_envir should be properly set so that LSF binaries such as bsub or bjobs can be properly found. There are some environment variables initialized when logging in the bash terminal while they are not initialized with the ssh connection. Thus, some environment variables should be manually set.

An example for ssh\_envir is as follows. The LSF\_ENVDIR and LSF\_SERVERDIR should be defined and exported.

```
c("source /etc/profile",
  "export LSF_ENVDIR=/opt/lsf/conf",
  "export LSF_SERVERDIR=/opt/lsf/10.1/linux3.10-glibc2.17-x86_64/etc")
```

The values of these two variables can be obtained by entering following commands in your bash terminal (on the submission node):

```
echo $LSF_ENVDIR
echo $LSF_SERVERDIR
```

The time strings by LSF bjobs command might be different for different configurations. The \*\*bsub\*\* package needs to convert the time strings to POSIX1t objects for calculating the time difference. Thus, if the default time string parsing fails, users need to provide a user-defined function and set with parse\_time option in bsub\_opt. The function accepts a vector of time strings and returns a POSIX1t object. For example, if the time string returned from bjobs command is in a form of Dec 1 18:00:00 2019, the parsing function can be defined as:

```
bsub_opt$parse_time = function(x) {
    as.POSIXlt(x, format = "\
}
```

#### Value

The corresponding option values.

```
# The default bsub_opt
bsub_opt
```

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bsub_script	Submit R script
-------------	-----------------

# Description

Submit R script

# Usage

```
bsub_script(script,
    argv = "",
    name = NULL,
    hours = 1,
    memory = 1,
    cores = 1,
    R_version = bsub_opt$R_version,
    temp_dir = bsub_opt$temp_dir,
    output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir,
    dependency = NULL,
    enforce = bsub_opt$enforce,
    local = bsub_opt$local,
    sh_head = bsub_opt$sh_head,
    ...)
```

# Arguments

script	The R script.
argv	A string of command-line arguments.
name	If name is not specified, an internal name calculated by digest is automatically assigned.
hours	Running time of the job.
memory	Memory usage of the job. It is measured in GB.
cores	Number of cores.
R_version	R version.
temp_dir	Path of temporary folder where the temporary R/bash scripts will be put.
output_dir	Path of output folder where the output/flag files will be put.
dependency	A vector of job IDs that current job depends on.
enforce	If a flag file for the job is found, whether to enforce to rerun the job.
local	Run job locally (not submitting to the LSF cluster)?
sh_head	Commands that are written as head of the sh script.
• • •	Command-line arguments can also be specified as name-value pairs.

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#### Value

Job ID.

#### See Also

- bsub\_chunk submits R code.
- bsub\_cmdsubmits shell commands.

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
bsub_script("/path/of/foo.R", name = ..., memory = ..., cores = ..., ...)
# with command-line arguments
bsub_script("/path/of/foo.R", argv = "--a 1 --b 3", ...)
## End(Not run)
```

check\_dump\_files

Check whether there are dump files

#### **Description**

Check whether there are dump files

#### Usage

```
check_dump_files(print = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

print

Whether to print messages.

#### **Details**

For the failed jobs, LSF cluster might generate a core dump file and R might generate a .RDataTmp file.

Note if you manually set working directory in your R code/script, the R dump file can be not caught.

# Value

A vector of file names.

```
## Not run:
check_dump_files()
## End(Not run)
```

clear\_temp\_dir 17

clear\_temp\_dir

Clear temporary dir

#### **Description**

Clear temporary dir

#### Usage

```
clear_temp_dir(ask = TRUE)
```

# Arguments

ask

Whether promote.

#### **Details**

The temporary files might be used by the running/pending jobs. Deleting them might affect some of the jobs. You better delete them after all jobs are done.

#### Value

No value is returned.

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
clear_temp_dir()
## End(Not run)
```

get\_dependency

Get the dependency of current jobs

#### **Description**

Get the dependency of current jobs

# Usage

```
get_dependency(job_tb = NULL)
```

### **Arguments**

job\_tb

A table from bjobs. Optional.

is\_job\_finished

#### Value

If there is no dependency of all jobs, it returns NULL. If there are dependencies, it returns a list of three elements:

```
dep_mat: a two column matrix containing dependencies from parents to children. id2name: a named vector containing mapping from job IDs to job names.
```

id2stat: a named vector containing mapping from job IDs to job status.

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
get_dependency()
## End(Not run)
```

is\_job\_finished

Test whether the jobs are finished

#### **Description**

Test whether the jobs are finished

# Usage

```
is_job_finished(job_name, output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir)
```

#### **Arguments**

job\_name A vector of job names.

output\_dir Output dir.

#### **Details**

It tests whether the ".done" flag files exist

#### Value

A logical scalar.

```
# There is no example NULL
```

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job\_log

Log for the running/finished/failed job

#### **Description**

Log for the running/finished/failed job

#### Usage

```
job_log(job_id, print = TRUE, n_line = 10)
```

#### **Arguments**

job\_id The job id. It can be a single job or a vector of job ids.

print Whether print the log message.

n\_line Number of last lines for each job to show when multiple jobs are queried.

#### Value

The log message as a vector.

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# a single job
job_id = 1234567  # job ids can be get from `bjobs`
job_log(job_id)
# multiple jobs
job_id = c(10000000, 10000001, 10000002)
job_log(job_id)  # by default last 10 lines for each job are printed
job_log(job_id, n_line = 20)  # print last 20 lines for each job
# logs for all running jobs
job_log()
## End(Not run)
```

job\_status\_by\_id

Job status by id

# Description

Job status by id

### Usage

```
job_status_by_id(job_id)
```

job\_status\_by\_name

#### **Arguments**

```
job_id The job id.
```

#### Value

If the job has been deleted from the database, it returns MISSING.

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
job_id = 1234567  # job ids can be get from `bjobs`
job_status_by_id(job_id)
## End(Not run)
```

job\_status\_by\_name

Job status by name

#### **Description**

Job status by name

#### Usage

```
job_status_by_name(job_name, output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
job_name Job name.

output_dir The output dir.
```

#### Value

If the job is finished, it returns DONE/EXIT/MISSING. If the job is running or pending, it returns the corresponding status. If there are multiple jobs with the same name running or pending, it returns a vector.

```
## Not run:
job_status_by_name("example")
## End(Not run)
```

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monitor

A browser-based interactive job monitor

# Description

A browser-based interactive job monitor

# Usage

```
monitor()
```

#### **Details**

The monitor is implemented as a shiny app.

# Value

No value is returned.

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# simply run:
monitor
# or
monitor()
## End(Not run)
```

plot\_dependency

Plot the job dependency tree

# Description

Plot the job dependency tree

# Usage

```
plot_dependency(job_id, job_tb = NULL)
```

# **Arguments**

```
job_id A job ID.
```

job\_tb A table from bjobs. Optional.

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# Value

No value is returned.

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
job1 = random_job()
job2 = random_job()
job3 = random_job(dependency = c(job1, job2))
plot_dependency(job3)
## End(Not run)
```

print.bconf

Print the configurations

# Description

Print the configurations

# Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bconf'
print(x, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

x A bconf object... Other parameters

#### Value

No value is returned.

```
\hbox{\tt\# There is no example}\\ \hbox{\tt NULL}
```

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print.bjobs

Summary of jobs

# Description

Summary of jobs

# Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bjobs'
print(x, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

x a bjobs class object.... other arguments.

#### Value

No value is returned.

# **Examples**

```
\label{eq:continuous_problem} \mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc H}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\sc H}}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc H}}} \mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc
```

random\_job

Submit a random job

# Description

Submit a random job

# Usage

```
random_job(name = paste0("R_random_job_", digest::digest(runif(1), "crc32")), ...)
```

### **Arguments**

name Job name.

... Pass to bsub\_chunk.

### **Details**

It only submits Sys.sleep(30).

24 retrieve\_var

#### Value

The job id.

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
random_job()
random_job(name = "test")
## End(Not run)
```

retrieve\_var

Retrieve saved variable

# Description

Retrieve saved variable

#### Usage

```
retrieve_var(name, output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir, wait = 30)
```

# Arguments

name Job name.

output\_dir The output dir set in bsub\_chunk.

wait Seconds to wait.

#### **Details**

It retrieve the saved variable in bsub\_chunk when save\_rds = TRUE is set.

#### Value

The retrieved object.

```
## Not run:
bsub_chunk(name = "example", save_var = TRUE,
{
    Sys.sleep(10)
    1+1
})
retrieve_var("example")
## End(Not run)
```

run\_cmd 25

run\_cmd

Run command on submission node

#### **Description**

Run command on submission node

# Usage

```
run_cmd(cmd, print = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

cmd A single-line command.

print Whether to print output from the command.

#### **Details**

If current node is not the submission node, the command is executed via ssh.

#### Value

The output of the command.

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# run pwd on remote node
run_cmd("pwd")
## End(Not run)
```

ssh\_connect

Connect to submisstion via ssh

# **Description**

Connect to submisstion via ssh

# Usage

```
ssh_connect()
```

#### **Details**

If ssh connection is lost, run this function to reconnect.

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#### Value

No value is returned.

# **Examples**

```
# ssh is automatically connected. To manually connect ssh, run:
## Not run:
ssh_connect()

## End(Not run)
# where the user name is the one you set in `bsub_opt$user` and
# the node is the one you set in `bsub_opt$login_node`.
```

ssh\_disconnect

Disconnect ssh connection

# Description

Disconnect ssh connection

#### Usage

```
ssh_disconnect()
```

# Value

No value is returned.

```
# Normally you don't need to manually run this function. The ssh is automatically
# disconnected when the package is detached.
# To manually disconnect ssh, run:
## Not run:
ssh_disconnect()
## End(Not run)
```

wait\_jobs 27

 $wait_jobs$ 

Wait until all jobs are finished

# Description

Wait until all jobs are finished

# Usage

```
wait_jobs(job_name, output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir, wait = 30)
```

# Arguments

job\_name A vector of job names.

output\_dir Output dir.

wait Seconds to wait.

# Value

No value is returned.

```
\hbox{\tt\# There is no example}\\ \hbox{\tt NULL}
```

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