

Package ‘epanetReader’

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Type Package

Title Read Epanet Files into R

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Suggests testthat, epanet2toolkit, data.table (>= 1.11.2)

Description Reads water network simulation data in 'Epanet' text-based '.inp' and '.rpt' formats into R. Also reads results from 'Epanet-msx'. Provides basic summary information and plots. The README file has a quick introduction. See <<http://www2.epa.gov/water-research/epanet>> for more information on the Epanet software for modeling hydraulic and water quality behavior of water piping systems.

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URL <https://github.com/bradleyjeck/epanetReader>

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binBreaker	<i>Bin Breaker</i>
------------	--------------------

Description

Generate break points for use with cut() and range labels based on sample max and min

Usage

binBreaker(x, nbin)

Arguments

- | | |
|------|-------------------------|
| x | vector to find cuts for |
| nbin | number of bins |

Details

Helpful in making labels use the actual max and min rather than the +/- 1

Value

list with elements Breaks and Labels

epanetDefaultOptions *Epanet Default Options*

Description

A list of Epanet's default options

Usage

```
epanetDefaultOptions()
```

Details

Provides a named list in the form of OPTION = default_value where the values are taken from pages 152-154 of the manual.

References

Rossman, L. A. (2000). Epanet 2 users manual. US EPA, Cincinnati, Ohio. <http://nepis.epa.gov/Adobe/PDF/P1007WWU.pdf>

Examples

```
epanetDefaultOptions()
```

epanetReader *Read text files from Epanet into R*

Description

epanetReader is a package for reading water network information and simulation results in Epanet's .inp and .rpt files into R. See functions [read.inp](#), [read.rpt](#), and [read.msxrpt](#) for some examples.

Author(s)

Bradley J. Eck

expandedLinkTable	<i>Expanded Link Table</i>
-------------------	----------------------------

Description

Create an expandedLinkTable object by adding node coordinates to a data frame of pipes, pumps, or valves.

Usage

```
expandedLinkTable(Links, Coordinates)
```

Arguments

Links	data frame of Pipes, Pumps or Valves of from epanet.inp
Coordinates	table of epanet.inp

Value

an expandedLinkTable object

Examples

```
x <- expandedLinkTable(Net1$Pipes, Net1$Coordinates)
print(x)
plot(x)
```

is.epanet.inp	<i>Check if an object as class 'epanet.inp'</i>
---------------	---

Description

Check if an object as class 'epanet.inp'

Usage

```
is.epanet.inp(x)
```

Arguments

x	an R object
---	-------------

is.epanet.rpt	<i>Check if an object has class 'epanet.rpt'</i>
---------------	--

Description

Check if an object has class 'epanet.rpt'

Usage

```
is.epanet.rpt(x)
```

Arguments

x	an R object
---	-------------

is.epanetmsx.rpt	<i>Check if an object has class 'epanetmsx.rpt'</i>
------------------	---

Description

Check if an object has class 'epanetmsx.rpt'

Usage

```
is.epanetmsx.rpt(x)
```

Arguments

x	an R object
---	-------------

is.expandedLinkTable	<i>Check if an object has class 'expandedLinkTable'</i>
----------------------	---

Description

Check if an object has class 'expandedLinkTable'

Usage

```
is.expandedLinkTable(x)
```

Arguments

x	an R object
---	-------------

<code>is.sparkline</code>	<i>Check if an object has class 'sparkline'</i>
---------------------------	---

Description

Check if an object has class 'sparkline'

Usage

```
is.sparkline(x)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	an R object
----------------	-------------

<code>is.sparklineTable</code>	<i>Check if an object has class 'sparklineTable'</i>
--------------------------------	--

Description

Check if an object has class 'sparklineTable'

Usage

```
is.sparklineTable(x)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	an R object
----------------	-------------

<code>Net1</code>	<i>Epanet's Net1 Example</i>
-------------------	------------------------------

Description

A dataset created by reading the `Net1.inp` file distributed with Epanet using this package's `read.inp()` function.

Usage

```
Net1
```

Format

An object of class `epanet.inp` created by [read.inp](#).

Source

http://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2014-06/en2setup_0.exe

Examples

```
#confirm built-in dataset matches output of read.inp
inp <- file.path( find.package("epanetReader"), "extdata","Net1.inp")
n1 <- suppressWarnings( read.inp(inp) )
ok <- isTRUE( all.equal(Net1, n1))
if( ok==FALSE) stop("built-in Net1 doesn't match read.inp")
```

Net1rpt

Epanet's Net1 Example

Description

A dataset created by reading the Net1.rpt file distributed with Epanet using this package's read.rpt() function.

Usage

```
Net1rpt
```

Format

An object of class epanet.rpt created by [read.rpt](#).

Examples

```
#confirm built-in dataset matches output of read.rpt
rpt <- file.path( find.package("epanetReader"), "extdata","Net1.rpt")
n1r <- read.rpt(rpt)
ok <- isTRUE( all.equal(Net1rpt, n1r))
if( ok==FALSE) stop("built-in Net1rpt doesn't match read.rpt")
```

plot.epanet.inp

Plot Method for epanet.inp

Description

Make a plot of the network using base graphics

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'epanet.inp'
plot(x, plot.junctions = TRUE,
     legend.locn = "topright", plot.labels = FALSE, link.lwd = 3,
     link.col = "black", ...)
```

Arguments

x	object of class epanet.inp
plot.junctions	logical indicating whether to plot junctions
legend.locn	character string passed to legend() specifying the location of the legend on the plot
plot.labels	logical indicating whether to plot the labels using text()
link.lwd	value of lwd passed to segments()
link.col	value of col passed to segments()
...	other arguments passed to plot()

Details

Implements the generic plot function for S3 objects of class epanet.inp. The plot is built from base graphics by creating a blank plot and then calling the helper functions plotInpLinks(), plotInpNodes(), plotElementsLegend().

Examples

```
plot(Net1)
plot(Net1, plot.labels=TRUE)
```

plot.epanet.rpt	<i>Plot Simulation Results</i>
-----------------	--------------------------------

Description

Plots simulation results for a single time step in map form

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'epanet.rpt'
plot(x, inp, Timestep = "0:00:00", juncQty = "Demand",
     linkQty = "Velocity", legend1.locn = "topright",
     legend2.locn = "topleft", ...)
```

Arguments

x	epanet.rpt object
inp	epanet.inp object associated with x
Timestep	string indicating the time to plot
juncQty	string specifying which column of x\$nodeResults (Demand, Head, Pressure, Chlorine, etc.) to show by circle size at network junctions
linkQty	string specifying which column of x\$linkResults (Flow, Velocity, Headloss) to show by line width on network links
legend1.locn	string passed to legend() for placing legend of network elements
legend2.locn	string passed to legend() for placing legend of junction and link quantities
...	further arguments passed to plot

Details

juncQty plots and values for Junctions only; Tanks and Reservoirs are not included. In contrast, linkQty is scaled over all of the link types: Pipes, Pumps & Valves. These choices aim at a map showing demand at junctions and velocity in links.

plot.epanetmsx.rpt	<i>Plot method for epanetmsx.rpt</i>
--------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Plots a sparkline table of Epanet-msx results

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'epanetmsx.rpt'
plot(x, elementType = "Nodes", ...)
```

Arguments

x	epanetmsx.rpt object
elementType	character indicating whether results for "nodes" or links" should be plotted
...	further arguments passed to plotSparklineTable

See Also

plotSparklineTable

plot.expandedLinkTable	<i>plot an expanded link table</i>
------------------------	------------------------------------

Description

plot an expanded link table

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'expandedLinkTable'
plot(x, add = FALSE, label = FALSE,
     linewidths = 3, color = "black", ...)
```

Arguments

x	object of type expandedLinkTable
add	logical indicating whether to add to the currently active plot. add=FALSE creates a new plot.
label	logical indicating if the links should be labeled at the mid points
linewidths	passed to lwd argument in segments()
color	passed to col argument in segments()
...	further arguments passed to segments()

Details

An implementation of the generic plot function for expandedLinkTable objects. Links are drawn using segments(). Useful for building up network plots.

plot.sparkline	<i>Plot a sparkline</i>
----------------	-------------------------

Description

Plot a sparkline

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sparkline'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	sparkline object
...	further arguments passed to plot.default

Details

Implementation of the generic plot function for a single sparkline object. The primarily used to build up plots of a sparklineTable

See Also

sparkline

plot.sparklineTable	<i>Plot Sparkline Table</i>
---------------------	-----------------------------

Description

Plot Sparkline Table

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sparklineTable'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	object of class sparklineTable
...	further arguments passed to par

plotElementsLegend	<i>Plot Legend of Network Elements</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Add legend of network elements to the active plot

Usage

```
plotElementsLegend(legend.locn)
```

Arguments

legend.locn	keyword for location of legend. See details of legend() function.
-------------	---

Details

Helper function for adding a legend to the active plot. Uses plot characters 16, 15, 8 and 25 for Tanks, Reservoirs, Pumps and Valves for compatibility with plotInpNodes()

Examples

```
## make a new blank plot
plot( c(0,1), c(0,1), type = 'n')
## add the nodes, including junctions
plotElementsLegend('topright')
```

plotInpLinks

Plot .inp Links

Description

Add lines for pipes, pumps and valves from an epanet.inp object to an existing plot

Usage

```
plotInpLinks(x, lwd = 3, col = "black")
```

Arguments

x	epanet.inp object
lwd	width of lines
col	color of lines

Details

Helper function for building up a plot of the network by adding links to an existing plot.

Examples

```
## make a new blank plot
plot( range(Net1$Coordinates$X), range(Net1$Coordinates$Y), type = 'n')
## add the links
plotInpLinks(Net1)
```

plotInpNodes

Plot Node Elements

Description

Adds node elements from epanet.inp object to an existing plot

Usage

```
plotInpNodes(x, plot.junctions)
```

Arguments

x	epanet.inp object
plot.junctions	logical indicating whether to plot junctions

Details

Helper function for building up a network plot. Tanks and Reservoirs are shown using plot characters (pch) '16' and '15'. Junctions, if plotted, appear as pch = "."

Examples

```
## make a new blank plot
plot( range(Net1$Coordinates$X), range(Net1$Coordinates$Y), type = 'n')
## add the nodes, including junctions
plotInpNodes(Net1, TRUE )
```

plotSparklineTable	<i>Plot Sparkline Table</i>
--------------------	-----------------------------

Description

Generate a table of sparkline plots

Usage

```
plotSparklineTable(df, row.var, col.vars, xvar = NULL, xrange.labels = NULL)
```

Arguments

df	data.frame of values to plot.
row.var	variable for rows of the table
col.vars	variables for columns of the table
xvar	optional name of variable for horizontal axis of sparkline plots
xrange.labels	optional vector of length 2 with labels for the first and last quantities plotted on x-axis, often a date and/or time

Details

Generates a table of 'sparkline' plots of data in df. rows the table correspond to different values of row.var. The table's first column gives the value of row.var. The remaining columns contain sparkline plots for the values of col.vars. When xvar is not provided values are plotted against their index in the extracted vector. The starting and ending values are labeled. Uses layout() function to arrange plots.

References

E. Tufte, Beautiful Evidence, Graphics Press, 2006.

See Also

yaletoolkit and sparkTable packages

Examples

```
plotSparklineTable( Orange, row.var = 'Tree', col.vars = c('age','circumference'))
plotSparklineTable( Loblolly, row.var = 'Seed', col.vars = 'height')
## specify the x variable if you have it, especially if it differs
plotSparklineTable(Theoph, row.var = 'Subject', col.vars = 'conc')
## a warning is normally issued with the ranges of xvar differ
suppressWarnings( plotSparklineTable(Theoph, row.var = 'Subject', col.vars = 'conc', xvar = 'Time'))
```

```
print.summary.epanet.rpt
      Print rpt summary
```

Description

The function prints a summary of simulation results contained in the rpt file.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.epanet.rpt'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	a summary.epanet.rpt object
...	further arguments passed to print

```
print.summary.epanetmsx.rpt
      Print msx rpt summary
```

Description

The function prints a summary of multi-species simulation results contained in the report file

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.epanetmsx.rpt'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	a summary.epanetmsx.rpt object
...	further arguments passed to print

read.inp	<i>Read .inp file</i>
----------	-----------------------

Description

Read an Epanet .inp file into R

Usage

```
read.inp(file)
```

Arguments

file	the name of the file to read
------	------------------------------

Details

This function reads a text file in Epanet's .inp format and returns an S3 object with entries for sections of the .inp file. Sections of the .inp file that are implemented appear in the Value section.

Fields for node or link ID are stored as characters not factors or integers. However, some fields are stored as factors to allow more informative summaries. Examples include valve type and pipe status.

Sections that are absent from the .inp file are NULL in the list.

Columns of data.frames use the headings exported by the Epanet GUI.

The [OPTIONS] section in the .inp file is used to update a list of Epanet's default options. In this way if an option such as units is not specified by the .inp file, the units that would be used by default are provided.

In the [PATTERNS] and [CURVES] sections, integers used as names of list elements are backquoted according to the default behavior in R. So if the .inp file has a pattern "1" this pattern will appear as element '1' in the list that is returned. A warning is issued in this case.

Value

Returns an epanet.inp S3 object with elements of the following names and types corresponding to sections of the .inp file. Sections missing from the .inp file have a value of NULL.

Title	character
Junctions	data.frame
Tanks	data.frame
Reservoirs	data.frame
Pipes	data.frame
Pumps	data.frame
Valves	data.frame
Demands	data.frame

Status	data.frame
Emitters	data.frame
Quality	data.frame
Sources	data.frame
Reactions	character
Mixing	data.frame
Patterns	list
Curves	list
Controls	character
Rules	character
Energy	character
Times	character
Report	character
Options	list
Coordinates	data.frame
Vertices	data.frame
Labels	data.frame
Backdrop	character
Tags	character

References

Rossman, L. A. (2000). Epanet 2 users manual. US EPA, Cincinnati, Ohio.
<http://nepis.epa.gov/Adobe/PDF/P1007WWU.pdf>

Examples

```
# path to Net1.inp example file included with this package
inp <- file.path( find.package("epanetReader"), "extdata", "Net1.inp")

#read the network file into R
n1 <- read.inp(inp)
summary(n1)
names(n1)
summary(n1$Junctions)
summary(n1$Pipes)
plot(n1)
```

read.msxrpt

*Read msx results***Description**

reads an Epanet-msx .rpt file into R

Usage

```
read.msxrpt(file)
```

Arguments

file the name of the file to read

Details

Specify the needed outputs from an Epanet-msx simulation in the [REPORT] section of the .msx file to create reports for reading with with this function.

The function returns an S3 object (list) with a data.frame for node results and data.frame for link results. These data.frames contain results from all the time periods to facilitate time series plots.

Value

Returns an epanetmsx.rpt S3 object .

nodeResults data.frame

linkResults data.frame

References

Shang, F., Uber, J.G., Rossman, L.A. (2011) EPANET Multi-species Extension User's Manual. US Environmental Protection Agency, Cincinnati.

Examples

```
# path to example file included with this package
msr <- file.path( find.package("epanetReader"), "extdata","example.rpt")

#read the results into R
x <- read.msxrpt(msr)
names(x)
summary(x)
plot(x)
```

read.rpt	<i>Read .rpt file</i>
----------	-----------------------

Description

reads an Epanet .rpt file into R

Usage

```
read.rpt(file)
```

Arguments

file	the name of the file to read
------	------------------------------

Details

add lines "Page 0", "Links All" and "Nodes All" to the [REPORT] section of the .inp file to output info to read in with this function

In contrast to the treatment of .inp files, data from .rpt files is stored using a slightly different structure than the .rpt file. The function returns an object (list) with a data.frame for node results and data.frame for link results and a data.frame for energy usage. The node and link results data frames contain results from all the time periods to facilitate time series plots.

Value

Returns an epanet.rpt S3 object with two data.frame elements.

nodeResults	data.frame
linkResults	data.frame
energyUsage	data.frame

References

Rossman, L. A. (2000). Epanet 2 users manual. US EPA, Cincinnati, Ohio.
<http://nepis.epa.gov/Adobe/PDF/P1007WWU.pdf>

Examples

```
# path to Net1.rpt example file included with this package
rpt <- file.path( find.package("epanetReader"), "extdata", "Net1.rpt")
n1r <- read.rpt(rpt)
summary(n1r)
names(n1r)

#Results for a chosen time period can be retrieved using the subset function.
subset(n1r$nodeResults, Timestamp == "0:00:00")
```

```
# time series plot for a nodal value
plot( Chlorine ~ timeInSeconds,
      data = subset(n1r$nodeResults, ID == "22"))

# Plotting the epanet.rpt object itself gives a map.
# Note that the object created from the .inp file is required.
inp <- file.path( find.package("epanetReader"), "extdata","Net1.inp")
n1 <- read.inp(inp)
plot( n1r, n1)

# Energy Usage table
print(n1r$energyUsage)
```

read_lines_wrapper	<i>Read lines wrapper</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

Description

Wrapper function for different implementations of readlines functions

Usage

```
read_lines_wrapper(file)
```

Arguments

file	the name of the file to read
------	------------------------------

Details

calls Kmisc::readlines if available and base::readLines otherwise

Value

character vector where each entry corresponds to a line in the file.

sparkline	<i>Sparkline</i>
-----------	------------------

Description

Create sparkline object by extracting from a data frame

Usage

```
sparkline(df, id.var, ID, yvar, xvar)
```

Arguments

df	data.frame from which data for the sparkline is extracted
id.var	variable in df with IDs
ID	value in id.var on which to extract
yvar	name of variable for the y values in the sparkline
xvar	optional name of variable for horizontal axis of sparkline plots

Details

Creates an object with info for a single sparkline by extracting from a data.frame. The function works on data.frames with one column of ID variables and possibly several columns of other variables. The main use is as a helper function for building up a [sparklineTable](#).

Examples

```
## look at the names in the built-in data set Theoph
names(Theoph)
## make sparkline object for the concentration over time in subject 2
sl <- sparkline(df= Theoph, id.var = 'Subject', ID = 2, yvar='conc', xvar = 'Time')
plot(sl)
```

sparklineTable	<i>Sparkline Table</i>
----------------	------------------------

Description

Create S3 object of data for table of sparklines

Usage

```
sparklineTable(df, row.var, col.vars, xvar = NULL, xrange.labels = NULL)
```

Arguments

df	data.frame of values to plot.
row.var	variable for rows of the table
col.vars	variables for columns of the table
xvar	optional name of variable for horizontal axis of sparkline plots
xrange.labels	optional vector of length 2 with labels for the first and last quantities plotted on x-axis, often a date and/or time

See Also

plotSparklineTable

summary.epanet.inp	<i>Summary Method for epanet.inp</i>
--------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Summarizes the network by printing the Title of the network and the number of each type of elements.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'epanet.inp'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	of class epanet.inp
...	futher arguments

summary.epanet.rpt	<i>Summary of Epanet Simulation Results</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Provides a basic summary of simulation results

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'epanet.rpt'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	of epanet.rpt class
...	further arguments passed to summary()

Details

Summary of pipe results shows positive and negative values of flow but only positive values of velocity as in the rpt file.

summary.epanetmsx.rpt *Summary of Epanet-msx Simulation Results*

Description

Provides a basic summary of simulation results

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'epanetmsx.rpt'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	of epanetmsx.rpt class
...	further arguments passed to summary()

write.inp	<i>Write .inp file</i>
-----------	------------------------

Description

Write an epanet.inp object to a file

Usage

```
write.inp(x, file)
```

Arguments

x	epanet.inp object to write
file	the name of the file where object is written

Details

Writes an epanet.inp object to a file suitable for simulation with EPANET.

Value

nothing

Examples

```
write.inp(Net1, "Net1-fromR.inp")
n1 <- read.inp("Net1-fromR.inp")
all.equal(Net1, n1)
```

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