

Package ‘infinitefactor’

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Type Package

Title Bayesian Infinite Factor Models

Version 1.0

Date 2020-03-30

Author Evan Poworoznek

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Description Sampler and post-processing functions for semi-parametric Bayesian infinite factor models, motivated by the Multiplicative Gamma Shrinkage Prior of Bhattacharya and Dunson (2011) <<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3419391/>>. Contains component C++ functions for building samplers for linear and 2-way interaction factor models using the multiplicative gamma and Dirichlet-Laplace shrinkage priors. The package also contains post processing functions to return matrices that display rotational ambiguity to identifiability through successive application of orthogonalization procedures and resolution of column label and sign switching. This package was developed with the support of the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences grant 1R01ES028804-01.

License GPL-2

Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.2)

Depends reshape2, ggplot2, stats, utils

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

NeedsCompilation yes

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| |
|--|
| infinitefactor-package |
| <i>Bayesian Infinite Factor Models</i> |

Description

Sampler and post-processing functions for semi-parametric Bayesian infinite factor models, motivated by the Multiplicative Gamma Shrinkage Prior of Bhattacharya and Dunson (2011) <<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/>>
Contains component C++ functions for building samplers for linear and 2-way interaction factor models using the multiplicative gamma and Dirichlet-Laplace shrinkage priors. The package also contains post processing functions to return matrices that display rotational ambiguity to identifiability through successive application of orthogonalization procedures and resolution of column label and sign switching. This package was developed with the support of the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences grant 1R01ES028804-01.

Details

The DESCRIPTION file:

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Type: Package
Title: Bayesian Infinite Factor Models
Version: 1.0
Date: 2020-03-30
Author: Evan Poworoznek
Maintainer: Evan Poworoznek <infinitefactorpackage@gmail.com>
Description: Sampler and post-processing functions for semi-parametric Bayesian infinite factor models, motivated by the M
License: GPL-2
Imports: Rcpp (>= 1.0.2)
Depends: reshape2, ggplot2, stats, utils
LinkingTo: Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

Index of help topics:

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|------------------------|--|
| amean | Average over the third index of an array |
| del_mg | Sampler Components |
| infinitefactor-package | Bayesian Infinite Factor Models |

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| interactionDL | Factor regression model with interactions using the Dirichlet-Laplace shrinkage prior |
| interactionMGSP | Factor regression model with interactions using the Multiplicative Gamma Shrinkage Prior |
| jointRot | Resolve rotational ambiguity in samples of factor loadings and factors jointly |
| linearDL | Sample Bayesian linear infinite factor models with the Dirichlet-Laplace prior |
| linearMGSP | Sample Bayesian linear infinite factor models with the Multiplicative Gamma Shrinkage Prior |
| lmean | Average elements of a list |
| msf | Resolve label and sign switching in random matrix samples |
| plotmat | Plot a matrix |
| summat | Summarise a matrix from posterior samples |

Perform sampling with the linearMGSP() and linearDL() functions for linear factor models, or interactionMGSP() and interactionDL() functions for factor regression models including 2-way interactions. See jointRot() or msf() for postprocessing.

Author(s)

Evan Poworoznek

Maintainer: Evan Poworoznek <infinitefactorpackage@gmail.com>

References

- Bhattacharya, Anirban, and David B. Dunson. "Sparse Bayesian infinite factor models." *Biometrika* (2011): 291-306.
- Bhattacharya, Anirban, et al. "Dirichlet-Laplace priors for optimal shrinkage." *Journal of the American Statistical Association* 110.512 (2015): 1479-1490.
- Ferrari, Federico, and David B. Dunson. "Bayesian Factor Analysis for Inference on Interactions." *arXiv preprint arXiv:1904.11603* (2019).

Examples

```
k0 = 5
p = 20
n = 100

lambda = matrix(rnorm(p*k0, 0, 0.01), ncol = k0)
lambda[sample.int(p, 40, replace = TRUE) +
  p*(sample.int(k0, 40, replace = TRUE)-1)] = rnorm(40, 0, 1)
lambda[1:7, 1] = rnorm(7, 2, 0.5)
lambda[8:14, 2] = rnorm(7, -2, 0.5)
lambda[15:20, 3] = rnorm(6, 2, 0.5)
lambda[,4] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
lambda[,5] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
plotmat(varimax(lambda)[[1]])
```

```

X = matrix(rnorm(n*k0),n,k0)%*%t(lambda) + matrix(rnorm(n*p), n, p)

out = linearMGSP(X = X, nrun = 1000, burn = 500, adapt = FALSE)

aligned = jointRot(out$lambdaSamps, out$etaSamps)

plotmat(lmean(aligned$lambda))

```

amean

Average over the third index of an array

Description

Convenience function to compute matrix sample means when samples are stored as a 3rd order array. Sampling index should be the third mode.

Usage

```
amean(ar)
```

Arguments

ar a 3rd order array

Value

matrix of dimension `dim(ar)[-3]`

Author(s)

Evan Poworoznek

See Also

[lmean](#)

Examples

```

ar = array(rnorm(10000), dim = c(10, 10, 100))
amean(ar)

```

| | |
|---------------|--|
| interactionDL | <i>Factor regression model with interactions using the Dirichlet-Laplace shrinkage prior</i> |
|---------------|--|

Description

Perform a regression of y onto X and all 2 way interactions in X using the latent factor model introduced in Ferrari and Dunson (2020). This version uses the Dirichlet-Laplace shrinkage prior as in the original paper.

Usage

```
interactionDL(y, X, nrun, burn = 0, thin = 1,
             delta_rw = 0.0526749, a = 1/2, k = NULL,
             output = c("covMean", "covSamples", "factSamples",
                        "sigSamples", "coefSamples", "errSamples"),
             verbose = TRUE, dump = FALSE, filename = "samps.Rds",
             buffer = 10000, adapt = "burn", augment = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| <code>y</code> | response vector. |
| <code>X</code> | predictor matrix ($n \times p$). |
| <code>nrun</code> | number of iterations. |
| <code>burn</code> | burn-in period. |
| <code>thin</code> | thinning interval. |
| <code>delta_rw</code> | metropolis-hastings proposal variance. |
| <code>a</code> | shrinkage hyperparameter. |
| <code>k</code> | number of factors. |
| <code>output</code> | output type, a vector including some of: <code>c("covMean", "covSamples", "factSamples", "sigSamples", "coefSamples", "numFactors", "errSamples")</code> . |
| <code>verbose</code> | logical. Show progress bar? |
| <code>dump</code> | logical. Save samples to a file during sampling? |
| <code>filename</code> | if dump: filename to address list of posterior samples |
| <code>buffer</code> | if dump: how often to save samples |
| <code>adapt</code> | logical or "burn". Adapt proposal variance in metropolis hastings step? if "burn", will adapt during burn in and not after. |
| <code>augment</code> | additional sampling steps as an expression |

Value

some of:

| | |
|------------------|--|
| covMean | X covariance posterior mean |
| omegaSamps | X covariance posterior samples |
| lambdaSamps | Posterior factor loadings samples (rotationally ambiguous) |
| etaSamps | Posterior factor samples (rotationally ambiguous) |
| sigmaSamps | Posterior marginal variance samples (see notation in Bhattacharya and Dunson (2011)) |
| phiSamps | Posterior main effect coefficient samples in factor form (rotationally ambiguous) |
| PsiSamps | Posterior interaction effect coefficient samples in factor form (rotationally ambiguous) |
| interceptSamps | Posterior induced intercept samples |
| mainEffectSamps | Posterior induced main effect coefficient samples |
| interactionSamps | Posterior induced interaction coefficient samples |
| ssySamps | Posterior irreducible error samples |

Author(s)

Evan Poworoznek
Federico Ferrari

References

Ferrari, Federico, and David B. Dunson. "Bayesian Factor Analysis for Inference on Interactions." arXiv preprint arXiv:1904.11603 (2019).

See Also

[interactionMGSP](#)

Examples

```
k0 = 5
p = 20
n = 50

lambda = matrix(rnorm(p*k0, 0, 0.01), ncol = k0)
lambda[sample.int(p, 40, replace = TRUE) +
  p*(sample.int(k0, 40, replace = TRUE)-1)] = rnorm(40, 0, 1)
lambda[1:7, 1] = rnorm(7, 2, 0.5)
lambda[8:14, 2] = rnorm(7, -2, 0.5)
lambda[15:20, 3] = rnorm(6, 2, 0.5)
lambda[,4] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
lambda[,5] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
```

```

plotmat(varimax(lambda)[[1]])

X = matrix(rnorm(n*k0),n,k0)%*%t(lambda) + matrix(rnorm(n*p), n, p)

beta_true = numeric(p); beta_true[c(1,3,6,8,10,11)] =c(1,1,0.5,-1,-2,-0.5)
Omega_true = matrix(0,p,p)
Omega_true[1,2] = 1; Omega_true[5,2] = -1; Omega_true[10,8] = 1;
Omega_true[11,5] = -2; Omega_true[1,1] = 0.5;
Omega_true[2,3] = 0.5;
Omega_true = Omega_true + t(Omega_true)
y = X%*%beta_true + diag(X%*%Omega_true%*%t(X)) + rnorm(n,0.5)

intdl = interactionDL(y, X, 1000, 500, k = 5)

```

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| interactionMGSP | <i>Factor regression model with interactions using the Multiplicative Gamma Shrinkage Prior</i> |
|-----------------|---|

Description

Perform a regression of y onto X and all 2 way interactions in X using the latent factor model introduced in Ferrari and Dunson (2020). This version uses the Multiplicative Gamma Shrinkage Prior introduced in Bhattacharya and Dunson (2011).

Usage

```

interactionMGSP(y, X, nrun, burn, thin = 1,
               delta_rw = 0.0526749, a = 1/2, k = NULL,
               output = c("covMean", "covSamples", "factSamples",
                          "sigSamples", "coefSamples", "errSamples"),
               verbose = TRUE, dump = FALSE, filename = "samps.Rds",
               buffer = 10000, adapt = "burn", augment = NULL)

```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------|--|
| y | response vector. |
| X | predictor matrix ($n \times p$). |
| $nrun$ | number of iterations. |
| $burn$ | burn-in period. |
| $thin$ | thinning interval. |
| δ_{rw} | metropolis-hastings proposal variance. |
| a | shrinkage hyperparameter. |
| k | number of factors. |
| $output$ | output type, a vector including some of: <code>c("covMean", "covSamples", "factSamples", "sigSamples", "coefSamples", "numFactors", "errSamples")</code> . |

| | |
|----------|---|
| verbose | logical. Show progress bar? |
| dump | logical. Save samples to a file during sampling? |
| filename | if dump: filename to address list of posterior samples |
| buffer | if dump: how often to save samples |
| adapt | logical or "burn". Adapt proposal variance in metropolis hastings step? if "burn", will adapt during burn in and not after. |
| augment | additional sampling steps as an expression |

Value

some of:

| | |
|------------------|--|
| covMean | X covariance posterior mean |
| omegaSamps | X covariance posterior samples |
| lambdaSamps | Posterior factor loadings samples (rotationally ambiguous) |
| etaSamps | Posterior factor samples (rotationally ambiguous) |
| sigmaSamps | Posterior marginal variance samples (see notation in Bhattacharya and Dunson (2011)) |
| phiSamps | Posterior main effect coefficient samples in factor form (rotationally ambiguous) |
| PsiSamps | Posterior interaction effect coefficient samples in factor form (rotationally ambiguous) |
| interceptSamps | Posterior induced intercept samples |
| mainEffectSamps | Posterior induced main effect coefficient samples |
| interactionSamps | Posterior induced interaction coefficient samples |
| ssySamps | Posterior irreducible error samples |

Author(s)

Evan Poworoznek

Federico Ferrari

References

Ferrari, Federico, and David B. Dunson. "Bayesian Factor Analysis for Inference on Interactions." arXiv preprint arXiv:1904.11603 (2019).

Bhattacharya, Anirban, and David B. Dunson. "Sparse Bayesian infinite factor models." Biometrika (2011): 291-306.

See Also

[interactionMGSP](#)

Examples

```

k0 = 5
p = 20
n = 50

lambda = matrix(rnorm(p*k0, 0, 0.01), ncol = k0)
lambda[sample.int(p, 40, replace = TRUE) +
      p*(sample.int(k0, 40, replace = TRUE)-1)] = rnorm(40, 0, 1)
lambda[1:7, 1] = rnorm(7, 2, 0.5)
lambda[8:14, 2] = rnorm(7, -2, 0.5)
lambda[15:20, 3] = rnorm(6, 2, 0.5)
lambda[,4] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
lambda[,5] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
plotmat(varimax(lambda)[[1]])

X = matrix(rnorm(n*k0),n,k0)%*%t(lambda) + matrix(rnorm(n*p), n, p)

beta_true = numeric(p); beta_true[c(1,3,6,8,10,11)] =c(1,1,0.5,-1,-2,-0.5)
Omega_true = matrix(0,p,p)
Omega_true[1,2] = 1; Omega_true[5,2] = -1; Omega_true[10,8] = 1;
Omega_true[11,5] = -2; Omega_true[1,1] = 0.5;
Omega_true[2,3] = 0.5;
Omega_true = Omega_true + t(Omega_true)
y = X%*%beta_true + diag(X%*%Omega_true%*%t(X)) + rnorm(n,0.5)

intmgsp = interactionMGSP(y, X, 1000, 500, k = 5)

```

| | |
|----------|---|
| jointRot | <i>Resolve rotational ambiguity in samples of factor loadings and factors jointly</i> |
|----------|---|

Description

Performs the varimax rotation on the factor loadings samples and column-based matching to resolve resultant sign and label switching. Rotates the factors along with the loadings to induce identifiability jointly. Note this method will only work on lists of factors and factor loadings that share the same constant number of factors (k) across all samples, and will likely crash the session if this is not the case.

Usage

```
jointRot(lambda, eta)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|---------------------------------|
| lambda | list of factor loadings samples |
| eta | list of factor samples |

Value

| | |
|--------|--|
| lambda | rotationally aligned factor loadings samples |
| eta | rotationally aligned factor samples |

Author(s)

Evan Poworoznek

References

coming soon...

See Also

[msf](#)

Examples

```

k0 = 5
p = 20
n = 100

lambda = matrix(rnorm(p*k0, 0, 0.01), ncol = k0)
lambda[sample.int(p, 40, replace = TRUE) +
       p*(sample.int(k0, 40, replace = TRUE)-1)] = rnorm(40, 0, 1)
lambda[1:7, 1] = rnorm(7, 2, 0.5)
lambda[8:14, 2] = rnorm(7, -2, 0.5)
lambda[15:20, 3] = rnorm(6, 2, 0.5)
lambda[,4] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
lambda[,5] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
plotmat(varimax(lambda)[[1]])

X = matrix(rnorm(n*k0),n,k0)%*%t(lambda) + matrix(rnorm(n*p), n, p)

out = linearMGSP(X = X, nrun = 1000, burn = 500, adapt = FALSE)

aligned = jointRot(out$lambdaSamps, out$etaSamps)

plotmat(lmean(aligned$lambda))

```

linearDL

Sample Bayesian linear infinite factor models with the Dirichlet-Laplace prior

Description

Perform Bayesian factor analysis by sampling the posterior distribution of parameters in a factor model with the Dirichlet-Laplace shrinkage prior of Bhattacharya et al.

Usage

```
linearDL(X, nrun, burn, thin = 1, prop = 1,
epsilon = 1e-3, k = NULL,
output = c("covMean", "covSamples", "factSamples",
"sigSamples"), verbose = TRUE, dump = FALSE,
filename = "samps.Rds", buffer = 10000,
augment = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|--|
| X | Data matrix (n x p) |
| nrun | number of iterations |
| burn | burn-in period |
| thin | thinning interval |
| prop | proportion of elements in each column less than epsilon in magnitude cutoff |
| epsilon | tolerance |
| k | Number of factors |
| output | output type, a vector including some of: c("covMean", "covSamples", "factSamples", "sigSamples") |
| verbose | logical. Show progress bar? |
| dump | logical. Save output object during sampling? |
| filename | if dump, filename for output |
| buffer | if dump, frequency of saving |
| augment | additional sampling steps as an expression |

Value

some of:

| | |
|-------------|--|
| covMean | X covariance posterior mean |
| omegaSamps | X covariance posterior samples |
| lambdaSamps | Posterior factor loadings samples (rotationally ambiguous) |
| etaSamps | Posterior factor samples (rotationally ambiguous) |
| sigmaSamps | Posterior marginal variance samples (see notation in Bhattacharya and Dunson (2011)) |
| numFacts | Number of factors for each iteration |

Author(s)

Evan Poworoznek

References

Bhattacharya, Anirban, et al. "Dirichlet-Laplace priors for optimal shrinkage." *Journal of the American Statistical Association* 110.512 (2015): 1479-1490.

See Also[linearDL](#)**Examples**

```

k0 = 5
p = 20
n = 50

lambda = matrix(rnorm(p*k0, 0, 0.01), ncol = k0)
lambda[sample.int(p, 40, replace = TRUE) +
       p*(sample.int(k0, 40, replace = TRUE)-1)] = rnorm(40, 0, 1)
lambda[1:7, 1] = rnorm(7, 2, 0.5)
lambda[8:14, 2] = rnorm(7, -2, 0.5)
lambda[15:20, 3] = rnorm(6, 2, 0.5)
lambda[,4] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
lambda[,5] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
plotmat(varimax(lambda)[[1]])

X = matrix(rnorm(n*k0),n,k0)%*%t(lambda) + matrix(rnorm(n*p), n, p)

out = linearMGSP(X = X, nrun = 1000, burn = 500)

```

linearMGSP

Sample Bayesian linear infinite factor models with the Multiplicative Gamma Shrinkage Prior

Description

Perform Bayesian factor analysis by sampling the posterior distribution of parameters in a factor model with the Multiplicative Gamma Shrinkage Prior of Bhattacharya and Dunson

Usage

```

linearMGSP(X, nrun, burn, thin = 1, prop = 1,
epsilon = 1e-3, kinit = NULL, adapt = TRUE,
output = c("covMean", "covSamples", "factSamples",
"sigSamples", "numFactors"), verbose = TRUE,
dump = FALSE, filename = "samps.Rds", buffer = 10000,
augment = NULL)

```

Arguments

| | |
|------|----------------------|
| X | Data matrix (n x p) |
| nrun | number of iterations |
| burn | burn-in period |
| thin | thinning interval |

| | |
|----------|--|
| prop | proportion of elements in each column less than epsilon in magnitude cutoff |
| epsilon | tolerance |
| kinit | initial value for the number of factors |
| adapt | logical. Whether or not to adapt number of factors across sampling |
| output | output type, a vector including some of: c("covMean", "covSamples", "factSamples", "sigSamples", "numFactors") |
| verbose | logical. Show progress bar? |
| dump | logical. Save output object during sampling? |
| filename | if dump, filename for output |
| buffer | if dump, frequency of saving |
| augment | additional sampling steps as an expression |

Value

some of:

| | |
|-------------|--|
| covMean | X covariance posterior mean |
| omegaSamps | X covariance posterior samples |
| lambdaSamps | Posterior factor loadings samples (rotationally ambiguous) |
| etaSamps | Posterior factor samples (rotationally ambiguous) |
| sigmaSamps | Posterior marginal variance samples (see notation in Bhattacharya and Dunson (2011)) |
| numFacts | Number of factors for each iteration |

Author(s)

Evan Poworoznek

References

Bhattacharya, Anirban, and David B. Dunson. "Sparse Bayesian infinite factor models." *Biometrika* (2011): 291-306.

See Also

[linearDL](#)

Examples

```

k0 = 5
p = 20
n = 50

lambda = matrix(rnorm(p*k0, 0, 0.01), ncol = k0)
lambda[sample.int(p, 40, replace = TRUE) +
      p*(sample.int(k0, 40, replace = TRUE)-1)] = rnorm(40, 0, 1)

```

```

lambda[1:7, 1] = rnorm(7, 2, 0.5)
lambda[8:14, 2] = rnorm(7, -2, 0.5)
lambda[15:20, 3] = rnorm(6, 2, 0.5)
lambda[,4] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
lambda[,5] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
plotmat(varimax(lambda)[[1]])

X = matrix(rnorm(n*k0),n,k0)%*%t(lambda) + matrix(rnorm(n*p), n, p)

out = linearMGSP(X = X, nrun = 1000, burn = 500)

```

lmean

Average elements of a list

Description

Convenience function to compute sample means when samples are stored as a list. List elements should be compatible with addition and scalar division (e.g. must share the same dimensions).

Usage

```
lmean(list)
```

Arguments

list a list of parameter samples

Value

same type as a single element of the input list

Author(s)

Evan Poworoznek

See Also

[amean](#)

Examples

```

l = replicate(100, rnorm(10), simplify = FALSE)
lmean(l)

```

`msf`*Resolve label and sign switching in random matrix samples*

Description

The `msf()` function performs column-based matching of a matrix to a pivot to resolve rotational ambiguity remaining after the application of an orthogonalisation procedure on a list of Bayesian matrix samples. The `msfOUT()` and `aplr()` functions perform this same matching but instead of returning aligned samples as does `msf()`, `msfOUT` outputs the list of permutations and sign switches needed for alignment and `aplr` outputs a list of matrices permuted and re-signed by `msfOUT()` output. `msfOUT()` and `aplr()` are used in `jointRot()`. These functions are written in C++ and may crash the R session if passed inappropriate input.

Usage

```
msf(lambda, pivot)
```

```
msfOUT(lambda, pivot)
```

```
aplr(matr, perm)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| <code>lambda</code> | matrix to be aligned, named for a factor loadings matrix as in the Bhattacharya and Dunson 2011 notation |
| <code>pivot</code> | matrix to align with which to align <code>lambda</code> |
| <code>matr</code> | a matrix to apply permutations to |
| <code>perm</code> | a (possibly signed) permutation order for the <code>matr</code> matrix |

Details

see the examples for suggested usage of `msf` and `jointRot()` for suggested usage of `msfOUT()` and `aplr()`.

Author(s)

Evan Poworoznek

See Also

[jointRot](#)

Examples

```

lambda = diag(10)[,sample(10)] + 0.001
pivot = diag(10)
msf(lambda, pivot)

# fast implementation for a list of samples
k0 = 5
p = 20
n = 100

lambda = matrix(rnorm(p*k0, 0, 0.01), ncol = k0)
lambda[sample.int(p, 40, replace = TRUE) +
       p*(sample.int(k0, 40, replace = TRUE)-1)] = rnorm(40, 0, 1)
lambda[1:7, 1] = rnorm(7, 2, 0.5)
lambda[8:14, 2] = rnorm(7, -2, 0.5)
lambda[15:20, 3] = rnorm(6, 2, 0.5)
lambda[,4] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
lambda[,5] = rnorm(p, 0, 0.5)
plotmat(varimax(lambda)[[1]])

X = matrix(rnorm(n*k0),n,k0)%*%t(lambda) + matrix(rnorm(n*p), n, p)

out = linearMGSP(X = X, nrun = 1000, burn = 500, adapt = FALSE)

vari = lapply(out$lambdaSamps, varimax)
loads = lapply(vari, `[`, 1)

norms = sapply(lloads, norm, "2")
pivot = loads[order(norms)][[250]]

aligned = lapply(lloads, msf, pivot)
plotmat(summat(aligned))

```

plotmat

*Plot a matrix***Description**

Plot an image of a matrix using ggplot2

Usage

```
plotmat(mat, color = "green", title = NULL, args = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|--|
| mat | Matrix to plot |
| color | Color scheme: "green", "red", or "wes" |
| title | optional plot title |
| args | optional additional ggplot arguments |

Value

sends image to active graphics device or outputs a ggplot object

Note

Uses reshape2::melt which may be aliased with reshape::melt

Author(s)

Evan Poworoznek

Examples

```
mat = diag(1:9 - 5)
plotmat(mat)
```

Sampler Components *Sampler Components*

Description

These are the component full conditional or Metropolis-Hastings updates coded in C++ used in the samplers in this package. The functions follow naming conventions based on their greek letter notation in their respective original papers, cited below, and the paper they come from. Here `_mg` refers to a component of the Multiplicative Gamma Shrinkage prior of Bhattacharya and Dunson 2011, `_dl` refers to a component of the Dirichlet-Laplace shrinkage prior of Bhattacharya et al., `_lin` refers to a component of a linear factor model as in Bhattacharya and Dunson 2011, and `_int` refers to a component of a factor model with 2-way interactions as in Ferrari and Dunson 2020.

Author(s)

Evan Poworoznek

References

- Bhattacharya, Anirban, and David B. Dunson. "Sparse Bayesian infinite factor models." *Biometrika* (2011): 291-306.
- Bhattacharya, Anirban, et al. "Dirichlet-Laplace priors for optimal shrinkage." *Journal of the American Statistical Association* 110.512 (2015): 1479-1490.
- Ferrari, Federico, and David B. Dunson. "Bayesian Factor Analysis for Inference on Interactions." *arXiv preprint arXiv:1904.11603* (2019).

`summat`*Summarise a matrix from posterior samples*

Description

Provide a summary matrix from a list of matrix-valued parameter samples, returning the mean value for each element with 0 not included in its quantile-based posterior credible interval, and 0 for each element for which 0 is included in its posterior CI.

Usage

```
summat(list, alpha = 0.05)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| <code>list</code> | list of matrix valued parameter samples of the same dimensions |
| <code>alpha</code> | type I error probability |

Value

a matrix

Author(s)

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See Also

[lmean](#)

Examples

```
list = replicate(1000, matrix(rnorm(100), ncol = 10) +  
                             10*diag(10), simplify = FALSE)  
lmean(list)  
summat(list)  
plotmat(summat(list))
```

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