Package 'lassopv'

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Type Package

Title Nonparametric P-Value Estimation for Predictors in Lasso	
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Description Estimate the p-values for predictors x against target variable y in lasso regress ing the regularization strength when each predictor enters the active set of regularization path for the first time as the statistic. This is based on the assumption that predictors (of the same variance) that (first) become active earlier tend to be more significant. Three null distributions are supported: normal and spherical, which are compute rately for each predictor and analytically under approximation, which aims at efficient curacy for small p-values.	-
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Nonparametric P-Value Estimation for Predictors in Lasso

Description

Estimate the p-values for predictors x against target variable y in lasso regression, using the regularization strength when each predictor enters the active set of regularization path for the first time as the statistic. This is based on the assumption that predictors (of the same variance) that (first) become active earlier tend to be more significant. Three null distributions are supported: normal and spherical, which are computed separately for each predictor and analytically under approximation, which aims at efficiency and accuracy for small p-values.

Details

This R package provides a simple and efficient method to estimate the p-value of every predictor on a given target variable. The method is based on lasso regression and compares when every predictor enters the active set of the regulatization path against a normally distributed null predictor. The null distribution is computed analytically under approximation, whose errors are small for significant predictors. The whole computation only requires a single lasso regression over the regularization path, and is capable of analyzing high dimensional datasets.

Author(s)

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References

Lingfei Wang and Tom Michoel, Comparable variable selection with lasso, https://arxiv.org/pdf/1701.07011. 2017, 2018.

Examples

library(lars)
library(lassopv)
data(diabetes)
attach(diabetes)
pv=lassopv(x,y)

lassopv

Estimation of Nonparametric P-Value Estimation for Predictors in Lasso

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Description

This function estimates the p-values for predictors x against target variable y in lasso regression, using the regularization strength when each predictor enters the active set of regularization path for the first time as the statistic. This is based on the assumption that predictors (of the same variance) that (first) become active earlier tend to be more significant. Two null distributions are supported: normal and spherical, which are computed separately for each predictor and analytically under approximation, which aims at efficiency and accuracy for small p-values.

Usage

```
lassopv(x,y,normalize=TRUE,H0=c("spherical","normal"),
log.p=FALSE,max.predictors=NULL,trace = FALSE,Gram,
eps = .Machine$double.eps,max.steps,use.Gram=TRUE)
```

Arguments

x Input matrix of predictor variables.
y Input vector of target variable.

normalize Whether every predictor is scaled to unit variance first. Every predictor is force-

fully shifted to zero mean regardless of this argument.

H0 The null distribution for each predictor x.

Spherical: uniform distribution on n-1 dimensional sphere S^{n-1}, so the vari-

ance is kept the same as sigma_x^2.

Normal: i.i.d N(0,sigma x^2) in R^n, where sigma x^2 is the variance of the

original predictor x and n is the number of rows in x.

log.p Whether to output log p-values instead.

max.predictors The number of top predictors to estimate p-values for. Defaults to all predictors.

trace Whether traces lasso regression. See lars in package lars.

Gram Optional Gram used by lasso regression in lars.

eps Precision for lars function.

max.steps The optional maximum number steps for lasso regression. See lars in package

lars.

use. Gram Whether to use Gram in lasso regression. See lars in package lars.

Value

Vector of p-values for predictors. Predictors never entered the active set of regularization path within the given max.steps or not within the top (max.predictors) predictors have p-value=1. If log.p is set, output log p-values instead.

References

Lingfei Wang and Tom Michoel, Comparable variable selection with lasso, https://arxiv.org/pdf/1701.07011. 2017, 2018.

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Examples

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