Package 'phenocamr'

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Description Programmatic interface to the 'PhenoCam' web services (<https:
     //phenocam.nau.edu/webcam>).
     Allows for easy downloading of 'PhenoCam' data directly to your R workspace
     or your computer and provides post-processing routines for consistent and easy
     timeseries outlier detection, smoothing and estimation of phenological transition dates.
     Methods for this package are described in detail in Hufkens et. al (2018) <doi:10.1111/2041-
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Post-Processing

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contract_phenocam

Contracts the file from 1-day to a 3-day time step

Description

Reverts the 'expand_phenocam()' function in order to save space and generate files as outlined in the cited data paper. This routine is used as a post-production measure.

Usage

```
contract_phenocam(
  data,
  internal = TRUE,
  no_padding = FALSE,
  out_dir = tempdir()
)
```

Arguments

```
a phenocam data file with a 1 or 3 day time step

internal return a data structure if given a file on disk (TRUE / FALSE = default)

no_padding allow for padding to REMAIN or not (TRUE / FALSE = default)

out_dir output directory where to store data (default = tempdir())
```

daylength 3

Value

A contracted PhenoCam 3-day time series to its original 3-day time step (if provided at a 1-day interval), also removes padding introduced by processing for 1-day data.

Examples

daylength

Calculates day length (in hours) and the solar elevation

Description

This routine uses Forsythe et al. 1995.

Usage

```
daylength(doy, latitude)
```

Arguments

```
doy a vector with doy values 1 - 365(6)
```

latitude a given latitude

Value

nested list with daylength (daylength) and solar elevation (solar_elev) elements

detect_outliers

Examples

```
## Not run:
# calcualte the hours of sunlight and solar elevation on day of year 1
# and latitude 51
ephem <- daylength(1, 51)
print(ephem)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

detect_outliers

Detect outliers in PhenoCam time series

Description

The function fills in the existing column to hold outlier flags, and either overwrites the original file or outputs a data structure.

Usage

```
detect_outliers(
  data,
  iterations = 20,
  sigma = 2,
  grvi = FALSE,
  snowflag = FALSE,
  plot = FALSE,
  internal = TRUE,
  out_dir = tempdir()
)
```

Arguments

data	PhenoCam data structure or filename
iterations	number of itterations in order to detect outliers ()
sigma	number of deviations to exclude outliers at
grvi	reverse the direction of the screening intervals to accomodate for GRVI outliers
snowflag	use manual snow flag labels as outliers
plot	visualize the process, mostly for debugging (TRUE / FALSE = default)
internal	return a data structure if given a file on disk (TRUE / FALSE = default) to accomodate for GRVI outliers
out_dir	output directory where to store data

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Examples

download_phenocam

Downloads PhenoCam time series

Description

This is a wrapper around most of all the other functions. It downloads a time series and extract relevant phenological transition dates or phenophases.

Usage

```
download_phenocam(
    site = "harvard$",
    veg_type = NULL,
    frequency = "3",
    roi_id = NULL,
    outlier_detection = TRUE,
    smooth = TRUE,
    contract = FALSE,
    daymet = FALSE,
    trim_daymet = TRUE,
    trim = NULL,
    phenophase = FALSE,
    out_dir = tempdir(),
    internal = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
the site name, as mentioned on the PhenoCam web page expressed as a regular expression ("harvard$" == exact match)

veg_type vegetation type (DB, EN, ... default = ALL)

frequency frequency of the time series product (1, 3, "roistats")
```

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roi_id the id of the ROI to download (default = ALL)

outlier_detection

TRUE or FALSE, detect outliers

smooth data (logical, default is TRUE)

contract contract 3-day data (logical, default is TRUE)
daymet TRUE or FALSE, merges the daymet data

trim_daymet TRUE or FALSE, trims data to match PhenoCam data

trim year (numeric) to which to constrain the output (default = NULL)

phenophase logical, calculate transition dates (default = FALSE)

out_dir output directory where to store downloaded data (default = tempdir())

internal allow for the data element to be returned to the workspace

Value

Downloaded files in out_dir of requested time series products, as well as derived phenophase estimates based upon these time series.

Examples

expand_phenocam

Expand a PhenoCam time series from 3-day to a 1-day time step

Description

Necessary step to guarantee consistent data processing between 1 and 3-day data products. Should rarely be used independent of 'download_phenocam()'.

Usage

```
expand_phenocam(data, truncate = NULL, internal = TRUE, out_dir = tempdir())
```

grvi 7

Arguments

data a PhenoCam file
truncate year (numerical), limit the time series to a particular year (default = NULL)
internal return a data structure if given a file on disk (TRUE / FALSE = default)
out_dir output directory where to store data (default = tempdir())

Value

Expanded PhenoCam data structure or file, including 90 day padding if requested.

Examples

grvi

Calculate green-red vegetation index (GRVI)

Description

The GRVI is defined as the normalized ratio between the red and green channel of a RGB image or digital number triplet. However, the blue channel can be used as well using a weighting factor. As such a paramter vector is provided so different channels / DN can be weighted separately.

Usage

```
grvi(data, par = c(1, 1, 1), internal = TRUE, out_dir = tempdir())
```

Arguments

a PhenoCam data file or data frame (when using a file provide a full path if not in the current working directory)

par grvi parameters (digital number weights)

internal return a data structure if given a file on disk (TRUE / FALSE = default)

out_dir output directory where to store data

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Value

Inserts a GRVI data column into the provided PhenoCam data structure or file.

Examples

list_rois

List all site regions-of-interst (ROIs)

Description

The ROI list can be helpful in determining which time series to download using 'download_phenocam()'.

Usage

```
list_rois(out_dir = tempdir(), internal = TRUE)
```

Arguments

Value

A data frame with ROIs for all available cameras

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Examples

```
## Not run:
# download the site meta-data
df <- list_rois()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

list_sites

List all site meta-data

Description

The site list can be helpful in determining which time series to download using 'download_phenocam()'. The site list also includes meta-data concerning plant functional types, general climatological conditions such as mean annual temperature or geographic location.

Usage

```
list_sites(out_dir = tempdir(), internal = TRUE)
```

Arguments

Value

A data frame with meta-data for all available sites.

```
## Not run:
# download the site meta-data
df <- list_sites()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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merge_daymet	Merge Daymet data with a PhenoCam time series

Description

Combine PhenoCam time series with matching climatological variables from Daymet.

Usage

```
merge_daymet(data, trim = FALSE, internal = TRUE, out_dir = tempdir())
```

Arguments

data	a PhenoCam data file or data structure
trim	logical, trim the daymet data to the length of the PhenoCam time series or include the whole Daymet time series (1980-current). (default = FALSE)
internal	return a data structure if given a file on disk (TRUE / FALSE = default)
out_dir	output directory where to store data (default = tempdir())

Value

A PhenoCam data structure or file which combines PhenoCam time series data with Daymet based climate values (columns will be added).

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merge_modis

Merge ORNL MODIS data with a PhenoCam time series

Description

Combine PhenoCam time series with MODIS data for matching dates.

Usage

```
merge_modis(
   data,
   product,
   band,
   trim = FALSE,
   internal = TRUE,
   out_dir = tempdir()
)
```

Arguments

data a PhenoCam data file or data structure

product which MODIS product to query (character vector)
band which MODIS band(s) to include (character vector)

trim logical, trim the MODIS data to the length of the PhenoCam time series or

include the whole Daymet time series (1980-current). (default = FALSE)

internal return a data structure if given a file on disk (TRUE / FALSE = default)

out_dir output directory where to store data (default = tempdir())

Value

A PhenoCam data structure or file which combines PhenoCam time series data with MODIS values (columns will be added). Data is queried from the ORNL MODIS subsets service using the 'MODISTools' package, please consult either sources on product and band names.

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```
band = "250m_16_days_NDVI")
## End(Not run)
```

normalize_ts

Normalize PhenoCam time series

Description

Normalize PhenoCam data between 0-1 to to standardize further processing, independent of the relative amplitude of the time series (works on vectors not data frames). For internal use only.

Usage

```
normalize_ts(df, percentile = 90)
```

Arguments

df a PhenoCam data frame
percentile percentile value to interprete

Value

A normalized PhenoCam time series.

Examples

```
# Internal function only, should not be used stand-alone.
# As such no documentation is provided.
```

optimal_span

Calculates the optimal span for a loess spline

Description

The optimal span is calculated based upon the bayesian information criterion (BIC).

Usage

```
optimal_span(
  y,
  x = NULL,
  weights = NULL,
  step = 0.01,
  label = NULL,
  plot = FALSE
)
```

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Arguments

У	a vector with measurement values to smooth
Χ	a vector with dates / time steps
weights	optional values to weigh the loess fit with
step	span increment size
label	title to be used when plotting function output
plot	plot visual output of the optimization routine

Value

Returns an optimal span to smooth a provided vector using the 'loess()' smoother.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Internal function only, should not be used stand-alone.
1 <- sin(seq(1,10,0.01))
1 <- 1 + runif(length(1))
optimal_span(1, plot = TRUE)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

phenocam_explorer

Starts the phenocamr shiny interface

Description

The GUI allows you to interactively download data and visualize time series.

Usage

```
phenocam_explorer()
```

```
## Not run:
# Starts the PhenoCam explorer GUI in a browser
phenocam_explorer()
## End(Not run)
```

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phenophases

Calculates phenophases

Description

This routine combines a forward and backward run of transition_dates function to calculate the phenophases in both rising and falling parts of a PhenoCam time series.

Usage

```
phenophases(data, mat, internal = TRUE, out_dir = tempdir(), ...)
```

Arguments

a PhenoCam data file (or data frame)

mat mean annual temperature

internal return PhenoCam data file or data frame

out_dir output directory

pass parameters to the transition_dates() function

Value

Estimates of transition dates for both rising and falling parts of a PhenoCam time series. All time series are evaluated (gcc_90, gcc_75, etc). The function returns a nested list with UNIX time based values including uncertainties on these estimates and their associated thresholds. When written to disk UNIX dates are converted to YYYY-MM-DD. The nested list has named locations rising and falling, or location 1 and 2 in the list respectivelly.

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process_phenocam

Function to post-process PhenoCam time series

Description

Wrapper around other more basic funtions, in order to generate phenocam data products.

Usage

```
process_phenocam(
    file,
    outlier_detection = TRUE,
    smooth = TRUE,
    contract = FALSE,
    expand = TRUE,
    truncate,
    phenophase = TRUE,
    snow_flag = FALSE,
    penalty = 0.5,
    out_dir = tempdir(),
    internal = FALSE,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

file 1 or 3-day PhenoCam time series file path outlier_detection TRUE or FALSE, detect outliers smooth smooth data (logical, default is TRUE) contract contract 3-day data upon output (logical, default is TRUE) expand 3-day data upon input (logical, default is TRUE) expand year (numeric) to which to constrain the output truncate phenophase logical, calculate transition dates (default = FALSE) snow_flag integrate snow flags? how sensitive is the change point algorithm, lower is more sensitive (< 1, default penalty = 0.5) out_dir output directory where to store downloaded data (default = tempdir()) internal allow for the data element to be returned to the workspace additional parameters to be forwarded to the phenophases() function, used internally in the routine

read_phenocam

Value

Downloaded files in out_dir of requested time series products, as well as derived phenophase estimates based upon these time series.

Examples

read_phenocam

Read PhenoCam time series data

Description

Reads PhenoCam data into a nested list, preserving header data and critical file name information.

Usage

```
read_phenocam(filename)
```

Arguments

filename

a PhenoCam data file

Value

A nested data structure including site meta-data, the full header and the data as a 'data.frame()'.

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```
# read the phenocamo data file
df = read_phenocam(file.path(tempdir(), "harvard_DB_1000_3day.csv"))
# print data structure
print(summary(df))
# write the phenocamo data file
write_phenocam(df, out_dir = tempdir())
## End(Not run)
```

smooth_ts

Smooth a PhenoCam time series

Description

Smooths time series iteratively using a Akaike information criterion (AIC) to find an optimal smoothing parameter and curve.

Usage

```
smooth_ts(
  data,
  metrics = c("gcc_mean", "gcc_50", "gcc_75", "gcc_90", "rcc_mean", "rcc_50", "rcc_75",
        "rcc_90"),
  force = TRUE,
  internal = TRUE,
  out_dir = tempdir()
)
```

Arguments

a PhenoCam data file or data structure

metrics which metrics to process, normally all default ones

force TRUE / FALSE, force reprocessing?

internal return a data structure if given a file on disk (TRUE / FALSE = default)

out_dir output directory where to store data

Value

An PhenoCam data structure or file with optimally smoothed time series objects added to the original file. Smoothing is required for 'phenophase()' and 'transition_dates()' functions.

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Examples

transition_dates

Calculates transition dates for a PhenoCam time series

Description

Segments of a PhenoCam time series and calculates threshold based transition dates for all segments. This function is rarely called stand alone and 'phenophases()' should be preferred when evaluating PhenoCam time series.

Usage

```
transition_dates(
  data,
  lower_thresh = 0.1,
  middle_thresh = 0.25,
  upper_thresh = 0.5,
  percentile = 90,
  penalty = 0.5,
  seg_length = 14,
  reverse = FALSE,
  plot = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
data a PhenoCam data file or data structure

lower_thresh the minimum threshold used (default = 0.1)
```

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```
middle_thresh the middle threshold used (default = 0.25)

upper_thresh the maximum threshold used (default = 0.5)

percentile time series percentiles to process (mean, 50, 75, 90)

penalty how sensitive is the algorithm, lower is more sensitive (< 1)

seg_length minimum length of a segment to be evaluated

reverse flip the direction of the processing

plot plot for debugging purposes
```

Value

Transition date estimates in UNIX time, including uncertainties and the threshold values estimated for each section of a time series.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# download demo data
download_phenocam(site = "harvard$",
                   veg_type = "DB",
                   roi_id = "1000",
                   frequency = "3")
# read the data and calculate transition dates
df <- read_phenocam(file.path(tempdir(), "harvard_DB_1000_3day.csv"))</pre>
my_dates <- transition_dates(df,</pre>
                             lower_thresh = 0.1,
                             middle_thresh = 0.25,
                             upper_thresh = 0.5,
                             percentile = 90,
                             reverse = FALSE,
                             plot = FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

truncate_phenocam

Truncate a PhenoCam time series

Description

The 'expand_phenocam()' function provides a similar functionality and is prefered. This function remains as it might serve a purpose to some. Might be deprecated in the future.

Usage

```
truncate_phenocam(data, year = 2015, internal = TRUE, out_dir = tempdir())
```

20 write_phenocam

Arguments

data a PhenoCam file or data frame year the last valid year, discard the rest

internal return a data structure if given a file on disk (TRUE / FALSE = default)

out_dir output directory where to store data (default = tempdir())

Value

A truncated PhenoCam data structure or file, with data limited to the year specified.

Examples

write_phenocam

Write a phenocamr data structure to file

Description

Writes a nested data structure of class phenocamr to file, reconstructing the original data structure from included headers and data components.

Usage

```
write_phenocam(df = NULL, out_dir = tempdir())
```

Arguments

df a nested data structure of class phenocamr out_dir output directory where to store data

Value

writes PhenoCam data structure to file, retains proper header info and inserts a processing time stamp.

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