Package 'pawscore'

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create_pain_model

Create a new pain model

Description

Create a new pain model based on a set of paw features, corresponding pain stimuli, and corresponding strain identity.

Usage

```
create_pain_model(
  paw.features,
  strains = NULL,
  pain.stimulus = NULL,
  strain.standards = jones2020.standards,
  feature.set = c("post.peak", "pre.peak")
)
```

Arguments

```
paw.features the paw features returned by extract_features

strains a vector containing strain information for each mouse

pain.stimulus a vector containing stimulus information for each mouse

strain.standards

z-scores (centering and scaling) information by strain

feature.set use either pre-peak or post-peak features
```

Value

pain model

create_strain_standard 3

```
create_strain_standard
```

Create new strain standards

Description

Creates a new reference centering and scaling for the paw features of the given strain or strains.

Usage

```
create_strain_standard(paw.features, strain)
```

Arguments

paw. features list of extracted paw features

strain character string or a vector of strain names, each of which is a character string,

matching in length and order the list of paw features.

Value

list of pre-peak and post-peak strain standards, indexed by strain

default_parameters

Default parameters for extracting paw features

Description

Default parameters for extracting paw features

Usage

```
default_parameters()
```

Value

parameters used for Jones et al. (2020)

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default_standards

Default strain-based standards for paw features

Description

Default strain-based standards for paw features

Usage

```
default_standards()
```

Value

standards used for Jones et al. (2020)

extract_features

Extract features for paw time series

Description

Extract features for paw time series

Usage

```
extract_features(
   x,
   y = NULL,
   parameters = default_parameters(),
   diagnostics = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

x time series of horizontal paw movement. Alternatively, a two column matrix of

x and y time series, respectively.

y time series of vertical paw movement, or NULL if x is a two column matrix.

parameters contains information about frames per second, filtering, windowing, and thresh-

olds, for paw features (see default_parameters, or use set_parameters to

modify the defaults).

diagnostics set to TRUE will record intermediate values used when computing paw features.

This information can be helpful for debugging parameter choices. The default,

FALSE, is to not record these values.

Value

pre-peak and post-peak paw features (plus diagnostics, if enabled)

jones2020.tracks 5

Examples

```
# example usage with a track from Jones et al. (2020)
track <- jones2020.tracks[[1]]
features <- extract_features(track$time.series)</pre>
```

jones2020.tracks

Jones et al. (2020) paw trajectory data

Description

Paw trajectory time series, strain, and stimulus information for the cohort 1 data used in Jones et al.

Usage

```
jones2020.tracks
```

Format

A list of paw trajectories, each containing:

id A unique id for each mouse

strain The corresponding mouse strain

stimulus The stimulus used

time.series The paw trajectory when stimulus was applied

Source

Jones et al. (2020) A machine-vision approach for automated pain measurement at millisecond timescales. eLife 9:e57258 doi:10.7554/eLife.57258

pain_class

Identify pain class based on pain score

Description

Convenience function to convert pain scores to binary or trinary pain classifications, e.g. pain / non-pain or pain / low-pain / high-pain. Note that trinary classifications are only valid for pain models fit with trinary classes (e.g. Jones et al. 2020). Otherwise the scale of the score is arbitrary, and the boundary between low and high pain is not scaled to be 1.

Usage

```
pain_class(score, type = c("binary", "trinary"))
```

pain_score

Arguments

score pain scores generated by pain_score

type binary or trinary (ternary) pain classifications

Value

one or more pain classes

pain_score

Scoring pain from paw features

Description

Returns a pain score based on Jones et al. 2020 or the given pain.model. Pain scores are standardized so that increasingly positive (negative) values correspond to increasingly likely to be painful (unlikely to be painful) experiences. Pain scores based on pain models derived from trinary pain stimuli will additionally be scaled such that the transition between low and high pain is occurs at 1. Scores are not comparable across pain models.

Usage

```
pain_score(
  paw.features,
  strains = NULL,
  strain.standards = jones2020.standards,
  feature.set = c("post.peak", "pre.peak"),
  pain.model = NULL
)
```

Arguments

paw.features the paw features returned by extract_features strains a vector containing strain information for each mouse

strain.standards

z-scores (centering and scaling) information by strain

feature.set use either pre-peak or post-peak features

pain.model a pain model returned by create_pain_model or NULL, in which case the

model from Jones et al. 2020 is used.

Value

one or more pain scores as a vector

pawsscore 7

pawsscore

paws: Pain Assessment at Withdrawal Speeds

Description

Automated pain scoring from paw withdrawl tracking data based on Jones et al. (2020) A machine-vision approach for automated pain measurement at millisecond timescales. This R package takes paw trajectory data in response to a stimulus and provides an automated scoring of pain.

set_parameters

Convenience function for changing parameters

Description

Convenience function for changing parameters

Usage

```
set_parameters(..., based.on = default_parameters())
```

Arguments

```
... name and value of parameters to set (e.g. fps=1500)
based.on an existing complete set of parameters to modify (see default_parameters).
```

Value

the modified list of parameters

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