Package 'nflreadr'

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```
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      repositories of the 'nflverse' project.
License MIT + file LICENSE
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Author Tan Ho [aut, cre, cph] (ORCID: <a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8388-5155">https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8388-5155</a>),
      Sebastian Carl [aut],
      John Edwards [ctb],
      Ben Baldwin [ctb],
      Thomas Mock [ctb],
      Lee Sharpe [ctb],
      Pranav Rajaram [ctb]
Maintainer Tan Ho <tan@tanho.ca>
```

2 Contents

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Contents

clean_homeaway
clean_player_names
clean_team_abbrs
clear_cache
csv_from_url
dictionary_combine
dictionary_contracts
dictionary_depth_charts
dictionary_draft_picks
dictionary_espn_qbr 12
dictionary_ff_opportunity
dictionary_ff_playerids
dictionary_ff_rankings
dictionary_ftn_charting
dictionary_injuries
dictionary_nextgen_stats
dictionary_participation
dictionary_pbp
dictionary_pfr_passing
dictionary_player_stats
dictionary_player_stats_def
dictionary_rosters
dictionary_schedules
dictionary_snap_counts
dictionary_trades
get_current_week
join_coalesce
load_combine
load_contracts
load_depth_charts
load_draft_picks
load_espn_qbr
load_ff_opportunity
load_ff_playerids
load_ff_rankings
load_from_url
load_ftn_charting
load_injuries
load_nextgen_stats
load_officials
load_participation
load pbp

clean_homeaway 3

	load_pfr_advstats	35
	load_players	36
	load_player_stats	37
	load_rosters	38
	load_rosters_weekly	39
	load_schedules	40
	load_snap_counts	41
	load_teams	42
	load_trades	42
	most_recent_season	43
	nflverse_download	44
	nflverse_game_id	45
	nflverse_releases	45
	nflverse_sitrep	46
	parquet_from_url	47
	player_name_mapping	48
	progressively	48
	qs_from_url	49
	raw_from_url	50
	rds_from_url	51
	stat_mode	51
	team_abbr_mapping	52
	team_abbr_mapping_norelocate	53
Index		54

clean_homeaway

Clean Home/Away in dataframes into Team/Opponent dataframes

Description

This function converts dataframes with "home_" and "away_" prefixed columns to "team_" and "opponent_", and doubles the rows. This makes sure that there's one row for each team (as opposed to one row for each game).

Usage

clean_homeaway(dataframe, invert = NULL)

Arguments

dataframe dataframe

invert a character vector of columns that gets inverted when referring to the away team

(e.g. home spread = 1 gets converted to away_spread = -1)

Value

a dataframe with one row per team (twice as long as the input dataframe)

4 clean_player_names

Examples

```
# a small example dataframe
s <- data.frame(
    game_id = c("2020_20_TB_GB", "2020_20_BUF_KC", "2020_21_KC_TB"),
    game_type = c("CON", "CON", "SB"),
    away_team = c("TB", "BUF", "KC"),
    away_score = c(31L, 24L, 9L),
    home_team = c("GB", "KC", "TB"),
    home_score = c(26L, 38L, 31L),
    location = c("Home", "Home", "Neutral"),
    result = c(-5L, 14L, 22L),
    spread_line = c(3, 3, -3)
)
clean_homeaway(s, invert = c("result", "spread_line"))</pre>
```

clean_player_names

Create Player Merge Names

Description

Applies some name-cleaning heuristics to facilitate joins. These heuristics may include:

- · removing periods and apostrophes
- removing common suffixes, such as Jr, Sr, II, III, IV
- · converting to lowercase
- using ffscrapr::dp_name_mapping to do common name substitutions, such as Mitch Trubisky to Mitchell Trubisky

Usage

```
clean_player_names(
  player_name,
  lowercase = FALSE,
  convert_lastfirst = TRUE,
  use_name_database = TRUE,
  convert_to_ascii = rlang::is_installed("stringi")
)
```

Arguments

```
player_name a character vector of player names

lowercase defaults to FALSE - if TRUE, converts to lowercase

convert_lastfirst

defaults to TRUE - converts names from "Last, First" to "First Last"
```

clean_team_abbrs 5

```
use_name_database
```

uses internal name database to do common substitutions (Mitchell Trubisky to Mitch Trubisky etc)

```
convert_to_ascii
```

If TRUE, will transliterate to latin-ascii via the stringi package. Defaults to TRUE if the stringi package is installed.

Details

Equivalent to the operation done by ffscrapr::dp_clean_names() and uses the same player name database.

Value

a character vector of cleaned names

Examples

clean_team_abbrs

Standardize NFL Team Abbreviations

Description

This function standardizes NFL team abbreviations to nflverse defaults. This helps for joins and plotting, especially with the new nflplotR package!

Usage

```
clean_team_abbrs(abbr, current_location = TRUE, keep_non_matches = TRUE)
```

Arguments

abbr a character vector of abbreviations

current_location

If TRUE (the default), the abbreviation of the most recent team location will be used.

keep_non_matches

If TRUE (the default) an element of abbr that can't be matched to any of the internal mapping vectors will be kept as is. Otherwise it will be replaced with NA.

Value

A character vector with the length of abbr and cleaned team abbreviations if they are included in team_abbr_mapping or team_abbr_mapping_norelocate (depending on the value of current_location). Non matches may be replaced with NA (depending on the value of keep_non_matches).

Examples

```
x <- c("PIE", "LAR", "PIT", "CRD", "OAK", "SL")
# use current location and keep non matches
clean_team_abbrs(x)
# keep old location and replace non matches
clean_team_abbrs(x, current_location = FALSE, keep_non_matches = FALSE)</pre>
```

clear_cache

Clear function cache

Description

This function clears the memoised cache of all functions memoised by nflreadr.

Usage

```
clear_cache()
.clear_cache()
```

Value

A success message after clearing the cache.

Examples

```
clear_cache()
```

csv_from_url

Load .csv / .csv.gz file from a remote connection

Description

This is a thin wrapper on data.table::fread, but memoised & cached for twenty four hours.

Usage

```
csv_from_url(...)
```

Arguments

.. Arguments passed on to data.table::fread

input A single character string. The value is inspected and deferred to either file= (if no \n present), text= (if at least one \n is present) or cmd= (if no \n is present, at least one space is present, and it isn't a file name). Exactly one of input=, file=, text=, or cmd= should be used in the same call.

- file File name in working directory, path to file (passed through path.expand for convenience), or a URL starting http://, file://, etc. Compressed files with extension '.gz' and '.bz2' are supported if the R.utils package is installed.
- text The input data itself as a character vector of one or more lines, for example as returned by readLines().
- cmd A shell command that pre-processes the file; e.g. fread(cmd=paste("grep", word, "filename")).
 See Details.
- sep The separator between columns. Defaults to the character in the set [,\t |;:] that separates the sample of rows into the most number of lines with the same number of fields. Use NULL or "" to specify no separator; i.e. each line a single character column like base::readLines does.
- sep2 The separator *within* columns. A list column will be returned where each cell is a vector of values. This is much faster using less working memory than strsplit afterwards or similar techniques. For each column sep2 can be different and is the first character in the same set above [,\t |;], other than sep, that exists inside each field outside quoted regions in the sample. NB: sep2 is not yet implemented.
- nrows The maximum number of rows to read. Unlike read.table, you do not need to set this to an estimate of the number of rows in the file for better speed because that is already automatically determined by fread almost instantly using the large sample of lines. nrows=0 returns the column names and typed empty columns determined by the large sample; useful for a dry run of a large file or to quickly check format consistency of a set of files before starting to read any of them.
- header Does the first data line contain column names? Defaults according to whether every non-empty field on the first data line is type character. If so, or TRUE is supplied, any empty column names are given a default name.
- na.strings A character vector of strings which are to be interpreted as NA values. By default, ",," for columns of all types, including type character is read as NA for consistency. ,"", is unambiguous and read as an empty string. To read, NA, as NA, set na.strings="NA". To read,, as blank string"", set na.strings=NULL. When they occur in the file, the strings in na.strings should not appear quoted since that is how the string literal, "NA", is distinguished from, NA,, for example, when na.strings="NA".
- stringsAsFactors Convert all or some character columns to factors? Acceptable inputs are TRUE, FALSE, or a decimal value between 0.0 and 1.0. For stringsAsFactors = FALSE, all string columns are stored as character vs. all stored as factor when TRUE. When stringsAsFactors = p for 0 <= p <= 1, string columns col are stored as factor if uniqueN(col)/nrow < p.

- verbose Be chatty and report timings?
- skip If 0 (default) start on the first line and from there finds the first row with a consistent number of columns. This automatically avoids irregular header information before the column names row. skip>0 means ignore the first skip rows manually. skip="string" searches for "string" in the file (e.g. a substring of the column names row) and starts on that line (inspired by read.xls in package gdata).
- select A vector of column names or numbers to keep, drop the rest. select may specify types too in the same way as colClasses; i.e., a vector of colname=type pairs, or a list of type=col(s) pairs. In all forms of select, the order that the columns are specified determines the order of the columns in the result.
- drop Vector of column names or numbers to drop, keep the rest.
- colClasses As in utils::read.csv; i.e., an unnamed vector of types corresponding to the columns in the file, or a named vector specifying types for a subset of the columns by name. The default, NULL means types are inferred from the data in the file. Further, data.table supports a named list of vectors of column names or numbers where the list names are the class names; see examples. The list form makes it easier to set a batch of columns to be a particular class. When column numbers are used in the list form, they refer to the column number in the file not the column number after select or drop has been applied. If type coercion results in an error, introduces NAs, or would result in loss of accuracy, the coercion attempt is aborted for that column with warning and the column's type is left unchanged. If you really desire data loss (e.g. reading 3.14 as integer) you have to truncate such columns afterwards yourself explicitly so that this is clear to future readers of your code.
- integer64 "integer64" (default) reads columns detected as containing integers
 larger than 2^31 as type bit64::integer64. Alternatively, "double" | "numeric"
 reads as utils::read.csv does; i.e., possibly with loss of precision and if
 so silently. Or, "character".
- dec The decimal separator as in utils::read.csv. If not "." (default) then usually ",". See details.
- col.names A vector of optional names for the variables (columns). The default is to use the header column if present or detected, or if not "V" followed by the column number. This is applied after check.names and before key and index.
- check.names default is FALSE. If TRUE then the names of the variables in the data.table are checked to ensure that they are syntactically valid variable names. If necessary they are adjusted (by make.names) so that they are, and also to ensure that there are no duplicates.
- encoding default is "unknown". Other possible options are "UTF-8" and "Latin-1". Note: it is not used to re-encode the input, rather enables handling of encoded strings in their native encoding.
- quote By default ("\""), if a field starts with a double quote, fread handles embedded quotes robustly as explained under Details. If it fails, then another attempt is made to read the field *as is*, i.e., as if quotes are disabled.

- By setting quote="", the field is always read as if quotes are disabled. It is not expected to ever need to pass anything other than \"\" to quote; i.e., to turn it off.
- strip.white default is TRUE. Strips leading and trailing whitespaces of unquoted fields. If FALSE, only header trailing spaces are removed.
- fill logical (default is FALSE). If TRUE then in case the rows have unequal length, blank fields are implicitly filled.
- blank.lines.skip logical, default is FALSE. If TRUE blank lines in the input are ignored.
- key Character vector of one or more column names which is passed to setkey. It may be a single comma separated string such as key="x,y,z", or a vector of names such as key=c("x","y","z"). Only valid when argument data.table=TRUE. Where applicable, this should refer to column names given in col.names.
- index Character vector or list of character vectors of one or more column names which is passed to setindexv. As with key, comma-separated notation like index="x,y,z" is accepted for convenience. Only valid when argument data.table=TRUE. Where applicable, this should refer to column names given in col.names.
- showProgress TRUE displays progress on the console if the ETA is greater than 3 seconds. It is produced in fread's C code where the very nice (but R level) txtProgressBar and tkProgressBar are not easily available.
- data.table TRUE returns a data.table. FALSE returns a data.frame. The default for this argument can be changed with options (datatable.fread.datatable=FALSE).
- nThread The number of threads to use. Experiment to see what works best for your data on your hardware.
- logical01 If TRUE a column containing only 0s and 1s will be read as logical, otherwise as integer.
- keepLeadingZeros If TRUE a column containing numeric data with leading zeros will be read as character, otherwise leading zeros will be removed and converted to numeric.
- yaml If TRUE, fread will attempt to parse (using yaml.load) the top of the input as YAML, and further to glean parameters relevant to improving the performance of fread on the data itself. The entire YAML section is returned as parsed into a list in the yaml_metadata attribute. See Details.
- autostart Deprecated and ignored with warning. Please use skip instead.
- tmpdir Directory to use as the tmpdir argument for any tempfile calls, e.g. when the input is a URL or a shell command. The default is tempdir() which can be controlled by setting TMPDIR before starting the R session; see base::tempdir.
- tz Relevant to datetime values which have no Z or UTC-offset at the end, i.e. unmarked datetime, as written by utils::write.csv. The default tz="UTC" reads unmarked datetime as UTC POSIXct efficiently. tz="" reads unmarked datetime as type character (slowly) so that as.POSIXct can interpret (slowly) the character datetimes in local timezone; e.g. by using "POSIXct" in colClasses=. Note that fwrite() by default writes datetime in UTC including the final Z and therefore fwrite's output will

10 dictionary_combine

be read by fread consistently and quickly without needing to use tz= or colClasses=. If the TZ environment variable is set to "UTC" (or "" on non-Windows where unset vs """ is significant) then the R session's timezone is already UTC and tz="" will result in unmarked datetimes being read as UTC POSIXct. For more information, please see the news items from v1.13.0 and v1.14.0.

Value

```
a dataframe as created by data.table::fread()
```

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
   csv_from_url("https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data/releases/download/test/combines.csv")
})
```

dictionary_combine

Data Dictionary: Combine

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_combine()

Usage

```
dictionary_combine
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 18 rows and 3 columns.

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Combine")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_combine.html
```

dictionary_contracts 11

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_contracts()

Usage

```
dictionary_contracts
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 15 rows and 3 columns.

See Also

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Contracts")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_contracts.html
```

```
dictionary_depth_charts
```

Data Dictionary: Depth Charts

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_depth_charts()

Usage

```
dictionary_depth_charts
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 13 rows and 3 columns.

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Depth Charts")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_depth_charts.html
```

12 dictionary_espn_qbr

```
dictionary_draft_picks
```

Data Dictionary: Draft Picks

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_draft_picks()

Usage

```
dictionary_draft_picks
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 36 rows and 3 columns.

See Also

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Draft Picks")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_draft_picks.html
```

```
dictionary_espn_qbr Data Dictionary: ESPN QBR
```

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_espn_qbr()

Usage

```
dictionary_espn_qbr
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 23 rows and 3 columns.

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - ESPN QBR")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_espn_qbr.html
```

```
dictionary_ff_opportunity
```

Data Dictionary: Expected Fantasy Points

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_ff_opportunity()

Usage

```
dictionary_ff_opportunity
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 218 rows and 4 columns.

See Also

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Expected Fantasy Points")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_ff_opportunity.html
```

```
dictionary_ff_playerids
```

Data Dictionary: Fantasy Player IDs

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_ff_playerids()

Usage

```
dictionary_ff_playerids
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 35 rows and 3 columns.

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - FF Player IDs")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_ff_playerids.html
```

```
dictionary_ff_rankings
```

Data Dictionary: Fantasy Football Rankings

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_ff_rankings()

Usage

```
dictionary_ff_rankings
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 25 rows and 3 columns.

See Also

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - FF Rankings")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_ff_rankings.html
```

```
dictionary_ftn_charting
```

Data Dictionary: FTN Charting Data

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_ftn_charting()

Usage

```
dictionary_ftn_charting
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 28 rows and 5 columns.

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - FTN Charting")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_ftn_charting.html
Other ftn_charting: load_ftn_charting()
```

dictionary_injuries 15

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_injuries()

Usage

```
dictionary_injuries
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 16 rows and 3 columns.

See Also

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Injuries")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_injuries.html
```

```
dictionary_nextgen_stats
```

Data Dictionary: Next Gen Stats

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_nextgen_stats()

Usage

```
dictionary_nextgen_stats
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 51 rows and 3 columns.

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Next Gen Stats")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_nextgen_stats.html
```

16 dictionary_pbp

```
dictionary_participation
```

Data Dictionary: Participation

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_participation()

Usage

```
dictionary_participation
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 19 rows and 3 columns.

See Also

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Participation")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_participation.html
```

dictionary_pbp

Data Dictionary: Play by Play

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_pbp()

Usage

```
dictionary_pbp
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 372 rows and 3 columns.

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - PBP")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_pbp.html
```

dictionary_pfr_passing 17

```
dictionary_pfr_passing
```

Data Dictionary: PFR Passing

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_pfr_passing()

Usage

```
dictionary_pfr_passing
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 28 rows and 3 columns.

See Also

```
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_pfr_passing.html
vignette("Data Dictionary - PFR Passing")
```

```
dictionary_player_stats
```

Data Dictionary: Player Stats

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_player_stats()

Usage

```
dictionary_player_stats
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 48 rows and 2 columns.

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Player Stats")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_player_stats.html
```

18 dictionary_rosters

```
dictionary_player_stats_def

Data Dictionary: Player Stats Defense
```

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_player_stats()

Usage

```
dictionary_player_stats_def
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 22 rows and 3 columns.

See Also

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Player Stats Defense")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_player_stats_def.html
```

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_rosters()

Usage

```
dictionary_rosters
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 25 rows and 3 columns.

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Rosters")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_rosters.html
```

dictionary_schedules 19

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_schedules()

Usage

dictionary_schedules

Format

An object of class data. frame with 45 rows and 3 columns.

See Also

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Schedules")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_schedules.html
```

dictionary_snap_counts

Data Dictionary: Snap Counts

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_snap_counts()

Usage

```
dictionary_snap_counts
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 16 rows and 3 columns.

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Snap Counts")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_snap_counts.html
```

20 get_current_week

dictionary_trades

Data Dictionary: Trades

Description

A dataframe containing the data dictionary for load_trades()

Usage

```
dictionary_trades
```

Format

An object of class data. frame with 11 rows and 3 columns.

See Also

```
vignette("Data Dictionary - Trades")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_trades.html
```

get_current_week

Get Current Week

Description

A helper function that returns the upcoming NFL regular season week based on either the nflverse schedules file (as found in load_schedules()) or some date-based heuristics (number of weeks since the first Monday of September)

Usage

```
get_current_week(use_date = FALSE)
```

Arguments

use_date

a logical to determine whether to use date-based heuristics to determine current week, default FALSE (i.e. uses schedule file)

Details

Note that the date heuristic will count a new week starting on Thursdays, while the schedule-based method will count a new week after the last game of the previous week, e.g. after MNF is completed. Tan and Ben argued for a while about this.

Value

current nfl regular season week as a numeric

join_coalesce 21

See Also

Other Date utils: most_recent_season()

Examples

```
{
    try({ # schedules file as per default requires online access
    get_current_week()
    })

# using the date method works offline
    get_current_week(use_date = TRUE)
}
```

join_coalesce

Coalescing join

Description

EXPERIMENTAL! This function joins two dataframes together by key, and then coalesces any columns that have shared names (i.e. fills in NAs). A utility function primarily used internally within nflverse to help build player IDs

Usage

```
join_coalesce(
    x,
    y,
    by = NULL,
    type = c("left", "inner", "full"),
    ...,
    by.x = NULL,
    by.y = NULL,
    sort = TRUE,
    incomparables = c(NA, NaN)
)
```

Arguments

```
    x, y dataframes. Will be coerced to data.table
    by keys to join on, as a plain or named character vector
    type one of "left" (all rows of x and matching rows of y), "inner" (matching rows of x and y), "full" (all rows of x and y)
    other args passed to merge.data.frame()
```

22 load_combine

```
by . x, by . y alternate form of keys to join on - if provided, will override by.

sort whether to sort output by the join keys

incomparables keys to NOT match on, i.e. NA should not match on NA.
```

Value

a data.frame joining x and y dataframes together, with every column from both x and y and patching NA values in x with those in y.

Examples

load_combine

Load Combine Data from PFR

Description

Loads combine data since 2000 courtesy of PFR.

Usage

```
load_combine(
  seasons = TRUE,
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

```
seasons a numeric vector of seasons to return, default TRUE returns all available data

file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with options(nflreadr.prefer)
```

Value

A tibble of NFL combine data provided by Pro Football Reference.

load_contracts 23

See Also

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_combine.html for a web version of the dictionary dictionary_combine for the data dictionary as bundled within the package

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_combine()
})
```

load_contracts

Load Historical Player Contracts from OverTheCap.com

Description

Loads player contracts from OverTheCap.com

Usage

```
load_contracts(file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds"))
```

Arguments

```
file_type One of "rds", "qs", "csv", or "parquet". Can also be set globally with options(nflreadr.prefer)
```

Value

A tibble of active and non-active NFL player contracts.

```
https://overthecap.com/contract-history for a web version of the data
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_contracts.html for a web version
of the dictionary
dictionary_contracts for the data dictionary as bundled within the package
Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/rotc
```

24 load_depth_charts

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_contracts()
})
```

load_depth_charts

Load Weekly Depth Charts

Description

Loads depth charts for each NFL team for each week back to 2001.

Usage

```
load_depth_charts(
  seasons = most_recent_season(),
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons

a numeric vector specifying what seasons to return, if TRUE returns all available

data. Defaults to latest season.

file_type

One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with

options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

A tibble of week-level depth charts for each team.

See Also

dictionary_depth_charts for the data dictionary as bundled within the package

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_depth_charts(2020)
})
```

load_draft_picks 25

load_draft_picks

Load Draft Picks from PFR

Description

Loads every draft pick since 1980 courtesy of PFR.

Usage

```
load_draft_picks(
  seasons = TRUE,
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons a numeric vector of seasons to return, default TRUE returns all available data

file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

A tibble of NFL draft picks provided by Pro Football Reference.

See Also

dictionary_draft_picks for the data dictionary as bundled within the package

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_draft_picks()
})
```

26 load_espn_qbr

load_espn_qbr

Load ESPN's QBR

Description

Load ESPN's QBR

Usage

```
load_espn_qbr(
  seasons = most_recent_season(),
  summary_type = c("season", "week"),
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

a numeric vector of seasons to return, data available since 2006. Defaults to latest season available. TRUE will select all seasons.

summary_type

One of "season" or "week", defaults to "season"

file_type

One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

a tibble of ESPN QBR data, summarized according to summary_type

See Also

dictionary_espn_qbr for the data dictionary as bundled within the package

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/espnscrapeR-data

```
load_espn_qbr(2020)
```

load_ff_opportunity 27

```
load_ff_opportunity Load Expected Fantasy Points
```

Description

This function downloads precomputed expected points data from ffopportunity automated releases.

Usage

```
load_ff_opportunity(
  seasons = most_recent_season(),
  stat_type = c("weekly", "pbp_pass", "pbp_rush"),
  model_version = c("latest", "v1.0.0")
)
```

Arguments

```
seasons a numeric vector of seasons to return, defaults to most recent season. If set to TRUE, returns all available data.

stat_type one of "weekly", "pbp_pass", "pbp_rush"

model_version one of "latest" or "v1.0.0"
```

Value

Precomputed expected fantasy points data from the ffopportunity automated releases.

See Also

```
https://ffopportunity.ffverse.com for more on the package, data, and modelling https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_ff_opportunity.html for the web data dictionary dictionary_ff_opportunity for the data dictionary bundled as a package data frame Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/ffverse/ffopportunity
```

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
load_ff_opportunity()
load_ff_opportunity(seasons = 2021, stat_type = "pbp_pass", model_version = "v1.0.0")
})
```

28 load_ff_rankings

load_ff_playerids

Load Fantasy Player IDs

Description

Accesses DynastyProcess.com's database of fantasy football player IDs, which help connect nfl-verse to various other platforms and IDs.

Usage

```
load_ff_playerids()
```

Value

a dataframe of player IDs

See Also

https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_ff_playerids.html for the web data dictionary

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/dynastyprocess/data

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
load_ff_playerids()
})
```

load_ff_rankings

Load Latest FantasyPros Rankings

Description

Accesses DynastyProcess.com's repository of the latest FP expert consensus rankings - updated on a weekly basis.

Usage

```
load_ff_rankings(type = c("draft", "week", "all"))
```

Arguments

type

one of "draft" (preseason), "week" (this week, inseason), or "all" (full archive)

load_from_url 29

Value

a dataframe of expert consensus rankings

See Also

```
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_ff_rankings.html for the web data dictionary
```

https://www.fantasypros.com for the source of data

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/dynastyprocess/data

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
load_ff_rankings()
})
```

load_from_url

Load any rds/csv/csv.gz/parquet/qs file from a remote URL

Description

Load any rds/csv/csv.gz/parquet/qs file from a remote URL

Usage

```
load_from_url(url, ..., seasons = TRUE, nflverse = FALSE)
```

Arguments

url	a vector of URLs to load into memory. If more than one URL provided, will row-bind them.
•••	named arguments that will be added as attributes to the data, e.g. $nflverse_type = "pbp"$
seasons	a numeric vector of years that will be used to filter the dataframe's season column. If $TRUE$ (default), does not filter.
nflverse	TRUE to add nflverse_data classing and attributes.

Value

```
a dataframe, possibly of type nflverse_data
```

30 load_ftn_charting

Examples

load_ftn_charting

Load FTN Charting Data

Description

FTN Data manually charts plays and has graciously provided a subset of their charting data to be published via the nflverse. Data is available from the 2022 season onwards and is charted within 48 hours following each game. This data is released under the CC-BY-SA 4.0 Creative Commons license and attribution must be made to FTN Data via nflverse

Usage

```
load_ftn_charting(
  seasons = most_recent_season(),
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons a numeric vector of seasons to return, defaults to most recent season. If set to TRUE, returns all available data. Data available from 2022 onwards.

file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

Play-level manual charting data from FTN Data

Author(s)

FTN Data

Source

FTNData.com

load_injuries 31

See Also

```
https://www.ftndata.com
vignette("Data Dictionary - FTN Charting")
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_ftn_charting.html for the web data dictionary
Other ftn_charting: dictionary_ftn_charting
```

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
load_ftn_charting()
})
```

load_injuries

Load Injury Reports

Description

Data collected from an API for weekly injury report data.

Usage

```
load_injuries(
  seasons = most_recent_season(),
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons a numeric vector of seasons to return, data available since 2009. Defaults to

latest season available.

file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with

options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

a tibble of season-level injury report data.

See Also

https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_injuries.html for a web version of
the dictionary

dictionary_injuries for the data dictionary as bundled within the package

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data

32 load_nextgen_stats

Examples

```
try({# prevents cran errors
    load_injuries(2020)
})
```

load_nextgen_stats

Load Player Level Weekly NFL Next Gen Stats

Description

Loads player level weekly stats provided by NFL Next Gen Stats starting with the 2016 season. Three different stat types are available and the current season's data updates every night. NGS will only provide data for players above a minimum number of pass/rush/rec attempts.

Usage

```
load_nextgen_stats(
  seasons = TRUE,
  stat_type = c("passing", "receiving", "rushing"),
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

```
seasons a numeric vector specifying what seasons to return, if TRUE returns all available data

stat_type one of "passing", "receiving", or "rushing"

file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with options(nflreadr.prefer)
```

Value

A tibble of week-level player statistics provided by NFL Next Gen Stats. Regular season summary is given for week == 0.

```
https://nextgenstats.nfl.com/stats/passing for stat_type = "passing"
https://nextgenstats.nfl.com/stats/receiving for stat_type = "receiving"
https://nextgenstats.nfl.com/stats/rushing for stat_type = "rushing"
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_nextgen_stats.html for a web version of the data dictionary
dictionary_nextgen_stats for the data dictionary as bundled within the package
Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data
```

load_officials 33

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_nextgen_stats(stat_type = "passing")
  load_nextgen_stats(stat_type = "receiving")
  load_nextgen_stats(stat_type = "rushing")
})
```

load_officials

Load Officials

Description

Loads data on which officials are assigned to oversee a specific game. Data available from 2015 onwards.

Usage

```
load_officials(
  seasons = TRUE,
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons a numeric vector specifying what seasons to return, if TRUE returns all available

data

file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with

options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

A tibble with one row per game per official.

See Also

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflreadr and it will be triaged appropriately.

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_officials()
})
```

34 load_pbp

load_participation Load

Load Participation Data

Description

Loads participation data from the nflverse-data repository

Usage

```
load_participation(
  seasons = most_recent_season(),
  include_pbp = FALSE,
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons A numeric vector of 4-digit years associated with given NFL seasons - defaults

to latest season. If set to TRUE, returns all available data since 2016.

include_pbp a logical: download and join pbp to this data?

file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with

options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

A dataframe of participation data, optionally merged with play by play

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_participation(seasons = 2020, include_pbp = TRUE)
})
```

load_pbp

Load Play By Play

Description

Loads play by play seasons from the nflverse-data repository

load_pfr_advstats 35

Usage

```
load_pbp(
  seasons = most_recent_season(),
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons A numeric vector of 4-digit years associated with given NFL seasons - defaults

to latest season. If set to TRUE, returns all available data since 1999.

file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with

options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

The complete nflfastR dataset as returned by nflfastR::build_nflfastR_pbp() (see below) for all given seasons

See Also

https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_pbp.html for a web version of the data dictionary

dictionary_pbp for the data dictionary bundled as a package dataframe

https://www.nflfastr.com/reference/build_nflfastR_pbp.html for the nflfastR function
nflfastR::build_nflfastR_pbp()

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-pbp

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_pbp(2019:2020)
})
```

load_pfr_advstats

Load Advanced Stats from PFR

Description

Loads player level season stats provided by Pro Football Reference starting with the 2018 season, primarily to augment existing nflverse data.

36 load_players

Usage

```
load_pfr_advstats(
  seasons = most_recent_season(),
  stat_type = c("pass", "rush", "rec", "def"),
  summary_level = c("week", "season"),
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons a numeric vector specifying what seasons to return, if TRUE returns all available data

stat_type one of "pass", "rush", "rec", "def"

summary_level one of "week" (default) or "season" - some data is only available at the season level

file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

A tibble of player statistics provided by Pro Football Reference that supplements data in nflverse

See Also

 $\verb|https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_pfr_passing.html| for the web data dictionary| | the following continuous cont$

https://www.pro-football-reference.com/years/2021/passing_advanced.htm

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_pfr_advstats()
})
```

load_players

Load Players

Description

Load a dataframe of player-level information, including IDs and other mostly-immutable data (birthdates, college, draft position etc.)

load_player_stats 37

Usage

```
load_players(file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds"))
```

Arguments

```
file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with options(nflreadr.prefer)
```

Value

A tibble with one row per player.

See Also

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflreadr and it will be triaged appropriately.

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_players()
})
```

load_player_stats

Load Player Level Weekly Stats

Description

Load Player Level Weekly Stats

Usage

```
load_player_stats(
  seasons = most_recent_season(),
  stat_type = c("offense", "defense", "kicking"),
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons	a numeric vector of seasons to return, defaults to most recent season. If set to TRUE, returns all available data.
stat_type	one of "offense", "defense", or "kicking"
file_type	One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with options(nflreadr.prefer)

38 load_rosters

Value

A tibble of week-level player statistics that aims to match NFL official box scores.

See Also

```
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_player_stats.html for a web version of the data dictionary dictionary_player_stats for the data dictionary
```

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-pbp

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_player_stats()
  load_player_stats(stat_type = "kicking")
})
```

load_rosters

Load Rosters

Description

Load Rosters

Usage

```
load_rosters(
  seasons = most_recent_season(roster = TRUE),
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons	a numeric vector of seasons to return, defaults to returning this year's data if it is
	March or later. If set to TRUE, will return all available data. Data available back to 1920.
file_type	One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

A tibble of season-level roster data.

load_rosters_weekly 39

See Also

https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_rosters.html for a web version of
the data dictionary

dictionary_rosters for the data dictionary as a dataframe

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_rosters(2020)
})
```

load_rosters_weekly

Load Weekly Rosters

Description

Returns week level rosters (rather than latest for a given season as returned by load_rosters())

Usage

```
load_rosters_weekly(
  seasons = most_recent_season(roster = TRUE),
  file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons a numeric vector of seasons to return, defaults to returning this year's data if it is

March or later. If set to TRUE, will return all available data. Data available back

to 2002.

file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with

options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

A tibble of weekly roster data.

See Also

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data

40 load_schedules

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_rosters_weekly(2020)
})
```

load_schedules

Load Game/Schedule Data

Description

This returns game/schedule information as maintained by Lee Sharpe.

Usage

```
load_schedules(seasons = TRUE)
```

Arguments

seasons

a numeric vector of seasons to return, default TRUE returns all available data.

Value

A tibble of game information for past and/or future games.

See Also

```
https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_schedules.html for a web version of the data dictionary
```

dictionary_schedules for the data dictionary as a dataframe

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nfldata

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_schedules(2020)
})
```

load_snap_counts 41

load_snap_counts

Load Snap Counts from PFR

Description

Loads game level snap counts stats provided by Pro Football Reference starting with the 2012 season.

Usage

```
load_snap_counts(
   seasons = most_recent_season(),
   file_type = getOption("nflreadr.prefer", default = "rds")
)
```

Arguments

seasons a numeric vector specifying what seasons to return, if TRUE returns all available data

file_type One of c("rds", "qs", "csv", "parquet"). Can also be set globally with

options(nflreadr.prefer)

Value

A tibble of game-level snap counts provided by Pro Football Reference.

See Also

https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary_snap_counts.html for the web data dictionary

dictionary_snap_counts for the data dictionary as bundled within the package

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-pfr

```
try({ # prevents CRAN errors
load_snap_counts()
})
```

42 load_trades

load_teams

Load NFL Team Graphics, Colors, and Logos

Description

Loads team graphics, colors, and logos - useful for plots!

Usage

```
load_teams(current = TRUE)
```

Arguments

current

If TRUE (the default), returns a standardized list of current teams only, with abbreviations as per team_abbr_mapping.

Value

A tibble of team-level image URLs and hex color codes.

See Also

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-pbp

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  load_teams()
})
```

load_trades

Load Trades

Description

This returns a table of historical trades as maintained by Lee Sharpe.

Usage

```
load_trades(seasons = TRUE)
```

Arguments

seasons

a numeric vector of seasons to return, default TRUE returns all available data.

most_recent_season 43

Value

A tibble of game information for past and/or future games.

See Also

```
\verb|https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/dictionary\_trades.html| for a web version of the dictionary|
```

dictionary_trades for the data dictionary as bundled within the package

Issues with this data should be filed here: https://github.com/nflverse/nfldata

Examples

```
load_trades(2020)
```

most_recent_season

Get Latest Season

Description

A helper function to choose the most recent season available for a given dataset

Usage

```
most_recent_season(roster = FALSE)
get_latest_season(roster = FALSE)
get_current_season(roster = FALSE)
```

Arguments

roster

Either TRUE or FALSE. If TRUE, will return current year after March 15th, otherwise previous year. If FALSE, will return current year on or after Thursday following Labor Day, i.e. Thursday after the first Monday in September. Otherwise previous year.

Value

```
most recent season (a four digit numeric)
```

See Also

```
Other Date utils: get_current_week()
```

44 nflverse_download

nflverse_download

Bulk download utilities via piggyback

Description

This function downloads or updates data from the nflverse-data repository releases, creating subfolders that match the release structure.

Usage

Arguments

```
releases to download, provided in either unquoted or character format (i.e. pbp or "pbp" are both fine). Available release names can be listed with nflverse_releases()

folder_path a folder in which subfolders will be created for each release - defaults to path specified in options(nflreadr.download_path) or "." (the current working directory)

file_type one of c("rds", "parquet", "csv", "qs") - defaults to file type specified in options(nflreadr.prefer) or "rds"

use_hive whether to create hive-style partition folders for each season, e.g. "~/pbp/.season=2021/pbp.csv"

token a GitHub API token, "default" uses gh::gh_token()
```

```
try({
    ## could also set options like
    # options(nflreadr.download_path = tempdir(), nflreadr.prefer = "parquet")

nflverse_download(combine, contracts, folder_path = tempdir(), file_type = "parquet")

list.files(tempdir(),pattern = ".parquet$") # check that files were downloaded!
})
```

nflverse_game_id 45

nflverse_game_id

Compute nflverse Game Identifiers

Description

Compute nflverse Game Identifiers

Usage

```
nflverse_game_id(season, week, away, home)
```

Arguments

season 4 digit season between 1999 and the output of most_recent_season()

week Numeric or character giving the week, between 1 and 22.

home, away Valid NFL team abbreviation as it can be found in team_abbr_mapping

Value

A character vector

Examples

```
nflverse_game_id(2022, 2, "LAC", "KC")
```

nflverse_releases

List all available nflverse releases

Description

This functions lists all nflverse data releases that are available in the nflverse-data repo. Release names can be used for downloads in nflverse_download().

Usage

```
nflverse_releases(.token = "default")
```

Arguments

```
. token a GitHub API token, "default" uses gh::gh_token()
```

Value

A dataframe containing release names, release descriptions, and other relevant release information.

46 nflverse_sitrep

Examples

```
try( # avoids cran failures, can skip in normal usage
nflverse_releases()
)
```

nflverse_sitrep

Get a Situation Report on System, nflverse/ffverse Package Versions and Dependencies

Description

This function gives a quick overview of the versions of R and the operating system as well as the versions of nflverse/ffverse packages, options, and their dependencies. It's primarily designed to help you get a quick idea of what's going on when you're helping someone else debug a problem.

Usage

```
nflverse_sitrep(
 pkg = c("nflreadr", "nflfastR", "nflseedR", "nfl4th", "nflplotR", "nflverse"),
 recursive = TRUE,
  redact_path = TRUE
)
ffverse_sitrep(
  pkg = c("ffscrapr", "ffsimulator", "ffpros", "ffopportunity"),
  recursive = TRUE,
  redact_path = TRUE
)
.sitrep(
  pkg,
  recursive = TRUE,
  redact_path = TRUE,
 dev_repos = c("https://nflverse.r-universe.dev", "https://ffverse.r-universe.dev")
)
```

Arguments

pkg

a character vector naming installed packages, or NULL (the default) meaning all nflverse packages. The function checks internally if all packages are installed and informs if that is not the case.

parquet_from_url 47

recursive a logical indicating whether dependencies of pkg and their dependencies (and so

on) should be included. Can also be a character vector listing the types of dependencies, a subset of c("Depends", "Imports", "LinkingTo", "Suggests", "Enhances"). Character string "all" is shorthand for that vector, character string "most" for the same vector without "Enhances", character string "strong"

(default) for the first three elements of that vector.

redact_path a logical indicating whether options that contain "path" in the name should be

redacted, default = TRUE

dev_repos Developmental cran-like repos to check, e.g. r-universe repos

Examples

```
try({
  nflverse_sitrep()
  ffverse_sitrep()
  .sitrep("cachem")
})
```

parquet_from_url

Load .parquet file from a remote connection

Description

Retrieves a parquet file from URL. This function is cached

Usage

```
parquet_from_url(url)
```

Arguments

url

a character url

Value

```
a dataframe as parsed by arrow::read_parquet()
```

```
try({
   parquet_from_url(
   "https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data/releases/download/player_stats/player_stats.parquet"
  )
})
```

48 progressively

player_name_mapping

Alternate player name mappings

Description

A named character vector mapping common alternate names, re-exported from ffscrapr.

Usage

```
player_name_mapping
```

Format

A named character vector

```
name attribute The "alternate" name.value attribute The "correct" name.
```

Details

You can suggest additions to this table by opening an issue in ffscrapr.

Examples

```
player_name_mapping[c("Chatarius Atwell", "Robert Kelley")]
```

progressively

Progressively

Description

This function helps add progress-reporting to any function - given function f() and progressor p(), it will return a new function that calls f() and then (on exiting) will call p() after every iteration. This is inspired by purrr's safely, quietly, and possibly function decorators.

Usage

```
progressively(f, p = NULL)
```

Arguments

f a function to add progressor functionality to.

p a function such as one created by progressr::progressor() - also accepts

purrr-style lambda functions.

qs_from_url 49

Value

a function that does the same as f but it calls p() after iteration.

See Also

 $\verb|https://nflreadr.nflverse.com/articles/exporting_nflreadr.html| for vignette on exporting nflreadr in packages$

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors

urls <- rep("https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data/releases/download/test/combines.csv",3)

lapply(urls, progressively(read.csv, ~cli::cli_progress_step('Loading...')))

read_rosters <- function(urls){
   p <- progressr::progressor(along = urls)
        lapply(urls, progressively(read.csv, p))
}

progressr::with_progress(read_rosters())
})</pre>
```

qs_from_url

Load .qs file from a remote connection

Description

Load .qs file from a remote connection

Usage

```
qs_from_url(url)
```

Arguments

url

a character url

Value

```
a dataframe as parsed by qs::qdeserialize()
```

50 raw_from_url

Examples

```
try({
    qs_from_url(
    "https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data/releases/download/player_stats/player_stats.qs"
   )
})
```

raw_from_url

Load raw filedata from a remote connection

Description

This function allows you to retrieve data from a URL into raw format, which can then be passed into the appropriate file-reading function. Data is memoised/cached for 24 hours.

Usage

```
raw_from_url(url)
```

Arguments

url

a character url

Value

a raw vector

```
try({ # prevents CRAN errors
head(raw_from_url(
   "https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data/releases/download/test/combines.rds"
),
50)
})
```

rds_from_url 51

rds_from_url

Load .rds file from a remote connection

Description

Load .rds file from a remote connection

Usage

```
rds_from_url(url)
```

Arguments

url

a character url

Value

a dataframe as created by readRDS()

Examples

```
try({ # prevents cran errors
  rds_from_url("https://github.com/nflverse/nflverse-data/releases/download/test/combines.rds")
})
```

stat_mode

Statistical Mode

Description

Computes the statistical mode, i.e. the value that appears most often in a vector. Returns the first match, if TRUE for multiple values.

Usage

```
stat_mode(x, ..., na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x A vector of data values.

. . . Further arguments, currently unused.

na.rm a logical evaluating to TRUE or FALSE indicating whether NA values should be stripped before the computation proceeds.

52 team_abbr_mapping

Value

The statistical mode with the same type as the input vector x.

Examples

```
vector_numeric <- sample(1:5, 15, TRUE)
vector_numeric
stat_mode(vector_numeric)

vector_character <- sample(LETTERS[1:5], 15, TRUE)
vector_character
stat_mode(vector_character)</pre>
```

team_abbr_mapping

Alternate team abbreviation mappings

Description

A named character vector mapping common alternate team abbreviations.

Usage

```
team_abbr_mapping
```

Format

A named character vector

```
name attribute The "alternate" name.value attribute The "correct" name.
```

Details

You can suggest additions to this table by opening an issue in nflreadr.

See Also

team_abbr_mapping_norelocate for the same thing but relocations stay in their original cities.

```
team_abbr_mapping[c("STL", "OAK","CRD","BLT", "CLV")]
```

 ${\tt team_abbr_mapping_norelocate}$

Alternate team abbreviation mappings, no relocation

Description

A named character vector mapping common alternate team abbreviations, but does not follow relocations to their current city.

Usage

```
team_abbr_mapping_norelocate
```

Format

A named character vector

```
name attribute The "alternate" name.value attribute The "correct" name.
```

Details

You can suggest additions to this table by opening an issue in nflreadr.

```
team_abbr_mapping_norelocate[c("STL", "OAK","CRD","BLT", "CLV")]
```

Index

* Date utils get_current_week, 20 most_recent_season, 43 * datasets dictionary_combine, 10 dictionary_depth_charts, 11 dictionary_draft_picks, 12 dictionary_ff_opportunity, 13 dictionary_ff_playerids, 13 dictionary_ff_rankings, 14 dictionary_ftn_charting, 14 dictionary_injuries, 15 dictionary_participation, 16 dictionary_ppp, 16 dictionary_player_stats, 17 dictionary_player_stats, 17 dictionary_player_stats_def, 18 dictionary_rosters, 18 dictionary_schedules, 19 dictionary_trades, 20 player_name_mapping, 48 team_abbr_mapping_norelocate, 53 * ftn_charting	clear_cache, 6 csv_from_url, 6 data.table::fread, 7 data.table::fread(), 10 dictionary_combine, 10, 23 dictionary_contracts, 11, 23 dictionary_depth_charts, 11, 24 dictionary_draft_picks, 12, 25 dictionary_espn_qbr, 12, 26 dictionary_ff_opportunity, 13, 27 dictionary_ff_rankings, 14 dictionary_ff_rankings, 14 dictionary_injuries, 15, 31 dictionary_nextgen_stats, 15, 32 dictionary_participation, 16 dictionary_player_stats, 17, 38 dictionary_player_stats_def, 18 dictionary_rosters, 18, 39 dictionary_schedules, 19, 40 dictionary_trades, 20, 43 ffverse_sitrep (nflverse_sitrep), 46
	<pre>ffverse_sitrep (nflverse_sitrep), 46 get_current_season</pre>
arrow::read_parquet(),47	join_coalesce, 21
<pre>base::tempdir, 9 clean_homeaway, 3 clean_player_names, 4 clean_team_abbrs, 5</pre>	<pre>load_combine, 22 load_combine(), 10 load_contracts, 23 load_contracts(), 11 load_depth_charts, 24</pre>

INDEX 55

<pre>load_depth_charts(), 11</pre>	<pre>parquet_from_url, 47</pre>
<pre>load_draft_picks, 25</pre>	path.expand, 7
<pre>load_draft_picks(), 12</pre>	player_name_mapping,48
load_espn_qbr, 26	progressively, 48
load_espn_qbr(), 12	
load_ff_opportunity, 27	qs::qdeserialize(),49
<pre>load_ff_opportunity(), 13</pre>	qs_from_url,49
<pre>load_ff_playerids, 28</pre>	
<pre>load_ff_playerids(), 13</pre>	raw_from_url, 50
<pre>load_ff_rankings, 28</pre>	rds_from_url, 51
<pre>load_ff_rankings(), 14</pre>	readRDS(), <i>51</i>
load_from_url, 29	actindayy 0
load_ftn_charting, 14, 30	setindexv, 9
<pre>load_ftn_charting(), 14</pre>	setkey, 9
load_injuries, 31	stat_mode, 51
<pre>load_injuries(), 15</pre>	team_abbr_mapping, 6, 42, 45, 52
<pre>load_nextgen_stats, 32</pre>	team_abbr_mapping_norelocate, 6, 53
<pre>load_nextgen_stats(), 15</pre>	
load_officials, 33	utils::read.csv,8
load_participation, 34	utils::write.csv,9
<pre>load_participation(), 16</pre>	,
load_pbp, 34	yaml.load, 9
load_pbp(), <i>16</i>	
<pre>load_pfr_advstats, 35</pre>	
<pre>load_pfr_passing(), 17</pre>	
<pre>load_player_stats, 37</pre>	
<pre>load_player_stats(), 17, 18</pre>	
load_players, 36	
load_rosters, 38	
load_rosters(), 18	
<pre>load_rosters_weekly, 39</pre>	
load_schedules, 40	
load_schedules(), 19	
load_snap_counts, 41	
<pre>load_snap_counts(), 19</pre>	
<pre>load_teams, 42</pre>	
load_trades, 42	
<pre>load_trades(), 20</pre>	
make.names, 8	
most_recent_season, 21, 43	
most_recent_season(), 45	
nflverse_download,44	
nflverse_download(), 45	
nflverse_game_id, 45	
nflverse_releases, 45	
nflverse_releases(), 44	
nflverse_sitrep, 46	
111 TACI 26 2T CL Ch' 40	