

Package ‘nonstat’

July 22, 2025

Type Package

Title Detecting Nonstationarity in Time Series

Version 0.0.6

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Description Provides a nonvisual procedure for screening time series for nonstationarity in the context of intensive longitudinal designs, such as ecological momentary assessments. The method combines two diagnostics: one for detecting trends (based on the split R-hat statistic from Bayesian convergence diagnostics) and one for detecting changes in variance (a novel extension inspired by Levene's test). This approach allows researchers to efficiently and reproducibly detect violations of the stationarity assumption, especially when visual inspection of many individual time series is impractical. The procedure is suitable for use in all areas of research where time series analysis is central. For a detailed description of the method and its validation through simulations and empirical application, see Zitzmann, S., Lindner, C., Lohmann, J. F., & Hecht, M. (2024) ``A Novel Nonvisual Procedure for Screening for Nonstationarity in Time Series as Obtained from Intensive Longitudinal Designs" <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/384354932_A_Novel_Nonvisual_Procedure_for_Screening_for_Nonstationarity_in_Time_Series_as_Obtained_from_Intensive_Longitudinal_Designs>.

License GPL-3

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

NeedsCompilation no

Encoding UTF-8

Language en-US

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-04-01 15:50:02 UTC

Contents

is.nonstat	2
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is.nonstat	<i>Test for nonstationarity</i>
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Description

Applies a nonvisual, diagnostic-based screening procedure to determine whether a univariate time series violates the assumption of stationarity. Specifically, the function evaluates (a) the presence of a trend and (b) changes in variance over time. These two dimensions of nonstationarity are assessed using two R-hat-type statistics adapted from Bayesian convergence diagnostics and Levene’s test.

Usage

```
is.nonstat(tseries, nEp = 2, cut.psr1 = 1.1, cut.psr2 = 1.01, span = 3)
```

Arguments

tseries	a numerical vector
nEp	number of epochs (in which time series is cut for PSR calculation)
cut.psr1	threshold for the trend diagnostic, Rhat(1), which assesses whether a process is trending
cut.psr2	threshold for the changing variance diagnostic, Rhat(2), which assesses whether the processe’s variance is changing over time
span	numerical value that is passed to the loess function

Value

a logical scalar indicating whether the procoess has been diagnosed as non-stationary (TRUE) or stationary (FALSE)

References

Zitzmann, S., Lindner, C., Lohmann, J. F., & Hecht, M. (2024). "A Novel Nonvisual Procedure for Screening for Nonstationarity in Time Series as Obtained from Intensive Longitudinal Designs" [Preprint](#)

Examples

```
set.seed( 8332278 )
x <- rnorm( 50 )
is.nonstat( x )
```

Index

is.nonstat, [2](#)