# Package 'rise'

July 23, 2025

Version 1.0.4

Title Conduct RISE Analysis

| tion (RISE) described in Bodily, Nyland, and Wiley (2017)   |     |
|---|-----|
| <doi:10.19173 irrodl.v18i2.2952="">. Automates the process of identifying learning materi-</doi:10.19173>                                       |     |
| als that are not effectively supporting student learning in technology-mediated courses by synthesizing information about access to course con- |     |
| technology-mediated courses by synthesizing information about access to course con-   |     |
| License MIT + file LICENSE  |     |
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rise

RISE Analysis

#### **Description**

Conduct RISE analysis to automatically identify learning outcomes whose learning resources or assessments might benefit from continuous improvement efforts.

# Usage

```
rise(df, visual = FALSE)
```

# **Arguments**

df A dataframe containing three columns: outcome name, avg score on aligned

assessmets, and average views of aligned learning resources. The columns in

the data frame must be in exactly this order.

visual When this argument is FALSE (the default), the function returns an annotated

data frame with RISE information in the final two columns. When this argument

is TRUE, the function returns a ggplot2 graph of the RISE diamond.

## Value

Returns either an annotated data frame or a graph, depending on the value of visual.

#### **Examples**

```
library(ggplot2)
rise(sample_df, visual = TRUE)
```

sample\_df

RISE analysis sample data

### **Description**

Seven learning outcomes, average scores on aligned assessments, and average number of views of each aligned resource.

#### Usage

```
sample_df
```

sample\_df 3

# **Format**

A data frame with 7 rows and 3 variables:

outcomes a learning outcome

avg\_scores average score on aligned assessments

avg\_views average views per student of each aligned learning resource

# **Index**

```
* datasets
    sample_df, 2
rise, 2
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```