# Package 'mergen'

July 22, 2025

**Description** Employing artificial intelligence to convert data analysis questions into executable code, explanations, and algorithms. The self-correction feature ensures the generated code is optimized for performance and accuracy. 'mergen' features a user-friendly chat interface, enabling users to interact with the AI agent and extract valuable insights from their data effortlessly. URL https://github.com/BIMSBbioinfo/mergen, https://bioinformatics.mdc-berlin.de/mergen/ BugReports https://github.com/BIMSBbioinfo/mergen/issues License MIT + file LICENSE **Encoding UTF-8 Depends** R (>= 3.5.0), **Imports** openai, rmarkdown, BiocManager, assertthat (>= 0.2.1), httr, jsonlite Suggests knitr, readxl, data.table (>= 1.9.6), testthat (>= 3.0.0), purrr (>= 0.3.4), VignetteBuilder knitr Collate 'setupAgent.R' 'parseBotResponse.R' 'sendPrompt.R' 'executeCode.R' 'selfcorrect.R' 'clean\_code\_blocks.R' 'extractInstallPkg.R' 'extractFilenames.R' 'fileHeaderPrompt.R' 'test-helper-test\_argument\_validation.R' 'promptContext.R' 'runCodeInResponse.R' RoxygenNote 7.3.1 Config/testthat/edition 3 NeedsCompilation no **Author** Altuna Akalin [aut, cre] (ORCID:

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2 check\_install

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# **Contents**

Index		15
	setupAgent	13
	sendPrompt	
	selfcorrect	
	sampleResponse	9
	runCodeInResponse	
	promptContext	
	fileHeaderPrompt	
	extractInstallPkg	5
	extractFilenames	5
	extractCode	4
	executeCode	3
	clean_code_blocks	
	check_install	2

check\_install

Check and Install R Package

## **Description**

This function checks if an R package is installed, and if not, attempts to install it using either the standard CRAN repository or the Bioconductor repository.

## Usage

```
check_install(package_name)
```

## **Arguments**

package\_name A character string specifying the name of the package to be checked and installed.

#### Value

TRUE if the package is already installed or can be installed. FALSE otherwise

clean\_code\_blocks 3

#### **Examples**

```
# Check and install "dplyr" package
check_install("dplyr")
```

clean\_code\_blocks

Clean code blocks returned by the agent

#### **Description**

This function cleans up the response returned by the agent to ensure code blocks can run. It ensures that characters such as 'R' and 'r' are cleaned from code blocks in the agents response, so that the code blocks are able to be extracted by the extractCode() function and ran as expected. It also cleans the response from any install.package calls, and recorded output, so that when code blocks are extracted, the code can run smoothly.

## Usage

```
clean_code_blocks(response)
```

## **Arguments**

response

response received from the agent

#### Value

A string holding the response of the agent, cleaned from any unwanted characters.

#### **Examples**

```
{
response <- "To perform PCA, do the following: ```R prcomp(data)``` This funcion will perform PCA."
clean_code <- clean_code_blocks(response)
}</pre>
```

executeCode

execute code

#### **Description**

The function executes a chunk of code either in the current working environment or saves the output as an HTML file to be rendered as a part of a web page

#### Usage

```
executeCode(code, output = "eval", output.file = NULL)
```

4 extractCode

#### Arguments

code code chunk as text, without any decorators or HTML-specific characters.

output If the output is "eval", the code is executed as is. If the output is "html", the code

is not executed.

output.file If the output is "html", user can provide a file name for the html. If not provided

a temporary file will be created.

#### Value

If the output is "eval": if running the code causes errors, errors are returned. Otherwise NA is returned If output is "html", output file is returned.

extractCode

extract the code and text from the text returned by LLM agent

## Description

This function parses the agents answer and returns the text and code as single blocks. The results can be used for code execution and might be useful for displaying purposes later on.

#### Usage

```
extractCode(text, delimiter = "``")
```

## **Arguments**

text A character string containing the text with embedded code blocks.

delimiter A character string representing the delimiter used to enclose the code blocks

(default: """).

#### Value

A list with two elements: 'code' and 'text'. 'code' contains the concatenated code blocks, and 'text' contains the remaining text with code blocks removed.

```
text <- "\n\nThe following, normalize the table and do PCA.
\n\n``\ndata <- read.table(\"test.txt\", header = TRUE, sep = \"\\t\")\n```"
result <- extractCode(text)
print(result$code)
print(result$text)</pre>
```

extractFilenames 5

extractFilenames

Extract file names from user prompt

## **Description**

This function extracts file names from the user prompt. Current filenames that are supported by this function are \*.txt, \*.tsv, \*.csv \*.xls, \*.xlsx, \*.bed, \*.bigWig, \*.bw and \*.bigBed. Other filenames will not be extracted. If no filenames are found, the function will return NA.

## Usage

```
extractFilenames(text)
```

## **Arguments**

text

user prompt

## Value

A list holding file names from the user prompt.

## **Examples**

```
{
user_prompt <- "How do I perform PCA on data in my file called test.txt?"
extractFilenames(text=user_prompt)
}</pre>
```

extractInstallPkg

extract package names and install them

## **Description**

This function extracts all package names that are needed to run the code returned by the agent and installs them as needed.

#### Usage

```
extractInstallPkg(code)
```

## **Arguments**

code

code block returned by the agent.

6 fileHeaderPrompt

## Value

final status of the packages as a logical vector, TRUE if packages is already installed or could be installed. FALSE if the package can't be install.

## **Examples**

```
# Check code for packages that need installing
code <- "library(devtools)\n x<-5"
extractInstallPkg(code)</pre>
```

fileHeaderPrompt

Extract file headers from files in prompt

## **Description**

This function extracts file headers from files. Recommended is to use this function with the results from extractFilenames

#### Usage

```
fileHeaderPrompt(filenames)
```

## **Arguments**

filenames

list containing file names.

#### Value

A string containing the file headers of the files in "filenames" list

```
## Not run:
prompt <- "how do I perform PCA on data in a file called test.txt?"
filenames <- extractFilenames(prompt)
fileHeaderPrompt(filenames)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

promptContext 7

promptContext

Predefined prompt contexts for prompt engineering

## Description

This function holds various predefined prompt contexts that can be used for prompt engineering.

#### Usage

```
promptContext(type = "simple")
```

## **Arguments**

type

specifies the type of context you wish to be returned. Valid options are "simple", "actAs", "CoT" and "rbionfoExp"

#### Value

A string holding the predefined context.

runCodeInResponse

Executes the code in the received response from the agent

## Description

The function extracts and executes the code in the response. If required it can try to correct errors in the code via different strategies.

#### Usage

```
runCodeInResponse(
  response,
  prompt = NULL,
  agent = NULL,
  context = NULL,
  correction = c("none", "selfcorrect", "sampleMore", "sampleThenCorrect",
        "correctThenSample"),
  attempts = 3,
  output.file = NULL,
   ...
)
```

8 runCodeInResponse

## Arguments

response response to be parsed for code and executed

prompt prompt for the response, if correction="none" it is not needed

agent AI agent, if correction="none" it is not needed

context context for the prompt, if correction="none" it is not needed

correction "none" no code correction is needed. "selfcorrect" feedback the errors to LLM

and ask for fix. "sampleMore" sample responses for the #prompt until an executable code is returned or number of attempts reached. "correctThenSample" first try self-correct "attempt" number of times. If no executable code is returned. It will sample new responses "attempt" number of times or until executable code

attempts Numeric value denoting how many times the code should be sent back for fixing.

output.file Optional output file created holding parsed code

... arguments to sendPrompt()

#### Value

A list containing the following elements:

init.response A character vector representing the initial prompt response.

init.blocks A list of initial blocks.

final.blocks A list of final blocks.

code.works A boolean value indicating whether the code works.

exec.result A character string representing the execution results.

tried.attempts An integer representing the number of attempts.

#### See Also

selfcorrect,sampleResponse

```
## Not run:
resp.list <- runCodeInResponse(agent,prompt,context=rbionfoExp,correction="sampleMore",attempt=2)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

sampleResponse 9

sampleResponse	Sample more solutions when non-executable code returned by the agent

## **Description**

The function attempts to sample more solutions by the agent when the code returned by the agent is faulty. The function simply asks for solutions until an executable code is returned or until number of attempts is reached.

#### Usage

```
sampleResponse(
   agent,
   prompt,
   context = rbionfoExp,
   attempts = 3,
   output.file = NULL,
   responseWithError = NULL,
   ...
)
```

## Arguments

agent An object containing the agent's information (e.g., type and model).

prompt The prompt text to send to the language model.

context Optional context to provide alongside the prompt (default is rbionfoExp).

attempts Numeric value denoting how many times the code should be sent back for fixing.

output.file Optional output file created holding parsed code

responseWithError

a list of response and errors returned from executeCode(). First element is expected to be the response and the second element is the error list returned by

execute Code().

... Additional arguments to be passed to the sendPrompt function.

#### Value

A list containing the following elements:

init.response A character vector representing the initial prompt response.

init.blocks A list of initial blocks.final.blocks A list of final blocks.

code.works A boolean value indicating whether the code works.

exec.result A character string representing the execution results.

tried.attempts An integer representing the number of attempts.

10 selfcorrect

#### See Also

promptContext for predefined contexts to use.

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
resp.list <- sampleResponse(agent,prompt,context=rbionfoExp, max_tokens = 500)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

selfcorrect

Self correct the code returned by the agent

## **Description**

The function attempts to correct the code returned by the agent by re-feeding to the agent with the error message. If there are no error messages function returns the original response.

#### Usage

```
selfcorrect(
  agent,
  prompt,
  context = rbionfoExp,
  attempts = 3,
  output.file = NULL,
  responseWithError = NULL,
  history = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

agent An object containing the agent's information (e.g., type and model).

prompt The prompt text to send to the language model.

context Optional context to provide alongside the prompt (default is rbionfoExp).

attempts Numeric value denoting how many times the code should be sent back for fixing.

output.file Optional output file created holding parsed code

responseWithError

a list of response and errors returned from executeCode().

history a list of previous response and prompts. Default is NULL and should be stayed

as is for most use cases. First element is expected to be the response and the

second element is the error list returned by executeCode().

... Additional arguments to be passed to the sendPrompt function.

sendPrompt 11

## Value

A list containing the following elements:

```
    init.response A character vector representing the initial prompt response.
    init.blocks A list of initial blocks.
    final.blocks A list of final blocks.
    code.works A boolean value indicating whether the code works.
    exec.result A character string representing the execution results.
    tried.attempts An integer representing the number of attempts.
```

#### See Also

promptContext for predefined contexts to use.

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
response <- selfcorrect(agent,prompt,context=rbionfoExp, max_tokens = 500)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

sendPrompt

Send a prompt to a specified language model agent and return the response.

## Description

Send a prompt to a specified language model agent and return the response.

## Usage

```
sendPrompt(
  agent,
  prompt,
  context = promptContext(type = "simple"),
  return.type = c("text", "object"),
  previous.msgs = NULL,
  ...
)
```

12 sendPrompt

#### **Arguments**

agent An object containing the agent's information (e.g., type and model etc.).

prompt The prompt text to send to the language model.

context Optional context to provide alongside the prompt (default is promptContext(type

= "simple")).

return.type The type of output to return, either the text response ("text") or the entire re-

sponse object ("object").

previous.msgs a list of lists for previous prompts and responses. Useful to add context of the

previous messages for the API. this argument works with openai and generic

models, but not with replicate API. Default: NULL

... Additional arguments to be passed to the LLM API. Such as maximum tokens,

("max\_tokens"), to be returned. Users can also also provide other arguments in

openai API-like arguments documented on [the official documentation](https://platform.openai.com/docs/

reference/chat/create). Other APIs are also following similar argument naming

patterns.

#### Value

The text response or the entire response object, based on the specified return type.

#### See Also

promptContext for predefined contexts to use.

```
## Not run:
agent <- setupAgent(name="openai",type="chat",model="gpt-4",</pre>
                     ai_api_key=Sys.getenv("OPENAI_API_KEY"))
prompt <- "tell me a joke"</pre>
response <- sendPrompt(agent, prompt,context="")</pre>
# increase tokens, it is important for getting longer responses
response <- sendPrompt(agent,prompt,context="",return.type="text", max_tokens = 500)
# get previous messages into the context
prompt="what about 2010?"
response <- sendPrompt(agent,prompt,context="",
                        return.type="text",
                        previous.msgs=list(
                                            list(
                                                  "role" = "user",
                                                  "content" = "Who won the world
                                                   series in 2020?"
                                                   ),
                                            list(
                                                  "role" = "assistant",
                                                "content" = "The Los Angeles Dodgers"
```

setupAgent 13

```
)
## End(Not run)
```

setupAgent

set up an online LLM API for subsequent tasks

## **Description**

This function sets up an large language model API for tasks.

#### Usage

```
setupAgent(
  name = c("openai", "replicate", "generic"),
  type = NULL,
  model = NULL,
  url = NULL,
  ai_api_key = Sys.getenv("AI_API_KEY")
)
```

#### **Arguments**

name

A string for the name of the API, one of "openai", "replicate" or "generic". Currently supported APIs are "openai" and "replicate". If the user wishes to use another API that has similar syntax to openai API this is also supported via the the "generic" option. In this case, the user should also provide a url for the API using the

type

Specify type of model (chat or completion). This parameter only needs to be specified when using 'openai

mode1

LLM model you wish to use. For openAI chat model examples are:

- 'gtp-3-5-turbo'
- 'gtp-4'

For openAI completion models examples are:

- 'text-curie-001'
- · 'text-davinci-002'

For replicate models examples are:

- llama-2-70b-chat (as '02e509c789964a7ea8736978a43525956ef40397be9033abf9fd2badfe68c9e3'
- llama-2-13b-chat ( as 'f4e2de70d66816a838a89eeeb621910adffb0dd0baba3976c96980970978018d

For a full list of openAI models see https://platform.openai.com/docs/models/overview/.

For a full list of Replicate models, see https://replicate.com/collections/language-models.

url

the url for the API in case the API "generic" is selected. (Default: NULL) personal API key for accessing LLM

ai\_api\_key

14 setupAgent

## Value

A list holding agent information.

# **Index**

```
check_install, 2
clean_code_blocks, 3

executeCode, 3
extractCode, 4
extractFilenames, 5, 6
extractInstallPkg, 5

fileHeaderPrompt, 6

promptContext, 7, 10–12
runCodeInResponse, 7
sampleResponse, 8, 9
selfcorrect, 8, 10
sendPrompt, 9, 10, 11
setupAgent, 13
```