

Package ‘rliger’

July 23, 2025

Version 2.2.0

Date 2025-05-01

Type Package

Title Linked Inference of Genomic Experimental Relationships

Description

Uses an extension of nonnegative matrix factorization to identify shared and dataset-specific factors. See Welch J, Kozareva V, et al (2019) <[doi:10.1016/j.cell.2019.05.006](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2019.05.006)>, and Liu J, Gao C, Sodicoff J, et al (2020) <[doi:10.1038/s41596-020-0391-8](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41596-020-0391-8)> for more details.

Author Joshua Welch [aut],
Yichen Wang [aut, cre],
Chao Gao [aut],
Jialin Liu [aut],
Joshua Sodicoff [aut, ctb],
Velina Kozareva [aut, ctb],
Evan Macosko [aut, ctb],
Paul Hoffman [ctb],
Ilya Korsunsky [ctb],
Robert Lee [ctb],
Andrew Robbins [ctb]

Maintainer Yichen Wang <wayichen@umich.edu>

BugReports <https://github.com/welch-lab/liger/issues>

URL <https://welch-lab.github.io/liger/>

License GPL-3

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

VignetteBuilder knitr

Encoding UTF-8

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo, RcppProgress

Depends methods, stats, utils, R (>= 3.5)

Imports cli, DelayedArray, dplyr, ggplot2, grid, HDF5Array, hdf5r, leidenAlg ($\geq 1.1.1$), lifecycle, magrittr, Matrix, RANN, Rcpp, RcppPlanc ($\geq 2.0.0$), rlang, S4Vectors, scales, uwot

Suggests AnnotationDbi, circlize, ComplexHeatmap, cowplot, DESeq2, EnhancedVolcano, fgsea, GenomicRanges, ggrepel, gprofiler2, IRanges, knitr, org.Hs.eg.db, plotly, psych, reactome.db, rmarkdown, Rtsne, sankey, scattermore (≥ 0.7), Seurat, SeuratObject, SingleCellExperiment, SummarizedExperiment, testthat, viridis

NeedsCompilation yes

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-05-01 22:40:02 UTC

Contents

.complexHeatmapDotPlot	5
.ggCellViolin	6
.ggplotLigerTheme	7
.ggScatter	10
.plotHeatmap	12
alignFactors	14
as.liger.dgCMatrix	15
as.ligerDataset.ligerDataset	17
bmmc	19
calcAgreement	19
calcAlignment	21
calcARI	23
calcDatasetSpecificity	24
calcNMI	25
calcPurity	27
centroidAlign	28
closeAllH5	30
commandDiff	31
convertOldLiger	31
coordinate	32
createH5LigerDataset	33
createLiger	34
createLigerDataset	37
deg.marker	38
deg.pw	39
downsample	40
exportInteractTrack	41
getFactorMarkers	42
getProportionMito	44
H5Apply	45
importPBMC	46

imputeKNN	47
is.newLiger	48
isH5Liger	49
liger-class	50
ligerATACDataset-class	60
ligerCommand-class	61
ligerDataset-class	62
ligerMethDataset-class	67
ligerRNADataset-class	67
ligerSpatialDataset-class	68
ligerToSeurat	68
linkGenesAndPeaks	69
louvainCluster-deprecated	71
makeFeatureMatrix	72
makeInteractTrack-deprecated	72
makeRiverplot-deprecated	73
mapCellMeta	74
mergeH5	75
mergeSparseAll	76
modalOf	77
normalize	77
online_iNMF-deprecated	80
optimizeALS-deprecated	81
optimizeNewData	82
optimizeNewK	84
optimizeNewLambda	85
optimizeSubset	87
pbmc	88
pbmcPlot	89
plotBarcodeRank	89
plotCellViolin	90
plotClusterFactorDot	93
plotClusterGeneDot	95
plotClusterGeneViolin	96
plotDensityDimRed	98
plotDimRed	100
plotEnhancedVolcano	105
plotGeneHeatmap	106
plotGeneLoadings	108
plotGeneViolin	110
plotGODot	112
plotGroupClusterDimRed	113
plotMarkerHeatmap	115
plotPairwiseDEGHeatmap	117
plotProportion	119
plotProportionBox	122
plotSankey	124
plotSpatial2D	126

plotVarFeatures	128
plotVolcano	129
quantileAlignSNF	130
quantileNorm	132
quantile_norm-deprecated	135
rawPeak	136
read10X	137
read10XFiles	140
read10XH5	141
readH5AD	142
readLiger	144
readSubset	145
removeMissing	146
restoreH5Liger	148
retrieveCellFeature	149
reverseMethData	150
runCINMF	150
runCluster	153
runGeneralQC	155
runGOEnrich	157
runGSEA	158
runINMF	160
runIntegration	162
runOnlineINMF	164
runPairwiseDEG	168
runTSNE	172
runUINMF	174
runUMAP	176
scaleNotCenter	178
selectBatchHVG	181
selectGenes	183
selectGenesVST	186
sub-liger	187
sub-ligerDataset	187
sub-sub-liger	188
subsetLiger	189
subsetLigerDataset	190
suggestK	192
updateLigerObject	193
writeH5	194
writeH5AD	196

`.complexHeatmapDotPlot`*Generate dot plot from input matrix with ComplexHeatmap*

Description

Generate dot plot from input matrix with ComplexHeatmap

Usage

```
.complexHeatmapDotPlot(  
  colorMat,  
  sizeMat,  
  featureAnnDF = NULL,  
  cellSplitVar = NULL,  
  cellLabels = NULL,  
  maxDotSize = 4,  
  clusterFeature = FALSE,  
  clusterCell = FALSE,  
  legendColorTitle = "Matrix Value",  
  legendSizeTitle = "Fraction Value",  
  transpose = FALSE,  
  baseSize = 8,  
  cellTextSize = NULL,  
  featureTextSize = NULL,  
  cellTitleSize = NULL,  
  featureTitleSize = NULL,  
  legendTextSize = NULL,  
  legendTitleSize = NULL,  
  featureGrpRot = 0,  
  viridisOption = "C",  
  viridisDirection = -1,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

<code>colorMat, sizeMat</code>	Matrix of the same size. Values in <code>colorMat</code> will be visualized with color while values in <code>sizeMat</code> will be reflected by dot size.
<code>featureAnnDF</code>	Data frame of features containing feature names and grouping labels.
<code>cellSplitVar</code>	Split the cell orientation (default columns) by this variable.
<code>cellLabels</code>	Label to be shown on cell orientation.
<code>maxDotSize</code>	The maximum dot size. Default 4.

clusterFeature, clusterCell	Whether the feature/cell orientation (default rows/column, respectively) should be clustered. Default FALSE.
legendColorTitle, legendSizeTitle	The title for color bar and dot size legends, respectively. Default see "Matrix Value" and "Fraction Value".
transpose	Logical, whether to rotate the dot plot orientation. i.e. rows as cell aggregation and columns as features. Default FALSE.
baseSize	One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this. Default 8.
cellTextSize, featureTextSize, legendTextSize	Size of cell labels, feature label and legend text. Default NULL controls by baseSize.
cellTitleSize, featureTitleSize, legendTitleSize	Size of titles on cell and feature orientation and legend title. Default NULL controls by baseSize + 2.
featureGrpRot	Number of degree to rotate the feature grouping label. Default 0.
viridisOption, viridisDirection	See argument option and direction of viridis . Default "A" and -1.
...	Additional arguments passed to Heatmap .

Value

A [HeatmapList](#) object.

.ggCellViolin	<i>Produce single violin plot with data frame passed from upstream</i>
---------------	--

Description

Produce single violin plot with data frame passed from upstream

Usage

```
.ggCellViolin(
  plotDF,
  y,
  groupBy = NULL,
  colorBy = NULL,
  violin = TRUE,
  violinAlpha = 0.8,
  violinWidth = 0.9,
  box = FALSE,
  boxAlpha = 0.6,
  boxWidth = 0.4,
```

```
dot = FALSE,  
dotColor = "black",  
dotSize = getOption("ligerDotSize"),  
xlabAngle = 45,  
raster = NULL,  
seed = 1,  
...  
)
```

Arguments

<code>plotDF</code>	Data frame like object (fortifiable) that contains all necessary information to make the plot.
<code>y</code> , <code>groupBy</code> , <code>colorBy</code>	See plotCellViolin .
<code>violin</code> , <code>box</code> , <code>dot</code>	Logical, whether to add violin plot, box plot or dot (scatter) plot, respectively. Layers are added in the order of dot, violin, and violin on the top surface. By default, only violin plot is generated.
<code>violinAlpha</code> , <code>boxAlpha</code>	Numeric, controls the transparency of layers. Default 0.8, 0.6, respectively.
<code>violinWidth</code> , <code>boxWidth</code>	Numeric, controls the width of violin/box bounding box. Default 0.9 and 0.4.
<code>dotColor</code> , <code>dotSize</code>	Numeric, globally controls the appearance of all dots. Default "black" and <code>getOption("ligerDotSize")</code> (1).
<code>xlabAngle</code>	Numeric, counter-clockwise rotation angle of X axis label text. Default 45.
<code>raster</code>	Logical, whether to rasterize the dot plot. Default NULL automatically rasterizes the dot plot when number of total cells to be plotted exceeds 100,000.
<code>seed</code>	Random seed for reproducibility. Default 1.
<code>...</code>	More theme setting arguments passed to .ggplotLigerTheme .

Value

ggplot object by default. When `plotly = TRUE`, returns plotly (htmlwidget) object.

<code>.ggplotLigerTheme</code>	<i>Generic ggplot theme setting for rliger package</i>
--------------------------------	--

Description

Controls content and size of all peripheral texts.

Usage

```
.ggplotLigerTheme(
  plot,
  title = NULL,
  subtitle = NULL,
  xlab = TRUE,
  ylab = TRUE,
  xlabAngle = 0,
  legendColorTitle = NULL,
  legendFillTitle = NULL,
  legendShapeTitle = NULL,
  legendSizeTitle = NULL,
  showLegend = TRUE,
  legendPosition = "right",
  baseSize = getOption("ligerBaseSize"),
  titleSize = NULL,
  subtitleSize = NULL,
  xTextSize = NULL,
  xFacetSize = NULL,
  xTitleSize = NULL,
  yTextSize = NULL,
  yFacetSize = NULL,
  yTitleSize = NULL,
  legendTextSize = NULL,
  legendTitleSize = NULL,
  legendDotSize = 4,
  panelBorder = FALSE,
  legendNRow = NULL,
  legendNCol = NULL,
  colorLabels = NULL,
  colorValues = NULL,
  colorPalette = "magma",
  colorDirection = -1,
  naColor = "#DEDEDE",
  colorLow = NULL,
  colorMid = NULL,
  colorHigh = NULL,
  colorMidPoint = NULL,
  plotly = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

<code>plot</code>	ggplot object passed from wrapper plotting functions
<code>title, subtitle, xlab, ylab</code>	Main title, subtitle or X/Y axis title text. By default, no main title or subtitle will be set, and X/Y axis title will be the names of variables used for plotting. Use NULL to hide elements. TRUE for xlab or ylab shows default values.

<code>xlabAngle</code>	Numeric, counter-clockwise rotation angle of X axis label text. Default 0 shows horizontal text.
<code>legendColorTitle</code>	Legend title text for color aesthetics, often used for categorical or continuous coloring of dots. Default NULL shows the original variable name.
<code>legendFillTitle</code>	Legend title text for fill aesthetics, often used for violin, box, bar plots. Default NULL shows the original variable name.
<code>legendShapeTitle</code>	Legend title text for shape aesthetics, often used for shaping dots by categorical variable. Default NULL shows the original variable name.
<code>legendSizeTitle</code>	Legend title text for size aesthetics, often used for sizing dots by continuous variable. Default NULL shows the original variable name.
<code>showLegend</code>	Whether to show the legend. Default TRUE.
<code>legendPosition</code>	Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "right".
<code>baseSize</code>	One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.
<code>titleSize, xTitleSize, yTitleSize, legendTitleSize</code>	Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by <code>baseSize + 2</code> .
<code>subtitleSize, xTextSize, yTextSize, legendTextSize</code>	Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by <code>baseSize</code> .
<code>xFacetSize</code>	Size of facet strip label text on x-axis. Default NULL controls by <code>baseSize - 2</code> .
<code>yFacetSize</code>	Size of facet strip label text on y-axis. Default NULL controls by <code>baseSize - 2</code> .
<code>legendDotSize</code>	Allow dots in legend region to be large enough to see the colors/shapes clearly. Default 4.
<code>panelBorder</code>	Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.
<code>legendNRow, legendNCol</code>	Integer, when too many categories in one variable, arranges number of rows or columns. Default NULL, automatically split to <code>ceiling(levels(variable)/15)</code> columns.
<code>colorLabels</code>	Character vector for modifying category names in a color legend. Passed to <code>ggplot2::scale_color_manual(labels)</code> . Default NULL uses original levels of the factor.
<code>colorValues</code>	Character vector of colors for modifying category colors in a color legend. Passed to <code>ggplot2::scale_color_manual(values)</code> . Default NULL uses internal selected palette when ≤ 26 categories are presented, otherwise ggplot hues.
<code>colorPalette</code>	For continuous coloring, an index or a palette name to select from available options from ggplot scale_brewer or viridis . Default "magma".

colorDirection	Choose 1 or -1. Applied when colorPalette is from Viridis options. Default -1 use darker color for higher value, while 1 reverses this direction.
naColor	The color code for NA values. Default "#DEDEDE". scale_colour_gradient2 . Default NULL.
colorLow, colorMid, colorHigh, colorMidPoint	All four of these must be specified to customize palette with
plotly	Whether to use plotly to enable web based interactive browsing for the plot. Requires installation of package "plotly". Default FALSE.

Value

Updated ggplot object by default. When plotly = TRUE, returns plotly (htmlwidget) object.

.ggScatter	<i>Produce single scatter plot with data frame passed from upstream</i>
------------	---

Description

Produce single scatter plot with data frame passed from upstream

Usage

```
.ggScatter(
  plotDF,
  x,
  y,
  colorBy = NULL,
  shapeBy = NULL,
  dotOrder = c("shuffle", "ascending", "descending"),
  dotSize = getOption("ligerDotSize"),
  dotAlpha = 0.9,
  trimHigh = NULL,
  trimLow = NULL,
  zeroAsNA = TRUE,
  raster = NULL,
  labelBy = colorBy,
  labelText = TRUE,
  labelTextSize = 4,
  ggrepelLabelTick = FALSE,
  seed = 1,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>plotDF</code>	Data frame like object (fortifiable) that contains all necessary information to make the plot.
<code>x, y</code>	Available variable name in <code>cellMeta</code> slot to look for the dot coordinates. See details.
<code>colorBy, shapeBy</code>	See plotDimRed .
<code>dotOrder</code>	Controls the order that each dot is added to the plot. Choose from "shuffle", "ascending", or "descending". Default "shuffle", useful when coloring by categories that overlaps (e.g. "dataset"), "ascending" can be useful when coloring by a continuous variable (e.g. gene expression) where high values needs more highlight. NULL use default order.
<code>dotSize, dotAlpha</code>	Numeric, controls the size or transparency of all dots. Default <code>getOption("ligerDotSize")</code> (1) and 0.9.
<code>trimHigh, trimLow</code>	Numeric, limit the largest or smallest value of continuous <code>colorBy</code> variable. Default NULL.
<code>zeroAsNA</code>	Logical, whether to set zero values in continuous <code>colorBy</code> variable to NA so the color of these value.
<code>raster</code>	Logical, whether to rasterize the plot. Default NULL automatically rasterize the plot when number of total dots to be plotted exceeds 100,000.
<code>labelBy</code>	A variable name available in <code>plotDF</code> . If the variable is categorical (a factor), the label position will be the median coordinates of all dots within the same group. Unique labeling in character vector for each dot is also acceptable. Default <code>colorBy</code> .
<code>labelText</code>	Logical, whether to show text label at the median position of each categorical group specified by <code>colorBy</code> . Default TRUE. Does not work when continuous coloring is specified.
<code>labelTextSize</code>	Numeric, controls the size of label size when <code>labelText</code> = TRUE. Default 4.
<code>ggrepelLabelTick</code>	Logical, whether to force showing the tick between label texts and the position they point to. Useful when a lot of text labels are required. Default FALSE. Run <code>options(ggrepel.max.overlaps = n)</code> before plotting to set allowed label overlaps.
<code>seed</code>	Random seed for reproducibility. Default 1.
<code>...</code>	More theme setting arguments passed to .ggplotLigerTheme .

Details

Having package "ggrepel" installed can help adding tidier text labels on the scatter plot.

Value

ggplot object by default. When `plotly` = TRUE, returns plotly (htmlwidget) object.

*.plotHeatmap**General heatmap plotting with prepared matrix and data.frames***Description**

This is not an exported function. This documentation just serves for a manual of extra arguments that users can use when generating heatmaps with [plotGeneHeatmap](#) or [plotFactorHeatmap](#).

Note that the following arguments are pre-occupied by upstream wrappers so users should not include them in a function call: `dataMatrix`, `dataName`, `cellDF`, `featureDF`, `cellSplitVar`, `featureSplitVar`.

The following arguments of [Heatmap](#) is occupied by this function, so users should include them in a function call as well: `matrix`, `name`, `col`, `heatmap_legend_param`, `top_annotation`, `column_title_gp`, `column_names_gp`, `show_column_names`, `column_split`, `column_gap`, `left_annotation`, `row_title_gp`, `row_names_gp`, `show_row_names`, `row_split`, `row_gap`.

Usage

```
.plotHeatmap(
  dataMatrix,
  dataName = "Value",
  cellDF = NULL,
  featureDF = NULL,
  transpose = FALSE,
  cellSplitVar = NULL,
  featureSplitVar = NULL,
  dataScaleFunc = NULL,
  showCellLabel = FALSE,
  showCellLegend = TRUE,
  showFeatureLabel = TRUE,
  showFeatureLegend = TRUE,
  cellAnnColList = NULL,
  featureAnnColList = NULL,
  scale = FALSE,
  trim = c(-2, 2),
  baseSize = 8,
  cellTextSize = NULL,
  featureTextSize = NULL,
  cellTitleSize = NULL,
  featureTitleSize = NULL,
  legendTextSize = NULL,
  legendTitleSize = NULL,
  viridisOption = "A",
  viridisDirection = -1,
  RColorBrewerOption = "RdBu",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>dataMatrix</code>	Matrix object with features/factors as rows and cells as columns.
<code>dataName</code>	Text for heatmap color bar title. Default Value.
<code>cellDF</code>	data.frame object. Number of rows must match with number of columns of <code>dataMatrix</code> .
<code>featureDF</code>	data.frame object. Number of columns must match with number of rows of <code>dataMatrix</code> .
<code>transpose</code>	Logical, whether to "rotate" the heatmap by 90 degrees so that cell information is displayed by row. Default FALSE.
<code>cellSplitVar, featureSplitVar</code>	Subset columns of <code>cellDF</code> or <code>featureDF</code> , respectively.
<code>dataScaleFunc</code>	A function object, applied to <code>dataMatrix</code> .
<code>showCellLabel, showFeatureLabel</code>	Logical, whether to show cell barcodes, gene symbols or factor names. Default TRUE for gene/factors but FALSE for cells.
<code>showCellLegend, showFeatureLegend</code>	Logical, whether to show cell or feature legends. Default TRUE. Can be a scalar for overall control or a vector matching with each given annotation variable.
<code>cellAnnColList, featureAnnColList</code>	List object, with each element a named vector of R-interpretable color code. The names of the list elements are used for matching the annotation variable names. The names of the colors in the vectors are used for matching the levels of a variable (factor object, categorical). Default NULL generates ggplot-flavor categorical colors.
<code>scale</code>	Logical, whether to take z-score to scale and center gene expression. Applied after <code>dataScaleFunc</code> . Default FALSE.
<code>trim</code>	Numeric vector of two values. Limit the z-score value into this range when <code>scale = TRUE</code> . Default <code>c(-2, 2)</code> .
<code>baseSize</code>	One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.
<code>cellTextSize, featureTextSize, legendTextSize</code>	Size of cell barcode labels, gene/factor labels, or legend values. Default NULL.
<code>cellTitleSize, featureTitleSize, legendTitleSize</code>	Size of titles of the cell slices, gene/factor slices, or the legends. Default NULL.
<code>viridisOption, viridisDirection</code>	See argument option and direction of viridis . Default "A" and -1.
<code>RColorBrewerOption</code>	When <code>scale = TRUE</code> , heatmap color will be mapped with brewer.pal . This is passed to name. Default "RdBu".
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments to be passed to Heatmap .

Value

[HeatmapList-class](#) object

alignFactors

*Align factor loadings to get final integration***Description**

This function is a wrapper to switch between alternative factor loading alignment methods that LIGER provides, which is a required step for producing the final integrated result. Two methods are provided (click on options for more details):

- method = `"quantileNorm"`: Previously published quantile normalization method. (default)
- method = `"centroidAlign"`: Newly developed centroid alignment method. **[Experimental]**

Usage

```
alignFactors(object, method = c("quantileNorm", "centroidAlign"), ...)

## S3 method for class 'liger'
alignFactors(object, method = c("quantileNorm", "centroidAlign"), ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
alignFactors(object, method = c("quantileNorm", "centroidAlign"), ...)
```

Arguments

object	A liger or Seurat object with valid factorization result available (i.e. runIntegration performed in advance).
method	Character, method to align factors. Default <code>"centroidAlign"</code> . Optionally <code>"quantileNorm"</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to selected methods. For <code>"quantileNorm"</code> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <code>quantiles</code> Number of quantiles to use for quantile normalization. Default 50. <code>reference</code> Character, numeric or logical selection of one dataset, out of all available datasets in object, to use as a "reference" for quantile normalization. Default NULL tries to find an RNA dataset with the largest number of cells; if no RNA dataset available, use the globally largest dataset. <code>minCells</code> Minimum number of cells to consider a cluster shared across datasets. Default 20. <code>nNeighbors</code> Number of nearest neighbors for within-dataset knn graph. Default 20. <code>useDims</code> Indices of factors to use for shared nearest factor determination. Default NULL uses all factors. <code>center</code> Whether to center the data when scaling factors. Could be useful for less sparse modalities like methylation data. Default FALSE. <code>maxSample</code> Maximum number of cells used for quantile normalization of each cluster and factor. Default 1000.

eps The error bound of the nearest neighbor search. Lower values give more accurate nearest neighbor graphs but take much longer to compute. Default 0.9.

refineKNN Whether to increase robustness of cluster assignments using KNN graph. Default TRUE.

clusterName Variable name that will store the clustering result in metadata of a [liger](#) object or a Seurat object. Default "quantileNorm_cluster".

seed Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1.

verbose Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default `getOption("ligerVerbose")` or TRUE if users have not set.

For "centroidAlign" **[Experimental]**:

lambda Ridge regression penalty applied to each dataset. Can be one number that applies to all datasets, or a numeric vector with length equal to the number of datasets. Default 1.

useDims Indices of factors to use considered for the alignment. Default NULL uses all factors.

scaleEmb Logical, whether to scale the factor loading being considered as the embedding. Default TRUE.

centerEmb Logical, whether to center the factor loading being considered as the embedding before scaling it. Default TRUE.

scaleCluster Logical, whether to scale the factor loading being considered as the cluster assignment probability. Default FALSE.

centerCluster Logical, whether to center the factor loading being considered as the cluster assignment probability before scaling it. Default FALSE.

shift Logical, whether to shift the factor loading being considered as the cluster assignment probability after centered scaling. Default FALSE.

diagnosis Logical, whether to return cell metadata variables with diagnostic information. Default FALSE.

See Also

[quantileNorm](#), [centroidAlign](#)

as.liger.dgCMatrix	<i>Converting other classes of data to a liger object</i>
--------------------	---

Description

This function converts data stored in SingleCellExperiment (SCE), Seurat object or a merged sparse matrix (dgCMatrix) into a liger object. This is designed for a container object or matrix that already contains multiple datasets to be integrated with LIGER. For individual datasets, please use [createLiger](#) instead.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'dgCMatrix'
as.liger(object, datasetVar = NULL, modal = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'SingleCellExperiment'
as.liger(object, datasetVar = NULL, modal = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
as.liger(object, datasetVar = NULL, modal = NULL, assay = NULL, ...)

seuratToLiger(object, datasetVar = NULL, modal = NULL, assay = NULL, ...)

as.liger(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	Object.
datasetVar	Specify the dataset belonging by: 1. Select a variable from existing metadata in the object (e.g. colData column); 2. Specify a vector/factor that assign the dataset belonging. 3. Give a single character string which means that all data is from one dataset (must not be a metadata variable, otherwise it is understood as 1.). Default NULL gathers things into one dataset and names it "sample" for dgCMatrix, attempts to find variable "sample" from SCE or "orig.ident" from Seurat.
modal	Modality setting for each dataset. See createLiger .
...	Additional arguments passed to createLiger
assay	Name of assay to use. Default NULL uses current active assay.

Details

For Seurat V5 structure, it is highly recommended that users make use of its split layer feature, where things like "counts", "data", and "scale.data" can be held for each dataset in the same Seurat object, e.g. with "count.ctrl", "count.stim", not merged. If a Seurat object with split layers is given, datasetVar will be ignored and the layers will be directly used.

Value

a [liger](#) object.

Examples

```
# dgCMatrix (common sparse matrix class), usually obtained from other
# container object, and contains multiple samples merged in one.
matList <- rawData(pbmc)
multiSampleMatrix <- mergeSparseAll(matList)
# The `datasetVar` argument expects the variable assigning the sample source
pbmc2 <- as.liger(multiSampleMatrix, datasetVar = pbmc$dataset)
pbmc2
```

```

if (requireNamespace("SingleCellExperiment", quietly = TRUE)) {
  sce <- SingleCellExperiment::SingleCellExperiment(
    assays = list(counts = multiSampleMatrix)
  )
  sce$sample <- pbmc$dataset
  pbmc3 <- as.liger(sce, datasetVar = "sample")
  pbmc3
}

if (requireNamespace("Seurat", quietly = TRUE)) {
  seu <- SeuratObject::CreateSeuratObject(multiSampleMatrix)
  # Seurat creates variable "orig.ident" by identifying the cell barcode
  # prefixes, which is indeed what we need in this case. Users might need
  # to be careful and have it confirmed first.
  pbmc4 <- as.liger(seu, datasetVar = "orig.ident")
  pbmc4

  # As per Seurat V5 updates with layered data, specifically helpful under the
  # scenario of dataset integration. "counts" and etc for each datasets can be
  # split into layers.
  seu5 <- seu
  seu5[["RNA"]] <- split(seu5[["RNA"]], pbmc$dataset)
  print(SeuratObject::Layers(seu5))
  pbmc5 <- as.liger(seu5)
  pbmc5
}

```

as.ligerDataset.ligerDataset

Converting other classes of data to a ligerDataset object

Description

Works for converting a matrix or container object to a single ligerDataset, and can also convert the modality preset of a ligerDataset. When used with a dense matrix object, it automatically converts the matrix to sparse form ([dgCMatrix-class](#)). When used with container objects such as Seurat or SingleCellExperiment, it is highly recommended that the object contains only one dataset/sample which is going to be integrated with LIGER. For multi-sample objects, please use [as.liger](#) with dataset source variable specified.

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'ligerDataset'
as.ligerDataset(
  object,
  modal = c("default", "rna", "atac", "spatial", "meth"),

```

```

    ...
  )

## Default S3 method:
as.ligerDataset(
  object,
  modal = c("default", "rna", "atac", "spatial", "meth"),
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'matrix'
as.ligerDataset(
  object,
  modal = c("default", "rna", "atac", "spatial", "meth"),
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
as.ligerDataset(
  object,
  modal = c("default", "rna", "atac", "spatial", "meth"),
  assay = NULL,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'SingleCellExperiment'
as.ligerDataset(
  object,
  modal = c("default", "rna", "atac", "spatial", "meth"),
  ...
)

as.ligerDataset(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	Object.
modal	Modality setting for each dataset. Choose from "default", "rna", "atac", "spatial", "meth".
...	Additional arguments passed to createLigerDataset
assay	Name of assay to use. Default NULL uses current active assay.

Value

a [liger](#) object.

Examples

```
ctrl <- dataset(pbm, "ctrl")
```

```

ctrl
# Convert the modality preset
as.ligerDataset(ctrl, modal = "atac")
rawCounts <- rawData(ctrl)
class(rawCounts)
as.ligerDataset(rawCounts)

```

bmmc	<i>liger object of bone marrow subsample data with RNA and ATAC modality</i>
------	--

Description

liger object of bone marrow subsample data with RNA and ATAC modality

Usage

```
bmmc
```

Format

liger object with two dataset named by "rna" and "atac"

Source

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41587-019-0332-7>

References

Jeffrey M. Granja and et. al., Nature Biotechnology, 2019

calcAgreement	<i>Calculate agreement metric after integration</i>
---------------	---

Description

This metric quantifies how much the factorization and alignment distorts the geometry of the original datasets. The greater the agreement, the less distortion of geometry there is. This is calculated by performing dimensionality reduction on the original and integrated (factorized or plus aligned) datasets, and measuring similarity between the k nearest neighbors for each cell in original and integrated datasets. The Jaccard index is used to quantify similarity, and is the final metric averages across all cells.

Note that for most datasets, the greater the chosen nNeighbor, the greater the agreement in general. Although agreement can theoretically approach 1, in practice it is usually no higher than 0.2-0.3.

Usage

```
calcAgreement(
  object,
  ndims = 40,
  nNeighbors = 15,
  useRaw = FALSE,
  byDataset = FALSE,
  seed = 1,
  dr.method = NULL,
  k = nNeighbors,
  use.aligned = NULL,
  rand.seed = seed,
  by.dataset = byDataset
)
```

Arguments

object	liger object. Should call alignFactors before calling.
ndims	Number of factors to produce in NMF. Default 40.
nNeighbors	Number of nearest neighbors to use in calculating Jaccard index. Default 15.
useRaw	Whether to evaluate just factorized H matrices instead of using aligned $H.norm$ matrix. Default FALSE uses aligned matrix.
byDataset	Whether to return agreement calculated for each dataset instead of the average for all datasets. Default FALSE.
seed	Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1.
dr.method	[Defunct] We no longer support other methods but just NMF.
k, rand.seed, by.dataset	[Superseded] See Usage for replacement.
use.aligned	[Superseded] Use useRaw instead.

Value

A numeric vector of agreement metric. A single value if byDataset = FALSE or each dataset a value otherwise.

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
  pbmc <- pbmc %>%
    normalize %>%
    selectGenes %>%
    scaleNotCenter %>%
    runINMF %>%
    alignFactors
  calcAgreement(pbmc)
}
```

calcAlignment	<i>Calculate alignment metric after integration</i>
---------------	---

Description

This metric quantifies how well-aligned two or more datasets are. We randomly downsample all datasets to have as many cells as the smallest one. We construct a nearest-neighbor graph and calculate for each cell how many of its neighbors are from the same dataset. We average across all cells and compare to the expected value for perfectly mixed datasets, and scale the value from 0 to 1. Note that in practice, alignment can be greater than 1 occasionally.

Usage

```
calcAlignment(
  object,
  clustersUse = NULL,
  clusterVar = NULL,
  nNeighbors = NULL,
  cellIdx = NULL,
  cellComp = NULL,
  resultBy = c("all", "dataset", "cell"),
  seed = 1,
  k = nNeighbors,
  rand.seed = seed,
  cells.use = cellIdx,
  cells.comp = cellComp,
  clusters.use = clustersUse,
  by.cell = NULL,
  by.dataset = NULL
)
```

Arguments

object	A liger object, with alignFactors already run.
clustersUse	The clusters to consider for calculating the alignment. Should be a vector of existing levels in clusterVar. Default NULL. See Details.
clusterVar	The name of one variable in cellMeta(object). Default NULL uses default clusters.
nNeighbors	Number of neighbors to use in calculating alignment. Default NULL uses <code>floor(0.01*ncol(object))</code> , with a lower bound of 10 in all cases except where the total number of sampled cells is less than 10.
cellIdx, cellComp	Character, logical or numeric index that can subscribe cells. Default NULL. See Details.
resultBy	Select from "all", "dataset" or "cell". On which level should the mean alignment be calculated. Default "all".

seed Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1.
 k, rand.seed, cells.use, cells.comp, clusters.use
 [Superseded] Please see Usage for replacement.
 by.cell, by.dataset
 [Superseded] Use resultBy instead.

Details

\bar{x} is the average number of neighbors belonging to any cells' same dataset, N is the number of datasets, k is the number of neighbors in the KNN graph.

$$1 - \frac{\bar{x} - \frac{k}{N}}{k - \frac{k}{N}}$$

The selection on cells to be measured can be done in various way and represent different scenarios:

1. By default, all cells are considered and the alignment across all datasets will be calculated.
2. Select clustersUse from clusterVar to use cells from the clusters of interests. This measures the alignment across all covered datasets within the specified clusters.
3. Only Specify cellIdx for flexible selection. This measures the alignment across all covered datasets within the specified cells. A none-NULL cellIdx privileges over clustersUse.
4. Specify cellIdx and cellComp at the same time, so that the original dataset source will be ignored and cells specified by each argument will be regarded as from each a dataset. This measures the alignment between cells specified by the two arguments. cellComp can contain cells already specified in cellIdx.

Value

The alignment metric.

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
  pbmc <- pbmc %>%
    normalize %>%
    selectGenes %>%
    scaleNotCenter %>%
    runINMF %>%
    alignFactors
  calcAlignment(pbmc)
}
```

calcARI	<i>Calculate adjusted Rand index (ARI) by comparing two cluster labeling variables</i>
---------	--

Description

This function aims at calculating the adjusted Rand index for the clustering result obtained with LIGER and the external clustering (existing "true" annotation). ARI ranges from 0 to 1, with a score of 0 indicating no agreement between clusterings and 1 indicating perfect agreement.

The true clustering annotation must be specified as the base line. We suggest setting it to the object `cellMeta` so that it can be easily used for many other visualization and evaluation functions.

The ARI can be calculated for only specified datasets, since true annotation might not be available for all datasets. Evaluation for only one or a few datasets can be done by specifying `useDatasets`. If `useDatasets` is specified, the argument checking for `trueCluster` and `useCluster` will be enforced to match the cells in the specified datasets.

Usage

```
calcARI(
  object,
  trueCluster,
  useCluster = NULL,
  useDatasets = NULL,
  verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
  classes.compare = trueCluster
)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	A liger object, with the clustering result present in <code>cellMeta</code> .
<code>trueCluster</code>	Either the name of one variable in <code>cellMeta(object)</code> or a factor object with annotation that matches with all cells being considered.
<code>useCluster</code>	The name of one variable in <code>cellMeta(object)</code> . Default NULL uses default clusters.
<code>useDatasets</code>	A character vector of the names, a numeric or logical vector of the index of the datasets to be considered for the purity calculation. Default NULL uses all datasets.
<code>verbose</code>	Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.
<code>classes.compare</code>	. [Superseded] Use <code>trueCluster</code> instead.

Value

A numeric scalar, the ARI of the clustering result indicated by `useCluster` compared to `trueCluster`.

A numeric scalar of the ARI value

References

L. Hubert and P. Arabie (1985) Comparing Partitions, Journal of the Classification, 2, pp. 193-218.

Examples

```
# Assume the true cluster in `pbmcPlot` is "leiden_cluster"
# generate fake new labeling
fake <- sample(1:7, ncol(pbmcPlot), replace = TRUE)
# Insert into cellMeta
pbmcPlot$new <- factor(fake)
calcARI(pbmcPlot, trueCluster = "leiden_cluster", useCluster = "new")

# Now assume we got existing base line annotation only for "stim" dataset
nStim <- ncol(dataset(pbmcPlot, "stim"))
stimTrueLabel <- factor(fake[1:nStim])
# Insert into cellMeta
cellMeta(pbmcPlot, "stim_true_label", useDatasets = "stim") <- stimTrueLabel
# Assume "leiden_cluster" is the clustering result we got and need to be
# evaluated
calcARI(pbmcPlot, trueCluster = "stim_true_label",
        useCluster = "leiden_cluster", useDatasets = "stim")

# Comparison of the same labeling should always yield 1.
calcARI(pbmcPlot, trueCluster = "leiden_cluster", useCluster = "leiden_cluster")
```

calcDatasetSpecificity

Calculate a dataset-specificity score for each factor

Description

This score represents the relative magnitude of the dataset-specific components of each factor's gene loadings compared to the shared components for two datasets. First, for each dataset we calculate the norm of the sum of each factor's shared loadings (W) and dataset-specific loadings (V). We then determine the ratio of these two values and subtract from 1... TODO: finish description.

Usage

```
calcDatasetSpecificity(
  object,
  dataset1,
  dataset2,
  doPlot = FALSE,
  do.plot = doPlot
)
```

Arguments

object	liger object with factorization results.
dataset1	Name of first dataset. Required.
dataset2	Name of second dataset. Required.
doPlot	Logical. Whether to display a barplot of dataset specificity scores (by factor). Default FALSE.
do.plot	Deprecated. Use doPlot instead.

Value

List containing three elements.

pct1	Vector of the norm of each metagene factor for dataset1.
pct2	Vector of the norm of each metagene factor for dataset2.
pctSpec	Vector of dataset specificity scores.

calcNMI	<i>Calculate Normalized Mutual Information (NMI) by comparing two cluster labeling variables</i>
---------	--

Description

This function aims at calculating the Normalized Mutual Information for the clustering result obtained with LIGER and the external clustering (existing "true" annotation). NMI ranges from 0 to 1, with a score of 0 indicating no agreement between clusterings and 1 indicating perfect agreement. The mathematical definition of NMI is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 H(X) &= - \sum_{x \in X} P(X = x) \log_2 P(X = x) \\
 H(X|Y) &= - \sum_{y \in Y} P(Y = y) \sum_{x \in X} P(X = x|Y = y) \log_2 P(X = x|Y = y) \\
 I(X; Y) &= H(X) - H(X|Y) \\
 NMI(X; Y) &= \frac{I(X; Y)}{\sqrt{H(X)H(Y)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Where X is the cluster variable to be evaluated and Y is the true cluster variable. x and y are the cluster labels in X and Y respectively. H is the entropy and I is the mutual information.

The true clustering annotation must be specified as the base line. We suggest setting it to the object cellMeta so that it can be easily used for many other visualization and evaluation functions.

The NMI can be calculated for only specified datasets, since true annotation might not be available for all datasets. Evaluation for only one or a few datasets can be done by specifying useDatasets. If useDatasets is specified, the argument checking for trueCluster and useCluster will be enforced to match the cells in the specified datasets.

Usage

```
calcNMI(
  object,
  trueCluster,
  useCluster = NULL,
  useDatasets = NULL,
  verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE)
)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	A liger object, with the clustering result present in <code>cellMeta</code> .
<code>trueCluster</code>	Either the name of one variable in <code>cellMeta(object)</code> or a factor object with annotation that matches with all cells being considered.
<code>useCluster</code>	The name of one variable in <code>cellMeta(object)</code> . Default NULL uses default clusters.
<code>useDatasets</code>	A character vector of the names, a numeric or logical vector of the index of the datasets to be considered for the purity calculation. Default NULL uses all datasets.
<code>verbose</code>	Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.

Value

A numeric scalar of the NMI value

Examples

```
# Assume the true cluster in `pbmcPlot` is "leiden_cluster"
# generate fake new labeling
fake <- sample(1:7, ncol(pbmcPlot), replace = TRUE)
# Insert into cellMeta
pbmcPlot$new <- factor(fake)
calcNMI(pbmcPlot, trueCluster = "leiden_cluster", useCluster = "new")

# Now assume we got existing base line annotation only for "stim" dataset
nStim <- ncol(dataset(pbmcPlot, "stim"))
stimTrueLabel <- factor(fake[1:nStim])
# Insert into cellMeta
cellMeta(pbmcPlot, "stim_true_label", useDatasets = "stim") <- stimTrueLabel
# Assume "leiden_cluster" is the clustering result we got and need to be
# evaluated
calcNMI(pbmcPlot, trueCluster = "stim_true_label",
        useCluster = "leiden_cluster", useDatasets = "stim")

# Comparison of the same labeling should always yield 1.
calcNMI(pbmcPlot, trueCluster = "leiden_cluster", useCluster = "leiden_cluster")
```

calcPurity

*Calculate purity by comparing two cluster labeling variables***Description**

This function aims at calculating the purity for the clustering result obtained with LIGER and the external clustering (existing "true" annotation). Purity can sometimes be a more useful metric when the clustering to be tested contains more subgroups or clusters than the true clusters. Purity ranges from 0 to 1, with a score of 1 representing a pure, accurate clustering.

The true clustering annotation must be specified as the base line. We suggest setting it to the object cellMeta so that it can be easily used for many other visualization and evaluation functions.

The purity can be calculated for only specified datasets, since true annotation might not be available for all datasets. Evaluation for only one or a few datasets can be done by specifying useDatasets. If useDatasets is specified, the argument checking for trueCluster and useCluster will be enforced to match the cells in the specified datasets.

Usage

```
calcPurity(
  object,
  trueCluster,
  useCluster = NULL,
  useDatasets = NULL,
  verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
  classes.compare = trueCluster
)
```

Arguments

object	A liger object, with the clustering result present in cellMeta.
trueCluster	Either the name of one variable in cellMeta(object) or a factor object with annotation that matches with all cells being considered.
useCluster	The name of one variable in cellMeta(object). Default NULL uses default clusters.
useDatasets	A character vector of the names, a numeric or logical vector of the index of the datasets to be considered for the purity calculation. Default NULL uses all datasets.
verbose	Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default getOption("ligerVerbose") or TRUE if users have not set.
classes.compare	[Superseded] Use trueCluster instead.

Value

A numeric scalar, the purity of the clustering result indicated by useCluster compared to trueCluster.

Examples

```
# Assume the true cluster in `pbmcPlot` is "leiden_cluster"
# generate fake new labeling
fake <- sample(1:7, ncol(pbmcPlot), replace = TRUE)
# Insert into cellMeta
pbmcPlot$new <- factor(fake)
calcPurity(pbmcPlot, trueCluster = "leiden_cluster", useCluster = "new")

# Now assume we got existing base line annotation only for "stim" dataset
nStim <- ncol(dataset(pbmcPlot, "stim"))
stimTrueLabel <- factor(fake[1:nStim])
# Insert into cellMeta
cellMeta(pbmcPlot, "stim_true_label", useDatasets = "stim") <- stimTrueLabel
# Assume "leiden_cluster" is the clustering result we got and need to be
# evaluated
calcPurity(pbmcPlot, trueCluster = "stim_true_label",
            useCluster = "leiden_cluster", useDatasets = "stim")
```

centroidAlign

[Experimental] *Align factor loading by centroid alignment (beta)*

Description

This process treats the factor loading of each dataset as the low dimensional embedding as well as the cluster assignment probability, i.e. the soft clustering result. Then the method aligns the embedding by linearly moving the centroids of the same cluster but within each dataset towards each other.

ATTENTION: This method is still under development while has shown encouraging results in benchmarking tests. The arguments and their default values reflect the best scored parameters in the tests and some of them may be subject to change in the future.

Usage

```
centroidAlign(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'liger'
centroidAlign(
  object,
  lambda = 1,
  useDims = NULL,
  scaleEmb = TRUE,
  centerEmb = TRUE,
  scaleCluster = FALSE,
  centerCluster = FALSE,
  shift = FALSE,
  diagnosis = FALSE,
  ...
```

```

)

## S3 method for class 'Seurat'
centroidAlign(
  object,
  reduction = "inmf",
  lambda = 1,
  useDims = NULL,
  scaleEmb = TRUE,
  centerEmb = TRUE,
  scaleCluster = FALSE,
  centerCluster = FALSE,
  shift = FALSE,
  diagnosis = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

Arguments

object	A liger or Seurat object with valid factorization result available (i.e. runIntegration performed in advance).
...	Arguments passed to other S3 methods of this function.
lambda	Ridge regression penalty applied to each dataset. Can be one number that applies to all datasets, or a numeric vector with length equal to the number of datasets. Default 1.
useDims	Indices of factors to use considered for the alignment. Default NULL uses all factors.
scaleEmb	Logical, whether to scale the factor loading being considered as the embedding. Default TRUE.
centerEmb	Logical, whether to center the factor loading being considered as the embedding before scaling it. Default TRUE.
scaleCluster	Logical, whether to scale the factor loading being considered as the cluster assignment probability. Default FALSE.
centerCluster	Logical, whether to center the factor loading being considered as the cluster assignment probability before scaling it. Default FALSE.
shift	Logical, whether to shift the factor loading being considered as the cluster assignment probability after centered scaling. Default FALSE.
diagnosis	Logical, whether to return cell metadata variables with diagnostic information. See Details. Default FALSE.
reduction	Name of the reduction where LIGER integration result is stored. Default "inmf".

Details

Diagnostic information include:

- object\$raw_which.max: The index of the factor with the maximum value in the raw factor loading.

- `object$R_which.max`: The index of the factor with the maximum value in the soft clustering probability matrix used for correction.
- `object$Z_which.max`: The index of the factor with the maximum value in the aligned factor loading.

Value

Returns the updated input object

- liger method
 - Update the `H.norm` slot for the aligned cell factor loading, ready for running graph based community detection clustering or dimensionality reduction for visualization.
 - Update the `cellMata` slot with diagnostic information if `diagnosis = TRUE`.
- Seurat method
 - Update the `reductions` slot with a new `DimReduc` object containing the aligned cell factor loading.
 - Update the `metadata` with diagnostic information if `diagnosis = TRUE`.

Examples

```
pbmc <- centroidAlign(pbmcPlot)
```

`closeAllH5`

Close all links (to HDF5 files) of a liger object

Description

When need to interact with the data embedded in HDF5 files out of the current R session, the HDF5 files has to be closed in order to be available to other processes.

Usage

```
closeAllH5(object)

## S3 method for class 'liger'
closeAllH5(object)

## S3 method for class 'ligerDataset'
closeAllH5(object)
```

Arguments

`object` liger object.

Value

Nothing is returned.

commandDiff	<i>Check difference of two liger command</i>
-------------	--

Description

Check difference of two liger command

Usage

```
commandDiff(object, cmd1, cmd2)
```

Arguments

object	liger object
cmd1, cmd2	Exact string of command labels. Available options could be viewed with running <code>commands(object)</code> .

Value

If any difference found, a character vector summarizing all differences

Examples

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc, log = TRUE, scaleFactor = 1e4)
cmds <- commands(pbmc)
commandDiff(pbmc, cmds[1], cmds[2])
```

convertOldLiger	<i>Convert old liger object to latest version</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Convert old liger object to latest version

Usage

```
convertOldLiger(
  object,
  dimredName,
  clusterName = "clusters",
  h5FilePath = NULL
)
```

Arguments

object	liger object from rliger version <1.99.0
dimredName	The name of variable in cellMeta slot to store the dimensionality reduction matrix, which originally located in tsne.coords slot. Default "tsne.coords".
clusterName	The name of variable in cellMeta slot to store the clustering assignment, which originally located in clusters slot. Default "clusters".
h5FilePath	Named list, to specify the path to the H5 file of each dataset if location has been changed. Default NULL looks at the file paths stored in object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Suppose you have a liger object of old version (<1.99.0)
newLig <- convertOldLiger(oldLig)

## End(Not run)
```

coordinate	<i>Access ligerSpatialDataset coordinate data</i>
------------	---

Description

Similar as how default [ligerDataset](#) data is accessed.

Usage

```
coordinate(x, dataset)

coordinate(x, dataset, check = TRUE) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'liger,character'
coordinate(x, dataset)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,character'
coordinate(x, dataset, check = TRUE) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'ligerSpatialDataset,missing'
coordinate(x, dataset = NULL)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerSpatialDataset,missing'
coordinate(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value
```

Arguments

x	ligerSpatialDataset object or a liger object.
dataset	Name or numeric index of an spatial dataset.
check	Logical, whether to perform object validity check on setting new value.
value	matrix .

Value

The retrieved coordinate matrix or the updated x object.

createH5LigerDataset *Create on-disk ligerDataset Object*

Description

For convenience, the default formatType = "10x" directly fits the structure of cellranger output. formatType = "anndata" works for current AnnData H5AD file specification (see Details). If a customized H5 file structure is presented, any of the rawData, indicesName, indptrName, genesName, barcodesName should be specified accordingly to override the formatType preset.

DO make a copy of the H5AD files because rliger functions write to the files and they will not be able to be read back to Python. This will be fixed in the future.

Usage

```
createH5LigerDataset(
  h5file,
  formatType = "10x",
  rawData = NULL,
  normData = NULL,
  scaleData = NULL,
  barcodesName = NULL,
  genesName = NULL,
  indicesName = NULL,
  indptrName = NULL,
  anndataX = "X",
  modal = c("default", "rna", "atac", "spatial", "meth"),
  featureMeta = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

h5file	Filename of an H5 file
formatType	Select preset of H5 file structure. Default "10X". Alternatively, we also support "anndata" for H5AD files.
rawData, indicesName, indptrName	The path in a H5 file for the raw sparse matrix data. These three types of data stands for the x, i, and p slots of a dgCMatrix-class object. Default NULL uses formatType preset.
normData	The path in a H5 file for the "x" vector of the normalized sparse matrix. Default NULL.
scaleData	The path in a H5 file for the Group that contains the sparse matrix constructing information for the scaled data. Default NULL.

genesName, barcodesName	The path in a H5 file for the gene names and cell barcodes. Default NULL uses formatType preset.
anndataX	The HDF5 path to the raw count data in an H5AD file. See Details. Default "X".
modal	Name of modality for this dataset. Currently options of "default", "rna", "atac", "spatial" and "meth" are supported. Default "default".
featureMeta	Data frame for feature metadata. Default NULL.
...	Additional slot data. See ligerDataset for detail. Given values will be directly placed at corresponding slots.

Details

For H5AD file written from an AnnData object, we allow using formatType = "anndata" for the function to infer the proper structure. However, while a typical AnnData-based analysis tends to in-place update the adata.X attribute and there is no standard/forced convention for where the raw count data, as needed from LIGER, is stored. Therefore, we expose argument anndataX for specifying this information. The default value "X" looks for adata.X. If the raw data is stored in a layer, e.g. adata.layers['count'], then anndataX = "layers/count". If it is stored in adata.raw.X, then anndataX = "raw/X". If your AnnData object does not have the raw count retained, you will have to go back to the Python work flow to have it inserted at desired object space and re-write the H5AD file, or just go from upstream source files with which the AnnData was originally created.

Value

H5-based [ligerDataset](#) object

Examples

```
h5Path <- system.file("extdata/ctrl.h5", package = "rliger")
tempPath <- tempfile(fileext = ".h5")
file.copy(from = h5Path, to = tempPath)
ld <- createH5LigerDataset(tempPath)
```

createLiger

Create liger object

Description

This function allows creating [liger](#) object from multiple datasets of various forms (See rawData).

DO make a copy of the H5AD files because liger functions write to the files and they will not be able to be read back to Python. This will be fixed in the future.

Usage

```

createLiger(
  rawData,
  modal = NULL,
  organism = "human",
  cellMeta = NULL,
  removeMissing = TRUE,
  addPrefix = "auto",
  formatType = "10X",
  anndataX = "X",
  dataName = NULL,
  indicesName = NULL,
  indptrName = NULL,
  genesName = NULL,
  barcodesName = NULL,
  newH5 = TRUE,
  verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
  ...,
  raw.data = rawData,
  take.gene.union = NULL,
  remove.missing = removeMissing,
  format.type = formatType,
  data.name = dataName,
  indices.name = indicesName,
  indptr.name = indptrName,
  genes.name = genesName,
  barcodes.name = barcodesName
)

```

Arguments

rawData	Named list of datasets. Required. Elements allowed include a matrix, a Seurat object, a SingleCellExperiment object, an AnnData object, a ligerDataset object or a filename to an HDF5 file. See detail for HDF5 reading.
modal	Character vector for modality setting. Use one string for all datasets, or the same number of strings as the number of datasets. Currently options of "default", "rna", "atac", "spatial" and "meth" are supported.
organism	Character vector for setting organism for identifying mito, ribo and hemo genes for expression percentage calculation. Use one string for all datasets, or the same number of strings as the number of datasets. Currently options of "mouse", "human", "zebrafish", "rat", and "drosophila" are supported.
cellMeta	data.frame of metadata at single-cell level. Default NULL.
removeMissing	Logical. Whether to remove cells that do not have any counts from each dataset. Default TRUE.
addPrefix	Logical. Whether to add "datasetName_" as a prefix of cell identifiers (e.g. barcodes) to avoid duplicates in multiple libraries (common with 10X data).

	Default "auto" detects if matrix columns already has the exact prefix or not. Logical value forces the action.
formatType	Select preset of H5 file structure. Current available options are "10x" and "anndata". Can be either a single specification for all datasets or a character vector that match with each dataset.
anndataX	The HDF5 path to the raw count data in an H5AD file. See createH5LigerDataset Details. Default "X".
dataName, indicesName, indptrName	The path in a H5 file for the raw sparse matrix data. These three types of data stands for the x, i, and p slots of a dgCMatrix-class object. Default NULL uses formatType preset.
genesName, barcodesName	The path in a H5 file for the gene names and cell barcodes. Default NULL uses formatType preset.
newH5	When using HDF5 based data and subsets created after removing missing cells/features, whether to create new HDF5 files for the subset. Default TRUE. If FALSE, data will be subset into memory and can be dangerous for large scale analysis.
verbose	Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.
...	Additional slot values that should be directly placed in object.
raw.data, remove.missing, format.type, data.name, indices.name, indptr.name, genes.name, barcodes.name	[Superseded] See Usage section for replacement.
take.gene.union	[Defunct] Will be ignored.

See Also

[createLigerDataset](#), [createH5LigerDataset](#)

Examples

```
# Create from raw count matrices
ctrl.raw <- rawData(pbm, "ctrl")
stim.raw <- rawData(pbm, "stim")
pbm1 <- createLiger(list(ctrl = ctrl.raw, stim = stim.raw))

# Create from H5 files
h5Path <- system.file("extdata/ctrl.h5", package = "rliger")
tempPath <- tempfile(fileext = ".h5")
file.copy(from = h5Path, to = tempPath)
lig <- createLiger(list(ctrl = tempPath))

# Create from other container object
if (requireNamespace("SeuratObject", quietly = TRUE)) {
  ctrl.seu <- SeuratObject::CreateSeuratObject(ctrl.raw)
  stim.seu <- SeuratObject::CreateSeuratObject(stim.raw)
  pbm2 <- createLiger(list(ctrl = ctrl.seu, stim = stim.seu))
}
```

createLigerDataset	<i>Create in-memory ligerDataset object</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Create in-memory ligerDataset object

Usage

```
createLigerDataset(
  rawData = NULL,
  modal = c("default", "rna", "atac", "spatial", "meth"),
  normData = NULL,
  scaleData = NULL,
  featureMeta = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

rawData, normData, scaleData	A dgMatrix-class object for the raw or normalized expression count or a dense matrix of scaled variable gene expression, respectively. Default NULL for all three but at least one has to be specified.
modal	Name of modality for this dataset. Currently options of "default", "rna", "atac", "spatial" and "meth" are supported. Default "default".
featureMeta	Data frame of feature metadata. Default NULL.
...	Additional slot data. See ligerDataset for detail. Given values will be directly placed at corresponding slots.

See Also

[ligerDataset](#), [ligerATACDataset](#), [ligerSpatialDataset](#), [ligerMethDataset](#)

Examples

```
ctrl.raw <- rawData(pbm, "ctrl")
ctrl.ld <- createLigerDataset(ctrl.raw)
```

`deg.marker`*Data frame for example marker DEG test result*

Description

The data frame is the direct output of marker detection DEG test applied on example dataset which can be loaded with `data("pbmc")`. The DEG test was done with:

```
defaultCluster(pbmc) <- pbmcPlot$leiden_cluster
deg.marker <- runMarkerDEG(
  pbmc,
  minCellPerRep = 5
)
```

The result is for the marker detection test for 8 clusters in the dataset by comparing each cluster against all other clusters.

Usage

```
deg.marker
```

Format

data.frame object of 1992 rows with columns:

- feature: gene names, 249 unique genes repeated 8 times for the tests done for 8 clusters.
- group: cluster names, 8 unique cluster names, dividing the tests.
- logFC: log fold change of the gene expression between the cluster of interest against all other clusters.
- pval: p-value of the DEG test.
- padj: adjusted p-value of the DEG test.
- pct_in: percentage of cells in the cluster of interest expressing the gene.
- pct_out: percentage of cells in all other clusters expressing the gene.

See Also

[runMarkerDEG\(\)](#)

deg.pw

*Data frame for example pairwise DEG test result***Description**

The data frame is the direct output of pairwise DEG test applied on example dataset which can be loaded with `importPBM()`. Cell type annotation was obtained from `SeuratData` package, "ifnb" dataset, since they are the same. Use the following command to reproduce the same result:

```
library(rliger)
library(Seurat)
library(SeuratData)

lig <- importPBM()
ifnb <- LoadData("ifnb")
lig$cell_type <- ifnb$seurat_annotatons
lig$condition_cell_type <- interaction(lig$dataset, lig$cell_type, drop = FALSE)
deg.pw <- runPairwiseDEG(
  object = lig,
  groupTest = 'stim.CD14 Mono',
  groupCtrl = 'ctrl.CD14 Mono',
  variable1 = 'condition_cell_type'
)
deg.pw <- deg.pw[order(deg.pw$padj)[1:1000],]
```

```

The result represents the statistics of DEG test between stim dataset against ctrl dataset, within the CD14 monocytes. The result is randomly sampled to 1000 entries for minimum demonstration.

```
[1:1000]: R:1:1000
```

**Usage**

```
deg.pw
```

**Format**

data.frame object of 1000 rows with columns:

- feature: gene names.
- group: class name within the variable being used for the test condition.
- logFC: log fold change of the gene expression between the condition of interest against the control condition.
- pval: p-value of the DEG test.
- padj: adjusted p-value of the DEG test.

- `pct_in`: percentage of cells in the condition of interest expressing the gene.
- `pct_out`: percentage of cells in the control condition expressing the gene.

### See Also

[runPairwiseDEG\(\)](#)

---

|            |                            |
|------------|----------------------------|
| downsample | <i>Downsample datasets</i> |
|------------|----------------------------|

---

### Description

This function mainly aims at downsampling datasets to a size suitable for plotting or expensive in-memory calculation.

Users can balance the sample size of categories of interests with `balance`. Multi-variable specification to `balance` is supported, so that at most `maxCells` cells will be sampled from each combination of categories from the variables. For example, when two datasets are presented and three clusters labeled across them, there would then be at most  $2 \times 3 \times \text{maxCells}$  cells being selected. Note that "dataset" will automatically be added as one variable when balancing the downsampling. However, if users want to balance the downsampling solely basing on dataset origin, users have to explicitly set `balance = "dataset"`.

### Usage

```
downsample(
 object,
 balance = NULL,
 maxCells = 1000,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 seed = 1,
 returnIndex = FALSE,
 ...
)
```

### Arguments

|                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>      | <a href="#">liger</a> object                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>balance</code>     | Character vector of categorical variable names in <code>cellMeta</code> slot, to subsample <code>maxCells</code> cells from each combination of all specified variables. Default <code>NULL</code> samples <code>maxCells</code> cells from the whole object. |
| <code>maxCells</code>    | Max number of cells to sample from the grouping based on <code>balance</code> .                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>useDatasets</code> | Index selection of datasets to include Default <code>NULL</code> for using all datasets.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>seed</code>        | Random seed for reproducibility. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>returnIndex</code> | Logical, whether to only return the numeric index that can subset the original object instead of a subset object. Default <code>FALSE</code> .                                                                                                                |
| <code>...</code>         | Arguments passed to <a href="#">subsetLiger</a> , where <code>cellIdx</code> is occupied by internal implementation.                                                                                                                                          |

**Value**

By default, a subset of [liger](#) object. Alternatively when `returnIndex = TRUE`, a numeric vector to be used with the original object.

**Examples**

```
Subsetting an object
pbmc <- downsample(pbmc)
Creating a subsetting index
sampleIdx <- downsample(pbmcPlot, balance = "leiden_cluster",
 maxCells = 10, returnIndex = TRUE)
plotClusterDimRed(pbmcPlot, cellIdx = sampleIdx)
```

---

|                     |                                               |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| exportInteractTrack | <i>Export predicted gene-pair interaction</i> |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Export the predicted gene-pair interactions calculated by upstream function [linkGenesAndPeaks](#) into an Interact Track file which is compatible with [UCSC Genome Browser](#).

**Usage**

```
exportInteractTrack(
 corrMat,
 pathToCoords,
 useGenes = NULL,
 outputPath = getwd()
)
```

**Arguments**

|              |                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| corrMat      | A sparse matrix of correlation with peak names as rows and gene names as columns.                                                                         |
| pathToCoords | Path to the gene coordinates file.                                                                                                                        |
| useGenes     | Character vector of gene names to be exported. Default NULL uses all genes available in corrMat.                                                          |
| outputPath   | Path of filename where the output file will be stored. If a folder, a file named "Interact_Track.bed" will be created. Default current working directory. |

**Value**

No return value. A file located at outputPath will be created.

## Examples

```

bmmc <- normalize(bmmc)
bmmc <- selectGenes(bmmc)
bmmc <- scaleNotCenter(bmmc)
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE) &&
 requireNamespace("GenomicRanges", quietly = TRUE) &&
 requireNamespace("IRanges", quietly = TRUE) &&
 requireNamespace("psych", quietly = TRUE)) {
 bmmc <- runINMF(bmmc)
 bmmc <- alignFactors(bmmc)
 bmmc <- normalizePeak(bmmc)
 bmmc <- imputeKNN(bmmc, reference = "atac", queries = "rna")
 corr <- linkGenesAndPeaks(
 bmmc, useDataset = "rna",
 pathToCoords = system.file("extdata/hg19_genes.bed", package = "rliger")
)
 resultPath <- tempfile()
 exportInteractTrack(
 corrMat = corr,
 pathToCoords = system.file("extdata/hg19_genes.bed", package = "rliger"),
 outputPath = resultPath
)
 head(read.table(resultPath, skip = 1))
}

```

---

getFactorMarkers

*Find shared and dataset-specific markers*


---

## Description

Applies various filters to genes on the shared ( $W$ ) and dataset-specific ( $V$ ) components of the factorization, before selecting those which load most significantly on each factor (in a shared or dataset-specific way).

## Usage

```

getFactorMarkers(
 object,
 dataset1,
 dataset2,
 factorShareThresh = 10,
 datasetSpecificity = NULL,
 logFCThresh = 1,
 pvalThresh = 0.05,
 nGenes = 30,
 printGenes = FALSE,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),

```

```

 factor.share.thresh = factorShareThresh,
 dataset.specificity = datasetSpecificity,
 log.fc.thresh = logFCThresh,
 pval.thresh = pvalThresh,
 num.genes = nGenes,
 print.genes = printGenes
)

```

## Arguments

|                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>                                                                                       | <a href="#">liger</a> object with factorization results.                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>dataset1</code>                                                                                     | Name of first dataset. Required.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>dataset2</code>                                                                                     | Name of second dataset. Required                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>factorShareThresh</code>                                                                            | Numeric. Only factors with a dataset specificity less than or equal to this threshold will be used. Default 10.                                                                                           |
| <code>datasetSpecificity</code>                                                                           | Numeric vector. Pre-calculated dataset specificity if available. Length should match number of all factors available. Default NULL automatically calculates with <a href="#">calcDatasetSpecificity</a> . |
| <code>logFCThresh</code>                                                                                  | Numeric. Lower log-fold change threshold for differential expression in markers. Default 1.                                                                                                               |
| <code>pvalThresh</code>                                                                                   | Numeric. Upper p-value threshold for Wilcoxon rank test for gene expression. Default 0.05.                                                                                                                |
| <code>nGenes</code>                                                                                       | Integer. Max number of genes to report for each dataset. Default 30.                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>printGenes</code>                                                                                   | Logical. Whether to print ordered markers passing logFC, UMI and frac thresholds, when verbose = TRUE. Default FALSE.                                                                                     |
| <code>verbose</code>                                                                                      | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                       |
| <code>factor.share.thresh, dataset.specificity, log.fc.thresh, pval.thresh, num.genes, print.genes</code> | <b>Deprecated.</b> See Usage section for replacement.                                                                                                                                                     |

## Value

A list object consisting of the following entries:

|                                |                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>value of dataset1</code> | data.frame of dataset1-specific markers                                             |
| <code>shared</code>            | data.frame of shared markers                                                        |
| <code>value of dataset2</code> | data.frame of dataset2-specific markers                                             |
| <code>num_factors_V1</code>    | A frequency table indicating the number of factors each marker appears, in dataset1 |
| <code>num_factors_V2</code>    | A frequency table indicating the number of factors each marker appears, in dataset2 |

## Examples

```
library(dplyr)
result <- getFactorMarkers(pbmcPlot, dataset1 = "ctrl", dataset2 = "stim")
print(class(result))
print(names(result))
result$shared %>% group_by(factor_num) %>% top_n(2, logFC)
```

---

|                   |                                                        |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| getProportionMito | <i>Calculate proportion mitochondrial contribution</i> |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Calculates proportion of mitochondrial contribution based on raw or normalized data.

## Usage

```
getProportionMito(object, use.norm = FALSE, pattern = "^mt-")
```

## Arguments

|          |                                                                                                   |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object   | liger object.                                                                                     |
| use.norm | <b>Deprecated</b> Whether to use cell normalized data in calculating contribution. Default FALSE. |
| pattern  | Regex pattern for identifying mitochondrial genes. Default "^mt-" for mouse.                      |

## Value

Named vector containing proportion of mitochondrial contribution for each cell.

## Note

getProportionMito will be deprecated because [runGeneralQC](#) generally covers and expands its use case.

## Examples

```
Example dataset does not contain MT genes, expected to see a message
pbmc$mito <- getProportionMito(pbmc)
```

## Description

h5 calculation wrapper, that runs specified calculation with on-disk matrix in chunks

## Usage

```
H5Apply(
 object,
 FUN,
 init = NULL,
 useData = c("rawData", "normData"),
 chunkSize = 1000,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose"),
 ...
)
```

## Arguments

|           |                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object    | A <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> object.                                                                                                    |
| FUN       | A function that is applied to each chunk. See detail for restrictions.                                                                    |
| init      | Initialized result if it need to be updated iteratively. Default NULL.                                                                    |
| useData   | The slot name of the data to be processed. Choose from "rawData", "normData", "scaleData". Default "rawData".                             |
| chunkSize | Number if columns to be included in each chunk. Default 1000.                                                                             |
| verbose   | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> which is TRUE if users have not set. |
| ...       | Other arguments to be passed to FUN.                                                                                                      |

## Details

The FUN function has to have the first four arguments ordered by:

1. **chunk data:** A sparse matrix ([dgCMatrix-class](#)) containing maximum chunkSize columns.
2. **x-vector index:** The index that subscribes the vector of x slot of a dgCMatrix, which points to the values in each chunk. Mostly used when need to write a new sparse matrix to H5 file.
3. **cell index:** The column index of each chunk out of the whole original matrix
4. **Initialized result:** A customized object, the value passed to `H5Apply(init)` argument will be passed here in the first iteration. And the returned value of FUN will be iteratively passed here in next chunk iterations. So it is important to keep the object structure of the returned value consistent with `init`.

No default value to these four arguments should be pre-defined because H5Apply will automatically generate the input.

---

importPBM

---

Import prepared dataset publically available

---

## Description

These are functions to download example datasets that are subset from public data.

- **PBM** - Downsampled from GSE96583, Kang et al, Nature Biotechnology, 2018. Contains two scRNAseq datasets.
- **BMM** - Downsampled from GSE139369, Granja et al, Nature Biotechnology, 2019. Contains two scRNAseq datasets and one scATAC data.
- **CGE** - Downsampled from GSE97179, Luo et al, Science, 2017. Contains one scRNAseq dataset and one DNA methylation data.

## Usage

```
importPBM(
 dir = getwd(),
 overwrite = FALSE,
 method = "libcurl",
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

importBMM(
 dir = getwd(),
 overwrite = FALSE,
 method = "libcurl",
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

importCGE(
 dir = getwd(),
 overwrite = FALSE,
 method = "libcurl",
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)
```

## Arguments

|           |                                                                                                                                |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dir       | Path to download datasets. Default current working directory getwd().                                                          |
| overwrite | Logical, if a file exists at corresponding download location, whether to re-download or directly use this file. Default FALSE. |

|         |                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| method  | method argument directly passed to <code>download.file</code> . Using "libcurl" while other options might not work depending on platform. |
| verbose | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.       |
| ...     | Additional arguments passed to <code>download.file</code>                                                                                 |

## Value

Constructed `liger` object with QC performed and missing data removed.

## Examples

```
pbmc <- importPBMC()
bmmc <- importBMMC()
cge <- importCGE()
```

---

|           |                                                                                                        |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| imputeKNN | <i>Impute the peak counts from gene expression data referring to an ATAC dataset after integration</i> |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This function is designed for creating peak data for a dataset with only gene expression. This function uses aligned cell factor loading to find nearest neighbors between cells from the queried dataset (without peak) and cells from reference dataset (with peak). And then impute the peak for the former basing on the weight. Therefore, the reference dataset selected must be of "atac" modality setting.

## Usage

```
imputeKNN(
 object,
 reference,
 queries = NULL,
 nNeighbors = 20,
 weight = TRUE,
 norm = TRUE,
 scale = FALSE,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...,
 knn_k = nNeighbors
)
```

**Arguments**

|            |                                                                                                                                     |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object     | <a href="#">liger</a> object with aligned factor loading computed in advance.                                                       |
| reference  | Name of a dataset containing peak data to impute into query dataset(s).                                                             |
| queries    | Names of datasets to be augmented by imputation. Should not include reference. Default NULL uses all datasets except the reference. |
| nNeighbors | The maximum number of nearest neighbors to search. Default 20.                                                                      |
| weight     | Logical. Whether to use KNN distances as weight matrix. Default FALSE.                                                              |
| norm       | Logical. Whether to normalize the imputed data. Default TRUE.                                                                       |
| scale      | Logical. Whether to scale but not center the imputed data. Default TRUE.                                                            |
| verbose    | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set. |
| ...        | Optional arguments to be passed to <a href="#">normalize</a> when <code>norm = TRUE</code> .                                        |
| knn_k      | <b>Deprecated.</b> See Usage section for replacement.                                                                               |

**Value**

The input object where queried [ligerDataset](#) objects in datasets slot are replaced. These datasets will all be converted to [ligerATACDataset](#) class with an additional slot `rawPeak` to store the imputed peak counts, and `normPeak` for normalized imputed peak counts if `norm = TRUE`.

**Examples**

```
bmmc <- normalize(bmmc)
bmmc <- selectGenes(bmmc, datasets.use = "rna")
bmmc <- scaleNotCenter(bmmc)
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
 bmmc <- runINMF(bmmc, k = 20)
 bmmc <- alignFactors(bmmc)
 bmmc <- normalizePeak(bmmc)
 bmmc <- imputeKNN(bmmc, reference = "atac", queries = "rna")
}
```

---

is.newLiger

---

*Check if given liger object if under new implementation*


---

**Description**

Check if given liger object if under new implementation

**Usage**

```
is.newLiger(object)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                |
|--------|----------------|
| object | A liger object |
|--------|----------------|

**Value**

TRUE if the version of object is later than or equal to 1.99.0. Otherwise FALSE. It raises an error if input object is not of [liger](#) class.

**Examples**

```
is.newLiger(pbm) # TRUE
```

---

isH5Liger

---

*Check if a liger or ligerDataset object is made of HDF5 file*


---

**Description**

Check if a liger or ligerDataset object is made of HDF5 file

**Usage**

```
isH5Liger(object, dataset = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

|         |                                                                                                                            |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object  | A liger or ligerDataset object.                                                                                            |
| dataset | If object is of liger class, check a specific dataset. If NULL, Check if all datasets are made of HDF5 file. Default NULL. |

**Value**

TRUE or FALSE for the specified check.

**Examples**

```
isH5Liger(pbm)
isH5Liger(pbm, "ctrl")
ctrl <- dataset(pbm, "ctrl")
isH5Liger(ctrl)
```

liger-class

*liger class***Description**

`liger` object is the main data container for LIGER analysis in R. The slot `datasets` is a list where each element should be a [ligerDataset](#) object containing dataset specific information, such as the expression matrices. The other parts of `liger` object stores information that can be shared across the analysis, such as the cell metadata.

This manual provides explanation to the `liger` object structure as well as usage of class-specific methods. Please see detail sections for more information.

For `liger` objects created with older versions of `liger` package, please try updating the objects individually with [convertOldLiger](#).

**Usage**

```
datasets(x, check = NULL)

datasets(x, check = TRUE) <- value

dataset(x, dataset = NULL)

dataset(x, dataset, type = NULL, qc = TRUE) <- value

cellMeta(
 x,
 columns = NULL,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 as.data.frame = FALSE,
 ...
)

cellMeta(
 x,
 columns = NULL,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 inplace = FALSE,
 check = FALSE
) <- value

defaultCluster(x, useDatasets = NULL, ...)

defaultCluster(x, name = NULL, useDatasets = NULL, ...) <- value
```

```
dimReds(x)

dimReds(x) <- value

dimRed(x, name = NULL, useDatasets = NULL, cellIdx = NULL, ...)

dimRed(x, name = NULL, useDatasets = NULL, cellIdx = NULL, ...) <- value

defaultDimRed(x, useDatasets = NULL, cellIdx = NULL)

defaultDimRed(x) <- value

varFeatures(x)

varFeatures(x, check = TRUE) <- value

varUnsharedFeatures(x, dataset = NULL)

varUnsharedFeatures(x, dataset, check = TRUE) <- value

commands(x, funcName = NULL, arg = NULL)

S4 method for signature 'liger'
show(object)

S4 method for signature 'liger'
dim(x)

S4 method for signature 'liger'
dimnames(x)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,list'
dimnames(x) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger'
datasets(x, check = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,logical'
datasets(x, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,missing'
datasets(x, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger,character_OR_NULL'
dataset(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 method for signature 'liger,missing'
dataset(x, dataset = NULL)
```

```

S4 method for signature 'liger,numeric'
dataset(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,character,missing,ANY,ligerDataset'
dataset(x, dataset, type = NULL, qc = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,character,ANY,ANY,matrixLike'
dataset(x, dataset, type = c("rawData", "normData"), qc = FALSE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,character,missing,ANY,NULL'
dataset(x, dataset, type = NULL, qc = TRUE) <- value

S3 method for class 'liger'
names(x)

S3 replacement method for class 'liger'
names(x) <- value

S3 method for class 'liger'
length(x)

S3 method for class 'liger'
lengths(x, use.names = TRUE)

S4 method for signature 'liger,NULL'
cellMeta(
 x,
 columns = NULL,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 as.data.frame = FALSE,
 ...
)

S4 method for signature 'liger,character'
cellMeta(
 x,
 columns = NULL,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 as.data.frame = FALSE,
 ...
)

S4 method for signature 'liger,missing'
cellMeta(
 x,

```

```

 columns = NULL,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 as.data.frame = FALSE,
 ...
)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,missing'
cellMeta(x, columns = NULL, useDatasets = NULL, cellIdx = NULL, check = FALSE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,character'
cellMeta(
 x,
 columns = NULL,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 inplace = TRUE,
 check = FALSE
) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger'
rawData(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,matrixLike_OR_NULL'
rawData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,H5D'
rawData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger'
normData(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,matrixLike_OR_NULL'
normData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,H5D'
normData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger,ANY'
scaleData(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,matrixLike_OR_NULL'
scaleData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,H5D'
scaleData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,H5Group'

```

```

scaleData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger,character'
scaleUnsharedData(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 method for signature 'liger,numeric'
scaleUnsharedData(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,matrixLike_OR_NULL'
scaleUnsharedData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,H5D'
scaleUnsharedData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,H5Group'
scaleUnsharedData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,ANY'
getMatrix(
 x,
 slot = c("rawData", "normData", "scaleData", "scaleUnsharedData", "H", "V", "U", "A",
 "B", "W", "H.norm", "rawPeak", "normPeak"),
 dataset = NULL,
 returnList = FALSE
)

S4 method for signature 'liger,ANY'
getH5File(x, dataset = NULL)

S3 replacement method for class 'liger'
x[[i]] <- value

S3 method for class 'liger'
x$name

S3 replacement method for class 'liger'
x$name <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger'
defaultCluster(x, useDatasets = NULL, droplevels = FALSE, ...)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,character'
defaultCluster(x, name = NULL, useDatasets = NULL, ...) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,factor'
defaultCluster(x, name = NULL, useDatasets = NULL, droplevels = TRUE, ...) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,NULL'

```

```
defaultCluster(x, name = NULL, useDatasets = NULL, ...) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger'
dimReds(x)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,list'
dimReds(x) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger,missing_OR_NULL'
dimRed(x, name = NULL, useDatasets = NULL, cellIdx = NULL, ...)

S4 method for signature 'liger,index'
dimRed(x, name = NULL, useDatasets = NULL, cellIdx = NULL, ...)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,index,ANY,ANY,NULL'
dimRed(x, name = NULL, useDatasets = NULL, cellIdx = NULL, ...) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,character,ANY,ANY,matrixLike'
dimRed(
 x,
 name = NULL,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 asDefault = NULL,
 inplace = FALSE,
 ...
) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger'
defaultDimRed(x, useDatasets = NULL, cellIdx = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,character'
defaultDimRed(x) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger'
varFeatures(x)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,character'
varFeatures(x, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger,ANY'
varUnsharedFeatures(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,ANY,ANY,character'
varUnsharedFeatures(x, dataset, check = TRUE) <- value

S3 method for class 'liger'
fortify(model, data, ...)
```

```
S3 method for class 'liger'
c(...)

S4 method for signature 'liger'
commands(x, funcName = NULL, arg = NULL)

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset,missing'
varUnsharedFeatures(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,missing,ANY,character'
varUnsharedFeatures(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value
```

## Arguments

|                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code> , <code>object</code> , <code>model</code> | A <a href="#">liger</a> object                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <code>check</code>                                        | Logical, whether to perform object validity check on setting new value. Users are not supposed to set FALSE here.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>value</code>                                        | Metadata value to be inserted                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>dataset</code>                                      | Name or numeric index of a dataset                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>type</code>                                         | When using <code>dataset&lt;-</code> with a matrix like value, specify what type the matrix is. Choose from "rawData", "normData" or "scaleData".                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>qc</code>                                           | Logical, whether to perform general qc on added new dataset.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <code>columns</code>                                      | The names of available variables in <code>cellMeta</code> slot. When <code>as.data.frame = TRUE</code> , please use variable names after coercion.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>useDatasets</code>                                  | Setter or getter method should only apply on cells in specified datasets. Any valid character, numeric or logical subscriber is acceptable. Default NULL works with all datasets.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>cellIdx</code>                                      | Valid cell subscription to subset retrieved variables. Default NULL uses all cells.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>as.data.frame</code>                                | Logical, whether to apply <a href="#">as.data.frame</a> on the subscription. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>...</code>                                          | See detailed sections for explanation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>inplace</code>                                      | For <code>cellMeta&lt;-</code> method, when <code>columns</code> is for existing variable and <code>useDatasets</code> or <code>cellIdx</code> indicate partial insertion to the object, whether to by default (TRUE) in-place insert value into the variable for selected cells or to replace the whole variable with non-selected part left as NA. |
| <code>name</code>                                         | The name of available variables in <code>cellMeta</code> slot or the name of a new variable to store.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>funcName</code> , <code>arg</code>                  | See Command records section.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <code>use.names</code>                                    | Whether returned vector should be named with dataset names.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>slot</code>                                         | Name of slot to retrieve matrix from. Options shown in Usage.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>returnList</code>                                   | Logical, whether to force return a list even when only one dataset-specific matrix (i.e. expression matrices, H, V or U) is requested. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>i</code>                                            | Name or numeric index of cell meta variable to be replaced                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| droplevels | Whether to remove unused cluster levels from the factor object fetched by defaultCluster(). Default FALSE.                                                                                     |
| asDefault  | Whether to set the inserted dimension reduction matrix as default for visualization methods. Default NULL sets it when no default has been set yet, otherwise does not change current default. |
| data       | fortify method required argument. Not used.                                                                                                                                                    |

### Value

See detailed sections for explanation.

Input liger object updated with replaced/new variable in cellMeta(x).

### Slots

**datasets** list of [ligerDataset](#) objects. Use generic dataset, dataset<-, datasets or datasets<- to interact with. See detailed section accordingly.

**cellMeta** [DFrame](#) object for cell metadata. Pre-existing metadata, QC metrics, cluster labeling and etc. are all stored here. Use generic cellMeta, cellMeta<-, \$, [[]] or [[]]<- to interact with. See detailed section accordingly.

**varFeatures** Character vector of names of variable features. Use generic varFeatures or varFeatures<- to interact with. See detailed section accordingly.

**W** iNMF output matrix of shared gene loadings for each factor. See [runIntegration](#).

**H.norm** Matrix of aligned factor loading for each cell. See [alignFactors](#) and [runIntegration](#).

**commands** List of [ligerCommand](#) objects. Record of analysis. Use commands to retrieve information. See detailed section accordingly.

**uns** List for unstructured meta-info of analyses or presets.

**version** Record of version of rliger package

### Dataset access

datasets() method only accesses the datasets slot, the list of [ligerDataset](#) objects. dataset() method accesses a single dataset, with subsequent cell metadata updates and checks bonded when adding or modifying a dataset. Therefore, when users want to modify something inside a ligerDataset while no cell metadata change should happen, it is recommended to use: datasets(x)[[name]] <- ligerD for efficiency, though the result would be the same as dataset(x, name) <- ligerD.

length() and names() methods are implemented to access the number and names of datasets. names<- method is supported for modifying dataset names, with taking care of the "dataset" variable in cell metadata.

### Matrix access

For liger object, rawData(), normData, scaleData() and scaleUnsharedData() methods are exported for users to access the corresponding feature expression matrix with specification of one dataset. For retrieving a type of matrix from multiple datasets, please use getMatrix() method.

When only one matrix is expected to be retrieved by getMatrix(), the matrix itself will be returned. A list will be returned if multiple matrices is requested (by querying multiple datasets) or returnList is set to TRUE.

### Cell metadata access

Three approaches are provided for access of cell metadata. A generic function `cellMeta` is implemented with plenty of options and multi-variable accessibility. Besides, users can use double-bracket (e.g. `ligerObj[[varName]]`) or dollar-sign (e.g. `ligerObj$varName`) to access or modify single variables.

For users' convenience of generating a customized `ggplot` with available cell metadata, the S3 method `fortify.liger` is implemented. With this under the hook, users can create simple `ggplots` by directly starting with `ggplot(ligerObj, aes(...))` where cell metadata variables can be directly thrown into `aes()`.

Special partial metadata insertion is implemented specifically for mapping categorical annotation from sub-population (subset object) back to original experiment (full-size object). For example, when sub-clustering and annotation is done for a specific cell-type of cells (stored in `subobj`) subset from an experiment (stored as `obj`), users can do `cellMeta(obj, "sub_ann", cellIdx = colnames(subobj)) <- subobj$sub_ann` to map the value back, leaving other cells non-annotated with NAs. Plotting with this variable will then also show NA cells with default grey color. Furthermore, sub-clustering labels for other cell types can also be mapped to the same variable. For example, `cellMeta(obj, "sub_ann", cellIdx = colnames(subobj2)) <- subobj2$sub_ann`. As long as the labeling variables are stored as factor class (categorical), the levels (category names) will be properly handled and merged. Other situations follow the R default behavior (e.g. categories might be converted to integer numbers if mapped to numerical variable in the original object). Note that this feature is only available with using the generic function `cellMeta` but not with the ``[[`` or ``$`` accessing methods due to syntax reasons.

The generic `defaultCluster` works as both getter and setter. As a setter, users can do `defaultCluster(obj) <- "existingVariableName"` to set a categorical variable as default cluster used for visualization or downstream analysis. Users can also do `defaultCluster(obj, "newVarName") <- factorOfLabels` to push new labeling into the object and set as default. For getter method, the function returns a factor object of the default cluster labeling. Argument `useDatasets` can be used for requiring that given or retrieved labeling should match with cells in specified datasets. We generally don't recommend setting "dataset" as a default cluster because it is a preserved (always existing) field in metadata and can lead to meaningless result when running analysis that utilizes both clustering information and the dataset source information.

### Dimension reduction access

Currently, low-dimensional representation of cells, presented as dense matrices, are all stored in `dimReds` slot, and can totally be accessed with generics `dimRed` and `dimRed<-`. Adding a `dimRed` to the object looks as simple as `dimRed(obj, "name") <- matrixLike`. It can be retrieved back with `dimRed(obj, "name")`. Similar to having a default cluster labeling, we also constructed the feature of default `dimRed`. It can be set with `defaultDimRed(obj) <- "existingMatLikeVar"` and the matrix can be retrieved with `defaultDimRed(obj)`.

### Variable feature access

The `varFeatures` slot allows for character vectors of gene names. `varFeatures(x)` returns this vector and value for `varFeatures<-` method has to be a character vector or NULL. The replacement method, when `check = TRUE` performs checks on gene name consistency check across the `scaleData`, `H`, `V` slots of inner `ligerDataset` objects as well as the `W` and `H.norm` slots of the input `liger` object.

## Command records

rliger functions, that perform calculation and update the liger object, will be recorded in a ligerCommand object and stored in the commands slot, a list, of liger object. Method commands() is implemented to retrieve or show the log history. Running with funcName = NULL (default) returns all command labels. Specifying funcName allows partial matching to all command labels and returns a subset list (of ligerCommand object) of matches (or the ligerCommand object if only one match found). If arg is further specified, a subset list of parameters from the matches will be returned. For example, requesting a list of resolution values used in all louvain cluster attempts: commands(ligerObj, "louvainCluster", "resolution")

## Dimensionality

For a liger object, the column orientation is assigned for cells. Due to the data structure, it is hard to define a row index for the liger object, which might contain datasets that vary in number of genes.

Therefore, for liger objects, dim and dimnames returns NA/NULL for rows and total cell counts/barcodes for the columns.

For direct call of dimnames<- method, value should be a list with NULL as the first element and valid cell identifiers as the second element. For colnames<- method, the character vector of cell identifiers. rownames<- method is not applicable.

## Subsetting

For more detail of subsetting a liger object or a ligerDataset object, please check out [subsetLiger](#) and [subsetLigerDataset](#). Here, we set the S4 method "single-bracket" [ as a quick wrapper to subset a liger object. Note that j serves as cell subscriptor which can be any valid index refering the collection of all cells (i.e. rownames(cellMeta(obj))). While i, the feature subscriptor can only be character vector because the features for each dataset can vary. ... arguments are passed to subsetLiger so that advanced options are allowed.

## Combining multiple liger object

The list of datasets slot, the rows of cellMeta slot and the list of commands slot will be simply concatenated. Variable features in varFeatures slot will be taken a union. The  $W$  and  $H.norm$  matrices are not taken into account for now.

## Examples

```
Methods for base generics
pbmcPlot
print(pbmcPlot)
dim(pbmcPlot)
ncol(pbmcPlot)
colnames(pbmcPlot)[1:5]
pbmcPlot[varFeatures(pbmcPlot)[1:10], 1:10]
names(pbmcPlot)
length(pbmcPlot)

rliger generics
```

```

Retrieving dataset(s), replacement methods available
datasets(pbmcPlot)
dataset(pbmcPlot, "ctrl")
dataset(pbmcPlot, 2)

Retrieving cell metadata, replacement methods available
cellMeta(pbmcPlot)
head(pbmcPlot[["nUMI"]])

Retrieving dimension reduction matrix
head(dimRed(pbmcPlot, "UMAP"))

Retrieving variable features, replacement methods available
varFeatures(pbmcPlot)

Command record/history
pbmcPlot <- scaleNotCenter(pbmcPlot)
commands(pbmcPlot)
commands(pbmcPlot, funcName = "scaleNotCenter")

S3 methods
pbmcPlot2 <- pbmcPlot
names(pbmcPlot2) <- paste0(names(pbmcPlot), 2)
c(pbmcPlot, pbmcPlot2)

library(ggplot2)
ggplot(pbmcPlot, aes(x = UMAP_1, y = UMAP_2)) + geom_point()
cellMeta(pbmc)
Add new variable
pbmc[["newVar"]] <- 1
cellMeta(pbmc)
Change existing variable
pbmc[["newVar"]][1:3] <- 1:3
cellMeta(pbmc)

```

---

**ligerATACDataset-class**

*Subclass of ligerDataset for ATAC modality*

---

## Description

Inherits from [ligerDataset](#) class. Contained slots can be referred with the link.

## Slots

rawPeak sparse matrix  
 normPeak sparse matrix

---

|                    |                                                                                |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ligerCommand-class | <i>ligerCommand object: Record the input and time of a LIGER function call</i> |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

ligerCommand object: Record the input and time of a LIGER function call

## Usage

```
S4 method for signature 'ligerCommand'
show(object)
```

## Arguments

object            A ligerCommand object

## Slots

funcName   Name of the function

time   A time stamp object

call   A character string converted from system call

parameters   List of all arguments except the [liger](#) object. Large object are summarized to short string.

objSummary   List of attributes of the [liger](#) object as a snapshot when command is operated.

ligerVersion   Character string converted from packageVersion("rliger").

dependencyVersion   Named character vector of version number, if any dependency library has a chance to be included by the function. A dependency might only be invoked under certain conditions, such as using an alternative algorithm, which a call does not actually reach to, but it would still be included for this call.

## Examples

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
cmd <- commands(pbmc, "normalize")
cmd
```

---

ligerDataset-class      *ligerDataset class*


---

### Description

Object for storing dataset specific information. Will be embedded within a higher level [liger](#) object

### Usage

```

rawData(x, dataset = NULL)

rawData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

normData(x, dataset = NULL)

normData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

scaleData(x, dataset = NULL)

scaleData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

scaleUnsharedData(x, dataset = NULL)

scaleUnsharedData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

getMatrix(x, slot = "rawData", dataset = NULL, returnList = FALSE)

h5fileInfo(x, info = NULL)

h5fileInfo(x, info = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

getH5File(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset,missing'
getH5File(x, dataset = NULL)

featureMeta(x, check = NULL)

featureMeta(x, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset'
show(object)

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset'
dim(x)

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset'
```

```
dimnames(x)

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,list'
dimnames(x) <- value

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset'
rawData(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,ANY,ANY,matrixLike_OR_NULL'
rawData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,ANY,ANY,H5D'
rawData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset'
normData(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,ANY,ANY,matrixLike_OR_NULL'
normData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,ANY,ANY,H5D'
normData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset,missing'
scaleData(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,ANY,ANY,matrixLike_OR_NULL'
scaleData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,ANY,ANY,H5D'
scaleData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,ANY,ANY,H5Group'
scaleData(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset,missing'
scaleUnsharedData(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,missing,ANY,matrixLike_OR_NULL'
scaleUnsharedData(x, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,missing,ANY,H5D'
scaleUnsharedData(x, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset,missing,ANY,H5Group'
scaleUnsharedData(x, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset,ANY,missing,missing'
```

```

getMatrix(
 x,
 slot = c("rawData", "normData", "scaleData", "scaleUnsharedData", "H", "V", "U", "A",
 "B"),
 dataset = NULL
)

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset'
h5fileInfo(x, info = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset'
h5fileInfo(x, info = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'ligerDataset'
featureMeta(x, check = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerDataset'
featureMeta(x, check = TRUE) <- value

S3 method for class 'ligerDataset'
cbind(x, ..., deparse.level = 1)

S4 method for signature 'ligerATACDataset,ANY,missing,missing'
getMatrix(
 x,
 slot = c("rawData", "normData", "scaleData", "scaleUnsharedData", "H", "V", "U", "A",
 "B", "rawPeak", "normPeak"),
 dataset = NULL
)

```

### Arguments

|                            |                                                                |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x, object</code>     | A <code>ligerDataset</code> object.                            |
| <code>dataset</code>       | Not applicable for <code>ligerDataset</code> methods.          |
| <code>check</code>         | Whether to perform object validity check on setting new value. |
| <code>value</code>         | See detail sections for requirements                           |
| <code>slot</code>          | The slot name when using <code>getMatrix</code> .              |
| <code>returnList</code>    | Not applicable for <code>ligerDataset</code> methods.          |
| <code>info</code>          | Name of the entry in <code>h5fileInfo</code> slot.             |
| <code>...</code>           | See detailed sections for explanation.                         |
| <code>deparse.level</code> | Not used here.                                                 |

### Slots

`rawData` Raw data. Feature by cell matrix. Most of the time, sparse matrix of integer numbers for RNA and ATAC data.

`normData` Normalized data. Feature by cell matrix. Sparse if the `rawData` it is normalized from is sparse.

`scaleData` Scaled data, usually with subset shared variable features, by cells. Most of the time sparse matrix of float numbers. This is the data used for iNMF factorization.

`scaleUnsharedData` Scaled data of variable features not shared with other datasets. This is the data used for UINMF factorization.

`varUnsharedFeatures` Variable features not shared with other datasets.

`V` iNMF output matrix holding the dataset specific gene loading of each factor. Feature by factor matrix.

`A` Online iNMF intermediate product matrix.

`B` Online iNMF intermediate product matrix.

`H` iNMF output matrix holding the factor loading of each cell. Factor by cell matrix.

`U` UINMF output matrix holding the unshared variable gene loading of each factor. Feature by factor matrix.

`h5fileInfo` list of meta information of HDF5 file used for constructing the object.

`featureMeta` Feature metadata, `DataFrame` object.

`colnames` Character vector of unique cell identifiers.

`rownames` Character vector of unique feature names.

### Matrix access

For `ligerDataset` object, `rawData()`, `normData`, `scaleData()` and `scaleUnsharedData()` methods are exported for users to access the corresponding feature expression matrix. Replacement methods are also available to modify the slots.

For other matrices, such as the  $H$  and  $V$ , which are dataset specific, please use `getMatrix()` method with specifying slot name. Directly accessing slot with `@` is generally not recommended.

### H5 file and information access

A `ligerDataset` object has a slot called `h5fileInfo`, which is a list object. The first element is called `$H5File`, which is an `H5File` class object and is the connection to the input file. The second element is `$filename` which stores the absolute path of the H5 file in the current machine. The third element `$formatType` stores the name of preset being used, if applicable. The other following keys pair with paths in the H5 file that point to specific data for constructing a feature expression matrix.

`h5fileInfo()` method access the list described above and simply retrieves the corresponding value. When `info = NULL`, returns the whole list. When `length(info) == 1`, returns the requested list value. When more info requested, returns a subset list.

The replacement method modifies the list elements and corresponding slot value (if applicable) at the same time. For example, running `h5fileInfo(obj, "rawData") <- newPath` not only updates the list, but also updates the `rawData` slot with the H5D class data at "newPath" in the `H5File` object.

`getH5File()` is a wrapper and is equivalent to `h5fileInfo(obj, "H5File")`.

### Feature metadata access

A slot `featureMeta` is included for each `ligerDataset` object. This slot requires a [DataFrame-class](#) object, which is the same as `cellMeta` slot of a [liger](#) object. However, the associated S4 methods only include access to the whole table for now. Internal information access follows the same way as `data.frame` operation. For example, `featureMeta(ligerD)$nCell` or `featureMeta(ligerD)[varFeatures(ligerObj), "gene_var"]`.

### Dimensionality

For a `ligerDataset` object, the column orientation is assigned for cells and rows are for features. Therefore, for `ligerDataset` objects, `dim()` returns a numeric vector of two numbers which are number of features and number of cells. `dimnames()` returns a list of two character vectors, which are the feature names and the cell barcodes.

For direct call of `dimnames<-` method, value should be a list with a character vector of feature names as the first element and cell identifiers as the second element. For `colnames<-` method, the character vector of cell identifiers. For `rownames<-` method, the character vector of feature names.

### Subsetting

For more detail of subsetting a `liger` object or a [ligerDataset](#) object, please check out [subsetLiger](#) and [subsetLigerDataset](#). Here, we set the S3 method "single-bracket" `[]` as a quick wrapper to subset a `ligerDataset` object. `i` and `j` serves as feature and cell subscriptor, respectively, which can be any valid index referring the available features and cells in a dataset. ... arguments are passed to `subsetLigerDataset` so that advanced options are allowed.

### Concatenate ligerDataset

`cbind()` method is implemented for concatenating `ligerDataset` objects by cells. When applying, all feature expression matrix will be merged with taking a union of all features for the rows.

### Examples

```
ctrl <- dataset(pbmcc, "ctrl")

Methods for base generics
ctrl
print(ctrl)
dim(ctrl)
ncol(ctrl)
nrow(ctrl)
colnames(ctrl)[1:5]
rownames(ctrl)[1:5]
ctrl[1:5, 1:5]

rliger generics
raw data
m <- rawData(ctrl)
class(m)
dim(m)
normalized data
```

```

pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
ctrl <- dataset(pbmc, "ctrl")
m <- normData(ctrl)
class(m)
dim(m)
scaled data
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc)
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc)
ctrl <- dataset(pbmc, "ctrl")
m <- scaleData(ctrl)
class(m)
dim(m)
n <- scaleData(pbmc, "ctrl")
identical(m, n)
Any other matrices
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
 pbmc <- runOnlineINMF(pbmc, k = 20, minibatchSize = 100)
 ctrl <- dataset(pbmc, "ctrl")
 V <- getMatrix(ctrl, "V")
 V[1:5, 1:5]
 Vs <- getMatrix(pbmc, "V")
 length(Vs)
 names(Vs)
 identical(Vs$ctrl, V)
}

```

---

ligerMethDataset-class

*Subclass of ligerDataset for Methylation modality*

---

## Description

Inherits from [ligerDataset](#) class. Contained slots can be referred with the link. [scaleNotCenter](#) applied on datasets of this class will automatically be taken by reversing the normalized data instead of scaling the variable features.

---

ligerRNADataset-class *Subclass of ligerDataset for RNA modality*


---

## Description

Inherits from [ligerDataset](#) class. Contained slots can be referred with the link. This subclass does not have any different from the default [ligerDataset](#) class except the class name.

---

ligerSpatialDataset-class

*Subclass of ligerDataset for Spatial modality*


---

### Description

Inherits from [ligerDataset](#) class. Contained slots can be referred with the link.

### Slots

coordinate dense matrix

---

ligerToSeurat

*Convert between liger and Seurat object*


---

### Description

For converting a [liger](#) object to a Seurat object, the rawData, normData, and scaledData from each dataset, the cellMeta, H.norm and varFeatures slot will be included. Compatible with V4 and V5. It is not recommended to use this conversion if your [liger](#) object contains datasets from various modalities.

### Usage

```
ligerToSeurat(
 object,
 assay = NULL,
 identByDataset = FALSE,
 merge = FALSE,
 nms = NULL,
 renormalize = NULL,
 use.liger.genes = NULL,
 by.dataset = identByDataset
)
```

### Arguments

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object         | A <a href="#">liger</a> object to be converted                                                                                                                                                   |
| assay          | Name of assay to store the data. Default NULL detects by dataset modality. If the object contains various modality, default to "LIGER". Default dataset modality setting is understood as "RNA". |
| identByDataset | Logical, whether to combine dataset variable and default cluster labeling to set the Idents. Default FALSE.                                                                                      |
| merge          | Logical, whether to merge layers of different datasets into one. Not recommended. Default FALSE.                                                                                                 |

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| nms             | <b>[Defunct]</b> Will be ignored because new object structure does not have related problem.                                                                      |
| renormalize     | <b>[Defunct]</b> Will be ignored because since Seurat V5, layers of data can exist at the same time and it is better to left it for users to do it by themselves. |
| use.liger.genes | <b>[Defunct]</b> Will be ignored and will always set LIGER variable features to the place.                                                                        |
| by.dataset      | <b>[Superseded]</b> . Use identByDataset instead.                                                                                                                 |

### Value

Always returns Seurat object(s) of the latest version. By default a Seurat object with split layers, e.g. with layers like "counts.ctrl" and "counts.stim". If merge = TRUE, return a single Seurat object with layers for all datasets merged.

### Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("SeuratObject", quietly = TRUE) &&
 requireNamespace("Seurat", quietly = TRUE)) {
 seu <- ligerToSeurat(pbm)
}
```

---

|                   |                                                      |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| linkGenesAndPeaks | <i>Linking genes to putative regulatory elements</i> |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Evaluate the relationships between pairs of genes and peaks based on specified distance metric. Usually used for inferring the correlation between gene expression and imputed peak counts for datasets without the modality originally (i.e. applied to [imputeKNN](#) result).

### Usage

```
linkGenesAndPeaks(
 object,
 useDataset,
 pathToCoords,
 useGenes = NULL,
 method = c("spearman", "pearson", "kendall"),
 alpha = 0.05,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 path_to_coords = pathToCoords,
 genes.list = useGenes,
 dist = method
)
```

**Arguments**

|                                  |                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object                           | A <a href="#">liger</a> object, with datasets that is of <a href="#">ligerATACDataset</a> class in the datasets slot.                                        |
| useDataset                       | Name of one dataset, with both normalized gene expression and normalized peak counts available.                                                              |
| pathToCoords                     | Path to the gene coordinates file, usually a BED file.                                                                                                       |
| useGenes                         | Character vector of gene names to be tested. Default NULL uses all genes available in useDataset.                                                            |
| method                           | Choose the type of correlation to calculate, from "spearman", "pearson" and "kendall". Default "spearman"                                                    |
| alpha                            | Numeric, significance threshold for correlation p-value. Peak-gene correlations with p-values below this threshold are considered significant. Default 0.05. |
| verbose                          | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                          |
| path_to_coords, genes.list, dist | <b>Deprecated.</b> See Usage section for replacement.                                                                                                        |

**Value**

A sparse matrix with peak names as rows and gene names as columns, with each element indicating the correlation between peak *i* and gene *j*, 0 if the gene and peak are not significantly linked.

**See Also**

[imputeKNN](#)

**Examples**

```
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE) &&
 requireNamespace("GenomicRanges", quietly = TRUE) &&
 requireNamespace("IRanges", quietly = TRUE) &&
 requireNamespace("psych", quietly = TRUE)) {
 bmmc <- normalize(bmmc)
 bmmc <- selectGenes(bmmc)
 bmmc <- scaleNotCenter(bmmc)
 bmmc <- runINMF(bmmc, miniBatchSize = 100)
 bmmc <- alignFactors(bmmc)
 bmmc <- normalizePeak(bmmc)
 bmmc <- imputeKNN(bmmc, reference = "atac", queries = "rna")
 corr <- linkGenesAndPeaks(
 bmmc, useDataset = "rna",
 pathToCoords = system.file("extdata/hg19_genes.bed", package = "rliger")
)
}
```

---

louvainCluster-deprecated**[Superseded]** *Louvain algorithm for community detection*

---

## Description

After quantile normalization, users can additionally run the Louvain algorithm for community detection, which is widely used in single-cell analysis and excels at merging small clusters into broad cell classes.

## Arguments

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object        | liger object. Should run quantile_norm before calling.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| k             | The maximum number of nearest neighbours to compute. (default 20)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| resolution    | Value of the resolution parameter, use a value above (below) 1.0 if you want to obtain a larger (smaller) number of communities. (default 1.0)                                                                                                                                                                    |
| prune         | Sets the cutoff for acceptable Jaccard index when computing the neighborhood overlap for the SNN construction. Any edges with values less than or equal to this will be set to 0 and removed from the SNN graph. Essentially sets the stridency of pruning (0 — no pruning, 1 — prune everything). (default 1/15) |
| eps           | The error bound of the nearest neighbor search. (default 0.1)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| nRandomStarts | Number of random starts. (default 10)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| nIterations   | Maximal number of iterations per random start. (default 100)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| random.seed   | Seed of the random number generator. (default 1)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| verbose       | Print messages (TRUE by default)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| dims.use      | Indices of factors to use for clustering. Default NULL uses all available factors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## Value

object with refined cluster assignment updated in "louvain\_cluster" variable in cellMeta slot. Can be fetched with `object$louvain_cluster`

## See Also

[rliger-deprecated](#)

---

|                   |                                                 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| makeFeatureMatrix | <i>Fast calculation of feature count matrix</i> |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Fast calculation of feature count matrix

### Usage

```
makeFeatureMatrix(bedmat, barcodes)
```

### Arguments

|          |                                          |
|----------|------------------------------------------|
| bedmat   | A feature count list generated by bedmap |
| barcodes | A list of barcodes                       |

### Value

A feature count matrix with features as rows and barcodes as columns

### Examples

```
Not run:
gene.counts <- makeFeatureMatrix(genes.bc, barcodes)
promoter.counts <- makeFeatureMatrix(promoters.bc, barcodes)
samnple <- gene.counts + promoter.counts

End(Not run)
```

---

|                              |                                                                   |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| makeInteractTrack-deprecated | <b>[Deprecated]</b> <i>Export predicted gene-pair interaction</i> |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Export the predicted gene-pair interactions calculated by upstream function [linkGenesAndPeaks](#) into an Interact Track file which is compatible with [UCSC Genome Browser](#).

### Arguments

|                |                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| corr.mat       | A sparse matrix of correlation with peak names as rows and gene names as columns.                                                                         |
| path_to_coords | Path to the gene coordinates file.                                                                                                                        |
| genes.list     | Character vector of gene names to be exported. Default NULL uses all genes available in corrMat.                                                          |
| output_path    | Path of filename where the output file will be stored. If a folder, a file named "Interact_Track.bed" will be created. Default current working directory. |

**Value**

No return value. A file located at outputPath will be created.

**See Also**

[rliger-deprecated](#), [exportInteractTrack](#)

---

makeRiverplot-deprecated

**[Deprecated]** *Generate a river (Sankey) plot*

---

**Description**

Creates a riverplot to show how separate cluster assignments from two datasets map onto a joint clustering. The joint clustering is by default the object clustering, but an external one can also be passed in. Uses the riverplot package to construct riverplot object and then plot.

**Arguments**

|                   |                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object            | liger object. Should run quantileAlignSNF before calling.                                                                                  |
| cluster1          | Cluster assignments for dataset 1. Note that cluster names should be distinct across datasets.                                             |
| cluster2          | Cluster assignments for dataset 2. Note that cluster names should be distinct across datasets.                                             |
| cluster_consensus | Optional external consensus clustering (to use instead of object clusters)                                                                 |
| min.frac          | Minimum fraction of cluster for edge to be shown (default 0.05).                                                                           |
| min.cells         | Minimum number of cells for edge to be shown (default 10).                                                                                 |
| river.yscale      | y-scale to pass to riverplot – scales the edge with values by this factor, can be used to squeeze vertically (default 1).                  |
| river.lty         | Line style to pass to riverplot (default 0).                                                                                               |
| river.node_margin | Node_margin to pass to riverplot – how much vertical space to keep between the nodes (default 0.1).                                        |
| label.cex         | Size of text labels (default 1).                                                                                                           |
| label.col         | Color of text labels (default "black").                                                                                                    |
| lab.srt           | Angle of text labels (default 0).                                                                                                          |
| river.usr         | Coordinates at which to draw the plot in form (x0, x1, y0, y1).                                                                            |
| node.order        | Order of clusters in each set (list with three vectors of ordinal numbers). By default will try to automatically order them appropriately. |

**Value**

object with refined cluster assignment updated in "louvain\_cluster" variable in cellMeta slot.  
Can be fetched with object\$louvain\_cluster

**See Also**

[rliger-deprecated](#)

---

mapCellMeta

---

*Create new variable from categories in cellMeta*


---

**Description**

Designed for fast variable creation when a new variable is going to be created from existing variable.  
For example, multiple samples can be mapped to the same study design condition, clusters can be mapped to cell types.

**Usage**

```
mapCellMeta(object, from, newTo = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                                                                                                                  |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object | A <a href="#">liger</a> object.                                                                                                  |
| from   | The name of the original variable to be mapped from.                                                                             |
| newTo  | The name of the new variable to store the mapped result. Default NULL returns the new variable (factor class).                   |
| ...    | Mapping criteria, argument names are original existing categories in the from and values are new categories in the new variable. |

**Value**

When newTo = NULL, a factor object of the new variable. Otherwise, the input object with variable newTo updated in cellMeta(object).

**Examples**

```
pbmc <- mapCellMeta(pbmc, from = "dataset", newTo = "modal",
 ctrl = "rna", stim = "rna")
```

mergeH5

*Merge hdf5 files***Description**

This function merges hdf5 files generated from different libraries (cell ranger by default) before they are preprocessed through Liger pipeline.

**Usage**

```
mergeH5(
 file.list,
 library.names,
 new.filename,
 format.type = "10X",
 data.name = NULL,
 indices.name = NULL,
 indptr.name = NULL,
 genes.name = NULL,
 barcodes.name = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

|                            |                                                                            |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>file.list</code>     | List of path to hdf5 files.                                                |
| <code>library.names</code> | Vector of library names (corresponding to <code>file.list</code> )         |
| <code>new.filename</code>  | String of new hdf5 file name after merging (default <code>new.h5</code> ). |
| <code>format.type</code>   | string of HDF5 format (10X CellRanger by default).                         |
| <code>data.name</code>     | Path to the data values stored in HDF5 file.                               |
| <code>indices.name</code>  | Path to the indices of data points stored in HDF5 file.                    |
| <code>indptr.name</code>   | Path to the pointers stored in HDF5 file.                                  |
| <code>genes.name</code>    | Path to the gene names stored in HDF5 file.                                |
| <code>barcodes.name</code> | Path to the barcodes stored in HDF5 file.                                  |

**Value**

Directly generates newly merged hdf5 file.

**Examples**

```
Not run:
For instance, we want to merge two datasets saved in HDF5 files (10X
CellRanger) paths to datasets: "library1.h5","library2.h5"
dataset names: "lib1", "lib2"
name for output HDF5 file: "merged.h5"
```

```
mergeH5(list("library1.h5","library2.h5"), c("lib1","lib2"), "merged.h5")

End(Not run)
```

---

|                |                                                       |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| mergeSparseAll | <i>Merge matrices while keeping the union of rows</i> |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

mergeSparseAll takes in a list of DGEs, with genes as rows and cells as columns, and merges them into a single DGE. Also adds libraryNames to colnames from each DGE if expected to be overlap (common with 10X barcodes). Values in rawData or normData slot of a [ligerDataset](#) object can be processed with this.

For a list of dense matrices, usually the values in scaleData slot of a [ligerDataset](#) object, please use mergeDenseAll which works in the same way.

## Usage

```
mergeSparseAll(
 datalist,
 libraryNames = NULL,
 mode = c("union", "intersection")
)

mergeDenseAll(datalist, libraryNames = NULL)
```

## Arguments

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| datalist     | List of dgCMatrx for mergeSparseAll or a list of matrix for mergeDenseAll.                                                                                                        |
| libraryNames | Character vector to be added as the prefix for the barcodes in each matrix in datalist. Length should match with the number of matrices. Default NULL do not modify the barcodes. |
| mode         | Whether to take the "union" or "intersection" of features when merging. Default "union".                                                                                          |

## Value

dgCMatrx or matrix with all barcodes in datalist as columns and the union of genes in datalist as rows.

## Examples

```
rawDataList <- getMatrix(pbm, "rawData")
merged <- mergeSparseAll(rawDataList, libraryNames = names(pbm))
```

---

|         |                                                                                                  |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| modalOf | <i>Return preset modality of a ligerDataset object or that of all datasets in a liger object</i> |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Return preset modality of a ligerDataset object or that of all datasets in a liger object

### Usage

```
modalOf(object)
```

### Arguments

object            a [ligerDataset](#) object or a [liger](#) object

### Value

A single character of modality setting value for [ligerDataset](#) object, or a named vector for [liger](#) object, where the names are dataset names.

### Examples

```
modalOf(pbmcc)
ctrl <- dataset(pbmcc, "ctrl")
modalOf(ctrl)
ctrl.atac <- as.ligerDataset(ctrl, modal = "atac")
modalOf(ctrl.atac)
```

---

|           |                                                      |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------|
| normalize | <b>[Deprecated]</b> <i>Normalize raw counts data</i> |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Perform library size normalization on raw counts input. As for the preprocessing step of iNMF integration, by default we don't multiply the normalized values with a scale factor, nor do we take the log transformation. Applicable S3 methods can be found in Usage section.

normalizePeak is designed for datasets of "atac" modality, i.e. stored in [ligerATACDataset](#). S3 method for various container object is not supported yet due to difference in architecture design.

**Usage**

```

normalize(object, ...)

S3 method for class 'matrix'
normalize(object, log = FALSE, scaleFactor = NULL, ...)

S3 method for class 'dgCMatrix'
normalize(object, log = FALSE, scaleFactor = NULL, ...)

S3 method for class 'DelayedArray'
normalize(
 object,
 log = FALSE,
 scaleFactor = NULL,
 chunk = getOption("ligerChunkSize", 20000),
 overwrite = FALSE,
 returnStats = FALSE,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'ligerDataset'
normalize(
 object,
 chunk = getOption("ligerChunkSize", 20000),
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'liger'
normalize(
 object,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 format.type = NULL,
 remove.missing = NULL,
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'Seurat'
normalize(object, assay = NULL, layer = "counts", save = "ligerNormData", ...)

normalizePeak(
 object,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

```

**Arguments**

|                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object                                                 | <a href="#">liger</a> object                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ...                                                    | Arguments to be passed to S3 methods. The "liger" method calls the "liger-Dataset" method, which then calls "dgCMatrx" method. <code>normalizePeak</code> directly calls <code>normalize.dgCMatrx</code> .                      |
| log                                                    | Logical. Whether to do a $\log(x + 1)$ transform on the normalized data. Default TRUE.                                                                                                                                          |
| scaleFactor                                            | Numeric. Scale the normalized expression value by this factor before transformation. NULL for not scaling. Default 1e4.                                                                                                         |
| chunk                                                  | Integer. Number of maximum number of cells in each chunk when working on HDF5 file based <code>ligerDataset</code> . Default 20000.                                                                                             |
| overwrite                                              | Logical. When writing newly computed HDF5 array to a separate HDF5 file, whether to overwrite the existing file. Default FALSE raises an error when the file already exists.                                                    |
| returnStats                                            | Logical. Used in LIGER internal workflow to allow capturing precalculated statistics for downstream use. Default FALSE only returns the normalized data for <code>DelayedArray</code> method.                                   |
| verbose                                                | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                             |
| useDatasets                                            | A character vector of the names, a numeric or logical vector of the index of the datasets to be normalized. Should specify ATACseq datasets when using <code>normalizePeak</code> . Default NULL normalizes all valid datasets. |
| <code>format.type</code> , <code>remove.missing</code> | <b>Deprecated.</b> The functionality of these is covered through other parts of the whole workflow and is no longer needed. Will be ignored if specified.                                                                       |
| assay                                                  | Name of assay to use. Default NULL uses current active assay.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| layer                                                  | Where the input raw counts should be from. Default "counts". For older Seurat, always retrieve from counts slot.                                                                                                                |
| save                                                   | For Seurat >= 4.9.9, the name of layer to store normalized data. Default "ligerNormData". For older Seurat, stored to data slot.                                                                                                |

**Value**

Updated object.

- `dgCMatrx` method - Returns processed `dgCMatrx` object
- `ligerDataset` method - Updates the `normData` slot of the object
- `liger` method - Updates the `normData` slot of chosen datasets
- Seurat method - Adds a named layer in chosen assay (V5), or update the data slot of the chosen assay (<=V4)
- `normalizePeak` - Updates the `normPeak` slot of chosen datasets.

**Examples**

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
```

---

online\_iNMF-deprecated

**[Deprecated]** *Perform online iNMF on scaled datasets*

---

## Description

Please turn to [runOnlineINMF](#) or [runIntegration](#).

Perform online integrative non-negative matrix factorization to represent multiple single-cell datasets in terms of H, W, and V matrices. It optimizes the iNMF objective function using online learning (non-negative least squares for H matrix, hierarchical alternating least squares for W and V matrices), where the number of factors is set by k. The function allows online learning in 3 scenarios: (1) fully observed datasets; (2) iterative refinement using continually arriving datasets; and (3) projection of new datasets without updating the existing factorization. All three scenarios require fixed memory independent of the number of cells.

For each dataset, this factorization produces an H matrix (cells by k), a V matrix (k by genes), and a shared W matrix (k by genes). The H matrices represent the cell factor loadings. W is identical among all datasets, as it represents the shared components of the metagenes across datasets. The V matrices represent the dataset-specific components of the metagenes.

## Arguments

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object              | liger object with data stored in HDF5 files. Should normalize, select genes, and scale before calling.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| X_new               | List of new datasets for scenario 2 or scenario 3. Each list element should be the name of an HDF5 file.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| projection          | Perform data integration by shared metagene (W) projection (scenario 3). (default FALSE)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| W.init              | Optional initialization for W. (default NULL)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| V.init              | Optional initialization for V (default NULL)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| H.init              | Optional initialization for H (default NULL)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| A.init              | Optional initialization for A (default NULL)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| B.init              | Optional initialization for B (default NULL)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| k                   | Inner dimension of factorization—number of metagenes (default 20). A value in the range 20-50 works well for most analyses.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| lambda              | Regularization parameter. Larger values penalize dataset-specific effects more strongly (ie. alignment should increase as lambda increases). We recommend always using the default value except possibly for analyses with relatively small differences (biological replicates, male/female comparisons, etc.) in which case a lower value such as 1.0 may improve reconstruction quality. (default 5.0). |
| max.epochs          | Maximum number of epochs (complete passes through the data). (default 5)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| miniBatch_max_iters | Maximum number of block coordinate descent (HALS algorithm) iterations to perform for each update of W and V (default 1). Changing this parameter is not recommended.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| miniBatch_size | Total number of cells in each minibatch (default 5000). This is a reasonable default, but a smaller value such as 1000 may be necessary for analyzing very small datasets. In general, minibatch size should be no larger than the number of cells in the smallest dataset. |
| h5_chunk_size  | Chunk size of input hdf5 files (default 1000). The chunk size should be no larger than the batch size.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| seed           | Random seed to allow reproducible results (default 123).                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| verbose        | Print progress bar/messages (TRUE by default)                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

**Value**

liger object with H, W, V, A and B slots set.

---

optimizeALS-deprecated

**[Deprecated]** *Perform iNMF on scaled datasets*

---

**Description**

**Please turn to [runINMF](#) or [runIntegration](#).**

Perform integrative non-negative matrix factorization to return factorized H, W, and V matrices. It optimizes the iNMF objective function using block coordinate descent (alternating non-negative least squares), where the number of factors is set by k. TODO: include objective function equation here in documentation (using deqn)

For each dataset, this factorization produces an H matrix (cells by k), a V matrix (k by genes), and a shared W matrix (k by genes). The H matrices represent the cell factor loadings. W is held consistent among all datasets, as it represents the shared components of the metagenes across datasets. The V matrices represent the dataset-specific components of the metagenes.

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object    | liger object. Should normalize, select genes, and scale before calling.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| k         | Inner dimension of factorization (number of factors). Run <code>suggestK</code> to determine appropriate value; a general rule of thumb is that a higher k will be needed for datasets with more sub-structure.                                                              |
| lambda    | Regularization parameter. Larger values penalize dataset-specific effects more strongly (ie. alignment should increase as lambda increases). Run <code>suggestLambda</code> to determine most appropriate value for balancing dataset alignment and agreement (default 5.0). |
| thresh    | Convergence threshold. Convergence occurs when $ \text{obj0} - \text{obj}  / (\text{mean}(\text{obj0}, \text{obj})) < \text{thresh}$ . (default 1e-6)                                                                                                                        |
| max.iters | Maximum number of block coordinate descent iterations to perform (default 30).                                                                                                                                                                                               |

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| nrep      | Number of restarts to perform (iNMF objective function is non-convex, so taking the best objective from multiple successive initializations is recommended). For easier reproducibility, this increments the random seed by 1 for each consecutive restart, so future factorizations of the same dataset can be run with one rep if necessary. (default 1) |
| H.init    | Initial values to use for H matrices. (default NULL)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| W.init    | Initial values to use for W matrix (default NULL)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| V.init    | Initial values to use for V matrices (default NULL)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| rand.seed | Random seed to allow reproducible results (default 1).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| print.obj | Print objective function values after convergence (default FALSE).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| verbose   | Print progress bar/messages (TRUE by default)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| ...       | Arguments passed to other methods                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

**Value**

liger object with H, W, and V slots set.

**See Also**

[rliger-deprecated](#)

---

|                 |                                           |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------|
| optimizeNewData | <i>Perform factorization for new data</i> |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Uses an efficient strategy for updating that takes advantage of the information in the existing factorization. Assumes that variable features are presented in the new datasets. Two modes are supported (controlled by merge):

- Append new data to existing datasets specified by useDatasets. Here the existing  $V$  matrices for the target datasets will directly be used as initialization, and new  $H$  matrices for the merged matrices will be initialized accordingly.
- Set new data as new datasets. Initial  $V$  matrices for them will be copied from datasets specified by useDatasets, and new  $H$  matrices will be initialized accordingly.

**Usage**

```
optimizeNewData(
 object,
 dataNew,
 useDatasets,
 merge = TRUE,
 lambda = NULL,
 nIteration = 30,
```

```

 seed = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose"),
 new.data = dataNew,
 which.datasets = useDatasets,
 add.to.existing = merge,
 max.iters = nIteration,
 thresh = NULL
)

```

## Arguments

|                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object                                               | A <a href="#">liger</a> object. Should have integrative factorization performed e.g. ( <a href="#">runINMF</a> ) in advance.                                                                                |
| dataNew                                              | Named list of <b>raw count</b> matrices, genes by cells.                                                                                                                                                    |
| useDatasets                                          | Selection of datasets to append new data to if merge = TRUE, or the datasets to inherit $V$ matrices from and initialize the optimization when merge = FALSE. Should match the length and order of dataNew. |
| merge                                                | Logical, whether to add the new data to existing datasets or treat as totally new datasets (i.e. calculate new $V$ matrices). Default TRUE.                                                                 |
| lambda                                               | Numeric regularization parameter. By default NULL, this will use the lambda value used in the latest factorization.                                                                                         |
| nIteration                                           | Number of block coordinate descent iterations to perform. Default 30.                                                                                                                                       |
| seed                                                 | Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1. Used by <a href="#">runINMF</a> factorization.                                                                                                        |
| verbose                                              | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> which is TRUE if users have not set.                                                                   |
| new.data, which.datasets, add.to.existing, max.iters | These arguments are now replaced by others and will be removed in the future. Please see usage for replacement.                                                                                             |
| thresh                                               | <b>Deprecated.</b> New implementation of iNMF does not require a threshold for convergence detection. Setting a large enough nIteration will bring it to convergence.                                       |

## Value

object with  $W$  slot updated with the new  $W$  matrix, and the  $H$  and  $V$  slots of each [ligerDataset](#) object in the datasets slot updated with the new dataset specific  $H$  and  $V$  matrix, respectively.

## See Also

[runINMF](#), [optimizeNewK](#), [optimizeNewLambda](#)

## Examples

```

pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc)
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc)

```

```
Only running a few iterations for fast examples
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
 pbmc <- runINMF(pbmc, k = 20, nIteration = 2)
 # Create fake new data by increasing all non-zero count in "ctrl" by 1,
 # and make unique cell identifiers
 ctrl2 <- rawData(dataset(pbmc, "ctrl"))
 ctrl2@x <- ctrl2@x + 1
 colnames(ctrl2) <- paste0(colnames(ctrl2), 2)
 pbmcNew <- optimizeNewData(pbmc, dataNew = list(ctrl2 = ctrl2),
 useDatasets = "ctrl", nIteration = 2)
}
```

optimizeNewK

*Perform factorization for new value of k*

### Description

This uses an efficient strategy for updating that takes advantage of the information in the existing factorization. It is most recommended for values of `kNew` smaller than current value (`k`, which is set when running `runINMF`), where it is more likely to speed up the factorization.

### Usage

```
optimizeNewK(
 object,
 kNew,
 lambda = NULL,
 nIteration = 30,
 seed = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose"),
 k.new = kNew,
 max.iters = nIteration,
 rand.seed = seed,
 thresh = NULL
)
```

### Arguments

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>     | A <a href="#">liger</a> object. Should have integrative factorization performed e.g. ( <code>runINMF</code> ) in advance.                                                           |
| <code>kNew</code>       | Number of factors of factorization.                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>lambda</code>     | Numeric regularization parameter. By default <code>NULL</code> , this will use the <code>lambda</code> value used in the latest factorization.                                      |
| <code>nIteration</code> | Number of block coordinate descent iterations to perform. Default 30.                                                                                                               |
| <code>seed</code>       | Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1. Used by <code>runINMF</code> factorization and initialization only when if <code>kNew</code> is greater than <code>k</code> . |

|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| verbose                     | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> which is TRUE if users have not set.                                          |
| k.new, max.iters, rand.seed | These arguments are now replaced by others and will be removed in the future. Please see usage for replacement.                                                                    |
| thresh                      | <b>Deprecated.</b> New implementation of iNMF does not require a threshold for convergence detection. Setting a large enough <code>nIteration</code> will bring it to convergence. |

### Value

object with `W` slot updated with the new  $W$  matrix, and the `H` and `V` slots of each `ligerDataset` object in the `datasets` slot updated with the new dataset specific  $H$  and  $V$  matrix, respectively.

### See Also

[runINMF](#), [optimizeNewLambda](#), [optimizeNewData](#)

### Examples

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc)
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc)
Only running a few iterations for fast examples
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
 pbmc <- runINMF(pbmc, k = 20, nIteration = 2)
 pbmc <- optimizeNewK(pbmc, kNew = 25, nIteration = 2)
}
```

---

|                   |                                                   |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| optimizeNewLambda | <i>Perform factorization for new lambda value</i> |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Uses an efficient strategy for updating that takes advantage of the information in the existing factorization; always uses previous `k`. Recommended mainly when re-optimizing for higher lambda and when new lambda value is significantly different; otherwise may not return optimal results.

### Usage

```
optimizeNewLambda(
 object,
 lambdaNew,
 nIteration = 30,
 seed = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose"),
 new.lambda = lambdaNew,
 max.iters = nIteration,
```

```

 rand.seed = seed,
 thresh = NULL
)

```

### Arguments

|                                  |                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object                           | <a href="#">liger</a> object. Should have integrative factorization (e.g. <a href="#">runINMF</a> ) performed in advance.                                             |
| lambdaNew                        | Numeric regularization parameter. Larger values penalize dataset-specific effects more strongly.                                                                      |
| nIteration                       | Number of block coordinate descent iterations to perform. Default 30.                                                                                                 |
| seed                             | Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1. Used by <a href="#">runINMF</a> factorization.                                                                  |
| verbose                          | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> which is TRUE if users have not set.                             |
| new.lambda, max.iters, rand.seed | These arguments are now replaced by others and will be removed in the future. Please see usage for replacement.                                                       |
| thresh                           | <b>Deprecated.</b> New implementation of iNMF does not require a threshold for convergence detection. Setting a large enough nIteration will bring it to convergence. |

### Value

Input object with optimized factorization values updated. including the W matrix in [liger](#) object, and H and V matrices in each [ligerDataset](#) object in the datasets slot.

### See Also

[runINMF](#), [optimizeNewK](#), [optimizeNewData](#)

### Examples

```

pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc)
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc)
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
 # Only running a few iterations for fast examples
 pbmc <- runINMF(pbmc, k = 20, nIteration = 2)
 # pbmc <- optimizeNewLambda(pbmc, lambdaNew = 5.5, nIteration = 2)
}

```

---

|                |                                                 |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| optimizeSubset | <i>Perform factorization for subset of data</i> |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Uses an efficient strategy for updating that takes advantage of the information in the existing factorization.

## Usage

```
optimizeSubset(
 object,
 clusterVar = NULL,
 useClusters = NULL,
 lambda = NULL,
 nIteration = 30,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 scaleDatasets = NULL,
 seed = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose"),
 cell.subset = cellIdx,
 cluster.subset = useClusters,
 max.iters = nIteration,
 datasets.scale = scaleDatasets,
 thresh = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object                  | <a href="#">liger</a> object. Should have integrative factorization (e.g. <a href="#">runINMF</a> ) performed in advance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| clusterVar, useClusters | Together select the clusters to subset the object conveniently. clusterVar is the name of variable in cellMeta(object) and useClusters should be vector of names of clusters in the variable. clusterVar is by default the default cluster (See <a href="#">runCluster</a> , or <a href="#">defaultCluster</a> at "Cell metadata access"). Users can otherwise select cells explicitly with cellIdx for complex conditions. useClusters overrides cellIdx. |
| lambda                  | Numeric regularization parameter. By default NULL, this will use the lambda value used in the latest factorization.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| nIteration              | Maximum number of block coordinate descent iterations to perform. Default 30.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| cellIdx                 | Valid index vector that applies to the whole object. See <a href="#">subsetLiger</a> for requirement. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| scaleDatasets           | Names of datasets to re-scale after subsetting. Default NULL does not re-scale.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

|                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| seed                                                   | Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1. Used by <code>runINMF</code> factorization.                                                                                  |
| verbose                                                | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> which is TRUE if users have not set.                                          |
| cell.subset, cluster.subset, max.iters, datasets.scale | These arguments are now replaced by others and will be removed in the future. Please see usage for replacement.                                                                    |
| thresh                                                 | <b>Deprecated.</b> New implementation of iNMF does not require a threshold for convergence detection. Setting a large enough <code>nIteration</code> will bring it to convergence. |

### Value

Subset object with factorization matrices optimized, including the W matrix in `liger` object, and W and V matrices in each `ligerDataset` object in the `datasets` slot. `scaleData` in the `ligerDataset` objects of `datasets` specified by `scaleDatasets` will also be updated to reflect the subset.

### Examples

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc)
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc)
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
 # Only running a few iterations for fast examples
 pbmc <- runINMF(pbmc, k = 20, nIteration = 2)
 pbmc <- optimizeSubset(pbmc, cellIdx = sort(sample(ncol(pbmc), 200)),
 nIteration = 2)
}
```

---

|      |                                                                                 |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| pbmc | <i>liger object of PBMC subsample data with Control and Stimulated datasets</i> |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

liger object of PBMC subsample data with Control and Stimulated datasets

### Usage

```
pbmc
```

### Format

`liger` object with two datasets named by "ctrl" and "stim".

### Source

<https://www.nature.com/articles/nbt.4042>

## References

Hyun Min Kang and et. al., Nature Biotechnology, 2018

---

|          |                                                                                |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| pbmcPlot | <i>liger object of PBMC subsample data with plotting information available</i> |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This data was generated from data "pbmc" with default parameter integration pipeline: normalize, selectGenes, scaleNotCenter, runINMF, runCluster, runUMAP. To minimize the object size distributed with the package, rawData and scaleData were removed. Genes are downsampled to the top 50 variable genes, for smaller normData and  $W$  matrix.

## Usage

```
pbmcPlot
```

## Format

[liger](#) object with two datasets named by "ctrl" and "stim".

## Source

<https://www.nature.com/articles/nbt.4042>

## References

Hyun Min Kang and et. al., Nature Biotechnology, 2018

---

|                 |                                                  |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| plotBarcodeRank | <i>Create barcode-rank plot for each dataset</i> |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This function ranks the total count of each cell within each dataset and make line plot. This function is simply for examining the input raw count data and does not infer any recommended cutoff for removing non-cell barcodes.

## Usage

```
plotBarcodeRank(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

`object` A [liger](#) object.

`...` Arguments passed on to [.ggScatter](#), [.ggplotLigerTheme](#)

`dotSize`, `dotAlpha` Numeric, controls the size or transparency of all dots. Default `getOption("ligerDotSize")` (1) and 0.9.

`raster` Logical, whether to rasterize the plot. Default NULL automatically rasterize the plot when number of total dots to be plotted exceeds 100,000.

`title`, `subtitle`, `xlab`, `ylab` Main title, subtitle or X/Y axis title text. By default, no main title or subtitle will be set, and X/Y axis title will be the names of variables used for plotting. Use NULL to hide elements. TRUE for `xlab` or `ylab` shows default values.

`baseSize` One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.

`panelBorder` Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.

`plotly` Whether to use plotly to enable web based interactive browsing for the plot. Requires installation of package "plotly". Default FALSE.

**Value**

A list object of ggplot for each dataset

**Examples**

```
plotBarcodeRank(pbmcc)
```

---

|                |                                                       |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| plotCellViolin | <i>Generate violin/box plot(s) using liger object</i> |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function allows for using available cell metadata, feature expression or factor loading to generate violin plot, and grouping the data with available categorical cell metadata. Available categorical cell metadata can be used to form the color annotation. When it is different from the grouping, it forms a nested grouping. Multiple y-axis variables are allowed from the same specification of `slot`, and this returns a list of violin plot for each. Users can further split the plot(s) by grouping on cells (e.g. datasets).

**Usage**

```
plotCellViolin(
 object,
 y,
 groupBy = NULL,
```

```

slot = c("cellMeta", "rawData", "normData", "scaleData", "H.norm", "H"),
yFunc = NULL,
cellIdx = NULL,
colorBy = NULL,
splitBy = NULL,
titles = NULL,
...
)

```

## Arguments

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object               | <a href="#">liger</a> object                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| y                    | Available variable name in slot to look for the value to visualize.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| groupBy, colorBy     | Available variable name in cellMeta slot to look for categorical grouping. See details. Default NULL produces no grouping and all-black graphic elements.                                                                                                           |
| slot                 | Choose the slot to find the y variable. See Details. Default "cellMeta".                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| yFunc                | A function object that expects a vector/factor/data.frame retrieved by y as the only input, and returns an object of the same size, so that the y-axis is replaced by this output. Useful when, for example, users need to scale the gene expression shown on plot. |
| cellIdx              | Character, logical or numeric index that can subscribe cells. Missing or NULL for all cells.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| splitBy              | Character vector of categorical variable names in cellMeta slot. Split all cells by groupings on this/these variable(s) to produce a violin plot containing only the cells in each group. Default NULL.                                                             |
| titles               | Title text. A character scalar or a character vector with as many elements as multiple plots are supposed to be generated. Default NULL.                                                                                                                            |
| ...                  | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">.ggCellViolin</a> , <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a>                                                                                                                                                                            |
| violin,box,dot       | Logical, whether to add violin plot, box plot or dot (scatter) plot, respectively. Layers are added in the order of dot, violin, and violin on the top surface. By default, only violin plot is generated.                                                          |
| violinAlpha,boxAlpha | Numeric, controls the transparency of layers. Default 0.8, 0.6, respectively.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| violinWidth,boxWidth | Numeric, controls the width of violin/box bounding box. Default 0.9 and 0.4.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| dotColor,dotSize     | Numeric, globally controls the appearance of all dots. Default "black" and <code>getOption("ligerDotSize")</code> (1).                                                                                                                                              |
| xlabAngle            | Numeric, counter-clockwise rotation angle of X axis label text. Default 45.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| raster               | Logical, whether to rasterize the dot plot. Default NULL automatically rasterizes the dot plot when number of total cells to be plotted exceeds 100,000.                                                                                                            |
| seed                 | Random seed for reproducibility. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

`title, subtitle, xlab, ylab` Main title, subtitle or X/Y axis title text. By default, no main title or subtitle will be set, and X/Y axis title will be the names of variables used for plotting. Use NULL to hide elements. TRUE for xlab or ylab shows default values.

`legendFillTitle` Legend title text for fill aesthetics, often used for violin, box, bar plots. Default NULL shows the original variable name.

`showLegend` Whether to show the legend. Default TRUE.

`legendPosition` Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "right".

`baseSize` One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.

`titleSize, xTitleSize, yTitleSize, legendTitleSize` Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by `baseSize + 2`.

`subtitleSize, xTextSize, yTextSize, legendTextSize` Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by `baseSize`.

`panelBorder` Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.

`colorLabels` Character vector for modifying category names in a color legend. Passed to `ggplot2::scale_color_manual(labels)`. Default NULL uses original levels of the factor.

`colorValues` Character vector of colors for modifying category colors in a color legend. Passed to `ggplot2::scale_color_manual(values)`. Default NULL uses internal selected palette when  $\leq 26$  categories are presented, otherwise ggplot hues.

`legendNRow, legendNCol` Integer, when too many categories in one variable, arranges number of rows or columns. Default NULL, automatically split to `ceiling(levels(variable)/15)` columns.

`plotly` Whether to use plotly to enable web based interactive browsing for the plot. Requires installation of package "plotly". Default FALSE.

## Details

Available option for slot include: "cellMeta", "rawData", "normData", "scaleData", "H.norm" and "H". When "rawData", "normData" or "scaleData", y has to be a character vector of feature names. When "H.norm" or "H", colorBy can be any valid index to select one factor of interests. Note that character index follows "Factor\_[k]" format, with replacing [k] with an integer.

When "cellMeta", y has to be an available column name in the table. Note that, for y as well as groupBy, colorBy and splitBy since a matrix object is feasible in cellMeta table, using a column (e.g. named as "column1" in a certain matrix (e.g. named as "matrixVar")) should follow the syntax of "matrixVar.column1". When the matrix does not have a "colname" attribute, the subscription goes with "matrixVar.V1", "matrixVar.V2" and etc. These are based on the nature of `as.data.frame` method on a [DataFrame](#) object.

groupBy is basically send to `ggplot2::aes(x)`, while colorBy is for the "colour" aesthetics. Specifying colorBy without groupBy visually creates grouping but there will not be varying values on the x-axis, so `boxWidth` will be forced to the same value as `violinWidth` under this situation.

**Value**

A ggplot object when a single plot is intended. A list of ggplot objects, when multiple y variables and/or splitBy are set. When plotly = TRUE, all ggplot objects become plotly (htmlwidget) objects.

**Examples**

```
plotCellViolin(pbmPlot, y = "nUMI", groupBy = "dataset", slot = "cellMeta")
plotCellViolin(pbmPlot, y = "nUMI", groupBy = "leiden_cluster",
 slot = "cellMeta", splitBy = "dataset",
 colorBy = "leiden_cluster",
 box = TRUE, dot = TRUE,
 ylab = "Total counts per cell")
plotCellViolin(pbmPlot, y = "S100A8", slot = "normData",
 yFunc = function(x) log2(10000*x + 1),
 groupBy = "dataset", colorBy = "leiden_cluster",
 box = TRUE, ylab = "S100A8 Expression")
```

---

plotClusterFactorDot    *Make dot plot of factor loading in cell groups*

---

**Description**

This function produces dot plots. Each column represent a group of cells specified by groupBy, each row is a factor specified by useDims. The color of dots reflects mean of factor loading of specified factors in each cell group and sizes reflects the percentage of cells that have loadings of a factor in a group. We utilize [ComplexHeatmap](#) for simplified management of adding annotation and slicing subplots. This was inspired by the implementation in [scCustomize](#).

**Usage**

```
plotClusterFactorDot(
 object,
 groupBy = NULL,
 useDims = NULL,
 useRaw = FALSE,
 splitBy = NULL,
 factorScaleFunc = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 legendColorTitle = "Mean Factor\nLoading",
 legendSizeTitle = "Percent\nLoaded",
 viridisOption = "viridis",
 verbose = FALSE,
 ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object           | A <a href="#">liger</a> object                                                                                                                                                   |
| groupBy          | The names of the columns in cellMeta slot storing categorical variables. Loading data would be aggregated basing on these, together with splitBy. Default uses default clusters. |
| useDims          | A Numeric vector to specify exact factors of interests. Default NULL uses all available factors.                                                                                 |
| useRaw           | Whether to use un-aligned cell factor loadings ( $H$ matrices). Default FALSE.                                                                                                   |
| splitBy          | The names of the columns in cellMeta slot storing categorical variables. Dot-plot panel splitting would be based on these. Default NULL.                                         |
| factorScaleFunc  | A function object applied to factor loading matrix for scaling the value for better visualization. Default NULL.                                                                 |
| cellIdx          | Valid cell subscription. See <a href="#">subsetLiger</a> . Default NULL for using all cells.                                                                                     |
| legendColorTitle | Title for colorbar legend. Default "Mean Factor\nLoading".                                                                                                                       |
| legendSizeTitle  | Title for size legend. Default "Percent\nLoaded"                                                                                                                                 |
| viridisOption    | Name of available viridis palette. See <a href="#">viridis</a> . Default "viridis".                                                                                              |
| verbose          | Logical. Whether to show progress information. Mainly when subsetting data. Default FALSE.                                                                                       |
| ...              | Additional theme setting arguments passed to <a href="#">.complexHeatmapDotPlot</a> and heatmap setting arguments passed to <a href="#">Heatmap</a> . See Details.               |

**Details**

For ..., please notice that arguments colorMat, sizeMat, featureAnnDF, cellSplitVar, cellLabels and viridisOption from [.complexHeatmapDotPlot](#) are already occupied by this function internally. A lot of arguments from [Heatmap](#) have also been occupied: matrix, name, heatmap\_legend\_param, rect\_gp, col, layer\_fun, km, border, border\_gp, column\_gap, row\_gap, cluster\_row\_slices, cluster\_rows, row\_title\_gp, row\_names\_gp, row\_split, row\_labels, cluster\_column\_slices, cluster\_columns, column\_split, column\_title\_gp, column\_title, column\_labels, column\_names\_gp, top\_annot

**Value**

[HeatmapList](#) object.

**Examples**

```
plotClusterFactorDot(pbmcPlot)
```

---

|                    |                                                        |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| plotClusterGeneDot | <i>Make dot plot of gene expression in cell groups</i> |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This function produces dot plots. Each column represent a group of cells specified by `groupBy`, each row is a gene specified by features. The color of dots reflects mean of normalized expression of specified genes in each cell group and sizes reflects the percentage of cells expressing each gene in a group. We utilize **ComplexHeatmap** for simplified management of adding annotation and slicing subplots. This was inspired by the implementation in **scCustomize**.

## Usage

```
plotClusterGeneDot(
 object,
 features,
 groupBy = NULL,
 splitBy = NULL,
 featureScaleFunc = function(x) log2(10000 * x + 1),
 cellIdx = NULL,
 legendColorTitle = "Mean\nExpression",
 legendSizeTitle = "Percent\nExpressed",
 viridisOption = "magma",
 verbose = FALSE,
 ...
)
```

## Arguments

|                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>           | A <b>liger</b> object                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>features</code>         | Use a character vector of gene names to make plain dot plot like a heatmap.<br>Use a data.frame where the first column is gene names and second column is a grouping variable (e.g. subset runMarkerDEG output) |
| <code>groupBy</code>          | The names of the columns in <code>cellMeta</code> slot storing categorical variables. Expression data would be aggregated basing on these, together with <code>splitBy</code> . Default uses default clusters.  |
| <code>splitBy</code>          | The names of the columns in <code>cellMeta</code> slot storing categorical variables. Dot-plot panel splitting would be based on these. Default NULL.                                                           |
| <code>featureScaleFunc</code> | A function object applied to normalized data for scaling the value for better visualization. Default <code>function(x) log2(10000*x + 1)</code>                                                                 |
| <code>cellIdx</code>          | Valid cell subscription. See <b>subsetLiger</b> . Default NULL for using all cells.                                                                                                                             |
| <code>legendColorTitle</code> | Title for colorbar legend. Default "Mean\nExpression".                                                                                                                                                          |

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| legendSizeTitle | Title for size legend. Default "Percent\nExpressed"                                                                                                                |
| viridisOption   | Name of available viridis palette. See <a href="#">viridis</a> . Default "magma".                                                                                  |
| verbose         | Logical. Whether to show progress information. Mainly when subsetting data. Default FALSE.                                                                         |
| ...             | Additional theme setting arguments passed to <a href="#">.complexHeatmapDotPlot</a> and heatmap setting arguments passed to <a href="#">Heatmap</a> . See Details. |

## Details

For ..., please notice that arguments colorMat, sizeMat, featureAnnDF, cellSplitVar, cellLabels and viridisOption from [.complexHeatmapDotPlot](#) are already occupied by this function internally. A lot of arguments from [Heatmap](#) have also been occupied: matrix, name, heatmap\_legend\_param, rect\_gp, col, layer\_fun, km, border, border\_gp, column\_gap, row\_gap, cluster\_row\_slices, cluster\_rows, row\_title\_gp, row\_names\_gp, row\_split, row\_labels, cluster\_column\_slices, cluster\_columns, column\_split, column\_title\_gp, column\_title, column\_labels, column\_names\_gp, top\_annot.

## Value

[HeatmapList](#) object.

## Examples

```
Use character vector of genes
features <- varFeatures(pbmcPlot)[1:10]
plotClusterGeneDot(pbmcPlot, features = features)

Use data.frame with grouping information, with more tweak on plot
features <- data.frame(features, rep(letters[1:5], 2))
plotClusterGeneDot(pbmcPlot, features = features,
 clusterFeature = TRUE, clusterCell = TRUE, maxDotSize = 6)
```

---

`plotClusterGeneViolin` *Create violin plot for multiple genes grouped by clusters*

---

## Description

Make violin plots for each given gene grouped by cluster variable and stack along y axis.

## Usage

```
plotClusterGeneViolin(
 object,
 gene,
 groupBy = NULL,
 colorBy = NULL,
 box = FALSE,
```

```

 boxAlpha = 0.1,
 yFunc = function(x) log1p(x * 10000),
 showLegend = !is.null(colorBy),
 xlabAngle = 40,
 ...
)

```

## Arguments

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object     | A <a href="#">liger</a> object.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| gene       | Character vector of gene names.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| groupBy    | The name of an available categorical variable in cellMeta slot. This forms the main x-axis columns. Use FALSE for no grouping. Default NULL looks clustering result but will not group if no clustering is found.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| colorBy    | The name of another categorical variable in cellMeta slot. This split the main grouping columns and color the violins. Default NULL will not split and color the violins.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| box        | Logical, whether to add boxplot. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| boxAlpha   | Numeric, transparency of boxplot. Default 0.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| yFunc      | Function to transform the y-axis. Default is $\log_1p(x \times 1e4)$ . Set to NULL for no transformation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| showLegend | Whether to show the legend. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| xlabAngle  | Numeric, counter-clockwise rotation angle in degrees of X axis label text. Default 40.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| ...        | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a> <p>title, subtitle, xlab, ylab Main title, subtitle or X/Y axis title text. By default, no main title or subtitle will be set, and X/Y axis title will be the names of variables used for plotting. Use NULL to hide elements. TRUE for xlab or ylab shows default values.</p> <p>legendFillTitle Legend title text for fill aesthetics, often used for violin, box, bar plots. Default NULL shows the original variable name.</p> <p>legendPosition Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "right".</p> <p>baseSize One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.</p> <p>titleSize, xTitleSize, yTitleSize, legendTitleSize Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by baseSize + 2.</p> <p>subtitleSize, xTextSize, yTextSize, legendTextSize Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by baseSize.</p> <p>yFacetSize Size of facet strip label text on y-axis. Default NULL controls by baseSize - 2.</p> <p>panelBorder Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.</p> |

**colorLabels** Character vector for modifying category names in a color legend. Passed to `ggplot2::scale_color_manual(labels)`. Default NULL uses original levels of the factor.

**colorValues** Character vector of colors for modifying category colors in a color legend. Passed to `ggplot2::scale_color_manual(values)`. Default NULL uses internal selected palette when  $\leq 26$  categories are presented, otherwise ggplot hues.

**legendNRow, legendNCol** Integer, when too many categories in one variable, arranges number of rows or columns. Default NULL, automatically split to  $\text{ceiling}(\text{levels}(\text{variable})/15)$  columns.

**plotly** Whether to use plotly to enable web based interactive browsing for the plot. Requires installation of package "plotly". Default FALSE.

### Details

If `xlab` need to be set, set `xlabAngle` at the same time. This is due to that the argument parsing mechanism will partially match it to main function arguments before matching the `...` arguments.

### Value

A ggplot object.

### Examples

```
plotClusterGeneViolin(pbmPlot, varFeatures(pbmPlot)[1:10])
```

---

|                   |                                                     |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| plotDensityDimRed | Create density plot basing on specified coordinates |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

This function shows the cell density presented in a 2D dimensionality reduction coordinates. Density is shown with coloring and contour lines. A scatter plot of the dimensionality reduction is added as well. The density plot can be splitted by categorical variables (e.g. "dataset"), while the scatter plot will always be shown for all cells in subplots as a reference of the global structure.

### Usage

```
plotDensityDimRed(
 object,
 useDimRed = NULL,
 splitBy = NULL,
 combinePlot = TRUE,
 minDensity = 8,
 contour = TRUE,
 contourLineWidth = 0.3,
 contourBins = 5,
```

```

 dot = TRUE,
 dotColor = "grey",
 dotSize = 0.6,
 dotAlpha = 0.3,
 dotRaster = NULL,
 title = NULL,
 legendFillTitle = "Density",
 colorPalette = "magma",
 colorDirection = -1,
 ...
)

```

## Arguments

|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object                      | A <a href="#">liger</a> object                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| useDimRed                   | Name of the variable storing dimensionality reduction result in the cellMeta slot. Default uses default dimension reduction.                                                                                       |
| splitBy                     | Character vector of categorical variable names in cellMeta slot. Split all cells by groupings on this/these variable(s) to produce a density plot containing only the cells in each group. Default NULL.           |
| combinePlot                 | Logical, whether to utilize <a href="#">plot_grid</a> to combine multiple plots into one. Default TRUE returns combined ggplot. FALSE returns a list of ggplot or a single ggplot when only one plot is requested. |
| minDensity                  | A positive number to filter out low density region colored on plot. Default 8. Setting zero will show density on the whole panel.                                                                                  |
| contour                     | Logical, whether to draw the contour line. Default TRUE.                                                                                                                                                           |
| contourLineWidth            | Numeric, the width of the contour line. Default 0.3.                                                                                                                                                               |
| contourBins                 | Number of contour bins. Higher value generates more contour lines. Default 5.                                                                                                                                      |
| dot                         | Logical, whether to add scatter plot of all cells, even when density plot is splitted with splitBy. Default TRUE.                                                                                                  |
| dotColor, dotSize, dotAlpha | Numeric, controls the appearance of all dots. Default "grey", 0.6 and 0.3, respectively.                                                                                                                           |
| dotRaster                   | Logical, whether to rasterize the scatter plot. Default NULL automatically rasterizes the dots when number of total cells to be plotted exceeds 100,000.                                                           |
| title                       | Text of main title of the plots. Default NULL. Length of character vector input should match with number of plots generated.                                                                                       |
| legendFillTitle             | Text of legend title. Default "Density".                                                                                                                                                                           |
| colorPalette                | Name of the option for <a href="#">scale_fill_viridis_c</a> . Default "magma".                                                                                                                                     |
| colorDirection              | Color gradient direction for <a href="#">scale_fill_viridis_c</a> . Default -1.                                                                                                                                    |
| ...                         | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a>                                                                                                                                                           |

**title, subtitle, xlab, ylab** Main title, subtitle or X/Y axis title text. By default, no main title or subtitle will be set, and X/Y axis title will be the names of variables used for plotting. Use NULL to hide elements. TRUE for xlab or ylab shows default values.

**showLegend** Whether to show the legend. Default TRUE.

**legendPosition** Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "right".

**baseSize** One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.

**titleSize, xTitleSize, yTitleSize, legendTitleSize** Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by baseSize + 2.

**subtitleSize, xTextSize, yTextSize, legendTextSize** Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by baseSize.

**panelBorder** Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.

**plotly** Whether to use plotly to enable web based interactive browsing for the plot. Requires installation of package "plotly". Default FALSE.

### Value

A ggplot object when only one plot is generated, A ggplot object combined with `plot_grid` when multiple plots and `combinePlot` = TRUE. A list of ggplot when multiple plots and `combinePlot` = FALSE.

### Examples

```
Example dataset has small number of cells, thus cutoff adjusted.
plotDensityDimRed(pbmPlot, minDensity = 1)
```

---

plotDimRed

*Generate scatter plot(s) using liger object*

---

### Description

This function allows for using available cell metadata to build the x-/y-axis. Available per-cell data can be used to form the color/shape annotation, including cell metadata, raw or processed gene expression, and unnormalized or aligned factor loading. Multiple coloring variable is allowed from the same specification of `slot`, and this returns a list of plots with different coloring values. Users can further split the plot(s) by grouping on cells (e.g. datasets).

### Usage

```
plotDimRed(
 object,
 colorBy = NULL,
```

```
 useDimRed = NULL,
 slot = c("cellMeta", "rawData", "normData", "scaleData", "H.norm", "H", "normPeak",
 "rawPeak"),
 colorByFunc = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 splitBy = NULL,
 shapeBy = NULL,
 titles = NULL,
 ...
)

plotClusterDimRed(object, useCluster = NULL, useDimRed = NULL, ...)

plotDatasetDimRed(object, useDimRed = NULL, ...)

plotByDatasetAndCluster(
 object,
 useDimRed = NULL,
 useCluster = NULL,
 combinePlot = TRUE,
 ...
)

plotGeneDimRed(
 object,
 features,
 useDimRed = NULL,
 log = TRUE,
 scaleFactor = 10000,
 zeroAsNA = TRUE,
 colorPalette = "C",
 ...
)

plotPeakDimRed(
 object,
 features,
 useDimRed = NULL,
 log = TRUE,
 scaleFactor = 10000,
 zeroAsNA = TRUE,
 colorPalette = "C",
 ...
)

plotFactorDimRed(
 object,
 factors,
```

```

 useDimRed = NULL,
 trimHigh = 0.03,
 zeroAsNA = TRUE,
 colorPalette = "D",
 ...
)

```

## Arguments

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object            | A <a href="#">liger</a> object.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| colorBy           | Available variable name in specified slot to look for color annotation information. See details. Default NULL generates all-black dots.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| useDimRed         | Name of the variable storing dimensionality reduction result in the cellMeta(object). Default NULL use default dimRed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| slot              | Choose the slot to find the colorBy variable. See details. Default "cellMeta".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| colorByFunc       | Default NULL. A function object that expects a vector/factor/data.frame retrieved by colorBy as the only input, and returns an object of the same size, so that the all color "aes" are replaced by this output. Useful when, for example, users need to scale the gene expression shown on plot.                                                         |
| cellIdx           | Character, logical or numeric index that can subscribe cells. Missing or NULL for all cells.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| splitBy           | Character vector of categorical variable names in cellMeta slot. Split all cells by groupings on this/these variable(s) to produce a scatter plot containing only the cells in each group. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                  |
| shapeBy           | Available variable name in cellMeta slot to look for categorical annotation to be reflected by dot shapes. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| titles            | Title text. A character scalar or a character vector with as many elements as multiple plots are supposed to be generated. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ...               | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">.ggScatter</a> , <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| dotOrder          | Controls the order that each dot is added to the plot. Choose from "shuffle", "ascending", or "descending". Default "shuffle", useful when coloring by categories that overlaps (e.g. "dataset"), "ascending" can be useful when coloring by a continuous variable (e.g. gene expression) where high values needs more highlight. NULL use default order. |
| dotSize, dotAlpha | Numeric, controls the size or transparency of all dots. Default <code>getOption("ligerDotSize")</code> (1) and 0.9.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| trimHigh, trimLow | Numeric, limit the largest or smallest value of continuous colorBy variable. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| raster            | Logical, whether to rasterize the plot. Default NULL automatically rasterize the plot when number of total dots to be plotted exceeds 100,000.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| labelBy           | A variable name available in plotDF. If the variable is categorical (a factor), the label position will be the median coordinates of all dots within the same group. Unique labeling in character vector for each dot is also acceptable. Default colorBy.                                                                                                |

**labelText** Logical, whether to show text label at the median position of each categorical group specified by **colorBy**. Default TRUE. Does not work when continuous coloring is specified.

**labelTextSize** Numeric, controls the size of label size when **labelText** = TRUE. Default 4.

**seed** Random seed for reproducibility. Default 1.

**title, subtitle, xlab, ylab** Main title, subtitle or X/Y axis title text. By default, no main title or subtitle will be set, and X/Y axis title will be the names of variables used for plotting. Use NULL to hide elements. TRUE for xlab or ylab shows default values.

**legendColorTitle** Legend title text for color aesthetics, often used for categorical or continuous coloring of dots. Default NULL shows the original variable name.

**legendShapeTitle** Legend title text for shape aesthetics, often used for shaping dots by categorical variable. Default NULL shows the original variable name.

**showLegend** Whether to show the legend. Default TRUE.

**legendPosition** Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "right".

**baseSize** One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.

**titleSize, xTitleSize, yTitleSize, legendTitleSize** Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by **baseSize** + 2.

**subtitleSize, xTextSize, yTextSize, legendTextSize** Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by **baseSize**.

**legendDotSize** Allow dots in legend region to be large enough to see the colors/shapes clearly. Default 4.

**panelBorder** Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.

**colorLabels** Character vector for modifying category names in a color legend. Passed to `ggplot2::scale_color_manual(labels)`. Default NULL uses original levels of the factor.

**colorValues** Character vector of colors for modifying category colors in a color legend. Passed to `ggplot2::scale_color_manual(values)`. Default NULL uses internal selected palette when  $\leq 26$  categories are presented, otherwise ggplot hues.

**legendNRow, legendNCol** Integer, when too many categories in one variable, arranges number of rows or columns. Default NULL, automatically split to `ceiling(levels(variable)/15)` columns.

**colorDirection** Choose 1 or -1. Applied when **colorPalette** is from Viridis options. Default -1 use darker color for higher value, while 1 reverses this direction.

**colorLow, colorMid, colorHigh, colorMidPoint** All four of these must be specified to customize palette with

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| naColor           | The color code for NA values. Default "#DEDEDE". <a href="#">scale_colour_gradient2</a> . Default NULL.                                                         |
| plotly            | Whether to use plotly to enable web based interactive browsing for the plot. Requires installation of package "plotly". Default FALSE.                          |
| useCluster        | Name of variable in cellMeta(object). Default NULL uses default cluster.                                                                                        |
| combinePlot       | Logical, whether to utilize <a href="#">plot_grid</a> to combine multiple plots into one. Default TRUE returns combined ggplot. FALSE returns a list of ggplot. |
| features, factors | Name of genes or index of factors that need to be visualized.                                                                                                   |
| log               | Logical. Whether to log transform the normalized expression of genes. Default TRUE.                                                                             |
| scaleFactor       | Number to be multiplied with the normalized expression of genes before log transformation. Default 1e4. NULL for not scaling.                                   |
| zeroAsNA          | Logical, whether to swap all zero values to NA so naColor will be used to represent non-expressing features. Default TRUE.                                      |
| colorPalette      | Name of viridis palette. See <a href="#">viridis</a> for options. Default "C" ("plasma") for gene expression and "D" ("viridis") for factor loading.            |
| trimHigh          | Number for highest cut-off to limit the outliers. Factor loading above this value will all be trimmed to this value. Default 0.03.                              |

## Details

Available option for slot include: "cellMeta", "rawData", "normData", "scaleData", "H.norm" and "H". When "rawData", "normData" or "scaleData", colorBy has to be a character vector of feature names. When "H.norm" or "H", colorBy can be any valid index to select one factor of interests. Note that character index follows "Factor\_[k]" format, with replacing [k] with an integer.

When "cellMeta", colorBy has to be an available column name in the table. Note that, for colorBy as well as x, y, shapeBy and splitBy, since a matrix object is feasible in cellMeta table, using a column (e.g. named as "column1" in a certain matrix (e.g. named as "matrixVar")) should follow the syntax of "matrixVar.column1". When the matrix does not have a "colname" attribute, the subscription goes with "matrixVar.V1", "matrixVar.V2" and etc. Use "UMAP.1", "UMAP.2", "TSNE.1" or "TSNE.2" for the 2D embeddings generated with rliger package. These are based on the nature of as.data.frame method on a [DataFrame](#) object.

## Value

A ggplot object when a single plot is intended. A list of ggplot objects, when multiple colorBy variables and/or splitBy are set. When plotly = TRUE, all ggplot objects become plotly (htmlwidget) objects.

ggplot object when only one feature (e.g. cluster variable, gene, factor) is set. List object when multiple of those are specified.

**Examples**

```

plotDimRed(pbmcPlot, colorBy = "dataset", slot = "cellMeta",
 labelText = FALSE)
plotDimRed(pbmcPlot, colorBy = "S100A8", slot = "normData",
 dotOrder = "ascending", dotSize = 2)
plotDimRed(pbmcPlot, colorBy = 2, slot = "H.norm",
 dotOrder = "ascending", dotSize = 2, colorPalette = "viridis")
plotClusterDimRed(pbmcPlot)
plotDatasetDimRed(pbmcPlot)
plotByDatasetAndCluster(pbmcPlot)
plotGeneDimRed(pbmcPlot, varFeatures(pbmcPlot)[1])
plotFactorDimRed(pbmcPlot, 2)

```

---

|                     |                                                 |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| plotEnhancedVolcano | <i>Create volcano plot with EnhancedVolcano</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Create volcano plot with EnhancedVolcano

**Usage**

```
plotEnhancedVolcano(result, group, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| result | Data frame table returned by <a href="#">runMarkerDEG</a> or <a href="#">runPairwiseDEG</a> .                                                                                                 |
| group  | Selection of one group available from <code>result\$group</code> . If only one group is available from <code>result</code> , default NULL uses it.                                            |
| ...    | Arguments passed to <code>EnhancedVolcano::EnhancedVolcano()</code> , except that <code>toptable</code> , <code>lab</code> , <code>x</code> and <code>y</code> are prefilled by this wrapper. |

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```

if (requireNamespace("EnhancedVolcano", quietly = TRUE)) {
 defaultCluster(pbmc) <- pbmcPlot$leiden_cluster
 # Test the DEG between "stim" and "ctrl", within each cluster
 result <- runPairwiseDEG(
 pbmc,
 groupTest = "stim",
 groupCtrl = "ctrl",
 variable1 = "dataset",
 splitBy = "defaultCluster"
)
}

```

```

 plotEnhancedVolcano(result, "0.stim")
}

```

---

plotGeneHeatmap

*Plot Heatmap of Gene Expression or Factor Loading*


---

## Description

Plot Heatmap of Gene Expression or Factor Loading

## Usage

```

plotGeneHeatmap(
 object,
 features,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 slot = c("normData", "rawData", "scaleData", "scaleUnsharedData"),
 useCellMeta = NULL,
 cellAnnotation = NULL,
 featureAnnotation = NULL,
 cellSplitBy = NULL,
 featureSplitBy = NULL,
 viridisOption = "C",
 ...
)

plotFactorHeatmap(
 object,
 factors = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 slot = c("H.norm", "H"),
 useCellMeta = NULL,
 cellAnnotation = NULL,
 factorAnnotation = NULL,
 cellSplitBy = NULL,
 factorSplitBy = NULL,
 trim = c(0, 0.03),
 viridisOption = "D",
 ...
)

```

## Arguments

object      A [liger](#) object, with data to be plot available.

|                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| features, factors                             | Character vector of genes of interests or numeric index of factor to be involved. features is required, while factors is by default all the factors (reads object recorded k value in uns slot).                                                                                                                                              |
| cellIdx                                       | Valid index to subscribe cells to be included. See <a href="#">subsetLiger</a> . Default NULL use all cells.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| slot                                          | Use the chosen matrix for heatmap. For plotGeneHeatmap, default "normData", alternatively "rawData", "scaleData" or "scaleUnsharedData". For plotFactorHeatmap, default "H.norm", alternatively "H".                                                                                                                                          |
| useCellMeta                                   | Character vector of available variable names in cellMeta, variables will be added as annotation to the heatmap. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| cellAnnotation                                | data.frame object for using external annotation, with each column a variable and each row is a cell. Row names of this data.frame will be used for matching cells involved in heatmap. For cells not found in this data.frame, NAs will be added with warning. Default NULL.                                                                  |
| featureAnnotation, factorAnnotation           | Similar as cellAnnotation, while each row would be a gene or factor, respectively. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| cellSplitBy                                   | Character vector of variable names available in annotation given by useCellMeta and cellAnnotation. This slices the heatmap by specified variables. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| featureSplitBy, factorSplitBy                 | Similar as cellSplitBy. Default NULL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| viridisOption                                 | See option argument of <a href="#">viridis</a> . Default "C" (plasma) for plotGeneHeatmap and "D" (viridis) for plotFactorHeatmap.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ...                                           | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">.plotHeatmap</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| transpose                                     | Logical, whether to "rotate" the heatmap by 90 degrees so that cell information is displayed by row. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| showCellLabel, showFeatureLabel               | Logical, whether to show cell barcodes, gene symbols or factor names. Default TRUE for gene/factors but FALSE for cells.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| showCellLegend, showFeatureLegend             | Logical, whether to show cell or feature legends. Default TRUE. Can be a scalar for overall control or a vector matching with each given annotation variable.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| cellAnnCollist, featureAnnCollist             | List object, with each element a named vector of R-interpretable color code. The names of the list elements are used for matching the annotation variable names. The names of the colors in the vectors are used for matching the levels of a variable (factor object, categorical). Default NULL generates ggplot-flavor categorical colors. |
| scale                                         | Logical, whether to take z-score to scale and center gene expression. Applied after dataScaleFunc. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| baseSize                                      | One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.                                                                                                                                          |
| cellTextSize, featureTextSize, legendTextSize | Size of cell barcode labels, gene/factor labels, or legend values. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

|      |                                                  |                                                                                                                           |
|------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|      | cellTitleSize, featureTitleSize, legendTitleSize | Size of titles of the cell slices, gene/factor slices, or the legends. Default NULL.                                      |
|      | RColorBrewerOption                               | When scale = TRUE, heatmap color will be mapped with <a href="#">brewer.pal</a> . This is passed to name. Default "RdBu". |
| trim | Numeric vector of two numbers.                   | Higher value limits the maximum value and lower value limits the minimum value. Default c(0, 0.03).                       |

**Value**

[HeatmapList-class](#) object

**Examples**

```
plotGeneHeatmap(pbmcPlot, varFeatures(pbmcPlot))
plotGeneHeatmap(pbmcPlot, varFeatures(pbmcPlot),
 useCellMeta = c("leiden_cluster", "dataset"),
 cellSplitBy = "leiden_cluster")

plotFactorHeatmap(pbmcPlot)
plotFactorHeatmap(pbmcPlot, cellIdx = pbmcPlot$leiden_cluster %in% 1:3,
 useCellMeta = c("leiden_cluster", "dataset"),
 cellSplitBy = "leiden_cluster")
```

---

|                  |                                                     |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| plotGeneLoadings | <i>Visualize factor expression and gene loading</i> |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Visualize factor expression and gene loading

**Usage**

```
plotGeneLoadings(
 object,
 markerTable,
 useFactor,
 useDimRed = NULL,
 nLabel = 15,
 nPlot = 30,
 ...
)

plotGeneLoadingRank(
 object,
 markerTable,
 useFactor,
 nLabel = 15,
```

```

 nPlot = 30,
 ...
)

```

## Arguments

|                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>                                             | A <a href="#">liger</a> object with valid factorization result.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>markerTable</code>                                        | Returned result of <a href="#">getFactorMarkers</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>useFactor</code>                                          | Integer index for which factor to visualize.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>useDimRed</code>                                          | Name of the variable storing dimensionality reduction result in the <code>cellMeta</code> slot. Default "UMAP".                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>nLabel</code>                                             | Integer, number of top genes to be shown with text labels. Default 15.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <code>nPlot</code>                                              | Integer, number of top genes to be shown in the loading rank plot. Default 30.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>...</code>                                                | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">plotDimRed</a> , <a href="#">.ggScatter</a> , <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a>                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <code>colorByFunc</code>                                        | Default NULL. A function object that expects a vector/factor/data.frame retrieved by <code>colorBy</code> as the only input, and returns an object of the same size, so that the all color "aes" are replaced by this output. Useful when, for example, users need to scale the gene expression shown on plot. |
| <code>cellIdx</code>                                            | Character, logical or numeric index that can subscribe cells. Missing or NULL for all cells.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>shapeBy</code>                                            | Available variable name in <code>cellMeta</code> slot to look for categorical annotation to be reflected by dot shapes. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>titles</code>                                             | Title text. A character scalar or a character vector with as many elements as multiple plots are supposed to be generated. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <code>dotSize, dotAlpha</code>                                  | Numeric, controls the size or transparency of all dots. Default <code>getOption("ligerDotSize")</code> (1) and 0.9.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>trimHigh, trimLow</code>                                  | Numeric, limit the largest or smallest value of continuous <code>colorBy</code> variable. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>raster</code>                                             | Logical, whether to rasterize the plot. Default NULL automatically rasterize the plot when number of total dots to be plotted exceeds 100,000.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>legendColorTitle</code>                                   | Legend title text for color aesthetics, often used for categorical or continuous coloring of dots. Default NULL shows the original variable name.                                                                                                                                                              |
| <code>legendShapeTitle</code>                                   | Legend title text for shape aesthetics, often used for shaping dots by categorical variable. Default NULL shows the original variable name.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>showLegend</code>                                         | Whether to show the legend. Default TRUE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>legendPosition</code>                                     | Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "right".                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>baseSize</code>                                           | One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.                                                                                                           |
| <code>titleSize, xTitleSize, yTitleSize, legendTitleSize</code> | Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by <code>baseSize + 2</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

subtitleSize,xTextSize,yTextSize,legendTextSize Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by baseSize.

panelBorder Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.

colorPalette For continuous coloring, an index or a palette name to select from available options from ggplot [scale\\_brewer](#) or [viridis](#). Default "magma".

colorDirection Choose 1 or -1. Applied when colorPalette is from Viridis options. Default -1 use darker color for higher value, while 1 reverses this direction.

naColor The color code for NA values. Default "#DEDEDE". [scale\\_colour\\_gradient2](#). Default NULL.

Examples

```
result <- getFactorMarkers(pbmPlot, "ctrl", "stim")
plotGeneLoadings(pbmPlot, result, useFactor = 2)
```

---

|                |                                                                    |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| plotGeneViolin | <i>Visualize gene expression or cell metadata with violin plot</i> |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

Description

Visualize gene expression or cell metadata with violin plot

Usage

```
plotGeneViolin(object, gene, byDataset = TRUE, groupBy = NULL, ...)

plotTotalCountViolin(object, groupBy = "dataset", ...)

plotGeneDetectedViolin(object, groupBy = "dataset", ...)
```

Arguments

|           |                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object    | A <a href="#">liger</a> object.                                                                                                                                      |
| gene      | Character gene names.                                                                                                                                                |
| byDataset | Logical, whether the violin plot should be splitted by dataset. Default TRUE.                                                                                        |
| groupBy   | Names of available categorical variable in cellMeta slot. Use FALSE for no grouping. Default NULL looks clustering result but will not group if no clustering found. |
| ...       | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">plotCellViolin</a> , <a href="#">.ggCellViolin</a> , <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a>                                            |
| slot      | Choose the slot to find the y variable. See Details. Default "cellMeta".                                                                                             |

**yFunc** A function object that expects a vector/factor/data.frame retrieved by **y** as the only input, and returns an object of the same size, so that the y-axis is replaced by this output. Useful when, for example, users need to scale the gene expression shown on plot.

**cellIdx** Character, logical or numeric index that can subscribe cells. Missing or NULL for all cells.

**titles** Title text. A character scalar or a character vector with as many elements as multiple plots are supposed to be generated. Default NULL.

**violin,box,dot** Logical, whether to add violin plot, box plot or dot (scatter) plot, respectively. Layers are added in the order of dot, violin, and violin on the top surface. By default, only violin plot is generated.

**violinAlpha,boxAlpha** Numeric, controls the transparency of layers. Default 0.8, 0.6, respectively.

**violinWidth,boxWidth** Numeric, controls the width of violin/box bounding box. Default 0.9 and 0.4.

**dotColor,dotSize** Numeric, globally controls the appearance of all dots. Default "black" and `getOption("ligerDotSize")` (1).

**xlabAngle** Numeric, counter-clockwise rotation angle of X axis label text. Default 45.

**raster** Logical, whether to rasterize the dot plot. Default NULL automatically rasterizes the dot plot when number of total cells to be plotted exceeds 100,000.

**seed** Random seed for reproducibility. Default 1.

**legendFillTitle** Legend title text for fill aesthetics, often used for violin, box, bar plots. Default NULL shows the original variable name.

**showLegend** Whether to show the legend. Default TRUE.

**legendPosition** Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "right".

**baseSize** One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.

**titleSize,xTitleSize,yTitleSize,legendTitleSize** Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by `baseSize + 2`.

**subtitleSize,xTextSize,yTextSize,legendTextSize** Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by `baseSize`.

**panelBorder** Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.

**colorLabels** Character vector for modifying category names in a color legend. Passed to `ggplot2::scale_color_manual(labels)`. Default NULL uses original levels of the factor.

**colorValues** Character vector of colors for modifying category colors in a color legend. Passed to `ggplot2::scale_color_manual(values)`. Default NULL uses internal selected palette when  $\leq 26$  categories are presented, otherwise ggplot hues.

**legendNRow,legendNCol** Integer, when too many categories in one variable, arranges number of rows or columns. Default NULL, automatically split to `ceiling(levels(variable)/15)` columns.

plotly Whether to use plotly to enable web based interactive browsing for the plot. Requires installation of package "plotly". Default FALSE.

Value

ggplot if using a single gene and not splitting by dataset. Otherwise, list of ggplot.

Examples

```
plotGeneViolin(pbmcPlot, varFeatures(pbmcPlot)[1],
 groupBy = "leiden_cluster")
plotTotalCountViolin(pbmc)
plotGeneDetectedViolin(pbmc, dot = TRUE, box = TRUE, colorBy = "dataset")
```

---

|           |                                                        |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| plotGODot | <i>Visualize GO enrichment test result in dot plot</i> |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------|

---

Description

Visualize GO enrichment test result in dot plot

Usage

```
plotGODot(
 result,
 group = NULL,
 query = NULL,
 pvalThresh = 0.05,
 n = 20,
 minDotSize = 3,
 maxDotSize = 7,
 termIDMatch = "^GO",
 colorPalette = "E",
 colorDirection = -1,
 ...
)
```

Arguments

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| result     | Returned list object from <a href="#">runGOEnrich</a> .                                                                                                                                      |
| group      | A single group name to be visualized, must be available in names(result). Default NULL make plots for the first group.                                                                       |
| query      | A single string selecting from which query to show the result. Choose from "Up" for results using up-regulated genes, "Down" for down-regulated genes. Default NULL use the first available. |
| pvalThresh | Numeric scalar, cutoff for p-value where smaller values are considered as significant. Default 0.05.                                                                                         |

|                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| n                                                  | Number of top terms to be shown, ranked by p-value. Default 20.                                                                                                                                      |
| minDotSize                                         | The size of the dot representing the minimum gene count. Default 3.                                                                                                                                  |
| maxDotSize                                         | The size of the dot representing the maximum gene count.                                                                                                                                             |
| termIDMatch                                        | Regular expression pattern to match the term ID. Default "^GO" for only using GO terms from returned results.                                                                                        |
| colorPalette, colorDirection                       | Viridis palette options. Default "E" and 1.                                                                                                                                                          |
| ...                                                | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a>                                                                                                                                             |
| legendColorTitle                                   | Legend title text for color aesthetics, often used for categorical or continuous coloring of dots. Default NULL shows the original variable name.                                                    |
| legendSizeTitle                                    | Legend title text for size aesthetics, often used for sizing dots by continuous variable. Default NULL shows the original variable name.                                                             |
| showLegend                                         | Whether to show the legend. Default TRUE.                                                                                                                                                            |
| legendPosition                                     | Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "right".                                                                                          |
| baseSize                                           | One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this. |
| titleSize, xTitleSize, yTitleSize, legendTitleSize | Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by baseSize + 2.                                                                                                             |
| subtitleSize, xTextSize, yTextSize, legendTextSize | Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by baseSize.                                                                                                                |
| plotly                                             | Whether to use plotly to enable web based interactive browsing for the plot. Requires installation of package "plotly". Default FALSE.                                                               |

**Value**

A ggplot object.

**Examples**

```
if (requireNamespace("gprofiler2", quietly = TRUE)) {
 go <- runGOEnrich(deg.pw)
 plotGODot(go)
}
```

## Description

This function produces combined plot on group level (e.g. dataset, other metadata variable like biological conditions). Scatter plot of dimension reduction with cluster labeled is generated per group. Furthermore, a stacked barplot of cluster proportion within each group is also combined with the subplot of each group.

## Usage

```
plotGroupClusterDimRed(
 object,
 useGroup = "dataset",
 useCluster = NULL,
 useDimRed = NULL,
 combinePlot = TRUE,
 droplevels = TRUE,
 relHeightMainLegend = c(5, 1),
 relHeightDRBar = c(10, 1),
 mainNRow = NULL,
 mainNCol = NULL,
 legendNRow = 1,
 ...
)
```

## Arguments

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object              | A <a href="#">liger</a> object with dimension reduction, grouping variable and cluster assignment in <code>cellMeta(object)</code> .                                                          |
| useGroup            | Variable name of the group division in metadata. Default "dataset".                                                                                                                           |
| useCluster          | Name of variable in <code>cellMeta(object)</code> . Default NULL uses default cluster.                                                                                                        |
| useDimRed           | Name of the variable storing dimensionality reduction result in <code>cellMeta(object)</code> . Default NULL use default dimRed.                                                              |
| combinePlot         | Whether to return combined plot. Default TRUE. If FALSE, will return a list containing only the scatter plots.                                                                                |
| droplevels          | Logical, whether to perform <a href="#">droplevels()</a> on the selected grouping variable. Default TRUE will not show groups that are listed as categories but do not indeed have any cells. |
| relHeightMainLegend | Relative heights of the main combination panel and the legend at the bottom. Must be a numeric vector of 2 numbers. Default <code>c(5, 1)</code> .                                            |
| relHeightDRBar      | Relative heights of the scatter plot and the barplot within each subpanel. Must be a numeric vector of 2 numbers. Default <code>c(10, 1)</code> .                                             |
| mainNRow, mainNCol  | Arrangement of the main plotting region, for number of rows and columns. Default NULL will be automatically handled by <a href="#">plot_grid</a> .                                            |
| legendNRow          | Arrangement of the legend, number of rows. Default 1.                                                                                                                                         |
| ...                 | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">.ggScatter</a> , <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a>                                                                                                         |

**dotOrder** Controls the order that each dot is added to the plot. Choose from "shuffle", "ascending", or "descending". Default "shuffle", useful when coloring by categories that overlaps (e.g. "dataset"), "ascending" can be useful when coloring by a continuous variable (e.g. gene expression) where high values needs more highlight. NULL use default order.

**dotSize, dotAlpha** Numeric, controls the size or transparency of all dots. Default `getOption("ligerDotSize")` (1) and 0.9.

**raster** Logical, whether to rasterize the plot. Default NULL automatically rasterize the plot when number of total dots to be plotted exceeds 100,000.

**labelText** Logical, whether to show text label at the median position of each categorical group specified by `colorBy`. Default TRUE. Does not work when continuous coloring is specified.

**labelTextSize** Numeric, controls the size of label size when `labelText = TRUE`. Default 4.

**seed** Random seed for reproducibility. Default 1.

**baseSize** One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.

**panelBorder** Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.

**colorValues** Character vector of colors for modifying category colors in a color legend. Passed to `ggplot2::scale_color_manual(values)`. Default NULL uses internal selected palette when  $\leq 26$  categories are presented, otherwise ggplot hues.

**naColor** The color code for NA values. Default "#DEDEDE". [scale\\_colour\\_gradient2](#). Default NULL.

**plotly** Whether to use plotly to enable web based interactive browsing for the plot. Requires installation of package "plotly". Default FALSE.

## Value

ggplot object when only one feature (e.g. cluster variable, gene, factor) is set. List object when multiple of those are specified.

## Examples

```
plotGroupClusterDimRed(pbmcPlot)
```

---

|                   |                                                                |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| plotMarkerHeatmap | Create heatmap for showing top marker expression in conditions |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Create heatmap for showing top marker expression in conditions

**Usage**

```
plotMarkerHeatmap(
 object,
 result,
 topN = 5,
 lfcThresh = 1,
 padjThresh = 0.05,
 pctInThresh = 50,
 pctOutThresh = 50,
 dedupBy = c("logFC", "padj"),
 groupBy = NULL,
 groupSize = 50,
 column_title = NULL,
 ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object                    | A <a href="#">liger</a> object, with normalized data and metadata to annotate available.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| result                    | The data.frame returned by <a href="#">runMarkerDEG</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| topN                      | Number of top features to be plot for each group. Default 5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| lfcThresh                 | Hard threshold on logFC value. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| padjThresh                | Hard threshold on adjusted P-value. Default 0.05.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| pctInThresh, pctOutThresh | Threshold on expression percentage. These mean that a feature will only pass the filter if it is expressed in more than pctInThresh percent of cells in the corresponding cluster. Similarly for pctOutThresh. Only applied when these metrics are available. Default 50 percent for both.  |
| dedupBy                   | When ranking by padj and logFC and a feature is ranked as top for multiple clusters, assign this feature as the marker of a cluster when it has the largest "logFC" in the cluster or has the lowest "padj". Default "logFC".                                                               |
| groupBy                   | Cell metadata variable names for cell grouping. Downsample balancing will also be aware of this. Default "dataset" and the default cluster.                                                                                                                                                 |
| groupSize                 | Maximum number of cells in each group to be downsampled for plotting. Default 50.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| column_title              | Title on the column. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| ...                       | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">plotGeneHeatmap</a> , <a href="#">.plotHeatmap</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                           | cellAnnotation data.frame object for using external annotation, with each column a variable and each row is a cell. Row names of this data.frame will be used for matching cells involved in heatmap. For cells not found in this data.frame, NAs will be added with warning. Default NULL. |
|                           | transpose Logical, whether to "rotate" the heatmap by 90 degrees so that cell information is displayed by row. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                               |

`showCellLabel`, `showFeatureLabel` Logical, whether to show cell barcodes, gene symbols or factor names. Default TRUE for gene/factors but FALSE for cells.

`cellAnnCollList`, `featureAnnCollList` List object, with each element a named vector of R-interpretable color code. The names of the list elements are used for matching the annotation variable names. The names of the colors in the vectors are used for matching the levels of a variable (factor object, categorical). Default NULL generates ggplot-flavor categorical colors.

`scale` Logical, whether to take z-score to scale and center gene expression. Applied after `dataScaleFunc`. Default FALSE.

`trim` Numeric vector of two values. Limit the z-score value into this range when `scale = TRUE`. Default `c(-2, 2)`.

`baseSize` One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.

`cellTextSize`, `featureTextSize`, `legendTextSize` Size of cell barcode labels, gene/factor labels, or legend values. Default NULL.

`cellTitleSize`, `featureTitleSize`, `legendTitleSize` Size of titles of the cell slices, gene/factor slices, or the legends. Default NULL.

`viridisOption`, `viridisDirection` See argument option and direction of [viridis](#). Default "A" and -1.

`RColorBrewerOption` When `scale = TRUE`, heatmap color will be mapped with [brewer.pal](#). This is passed to name. Default "RdBu".

## Value

A [HeatmapList-class](#) object.

## Examples

```
defaultCluster(pbm) <- pbmPlot$leiden_cluster
pbm <- normalize(pbm)
plotMarkerHeatmap(pbm, deg.marker)
```

---

plotPairwiseDEGHeatmap

*Create heatmap for pairwise DEG analysis result*

---

## Description

Create heatmap for pairwise DEG analysis result

**Usage**

```
plotPairwiseDEGHeatmap(
 object,
 result,
 group = NULL,
 topN = 20,
 absLFCThresh = 1,
 padjThresh = 0.05,
 pctInThresh = 50,
 pctOutThresh = 50,
 downsampleSize = 200,
 useCellMeta = NULL,
 column_title = NULL,
 seed = 1,
 ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object                    | A <a href="#">liger</a> object, with normalized data and metadata to annotate available.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| result                    | The data.frame returned by <a href="#">runPairwiseDEG</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| group                     | The test group name among the result to be shown. Must specify only one if multiple tests are available (i.e. split test). Default NULL works with single-test result and raises error with split-test result.                                                                             |
| topN                      | Maximum number of top significant features to be plot for up- and down-regulated genes. Default 20.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| absLFCThresh              | Hard threshold on absolute logFC value. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| padjThresh                | Hard threshold on adjusted P-value. Default 0.05.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| pctInThresh, pctOutThresh | Threshold on expression percentage. These mean that a feature will only pass the filter if it is expressed in more than pctInThresh percent of cells in the corresponding cluster. Similarly for pctOutThresh. Only applied when these metrics are available. Default 50 percent for both. |
| downsampleSize            | Maximum number of downsampled cells to be shown in the heatmap. The downsampling is balanced on the cells involved in the test specified. Default 200.                                                                                                                                     |
| useCellMeta               | Cell metadata variable names for cell grouping. Default NULL includes dataset source and the default cluster.                                                                                                                                                                              |
| column_title              | Title on the column. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| seed                      | Random seed for reproducibility. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| ...                       | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">.plotHeatmap</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                           | transpose Logical, whether to "rotate" the heatmap by 90 degrees so that cell information is displayed by row. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                              |

`showCellLabel`, `showFeatureLabel` Logical, whether to show cell barcodes, gene symbols or factor names. Default TRUE for gene/factors but FALSE for cells.

`cellAnnCollList`, `featureAnnCollList` List object, with each element a named vector of R-interpretable color code. The names of the list elements are used for matching the annotation variable names. The names of the colors in the vectors are used for matching the levels of a variable (factor object, categorical). Default NULL generates ggplot-flavor categorical colors.

`scale` Logical, whether to take z-score to scale and center gene expression. Applied after `dataScaleFunc`. Default FALSE.

`trim` Numeric vector of two values. Limit the z-score value into this range when `scale = TRUE`. Default `c(-2, 2)`.

`baseSize` One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.

`cellTextSize`, `featureTextSize`, `legendTextSize` Size of cell barcode labels, gene/factor labels, or legend values. Default NULL.

`cellTitleSize`, `featureTitleSize`, `legendTitleSize` Size of titles of the cell slices, gene/factor slices, or the legends. Default NULL.

`viridisOption`, `viridisDirection` See argument option and direction of [viridis](#). Default "A" and -1.

`RColorBrewerOption` When `scale = TRUE`, heatmap color will be mapped with [brewer.pal](#). This is passed to name. Default "RdBu".

## Value

A [HeatmapList-class](#) object.

## Examples

```
defaultCluster(pbm) <- pbmPlot$leiden_cluster
pbm$condition_cluster <- interaction(pbm$dataset, pbm$defaultCluster)
deg <- runPairwiseDEG(pbm, 'stim.0', 'stim.1', 'condition_cluster')
pbm <- normalize(pbm)
plotPairwiseDEGHeatmap(pbm, deg, 'stim.0')
```

---

plotProportion

*Visualize proportion across two categorical variables*

---

## Description

`plotProportionBar` creates bar plots comparing the cross-category proportion. `plotProportionDot` creates dot plots. `plotClusterProportions` has variable pre-specified and calls the dot plot. `plotProportion` produces a combination of both bar plots and dot plot.

Having package "ggrepel" installed can help adding tidier percentage annotation on the pie chart. Run `options(ggrepel.max.overlaps = n)` before plotting to set allowed label overlaps.

**Usage**

```

plotProportion(
 object,
 class1 = NULL,
 class2 = "dataset",
 method = c("stack", "group", "pie"),
 ...
)

plotProportionDot(
 object,
 class1 = NULL,
 class2 = "dataset",
 showLegend = FALSE,
 panelBorder = TRUE,
 ...
)

plotProportionBar(
 object,
 class1 = NULL,
 class2 = "dataset",
 method = c("stack", "group"),
 inclRev = FALSE,
 panelBorder = TRUE,
 combinePlot = TRUE,
 ...
)

plotClusterProportions(object, useCluster = NULL, return.plot = FALSE, ...)

plotProportionPie(
 object,
 class1 = NULL,
 class2 = "dataset",
 labelSize = 4,
 labelColor = "black",
 circleColors = NULL,
 ...
)

```

**Arguments**

|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>         | A <a href="#">liger</a> object.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>class1, class2</code> | Each should be a single name of a categorical variable available in <code>cellMeta</code> slot. Number of cells in each categories in <code>class2</code> will be served as the denominator when calculating proportions. By default <code>class1 = NULL</code> and uses default clusters and <code>class2 = "dataset"</code> . |

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| method      | For bar plot, choose whether to draw "stack" or "group" bar plot. Default "stack".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ...         | <p>Arguments passed on to <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a></p> <p><code>title, subtitle, xlab, ylab</code> Main title, subtitle or X/Y axis title text. By default, no main title or subtitle will be set, and X/Y axis title will be the names of variables used for plotting. Use NULL to hide elements. TRUE for xlab or ylab shows default values.</p> <p><code>legendFillTitle</code> Legend title text for fill aesthetics, often used for violin, box, bar plots. Default NULL shows the original variable name.</p> <p><code>legendPosition</code> Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "right".</p> <p><code>baseSize</code> One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.</p> <p><code>titleSize, xTitleSize, yTitleSize, legendTitleSize</code> Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by <code>baseSize + 2</code>.</p> <p><code>subtitleSize, xTextSize, yTextSize, legendTextSize</code> Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by <code>baseSize</code>.</p> <p><code>colorLabels</code> Character vector for modifying category names in a color legend. Passed to <code>ggplot2::scale_color_manual(labels)</code>. Default NULL uses original levels of the factor.</p> <p><code>colorValues</code> Character vector of colors for modifying category colors in a color legend. Passed to <code>ggplot2::scale_color_manual(values)</code>. Default NULL uses internal selected palette when <math>\leq 26</math> categories are presented, otherwise ggplot hues.</p> <p><code>legendNRow, legendNCol</code> Integer, when too many categories in one variable, arranges number of rows or columns. Default NULL, automatically split to <code>ceiling(levels(variable)/15)</code> columns.</p> <p><code>colorPalette</code> For continuous coloring, an index or a palette name to select from available options from ggplot <a href="#">scale_brewer</a> or <a href="#">viridis</a>. Default "magma".</p> <p><code>colorDirection</code> Choose 1 or -1. Applied when <code>colorPalette</code> is from Viridis options. Default -1 use darker color for higher value, while 1 reverses this direction.</p> <p><code>colorLow, colorMid, colorHigh, colorMidPoint</code> All four of these must be specified to customize palette with</p> <p><code>naColor</code> The color code for NA values. Default "#DEDEDE". <a href="#">scale_colour_gradient2</a>. Default NULL.</p> <p><code>plotly</code> Whether to use plotly to enable web based interactive browsing for the plot. Requires installation of package "plotly". Default FALSE.</p> |
| showLegend  | Whether to show the legend. Default TRUE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| panelBorder | Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| inclRev     | Logical, for barplot, whether to reverse the specification for class1 and class2 and produce two plots. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| combinePlot           | Logical, whether to combine the two plots with <code>plot_grid</code> when two plots are created. Default TRUE.                                                                   |
| useCluster            | For plotClusterProportions. Same as class1 while class2 is hardcoded with "dataset".                                                                                              |
| return.plot           | <b>[Defunct]</b>                                                                                                                                                                  |
| labelSize, labelColor | Settings on pie chart percentage label. Default 4 and "white".                                                                                                                    |
| circleColors          | Character vector of colors. plotProportionPie parameter for setting the colors of circles, i.e. categorical variable controlled by class2. Default NULL uses ggplot default hues. |

**Value**

ggplot or list of ggplot

**Examples**

```
plotProportion(pbmcPlot)
plotProportionBar(pbmcPlot, method = "group")
plotProportionPie(pbmcPlot)
```

---

|                   |                                                                             |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| plotProportionBox | <i>Box plot of cluster proportion in each dataset, grouped by condition</i> |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function calculate the proportion of each category (e.g. cluster, cell type) within each dataset, and then make box plot grouped by condition. The proportion of all categories within one dataset sums up to 1. The condition variable must be a variable of dataset, i.e. each dataset must belong to only one condition.

**Usage**

```
plotProportionBox(
 object,
 useCluster = NULL,
 conditionBy = NULL,
 sampleBy = "dataset",
 splitByCluster = FALSE,
 dot = FALSE,
 dotSize = getOption("ligerDotSize", 1),
 dotJitter = FALSE,
 ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object         | A <a href="#">liger</a> object.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| useCluster     | Name of variable in cellMeta(object). Default NULL uses default cluster.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| conditionBy    | Name of the variable in cellMeta(object) that represents the condition. Must be a high level variable of the sampleBy variable, i.e. each sample must belong to only one condition. Default NULL does not group samples by condition.                                   |
| sampleBy       | Name of the variable in cellMeta(object) that represents individual samples. Default "dataset".                                                                                                                                                                         |
| splitByCluster | Logical, whether to split the wide grouped box plot by cluster, into a list of boxplots for each cluster. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                |
| dot            | Logical, whether to add dot plot on top of the box plot. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| dotSize        | Size of the dot. Default uses user option "ligerDotSize", or 1 if not set.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| dotJitter      | Logical, whether to jitter the dot to avoid overlapping within a box when many dots are presented. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                       |
| ...            | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                | title, subtitle, xlab, ylab Main title, subtitle or X/Y axis title text. By default, no main title or subtitle will be set, and X/Y axis title will be the names of variables used for plotting. Use NULL to hide elements. TRUE for xlab or ylab shows default values. |
|                | legendFillTitle Legend title text for fill aesthetics, often used for violin, box, bar plots. Default NULL shows the original variable name.                                                                                                                            |
|                | showLegend Whether to show the legend. Default TRUE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                | legendPosition Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "right".                                                                                                                                              |
|                | baseSize One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.                                                           |
|                | titleSize, xTitleSize, yTitleSize, legendTitleSize Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by baseSize + 2.                                                                                                                             |
|                | subtitleSize, xTextSize, yTextSize, legendTextSize Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by baseSize.                                                                                                                                |
|                | panelBorder Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                    |
|                | colorLabels Character vector for modifying category names in a color legend. Passed to ggplot2::scale_color_manual(labels). Default NULL uses original levels of the factor.                                                                                            |
|                | colorValues Character vector of colors for modifying category colors in a color legend. Passed to ggplot2::scale_color_manual(values). Default NULL uses internal selected palette when <= 26 categories are presented, otherwise ggplot hues.                          |
|                | legendNRow, legendNCol Integer, when too many categories in one variable, arranges number of rows or columns. Default NULL, automatically split to ceiling(levels(variable)/15) columns.                                                                                |

**colorPalette** For continuous coloring, an index or a palette name to select from available options from ggplot [scale\\_brewer](#) or [viridis](#). Default "magma".

**colorDirection** Choose 1 or -1. Applied when colorPalette is from Viridis options. Default -1 use darker color for higher value, while 1 reverses this direction.

**colorLow,colorMid,colorHigh,colorMidPoint** All four of these must be specified to customize palette with

**naColor** The color code for NA values. Default "#DEDEDE". [scale\\_colour\\_gradient2](#). Default NULL.

**plotly** Whether to use plotly to enable web based interactive browsing for the plot. Requires installation of package "plotly". Default FALSE.

### Value

A ggplot object or a list of ggplot objects if `splitByCluster = TRUE`.

### Examples

```
"boxes" are expected to appear as horizontal lines, because there's no
"condition" variable that groups the datasets in the example object, and
thus only one value exists for each "box".
plotProportionBox(pbmPlot, conditionBy = "dataset")
```

---

|            |                                                                               |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| plotSankey | <i>Make Riverplot/Sankey diagram that shows label mapping across datasets</i> |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Creates a riverplot/Sankey diagram to show how independent cluster assignments from two datasets map onto a joint clustering. Prior knowledge of cell annotation for the given datasets is required to make sense from the visualization. Dataset original annotation can be added with the syntax shown in example code in this manual. The joint clustering could be generated with [runCluster](#) or set by any other metadata annotation.

Dataset original annotation can be inserted before running this function using `cellMeta<-` method. Please see example below.

This function depends on CRAN available package "sankey" and it has to be installed in order to make this function work.

### Usage

```
plotSankey(
 object,
 cluster1,
 cluster2,
 clusterConsensus = NULL,
```

```

 minFrac = 0.01,
 minCell = 10,
 titles = NULL,
 prefixes = NULL,
 labelCex = 1,
 titleCex = 1.1,
 colorValues = scPalette,
 mar = c(2, 2, 4, 2)
)

```

## Arguments

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>             | A <a href="#">liger</a> object with all three clustering variables available.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <code>cluster1, cluster2</code> | Name of the variables in <code>cellMeta(object)</code> for the cluster assignments of dataset 1 and 2, respectively.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>clusterConsensus</code>   | Name of the joint cluster variable to use. Default uses the default clustering of the object. Can select a variable name in <code>cellMeta(object)</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>minFrac</code>            | Numeric. Minimum fraction of cluster for an edge to be shown. Default 0.05.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>minCell</code>            | Numeric. Minimum number of cells for an edge to be shown. Default 10.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <code>titles</code>             | Character vector of three. Customizes the column title text shown. Default uses the variable names <code>cluster1</code> , <code>clusterConsensus</code> and <code>cluster2</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>prefixes</code>           | Character vector of three. Cluster names have to be unique across all three variables, so this is provided to deduplicate the clusters by adding " <code>prefixes[i]</code> -" before the actual label. This will not be applied when no duplicate is found. Default NULL uses variable names. An NA value or a string with no character (i.e. "") does not add the prefix to the corresponding variable. |
| <code>labelCex</code>           | Numeric. Amount by which node label text should be magnified relative to the default. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <code>titleCex</code>           | Numeric. Amount by which node label text should be magnified relative to the default. Default 1.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>colorValues</code>        | Character vector of color codes to set color for each level in the consensus clustering. Default <code>scPalette</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>mar</code>                | Numeric vector of the form <code>c(bottom, left, top, right)</code> which gives the number of lines of margin to be specified on the four sides of the plot. Increasing the 2nd and 4th values can be helpful when cluster labels are long and extend out side of the plotting region. Default <code>c(2, 2, 4, 2)</code> .                                                                               |

## Value

No returned value. The sankey diagram will be displayed instead.

## Note

This function works as a replacement of the function `makeRiverplot` in `rliger` <1.99. We decide to make a new function because the dependency adopted by the older version is archived on CRAN and will be no longer available.

## Examples

```
Make fake dataset specific labels from joint clustering result
cellMeta(pbmcPlot, "ctrl_cluster", "ctrl") <-
 cellMeta(pbmcPlot, "leiden_cluster", "ctrl")
cellMeta(pbmcPlot, "stim_cluster", "stim") <-
 cellMeta(pbmcPlot, "leiden_cluster", "stim")
if (requireNamespace("sankey", quietly = TRUE)) {
 plotSankey(pbmcPlot, "ctrl_cluster", "stim_cluster",
 titles = c("control", "LIGER", "stim"),
 prefixes = c("c", NA, "s"))
}
```

---

plotSpatial2D

Visualize a spatial dataset

---

## Description

Simple visualization of spatial coordinates. See example code for how to have information preset in the object. Arguments to the liger object method are passed down to ligerDataset method.

## Usage

```
plotSpatial2D(object, ...)

S3 method for class 'liger'
plotSpatial2D(object, dataset, useCluster = NULL, legendColorTitle = NULL, ...)

S3 method for class 'ligerSpatialDataset'
plotSpatial2D(
 object,
 useCluster = NULL,
 legendColorTitle = NULL,
 useDims = c(1, 2),
 xlab = NULL,
 ylab = NULL,
 labelText = FALSE,
 panelBorder = TRUE,
 ...
)
```

## Arguments

|          |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object   | Either a <a href="#">liger</a> object containing a spatial dataset or a <a href="#">ligerSpatialDataset</a> object.                                                                                           |
| ...      | Arguments passed on to <a href="#">.ggScatter</a> , <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a>                                                                                                                         |
| dotOrder | Controls the order that each dot is added to the plot. Choose from "shuffle", "ascending", or "descending". Default "shuffle", useful when coloring by categories that overlaps (e.g. "dataset"), "ascending" |

|                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                       | can be useful when coloring by a continuous variable (e.g. gene expression) where high values needs more highlight. NULL use default order.                                                                                                                                   |
|                                       | <code>dotSize</code> , <code>dotAlpha</code> Numeric, controls the size or transparency of all dots. Default <code>getOption("ligerDotSize")</code> (1) and 0.9.                                                                                                              |
|                                       | <code>raster</code> Logical, whether to rasterize the plot. Default NULL automatically rasterize the plot when number of total dots to be plotted exceeds 100,000.                                                                                                            |
|                                       | <code>labelTextSize</code> Numeric, controls the size of label size when <code>labelText = TRUE</code> . Default 4.                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                       | <code>seed</code> Random seed for reproducibility. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                       | <code>showLegend</code> Whether to show the legend. Default TRUE.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                                       | <code>legendPosition</code> Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "right".                                                                                                                                       |
|                                       | <code>baseSize</code> One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.                                                    |
|                                       | <code>titleSize</code> , <code>xTitleSize</code> , <code>yTitleSize</code> , <code>legendTitleSize</code> Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by <code>baseSize + 2</code> .                                                              |
|                                       | <code>subtitleSize</code> , <code>xTextSize</code> , <code>yTextSize</code> , <code>legendTextSize</code> Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by <code>baseSize</code> .                                                                 |
|                                       | <code>legendDotSize</code> Allow dots in legend region to be large enough to see the colors/shapes clearly. Default 4.                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                       | <code>colorLabels</code> Character vector for modifying category names in a color legend. Passed to <code>ggplot2::scale_color_manual(labels)</code> . Default NULL uses original levels of the factor.                                                                       |
|                                       | <code>colorValues</code> Character vector of colors for modifying category colors in a color legend. Passed to <code>ggplot2::scale_color_manual(values)</code> . Default NULL uses internal selected palette when $\leq 26$ categories are presented, otherwise ggplot hues. |
|                                       | <code>legendNRow</code> , <code>legendNCol</code> Integer, when too many categories in one variable, arranges number of rows or columns. Default NULL, automatically split to <code>ceiling(levels(variable)/15)</code> columns.                                              |
|                                       | <code>naColor</code> The color code for NA values. Default "#DEDEDE". <a href="#">scale_colour_gradient2</a> . Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>dataset</code>                  | Name of one spatial dataset.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>useCluster</code>               | Either the name of one variable in <code>cellMeta(object)</code> or a factor object with annotation that matches with all cells in the specified dataset. Default NULL uses default clusters.                                                                                 |
| <code>legendColorTitle</code>         | Alternative title text in the legend. Default NULL uses the variable name set by <code>useCluster</code> , or "Annotation" is <code>useCluster</code> is a customized factor object.                                                                                          |
| <code>useDims</code>                  | Numeric vector of two, choosing the coordinates to be drawn on 2D space. (STARmap data could have 3 dimensions.) Default <code>c(1, 2)</code> .                                                                                                                               |
| <code>xlab</code> , <code>ylab</code> | Text label on x-/y-axis. Default NULL does not show it.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <code>labelText</code>                | Logical, whether to label annotation onto the scatter plot. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>panelBorder</code>              | Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default TRUE.                                                                                                                                                       |

**Value**

A ggplot object

**Examples**

```
ctrl.fake.spatial <- as.ligerDataset(dataset(pbm, "ctrl"), modal = "spatial")
fake.coords <- matrix(rnorm(2 * ncol(ctrl.fake.spatial)), ncol = 2)
coordinate(ctrl.fake.spatial) <- fake.coords
dataset(pbm, "ctrl") <- ctrl.fake.spatial
defaultCluster(pbm) <- pbmPlot$leiden_cluster
plotSpatial2D(pbm, dataset = "ctrl")
```

---

plotVarFeatures

*Plot the variance vs mean of feature expression*


---

**Description**

For each dataset where the feature variability is calculated, a plot of log10 feature expression variance and log10 mean will be produced. Features that are considered as variable would be highlighted in red.

**Usage**

```
plotVarFeatures(object, combinePlot = TRUE, dotSize = 1, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|             |                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object      | liger object. <a href="#">selectGenes</a> needs to be run in advance.                                                                    |
| combinePlot | Logical. If TRUE, sub-figures for all datasets will be combined into one plot. if FALSE, a list of plots will be returned. Default TRUE. |
| dotSize     | Controls the size of dots in the main plot. Default 0.8.                                                                                 |
| ...         | More theme setting parameters passed to <a href="#">.ggplotLigerTheme</a> .                                                              |

**Value**

ggplot object when combinePlot = TRUE, a list of ggplot objects when combinePlot = FALSE

**Examples**

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbm)
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbm)
plotVarFeatures(pbm)
```

---

|             |                                              |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------|
| plotVolcano | Create volcano plot for Wilcoxon test result |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

plotVolcano is a simple implementation and shares most of arguments with other rliqer plotting functions. plotEnhancedVolcano is a wrapper function of EnhancedVolcano::EnhancedVolcano(), which has provides substantial amount of arguments for graphical control. However, that requires the installation of package "EnhancedVolcano".

highlight and labelTopN both controls the feature name labeling, whereas highlight is considered first. If both are as default (NULL), all significant features will be labeled.

## Usage

```
plotVolcano(
 result,
 group = NULL,
 logFCThresh = 1,
 padjThresh = 0.01,
 highlight = NULL,
 labelTopN = NULL,
 dotSize = 2,
 dotAlpha = 0.8,
 legendPosition = "top",
 labelSize = 4,
 ...
)
```

## Arguments

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| result            | Data frame table returned by <a href="#">runMarkerDEG</a> or <a href="#">runPairwiseDEG</a> .                                                                        |
| group             | Selection of one group available from result\$group. If only one group is available from result, default NULL uses it.                                               |
| logFCThresh       | Number for the threshold on the absolute value of the log2 fold change statistics. Default 1.                                                                        |
| padjThresh        | Number for the threshold on the adjusted p-value statistics. Default 0.01.                                                                                           |
| highlight         | A character vector of feature names to be highlighted. Default NULL.                                                                                                 |
| labelTopN         | Number of top differential expressed features to be labeled on the top of the dots. Ranked by adjusted p-value first and absolute value of logFC next. Default NULL. |
| dotSize, dotAlpha | Numbers for universal aesthetics control of dots. Default 2 and 0.8.                                                                                                 |
| legendPosition    | Text indicating where to place the legend. Choose from "top", "bottom", "left" or "right". Default "top".                                                            |
| labelSize         | Size of labeled top features and line annotations. Default 4.                                                                                                        |

... Arguments passed on to `.ggScatter`, `.ggplotLigerTheme`

`dotOrder` Controls the order that each dot is added to the plot. Choose from "shuffle", "ascending", or "descending". Default "shuffle", useful when coloring by categories that overlaps (e.g. "dataset"), "ascending" can be useful when coloring by a continuous variable (e.g. gene expression) where high values needs more highlight. NULL use default order.

`raster` Logical, whether to rasterize the plot. Default NULL automatically rasterize the plot when number of total dots to be plotted exceeds 100,000.

`labelText` Logical, whether to show text label at the median position of each categorical group specified by `colorBy`. Default TRUE. Does not work when continuous coloring is specified.

`labelTextSize` Numeric, controls the size of label size when `labelText` = TRUE. Default 4.

`seed` Random seed for reproducibility. Default 1.

`legendColorTitle` Legend title text for color aesthetics, often used for categorical or continuous coloring of dots. Default NULL shows the original variable name.

`showLegend` Whether to show the legend. Default TRUE.

`baseSize` One-parameter control of all text sizes. Individual text element sizes can be controlled by other size arguments. "Title" sizes are 2 points larger than "text" sizes when being controlled by this.

`titleSize, xTitleSize, yTitleSize, legendTitleSize` Size of main title, axis titles and legend title. Default NULL controls by `baseSize + 2`.

`subtitleSize, xTextSize, yTextSize, legendTextSize` Size of subtitle text, axis texts and legend text. Default NULL controls by `baseSize`.

`panelBorder` Whether to show rectangle border of the panel instead of using ggplot classic bottom and left axis lines. Default FALSE.

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
plotVolcano(deg.pw, "stim.CD14 Mono")
```

---

|                  |                                                                       |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| quantileAlignSNF | <b>[Superseded]</b> <i>Quantile align (normalize) factor loadings</i> |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

Description

This is a deprecated function. Calling 'quantileNorm' instead.

**Usage**

```
quantileAlignSNF(
 object,
 knn_k = 20,
 k2 = 500,
 prune.thresh = 0.2,
 ref_dataset = NULL,
 min_cells = 20,
 quantiles = 50,
 nstart = 10,
 resolution = 1,
 dims.use = 1:ncol(x = object@H[[1]]),
 dist.use = "CR",
 center = FALSE,
 small.clust.thresh = 0,
 id.number = NULL,
 print.mod = FALSE,
 print.align.summary = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>             | liger object. Should run <code>optimizeALS</code> before calling.                                                                                                                           |
| <code>knn_k</code>              | Number of nearest neighbors for within-dataset knn graph (default 20).                                                                                                                      |
| <code>k2</code>                 | Horizon parameter for shared nearest factor graph. Distances to all but the <code>k2</code> nearest neighbors are set to 0 (cuts down on memory usage for very large graphs). (default 500) |
| <code>prune.thresh</code>       | Minimum allowed edge weight. Any edges below this are removed (given weight 0) (default 0.2)                                                                                                |
| <code>ref_dataset</code>        | Name of dataset to use as a "reference" for normalization. By default, the dataset with the largest number of cells is used.                                                                |
| <code>min_cells</code>          | Minimum number of cells to consider a cluster shared across datasets (default 2)                                                                                                            |
| <code>quantiles</code>          | Number of quantiles to use for quantile normalization (default 50).                                                                                                                         |
| <code>nstart</code>             | Number of times to perform Louvain community detection with different random starts (default 10).                                                                                           |
| <code>resolution</code>         | Controls the number of communities detected. Higher resolution -> more communities. (default 1)                                                                                             |
| <code>dims.use</code>           | Indices of factors to use for shared nearest factor determination (default <code>1:ncol(H[[1]])</code> ).                                                                                   |
| <code>dist.use</code>           | Distance metric to use in calculating nearest neighbors (default "CR").                                                                                                                     |
| <code>center</code>             | Centers the data when scaling factors (useful for less sparse modalities like methylation data). (default FALSE)                                                                            |
| <code>small.clust.thresh</code> | Extracts small clusters loading highly on single factor with fewer cells than this before regular alignment (default 0 – no small cluster extraction).                                      |

|                                  |                                                                                                         |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>id.number</code>           | Number to use for identifying edge file (when running in parallel) (generates random value by default). |
| <code>print.mod</code>           | Print modularity output from clustering algorithm (default FALSE).                                      |
| <code>print.align.summary</code> | Print summary of clusters which did not align normally (default FALSE).                                 |

## Details

This process builds a shared factor neighborhood graph to jointly cluster cells, then quantile normalizes corresponding clusters.

The first step, building the shared factor neighborhood graph, is performed in `SNF()`, and produces a graph representation where edge weights between cells (across all datasets) correspond to their similarity in the shared factor neighborhood space. An important parameter here is `knn_k`, the number of neighbors used to build the shared factor space (see `SNF()`). Afterwards, modularity-based community detection is performed on this graph (Louvain clustering) in order to identify shared clusters across datasets. The method was first developed by Waltman and van Eck (2013) and source code is available at <http://www.ludowaltman.nl/slm/>. The most important parameter here is resolution, which corresponds to the number of communities detected.

Next we perform quantile alignment for each dataset, factor, and cluster (by stretching/compressing datasets' quantiles to better match those of the reference dataset). These aligned factor loadings are combined into a single matrix and returned as `H.norm`.

## Value

`liger` object with `H.norm` and cluster slots set.

## Examples

```
Not run:
liger object, factorization complete
ligerex
do basic quantile alignment
ligerex <- quantileAlignSNF(ligerex)
higher resolution for more clusters (note that SNF is conserved)
ligerex <- quantileAlignSNF(ligerex, resolution = 1.2)
change knn_k for more fine-grained local clustering
ligerex <- quantileAlignSNF(ligerex, knn_k = 15, resolution = 1.2)

End(Not run)
```

**Description**

This process builds a shared factor neighborhood graph to jointly cluster cells, then quantile normalizes corresponding clusters.

The first step, building the shared factor neighborhood graph, is performed in `SNF()`, and produces a graph representation where edge weights between cells (across all datasets) correspond to their similarity in the shared factor neighborhood space. An important parameter here is `nNeighbors`, the number of neighbors used to build the shared factor space.

Next we perform quantile alignment for each dataset, factor, and cluster (by stretching/compressing datasets' quantiles to better match those of the reference dataset).

**Usage**

```
quantileNorm(object, ...)

S3 method for class 'liger'
quantileNorm(
 object,
 quantiles = 50,
 reference = NULL,
 minCells = 20,
 nNeighbors = 20,
 useDims = NULL,
 center = FALSE,
 maxSample = 1000,
 eps = 0.9,
 refineKNN = TRUE,
 clusterName = "quantileNorm_cluster",
 seed = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'Seurat'
quantileNorm(
 object,
 reduction = "inmf",
 quantiles = 50,
 reference = NULL,
 minCells = 20,
 nNeighbors = 20,
 useDims = NULL,
 center = FALSE,
 maxSample = 1000,
 eps = 0.9,
 refineKNN = TRUE,
 clusterName = "quantileNorm_cluster",
 seed = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
```

```
 ...
)
```

## Arguments

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object      | A <a href="#">liger</a> or Seurat object with valid factorization result available (i.e. <a href="#">runIntegration</a> performed in advance).                                                                                                                                                  |
| ...         | Arguments passed to other S3 methods of this function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| quantiles   | Number of quantiles to use for quantile normalization. Default 50.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| reference   | Character, numeric or logical selection of one dataset, out of all available datasets in object, to use as a "reference" for quantile normalization. Default NULL tries to find an RNA dataset with the largest number of cells; if no RNA dataset available, use the globally largest dataset. |
| minCells    | Minimum number of cells to consider a cluster shared across datasets. Default 20.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| nNeighbors  | Number of nearest neighbors for within-dataset knn graph. Default 20.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| useDims     | Indices of factors to use for shared nearest factor determination. Default NULL uses all factors.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| center      | Whether to center the data when scaling factors. Could be useful for less sparse modalities like methylation data. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                               |
| maxSample   | Maximum number of cells used for quantile normalization of each cluster and factor. Default 1000.                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| eps         | The error bound of the nearest neighbor search. Lower values give more accurate nearest neighbor graphs but take much longer to compute. Default 0.9.                                                                                                                                           |
| refineKNN   | whether to increase robustness of cluster assignments using KNN graph. Default TRUE.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| clusterName | Variable name that will store the clustering result in metadata of a <a href="#">liger</a> object or a Seurat object. Default "quantileNorm_cluster"                                                                                                                                            |
| seed        | Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| verbose     | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                                                                                             |
| reduction   | Name of the reduction where LIGER integration result is stored. Default "inmf".                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## Value

Updated input object

- liger method
  - Update the H.norm slot for the alignment cell factor loading, ready for running graph based community detection clustering or dimensionality reduction for visualization.
  - Update the cellMata slot with a cluster assignment basing on cell factor loading
- Seurat method
  - Update the reductions slot with a new DimReduc object containing the aligned cell factor loading.
  - Update the metadata with a cluster assignment basing on cell factor loading

**Examples**

```
pbmc <- quantileNorm(pbmcPlot)
```

---

quantile\_norm-deprecated

**[Superseded]** *Quantile align (normalize) factor loading*

---

**Description**

**Please turn to [quantileNorm](#).**

This process builds a shared factor neighborhood graph to jointly cluster cells, then quantile normalizes corresponding clusters.

The first step, building the shared factor neighborhood graph, is performed in `SNF()`, and produces a graph representation where edge weights between cells (across all datasets) correspond to their similarity in the shared factor neighborhood space. An important parameter here is `knn_k`, the number of neighbors used to build the shared factor space.

Next we perform quantile alignment for each dataset, factor, and cluster (by stretching/compressing datasets' quantiles to better match those of the reference dataset). These aligned factor loadings are combined into a single matrix and returned as `H.norm`.

**Arguments**

|                          |                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>      | liger object. Should run <code>optimizeALS</code> before calling.                                                                                       |
| <code>knn_k</code>       | Number of nearest neighbors for within-dataset knn graph (default 20).                                                                                  |
| <code>ref_dataset</code> | Name of dataset to use as a "reference" for normalization. By default, the dataset with the largest number of cells is used.                            |
| <code>min_cells</code>   | Minimum number of cells to consider a cluster shared across datasets (default 20)                                                                       |
| <code>quantiles</code>   | Number of quantiles to use for quantile normalization (default 50).                                                                                     |
| <code>eps</code>         | The error bound of the nearest neighbor search. (default 0.9) Lower values give more accurate nearest neighbor graphs but take much longer to computer. |
| <code>dims.use</code>    | Indices of factors to use for shared nearest factor determination (default <code>1:ncol(H[[1]])</code> ).                                               |
| <code>do.center</code>   | Centers the data when scaling factors (useful for less sparse modalities like methylation data). (default <code>FALSE</code> )                          |
| <code>max_sample</code>  | Maximum number of cells used for quantile normalization of each cluster and factor. (default 1000)                                                      |
| <code>refine.knn</code>  | whether to increase robustness of cluster assignments using KNN graph.(default <code>TRUE</code> )                                                      |
| <code>rand.seed</code>   | Random seed to allow reproducible results (default 1)                                                                                                   |

**Value**

liger object with 'H.norm' and 'clusters' slot set.

**See Also**[rliger-deprecated](#)

---

**rawPeak***Access ligerATACDataset peak data*

---

**Description**

Similar as how default [ligerDataset](#) data is accessed.

**Usage**

```
rawPeak(x, dataset)

rawPeak(x, dataset, check = TRUE) <- value

normPeak(x, dataset)

normPeak(x, dataset, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger,character'
rawPeak(x, dataset)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,character'
rawPeak(x, dataset, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'liger,character'
normPeak(x, dataset)

S4 replacement method for signature 'liger,character'
normPeak(x, dataset, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'ligerATACDataset,missing'
rawPeak(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerATACDataset,missing'
rawPeak(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value

S4 method for signature 'ligerATACDataset,missing'
normPeak(x, dataset = NULL)

S4 replacement method for signature 'ligerATACDataset,missing'
normPeak(x, dataset = NULL, check = TRUE) <- value
```

**Arguments**

|         |                                                                            |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x       | <a href="#">ligerATACDataset</a> object or a <a href="#">liger</a> object. |
| dataset | Name or numeric index of an ATAC dataset.                                  |
| check   | Logical, whether to perform object validity check on setting new value.    |
| value   | <a href="#">dgCMatrx-class</a> matrix.                                     |

**Value**

The retrieved peak count matrix or the updated x object.

---

|         |                              |
|---------|------------------------------|
| read10X | <i>Load in data from 10X</i> |
|---------|------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Enables easy loading of sparse data matrices provided by 10X genomics.

read10X works generally for 10X cellranger pipelines including: CellRanger < 3.0 & >= 3.0 and CellRanger-ARC.

read10XRNA invokes read10X and takes the "Gene Expression" out, so that the result can directly be used to construct a [liger](#) object. See Examples for demonstration.

read10XATAC works for both cellRanger-ARC and cellRanger-ATAC pipelines but needs user arguments for correct recognition. Similarly, the returned value can directly be used for constructing a [liger](#) object.

**Usage**

```
read10X(
 path,
 sampleNames = NULL,
 addPrefix = FALSE,
 useFiltered = NULL,
 reference = NULL,
 geneCol = 2,
 cellCol = 1,
 returnList = FALSE,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 sample.dirs = path,
 sample.names = sampleNames,
 use.filtered = useFiltered,
 data.type = NULL,
 merge = NULL,
 num.cells = NULL,
 min.umis = NULL
)
```

```

read10XRNA(
 path,
 sampleNames = NULL,
 addPrefix = FALSE,
 useFiltered = NULL,
 reference = NULL,
 returnList = FALSE,
 ...
)

read10XATAC(
 path,
 sampleNames = NULL,
 addPrefix = FALSE,
 useFiltered = NULL,
 pipeline = c("atac", "arc"),
 arcFeatureType = "Peaks",
 returnList = FALSE,
 geneCol = 2,
 cellCol = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE)
)

```

## Arguments

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| path        | (A.) A Directory containing the matrix.mtx, genes.tsv (or features.tsv), and barcodes.tsv files provided by 10X. A vector, a named vector, a list or a named list can be given in order to load several data directories. (B.) The 10X root directory where subdirectories of per-sample output folders can be found. Sample names will by default take the name of the vector, list or subfolders. |
| sampleNames | A vector of names to override the detected or set sample names for what is given to path. Default NULL. If no name detected at all and multiple samples are given, will name them by numbers.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| addPrefix   | Logical, whether to add sample names as a prefix to the barcodes. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| useFiltered | Logical, if path is given as case B, whether to use the filtered feature barcode matrix instead of raw (unfiltered). Default TRUE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| reference   | In case of specifying a CellRanger<3 root folder to path, import the matrix from the output using which reference. Only needed when multiple references present. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| geneCol     | Specify which column of genes.tsv or features.tsv to use for gene names. Default 2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| cellCol     | Specify which column of barcodes.tsv to use for cell names. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| returnList  | Logical, whether to still return a structured list instead of a single matrix object, in the case where only one sample and only one feature type can be found. Otherwise will always return a list. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                 |

|                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| verbose                                 | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                                                                    |
| sample.dirs, sample.names, use.filtered | These arguments are renamed and will be deprecated in the future. Please see usage for corresponding arguments.                                                                                                                                                        |
| data.type, merge, num.cells, min.umis   | These arguments are defuncted because the functionality can/should be fulfilled with other functions.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ...                                     | Arguments passed to <code>read10X</code>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| pipeline                                | Which cellRanger pipeline type to find the ATAC data. Choose "atac" to read the peak matrix from cellranger-atac pipeline output folder(s), or "arc" to split the ATAC feature subset out from the multiomic cellranger-arc pipeline output folder(s). Default "atac". |
| arcFeatureType                          | When pipeline = "arc", which feature type is for the ATAC data of interests. Default "Peaks". Other possible feature types can be "Chromatin Accessibility". Error message will show available options if argument specification cannot be found.                      |

## Value

- When only one sample is given or detected, and only one feature type is detected or using CellRanger < 3.0, and `returnList = FALSE`, a sparse matrix object (dgCMatrx class) will be returned.
- When using `read10XRNA` or `read10XATAC`, which are modality specific, returns a list named by samples, and each element is the corresponding sparse matrix object (dgCMatrx class).
- `read10X` generally returns a list named by samples. Each sample element will be another list named by feature types even if only one feature type is detected (or using CellRanger < 3.0) for data structure consistency. The feature type "Gene Expression" always comes as the first type if available.

## Examples

```
Not run:
For output from CellRanger < 3.0
dir <- 'path/to/data/directory'
list.files(dir) # Should show barcodes.tsv, genes.tsv, and matrix.mtx
mat <- read10X(dir)
class(mat) # Should show dgCMatrx

For root directory from CellRanger < 3.0
dir <- 'path/to/root'
list.dirs(dir) # Should show sample names
matList <- read10X(dir)
names(matList) # Should show the sample names
class(matList[[1]][["Gene Expression"]]) # Should show dgCMatrx

For output from CellRanger >= 3.0 with multiple data types
dir <- 'path/to/data/directory'
list.files(dir) # Should show barcodes.tsv.gz, features.tsv.gz, and matrix.mtx.gz
```

```

matList <- read10X(dir, sampleNames = "tissue1")
names(matList) # Should show "tissue1"
names(matList$tissue1) # Should show feature types, e.g. "Gene Expression" and etc.

For root directory from CellRanger >= 3.0 with multiple data types
dir <- 'path/to/root'
list.dirs(dir) # Should show sample names, e.g. "rep1", "rep2", "rep3"
matList <- read10X(dir)
names(matList) # Should show the sample names: "rep1", "rep2", "rep3"
names(matList$rep1) # Should show the available feature types for rep1

End(Not run)
Not run:
For creating LIGER object from root directory of CellRanger >= 3.0
dir <- 'path/to/root'
list.dirs(dir) # Should show sample names, e.g. "rep1", "rep2", "rep3"
matList <- read10XRNA(dir)
names(matList) # Should show the sample names: "rep1", "rep2", "rep3"
sapply(matList, class) # Should show matrix class all are "dgCMatrix"
lig <- createLigerObject(matList)

End(Not run)

```

---

|              |                                                                                 |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| read10XFiles | <i>Read 10X cellranger files (matrix, barcodes and features) into R session</i> |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This function works for loading a single sample with specifying the paths to the matrix.mtx, barcodes.tsv, and features.tsv files. This function is internally used by [read10X](#) functions for loading individual samples from cellranger output directory, while it can also be convenient when out-of-standard files are presented (e.g. data downloaded from GEO).

## Usage

```

read10XFiles(
 matrixPath,
 barcodesPath,
 featuresPath,
 sampleName = NULL,
 geneCol = 2,
 cellCol = 1,
 isATAC = FALSE,
 returnList = FALSE
)

```

**Arguments**

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| matrixPath   | Character string, path to the matrix MTX file. Can be gzipped.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| barcodesPath | Character string, path to the barcodes TSV file. Can be gzipped.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| featuresPath | Character string, path to the features TSV file. Can be gzipped.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| sampleName   | Character string attached as a prefix to the cell barcodes loaded from the barcodes file. Default NULL does not add any prefix. Useful when users plan to merge multiple samples into one matrix and need to avoid duplicated cell barcodes from different batches. |
| geneCol      | An integer indicating which column in the features file to extract as the feature identifiers. Default 2.                                                                                                                                                           |
| cellCol      | An integer indicating which column in the barcodes file to extract as the cell identifiers. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                              |
| isATAC       | Logical, whether the data is for ATAC-seq. Default FALSE. If TRUE, feature identifiers will be generated by combining the first three columns of the features file in the format of "chr:start-end".                                                                |
| returnList   | Logical, used internally by wrapper functions. Whether to force putting the loaded matrix in a list even if there's only one matrix. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                 |

**Value**

For a single-modal sample, a dgCMatrx object, or a list of one dgCMatrx when returnList = TRUE. A list of multiple dgCMatrx objects when multiple feature types are detected.

**Examples**

```
Not run:
matrix <- read10XFiles(
 matrixPath = "path/to/matrix.mtx.gz",
 barcodesPath = "path/to/barcodes.tsv.gz",
 featuresPath = "path/to/features.tsv.gz"
)

End(Not run)
```

---

read10XH5

*Read 10X HDF5 file*


---

**Description**

Read count matrix from 10X CellRanger HDF5 file. By default, read10XH5 load scRNA, scATAC or multimodal data into memory (inMemory = TRUE). To use LIGER in delayed mode for handling large datasets, set inMemory = FALSE to load the data as a DelayedArray object. The delayed mode only supports scRNA data for now.

**Usage**

```
read10XH5(filename, inMemory = TRUE, useNames = TRUE, featureMakeUniq = TRUE)

read10XH5Mem(filename, useNames = TRUE, featureMakeUniq = TRUE)

read10XH5Delay(filename, useNames = TRUE, featureMakeUniq = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

|                 |                                                                                                             |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| filename        | Character string, path to the HDF5 file.                                                                    |
| inMemory        | Logical, whether to load the data into memory. Default TRUE. FALSE loads the data as a DelayedArray object. |
| useNames        | Logical, whether to use gene names as row names. Default TRUE. FALSE uses gene IDs instead.                 |
| featureMakeUniq | Logical, whether to make gene names unique. Default TRUE.                                                   |

**Value**

A sparse matrix when only using older CellRanger output HDF5 file or when only one genome and one modality is detected. When multiple genomes are available, will return a list for each genome. When using multimodal data, each genome will be a list of matrices for each modality. The matrix will be of dgCMatrx class when in memory, or a TENxMatrix object when in delayed mode.

**Examples**

```
matrix <- read10XH5(
 filename = system.file("extdata/ctrl.h5", package = "rliger"),
 inMemory = TRUE
)
class(matrix) # Should show dgCMatrx
if (requireNamespace("HDF5Array", quietly = TRUE)) {
 matrix <- read10XH5(
 filename = system.file("extdata/ctrl.h5", package = "rliger"),
 inMemory = FALSE
)
 print(class(matrix)) # Should show TENxMatrix
}
```

---

readH5AD

*Read matrix from H5AD file*


---

**Description**

Read raw count matrix from H5AD file. By default, readH5AD load specified layer into memory (inMemory = TRUE). To use LIGER in delayed mode for handling large datasets, set inMemory = FALSE to load the data as a DelayedArray object. Note that only CSR format is supported for the matrix.

**Usage**

```
readH5AD(filename, layer, inMemory = TRUE, obs = FALSE)

readH5ADMem(filename, layer, obs = FALSE)

readH5ADDelay(filename, layer, obs = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|          |                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| filename | Character string, path to the H5AD file.                                                                                                                                     |
| layer    | Character string specifying the H5 path of raw count data to be loaded. Use 'X' for adata.X, 'raw/X' for adata.raw.X, or 'layers/layer_name' for adata.layers['layer_name']. |
| inMemory | Logical, whether to load the data into memory. Default TRUE. FALSE loads the data as a DelayedArray object.                                                                  |
| obs      | Logical, whether to also load the cell metadata from adata.obs. Default FALSE.                                                                                               |

**Details**

Currently, the only supported H5AD AnnData encoding versions are as follows:

- adata.X, adata.raw.X, or adata.layers['layer'] - csr\_matrix 0.1.0
- adata.obs and adata.var - dataframe 0.2.0
- Categoricals in a data frame - categorical 0.2.0

If users possess H5AD files encoded with older specification, please either open an issue on GitHub or use R package 'anndata' to manually extract information.

**Value**

When loaded in memory, a sparse matrix of class dgCMatrix will be returned. When loaded in delayed mode, a TENxMatrix object will be returned. If obs = TRUE, a list containing the matrix and the cell metadata will be returned.

**Examples**

```
tempH5AD <- tempfile(fileext = '.h5ad')
writeH5AD(pbm, tempH5AD, overwrite = TRUE)
mat <- readH5AD(tempH5AD, layer = 'X')
delayMat <- readH5AD(tempH5AD, layer = 'X', inMemory = FALSE)
```

---

|           |                                        |
|-----------|----------------------------------------|
| readLiger | <i>Read liger object from RDS file</i> |
|-----------|----------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This file reads a liger object stored in RDS files under all kinds of types.

1. A [liger](#) object with in-memory data created from package version since 1.99.
2. A liger object with on-disk H5 data associated, where the link to H5 files will be automatically restored.
3. A liger object created with older package version, and can be updated to the latest data structure by default.

## Usage

```
readLiger(
 filename,
 dimredName,
 clusterName = "clusters",
 h5FilePath = NULL,
 update = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| filename    | Path to an RDS file of a liger object of old versions.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| dimredName  | The name of variable in cellMeta slot to store the dimensionality reduction matrix, which originally located in tsne.coords slot. Default "tsne.coords".                                                                                              |
| clusterName | The name of variable in cellMeta slot to store the clustering assignment, which originally located in clusters slot. Default "clusters".                                                                                                              |
| h5FilePath  | Named character vector for all H5 file paths. Not required for object run with in-memory analysis. For object containing H5-based analysis (e.g. online iNMF), this must be supplied if the H5 file location is different from that at creation time. |
| update      | Logical, whether to update an old ( $\leq 1.99.0$ ) liger object to the current version of structure. Default TRUE.                                                                                                                                   |

## Value

New version of [liger](#) object

**Examples**

```
Save and read regular current-version liger object
tempPath <- tempfile(fileext = ".rds")
saveRDS(pbm, tempPath)

pbm <- readLiger(tempPath, dimredName = NULL)

Save and read H5-based liger object
h5Path <- system.file("extdata/ctrl.h5", package = "rliger")
h5tempPath <- tempfile(fileext = ".h5")
file.copy(from = h5Path, to = h5tempPath)
lig <- createLiger(list(ctrl = h5tempPath))
tempPath <- tempfile(fileext = ".rds")
saveRDS(lig, tempPath)

lig <- readLiger(tempPath, h5FilePath = list(ctrl = h5tempPath))

Not run:
Read a old liger object <= 1.0.1
Assume the dimensionality reduction method applied was UMAP
Assume the clustering was derived with Louvain method
lig <- readLiger(
 filename = "path/to/oldLiger.rds",
 dimredName = "UMAP",
 clusterName = "louvain"
)

End(Not run)
```

---

|            |                                             |
|------------|---------------------------------------------|
| readSubset | [Superseded] See <a href="#">downsample</a> |
|------------|---------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function mainly aims at downsampling datasets to a size suitable for plotting.

**Usage**

```
readSubset(
 object,
 slot.use = "normData",
 balance = NULL,
 max.cells = 1000,
 chunk = 1000,
 datasets.use = NULL,
 genes.use = NULL,
 rand.seed = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE)
)
```

**Arguments**

|                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>       | <a href="#">liger</a> object                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <code>slot.use</code>     | Only create subset from one or more of "rawData", "normData" and "scaledData". Default NULL subsets the whole object including downstream results.                                                                                          |
| <code>balance</code>      | "all" for sampling <code>maxCells</code> cells from all datasets specified by <code>useDatasets</code> . "cluster" for sampling <code>maxCells</code> cells per cluster per dataset. "dataset" for <code>maxCells</code> cells per dataset. |
| <code>max.cells</code>    | Max number of cells to sample from the grouping based on balance.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>chunk</code>        | Integer. Number of maximum number of cells in each chunk, Default 1000.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <code>datasets.use</code> | Index selection of datasets to consider. Default NULL for using all datasets.                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>genes.use</code>    | Character vector. Subset features to this specified range. Default NULL does not subset features.                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>rand.seed</code>    | Random seed for reproducibility. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <code>verbose</code>      | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                                         |

**Value**

Subset of [liger](#) object.

**See Also**

[downsample](#), [subsetLiger](#), [subsetLigerDataset](#)

---

|                            |                                                           |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>removeMissing</code> | <i>Remove missing cells or features from liger object</i> |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Remove missing cells or features from liger object

**Usage**

```
removeMissing(
 object,
 orient = c("both", "feature", "cell"),
 minCells = NULL,
 minFeatures = NULL,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 newH5 = TRUE,
 filenameSuffix = "removeMissing",
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)
```

```
removeMissingObs(
 object,
 slot.use = NULL,
 use.cols = TRUE,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE)
)
```

## Arguments

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object         | <a href="#">liger</a> object                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| orient         | Choose to remove non-expressing features ("feature"), empty barcodes ("cell"), or both of them ("both"). Default "both".                                                                                               |
| minCells       | Keep features that are expressed in at least this number of cells, calculated on a per-dataset base. A single value for all datasets or a vector for each dataset. Default NULL only removes none expressing features. |
| minFeatures    | Keep cells that express at least this number of features, calculated on a per-dataset base. A single value for all datasets or a vector for each dataset. Default NULL only removes none expressing cells.             |
| useDatasets    | A character vector of the names, a numeric or logical vector of the index of the datasets to be processed. Default NULL removes empty entries from all datasets.                                                       |
| newH5          | Logical, whether to create a new H5 file on disk for each H5-based dataset on subset. Default TRUE                                                                                                                     |
| filenameSuffix | When subsetting H5-based datasets to new H5 files, this suffix will be added to all the filenames. Default "removeMissing".                                                                                            |
| verbose        | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default getOption("ligerVerbose") or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                                 |
| ...            | Arguments passed to <a href="#">subsetLigerDataset</a>                                                                                                                                                                 |
| slot.use       | <b>Deprecated.</b> Always look at rawData slot of inner <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> objects.                                                                                                                          |
| use.cols       | <b>Deprecated.</b> Previously means "treating each column as a cell" when TRUE, now means orient="cell".                                                                                                               |

## Value

Updated (subset) object.

## Note

removeMissingObs will be deprecated. removeMissing covers and expands the use case and should be easier to understand.

## Examples

```
The example dataset does not contain non-expressing genes or empty barcodes
pbmc <- removeMissing(pbmc)
```

---

|                |                                                                             |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| restoreH5Liger | <i>Restore links (to HDF5 files) for reloaded liger/ligerDataset object</i> |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

When loading the saved liger object with HDF5 data in a new R session, the links to HDF5 files would be closed. This function enables the restoration of those links so that new analyses can be carried out.

### Usage

```
restoreH5Liger(object, filePath = NULL)

restoreOnlineLiger(object, file.path = NULL)
```

### Arguments

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object    | <a href="#">liger</a> or <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> object.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| filePath  | Paths to HDF5 files. A single character path for <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> input or a list of paths named by the datasets for <a href="#">liger</a> object input. Default NULL looks for the path(s) of the last valid loading. |
| file.path | Will be deprecated with <code>restoreOnlineLiger</code> . The same as <code>filePath</code> .                                                                                                                                      |

### Value

object with restored links.

### Note

`restoreOnlineLiger` will be deprecated for clarifying the terms used for data structure.

### Examples

```
h5Path <- system.file("extdata/ctrl.h5", package = "rliger")
tempPath <- tempfile(fileext = ".h5")
file.copy(from = h5Path, to = tempPath)
lig <- createLiger(list(ctrl = tempPath))
Now it is actually an invalid object! which is equivalent to what users
will get with `saveRDS(lig, "object.rds"); lig <- readRDS("object.rds")`
closeAllH5(lig)
lig <- restoreH5Liger(lig)
```

---

retrieveCellFeature      *Retrieve a single matrix of cells from a slot*

---

## Description

Only retrieve data from specific slot to reduce memory used by a whole [liger](#) object of the subset. Useful for plotting. Internally used by [plotDimRed](#) and [plotCellViolin](#).

## Usage

```
retrieveCellFeature(
 object,
 feature,
 slot = c("rawData", "normData", "scaleData", "H", "H.norm", "cellMeta", "rawPeak",
 "normPeak"),
 cellIdx = NULL,
 ...
)
```

## Arguments

|         |                                                                                                                      |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object  | <a href="#">liger</a> object                                                                                         |
| feature | Gene names, factor index or cell metadata variable names. Should be available in specified slot.                     |
| slot    | Exactly choose from "rawData", "normData", "scaleData", "H", "H.norm" or "cellMeta".                                 |
| cellIdx | Any valid type of index that subset from all cells. Default NULL uses all cells.                                     |
| ...     | Additional arguments passed to <a href="#">subsetLiger</a> when slot is one of "rawData", "normData" or "scaleData". |

## Value

A matrix object where rows are cells and columns are specified features.

## Examples

```
S100A8Exp <- retrieveCellFeature(pbm, "S100A8")
qcMetrics <- retrieveCellFeature(pbm, c("nUMI", "nGene", "mito"),
 slot = "cellMeta")
```

---

|                 |                                                   |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| reverseMethData | Create "scaled data" for DNA methylation datasets |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Because gene body mCH proportions are negatively correlated with gene expression level in neurons, we need to reverse the direction of the methylation data. We do this by simply subtracting all values from the maximum methylation value. The resulting values are positively correlated with gene expression. This will only be applied to variable genes detected in prior.

## Usage

```
reverseMethData(object, useDatasets, verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE))
```

## Arguments

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object      | A <a href="#">liger</a> object, with variable genes identified.                                                                                                                            |
| useDatasets | Required. A character vector of the names, a numeric or logical vector of the index of the datasets that should be identified as methylation data where the reversed data will be created. |
| verbose     | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                        |

## Value

The input [liger](#) object, where the `scaleData` slot of the specified datasets will be updated with value as described in Description.

## Examples

```
Assuming the second dataset in example data "pbmc" is methylation data
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc, useDatasets = 1)
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc, datasets.use = 1)
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc, useDatasets = 1)
pbmc <- reverseMethData(pbmc, useDatasets = 2)
```

---

|          |                                           |
|----------|-------------------------------------------|
| runCINMF | Perform consensus iNMF on scaled datasets |
|----------|-------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

**[Experimental]** This is an experimental function and is subject to change.

Performs consensus integrative non-negative matrix factorization (c-iNMF) to return factorized  $H$ ,  $W$ , and  $V$  matrices. In order to address the non-convex nature of NMF, we built on the cNMF method proposed by D. Kotliar, 2019. We run the regular iNMF multiple times with different random starts, and cluster the pool of all the factors in  $W$  and  $V$ s and take the consensus of the clusters of the largest population. The cell factor loading  $H$  matrices are eventually solved with the consensus  $W$  and  $V$  matrices.

Please see [runINMF](#) for detailed introduction to the regular iNMF algorithm which is run multiple times in this function.

The consensus iNMF algorithm is developed basing on the consensus NMF (cNMF) method (D. Kotliar et al., 2019).

## Usage

```
runCINMF(object, k = 20, lambda = 5, rho = 0.3, ...)
```

```
S3 method for class 'liger'
```

```
runCINMF(
 object,
 k = 20,
 lambda = 5,
 rho = 0.3,
 nIteration = 30,
 nRandomStarts = 10,
 HInit = NULL,
 WInit = NULL,
 VInit = NULL,
 seed = 1,
 nCores = 2L,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)
```

```
S3 method for class 'Seurat'
```

```
runCINMF(
 object,
 k = 20,
 lambda = 5,
 rho = 0.3,
 datasetVar = "orig.ident",
 layer = "ligerScaleData",
 assay = NULL,
 reduction = "cinmf",
 nIteration = 30,
 nRandomStarts = 10,
 HInit = NULL,
```

```

WInit = NULL,
VInit = NULL,
seed = 1,
nCores = 2L,
verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
...
)

```

## Arguments

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object        | A <a href="#">liger</a> object or a Seurat object with non-negative scaled data of variable features (Done with <a href="#">scaleNotCenter</a> ).                                     |
| k             | Inner dimension of factorization (number of factors). Generally, a higher k will be needed for datasets with more sub-structure. Default 20.                                          |
| lambda        | Regularization parameter. Larger values penalize dataset-specific effects more strongly (i.e. alignment should increase as lambda increases). Default 5.                              |
| rho           | Numeric number between 0 and 1. Fraction for determining the number of nearest neighbors to look at for consensus (by $\rho * nRandomStarts$ ). Default 0.3.                          |
| ...           | Arguments passed to methods.                                                                                                                                                          |
| nIteration    | Total number of block coordinate descent iterations to perform. Default 30.                                                                                                           |
| nRandomStarts | Number of replicate runs for creating the pool of factorization results. Default 10.                                                                                                  |
| HInit         | Initial values to use for $H$ matrices. A list object where each element is the initial $H$ matrix of each dataset. Default NULL.                                                     |
| WInit         | Initial values to use for $W$ matrix. A matrix object. Default NULL.                                                                                                                  |
| VInit         | Initial values to use for $V$ matrices. A list object where each element is the initial $V$ matrix of each dataset. Default NULL.                                                     |
| seed          | Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1.                                                                                                                                 |
| nCores        | The number of parallel tasks to speed up the computation. Default 2L. Only supported for platform with OpenMP support.                                                                |
| verbose       | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                   |
| datasetVar    | Metadata variable name that stores the dataset source annotation. Default "orig.ident".                                                                                               |
| layer         | For Seurat $\geq$ 4.9.9, the name of layer to retrieve input non-negative scaled data. Default "ligerScaleData". For older Seurat, always retrieve from <code>scale.data</code> slot. |
| assay         | Name of assay to use. Default NULL uses current active assay.                                                                                                                         |
| reduction     | Name of the reduction to store result. Also used as the feature key. Default "cinmf".                                                                                                 |

## Value

- `liger` method - Returns updated input [liger](#) object
  - A list of all  $H$  matrices can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "H")`

- A list of all  $V$  matrices can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "V")`
- The  $W$  matrix can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "W")`
- Seurat method - Returns updated input Seurat object
  - $H$  matrices for all datasets will be concatenated and transposed (all cells by  $k$ ), and form a `DimReduc` object in the `reductions` slot named by argument `reduction`.
  - $W$  matrix will be presented as `feature.loadings` in the same `DimReduc` object.
  - $V$  matrices, an objective error value and the dataset variable used for the factorization is currently stored in `misc` slot of the same `DimReduc` object.

## References

Joshua D. Welch and et al., Single-Cell Multi-omic Integration Compares and Contrasts Features of Brain Cell Identity, *Cell*, 2019

Dylan Kotliar and et al., Identifying gene expression programs of cell-type identity and cellular activity with single-cell RNA-Seq, *eLife*, 2019

## Examples

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc)
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc)
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
 pbmc <- runCINMF(pbmc)
}
```

---

runCluster

*SNN Graph Based Community Detection*

---

## Description

After aligning cell factor loadings, users can additionally run the Leiden or Louvain algorithm for community detection, which is widely used in single-cell analysis and excels at merging small clusters into broad cell classes.

While using aligned factor loadings (result from [alignFactors](#)) is recommended, this function looks for unaligned factor loadings (raw result from [runIntegration](#)) when the former is not available.

## Usage

```
runCluster(
 object,
 resolution = 1,
 nNeighbors = 20,
 prune = 1/15,
 eps = 0.1,
```

```

nRandomStarts = 10,
nIterations = 5,
method = c("leiden", "louvain"),
useRaw = NULL,
useDims = NULL,
groupSingletons = TRUE,
saveSNN = FALSE,
clusterName = paste0(method, "_cluster"),
seed = 1,
verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE)
)

```

### Arguments

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object          | A <a href="#">liger</a> object. Should have valid factorization result available.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| resolution      | Numeric, value of the resolution parameter, a larger value results in a larger number of communities with smaller sizes. Default 1.0.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| nNeighbors      | Integer, the maximum number of nearest neighbors to compute. Default 20.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| prune           | Numeric. Sets the cutoff for acceptable Jaccard index when computing the neighborhood overlap for the SNN construction. Any edges with values less than or equal to this will be set to 0 and removed from the SNN graph. Essentially sets the stringency of pruning. 0 for no pruning, while 1 prunes everything. Default 1/15. |
| eps             | Numeric, the error bound of the nearest neighbor search. Default 0.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| nRandomStarts   | Integer number of random starts. Will pick the membership with highest quality to return. Default 10.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| nIterations     | Integer, maximal number of iterations per random start. Default 5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| method          | Community detection algorithm to use. Choose from "leiden" or "louvain". Default "leiden".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| useRaw          | Whether to use un-aligned cell factor loadings ( $H$ matrices). Default NULL search for quantile-normalized loadings first and un-aligned loadings then.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| useDims         | Indices of factors to use for clustering. Default NULL uses all available factors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| groupSingletons | Whether to group single cells that make up their own cluster in with the cluster they are most connected to. Default TRUE, if FALSE, assign all singletons to a "singleton" group.                                                                                                                                               |
| saveSNN         | Logical, whether to store the SNN graph, as a dgCMatrx object, in the object. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| clusterName     | Name of the variable that will store the clustering result in cellMeta slot of object. Default "leiden_cluster" and "louvain_cluster".                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| seed            | Seed of the random number generator. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| verbose         | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default getOption("ligerVerbose") or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

**Value**

object with cluster assignment updated in `clusterName` variable in `cellMeta` slot. Can be fetched with `object[[clusterName]]`. If `saveSNN = TRUE`, the SNN graph will be stored at `object@uns$snn`.

**Examples**

```
pbmcPlot <- runCluster(pbmcPlot)
head(pbmcPlot$leiden_cluster)
pbmcPlot <- runCluster(pbmcPlot, method = "louvain")
head(pbmcPlot$louvain_cluster)
```

runGeneralQC

*General QC for liger object***Description**

Calculate number of UMIs, number of detected features and percentage of feature subset (e.g. mito, ribo and hemo) expression per cell.

**Usage**

```
runGeneralQC(
 object,
 organism,
 features = NULL,
 pattern = NULL,
 overwrite = FALSE,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 chunkSize = getOption("ligerChunkSize", 20000),
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 mito = NULL,
 ribo = NULL,
 hemo = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>   | <a href="#">liger</a> object with <code>rawData</code> available in each <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> embedded                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>organism</code> | Specify the organism of the dataset to identify the mitochondrial, ribosomal and hemoglobin genes. Available options are "mouse", "human", "zebrafish", "rat" and "drosophila". Set <code>NULL</code> to disable mito, ribo and hemo calculation. |
| <code>features</code> | Feature names matching the feature subsets that users want to calculate the expression percentage with. A vector for a single subset, or a named list for multiple subset. Default <code>NULL</code> .                                            |
| <code>pattern</code>  | Regex patterns for matching the feature subsets that users want to calculate the expression percentage with. A vector for a single subset, or a named list for multiple subset. Default <code>NULL</code> .                                       |

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| overwrite        | Whether to overwrite existing QC metric variables. Default FALSE do not update existing result. Use TRUE for updating all. Use a character vector to specify which to update. See Details. |
| useDatasets      | A character vector of the names, a numeric or logical vector of the index of the datasets to be included for QC. Default NULL performs QC on all datasets.                                 |
| chunkSize        | Integer number of cells to include in a chunk when working on HDF5 based dataset. Default 20000                                                                                            |
| verbose          | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                        |
| mito, ribo, hemo | <b>[Deprecated]</b> Now will always compute the percentages of mitochondrial, ribosomal and hemoglobin gene counts. These arguments will be ignored.                                       |

## Details

This function by default calculates:

- nUMI - The column sum of the raw data matrix per cell. Represents the total number of UMIs per cell if given raw counts.
- nGene - Number of detected features per cell
- mito - Percentage of mitochondrial gene expression per cell
- ribo - Percentage of ribosomal gene expression per cell
- hemo - Percentage of hemoglobin gene expression per cell

Users can also specify their own feature subsets with argument `features`, or regular expression patterns that match to genes of interests with argument `pattern`, to calculate the expression percentage. If a character vector is given to `features`, a QC metric variable named `"featureSubset_name"` will be computed. If a named list of multiple subsets is given, the names will be used as the variable names. If a single pattern is given to `pattern`, a QC metric variable named `"featureSubset_pattern"` will be computed. If a named list of multiple patterns is given, the names will be used as the variable names. **Duplicated QC metric names between these two arguments and the default five listed above should be avoided.**

This function is automatically operated at the creation time of each [liger](#) object to capture the raw status. Argument `overwrite` is set to FALSE by default to avoid mistakenly updating existing metrics after filtering the object. Users can still opt to update all newly calculated metrics (including the default five) by setting `overwrite = TRUE`, or only some of newly calculated ones by providing a character vector of the names of the metrics to update. Intended overwriting only happens to datasets selected with `useDatasets`.

## Value

Updated object with the `cellMeta(object)` updated as intended by users. See Details for more information.

## Examples

```
pbmc <- runGeneralQC(pbmc, "human", overwrite = TRUE)
```

---

|             |                                                                                 |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| runGOEnrich | <i>Run Gene Ontology enrichment analysis on differentially expressed genes.</i> |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This function forms genesets basing on the differential expression result, and calls gene ontology (GO) analysis method provided by gprofiler2.

## Usage

```
runGOEnrich(
 result,
 group = NULL,
 useBg = TRUE,
 orderBy = NULL,
 logFCThresh = 1,
 padjThresh = 0.05,
 splitReg = FALSE,
 ...
)
```

## Arguments

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| result      | Data frame of unfiltered output from <a href="#">runMarkerDEG</a> or <a href="#">runPairwiseDEG</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| group       | Selection of one group available from result\$group. Default NULL uses all groups involved in DE result table.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| useBg       | Logical, whether to set all genes involved in DE analysis (before threshold filtering) as a domain background of GO analysis. Default TRUE. Otherwise use all annotated genes from gprofiler2 database.                                                                                            |
| orderBy     | Name of DE statistics metric to order the gene list for each group. Choose from "logFC", "pval" or "padj" to enable ranked mode. Default NULL to use two-list mode.                                                                                                                                |
| logFCThresh | The absolute valued log2FC threshold above which the genes will be used. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| padjThresh  | The adjusted p-value threshold less than which the genes will be used. Default 0.05.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| splitReg    | Whether to have queries of both up-regulated and down-regulated genes for each group. Default FALSE only queries up-regulated genes and should be preferred when result comes from marker detection test. When result comes from group-to-group DE test, it is recommended to set splitReg = TRUE. |
| ...         | Additional arguments passed to gprofiler2::gost(). Useful ones are:<br>organism The organism to be used for the analysis. "hsapiens" for human, "mmusculus" for mouse.                                                                                                                             |

**evcodes** Whether to include overlapping genes for each term. Default FALSE.

**significant** Whether to filter out non-significant terms. Default TRUE.

Arguments `query`, `custom_bg`, `domain_scope`, and `ordered_query` are pre-specified by this wrapper function.

## Details

GO term enrichment test often goes with two modes: two-list mode and ranked mode.

Two-list mode comes with a query gene set and a background gene set. A query gene set contains the filtered DEGs in this analysis. A background can be all the genes involved in the DEG test (default, `useBg = TRUE`), or use all annotated genes in the `gprofiler2` database (`useBg = FALSE`).

Ranked mode comes with only one query gene set, which is sorted. It should contain the whole domain background genes while significant genes are supposed to come first. Set `orderBy` to one of the DE statistics metric to enable this mode. `useBg` will be ignored in this mode.

## Value

A list object where each element is a result list for a group. Each result list contains two elements:

|                     |                                        |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------|
| <code>result</code> | data.frame of main GO analysis result. |
| <code>meta</code>   | Meta information for the query.        |

See `gprofiler2::gost()` for detailed explanation.

## References

Kolberg, L. et al, 2020 and Raudvere, U. et al, 2019

## Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("gprofiler2", quietly = TRUE)) {
 go <- runGOEnrich(deg.pw)
}
```

## Description

Identify the biological pathways (gene sets from Reactome) that each metagene (factor) might belongs to.

**Usage**

```
runGSEA(
 object,
 genesets = NULL,
 useW = TRUE,
 useV = NULL,
 customGenesets = NULL,
 gene_sets = genesets,
 mat_w = useW,
 mat_v = useV,
 custom_gene_sets = customGenesets
)
```

**Arguments**

|                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>object</code>                                    | A <a href="#">liger</a> object with valid factorization result.                                                                                                                 |
| <code>genesets</code>                                  | Character vector of the Reactome gene sets names to be tested. Default NULL uses all the gene sets from the Reactome.                                                           |
| <code>useW</code>                                      | Logical, whether to use the shared factor loadings ( $W$ ). Default TRUE.                                                                                                       |
| <code>useV</code>                                      | A character vector of the names, a numeric or logical vector of the index of the datasets where the $V$ matrices will be included for analysis. Default NULL uses all datasets. |
| <code>customGenesets</code>                            | A named list of character vectors of entrez gene ids. Default NULL uses all the gene symbols from the input matrix.                                                             |
| <code>gene_sets, mat_w, mat_v, custom_gene_sets</code> | <b>Deprecated.</b> See Usage section for replacement.                                                                                                                           |

**Value**

A list of matrices with GSEA analysis for each factor

**Examples**

```
if (requireNamespace("org.Hs.eg.db", quietly = TRUE) &&
 requireNamespace("reactome.db", quietly = TRUE) &&
 requireNamespace("fgsea", quietly = TRUE) &&
 requireNamespace("AnnotationDbi", quietly = TRUE)) {
 runGSEA(pbmPlot)
}
```

runINMF

*Perform iNMF on scaled datasets***Description**

Performs integrative non-negative matrix factorization (iNMF) (J.D. Welch, 2019) using block coordinate descent (alternating non-negative least squares, ANLS) to return factorized  $H$ ,  $W$ , and  $V$  matrices. The objective function is stated as

$$\arg \min_{H \geq 0, W \geq 0, V \geq 0} \sum_i^d \|E_i - (W + V_i)H_i\|_F^2 + \lambda \sum_i^d \|V_i H_i\|_F^2$$

where  $E_i$  is the input non-negative matrix of the  $i$ 'th dataset,  $d$  is the total number of datasets.  $E_i$  is of size  $m \times n_i$  for  $m$  variable genes and  $n_i$  cells,  $H_i$  is of size  $n_i \times k$ ,  $V_i$  is of size  $m \times k$ , and  $W$  is of size  $m \times k$ .

The factorization produces a shared  $W$  matrix (genes by  $k$ ), and for each dataset, an  $H$  matrix ( $k$  by cells) and a  $V$  matrix (genes by  $k$ ). The  $H$  matrices represent the cell factor loadings.  $W$  is held consistent among all datasets, as it represents the shared components of the metagenes across datasets. The  $V$  matrices represent the dataset-specific components of the metagenes.

This function adopts highly optimized fast and memory efficient implementation extended from Planc (Kannan, 2016). Pre-installation of extension package RcppPlanc is required. The underlying algorithm adopts the identical ANLS strategy as [optimizeALS](#) in the old version of LIGER.

**Usage**

```
runINMF(object, k = 20, lambda = 5, ...)

S3 method for class 'liger'
runINMF(
 object,
 k = 20,
 lambda = 5,
 nIteration = 30,
 nRandomStarts = 1,
 HInit = NULL,
 WInit = NULL,
 VInit = NULL,
 seed = 1,
 nCores = 2L,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'Seurat'
runINMF(
 object,
```

```

 k = 20,
 lambda = 5,
 datasetVar = "orig.ident",
 layer = "ligerScaleData",
 assay = NULL,
 reduction = "inmf",
 nIteration = 30,
 nRandomStarts = 1,
 HInit = NULL,
 WInit = NULL,
 VInit = NULL,
 seed = 1,
 nCores = 2L,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

```

### Arguments

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object        | A <a href="#">liger</a> object or a Seurat object with non-negative scaled data of variable features (Done with <a href="#">scaleNotCenter</a> ).                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| k             | Inner dimension of factorization (number of factors). Generally, a higher k will be needed for datasets with more sub-structure. Default 20.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| lambda        | Regularization parameter. Larger values penalize dataset-specific effects more strongly (i.e. alignment should increase as lambda increases). Default 5.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| ...           | Arguments passed to methods.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| nIteration    | Total number of block coordinate descent iterations to perform. Default 30.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| nRandomStarts | Number of restarts to perform (iNMF objective function is non-convex, so taking the best objective from multiple successive initialization is recommended). For easier reproducibility, this increments the random seed by 1 for each consecutive restart, so future factorization of the same dataset can be run with one rep if necessary. Default 1. |
| HInit         | Initial values to use for $H$ matrices. A list object where each element is the initial $H$ matrix of each dataset. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| WInit         | Initial values to use for $W$ matrix. A matrix object. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| VInit         | Initial values to use for $V$ matrices. A list object where each element is the initial $V$ matrix of each dataset. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| seed          | Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| nCores        | The number of parallel tasks to speed up the computation. Default 2L. Only supported for platform with OpenMP support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| verbose       | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| datasetVar    | Metadata variable name that stores the dataset source annotation. Default "orig.ident".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| layer         | For Seurat $\geq$ 4.9.9, the name of layer to retrieve input non-negative scaled data. Default "ligerScaleData". For older Seurat, always retrieve from <code>scale.data</code> slot.                                                                                                                                                                   |

|           |                                                                                      |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| assay     | Name of assay to use. Default NULL uses current active assay.                        |
| reduction | Name of the reduction to store result. Also used as the feature key. Default "inmf". |

### Value

- liger method - Returns updated input [liger](#) object
  - A list of all  $H$  matrices can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "H")`
  - A list of all  $V$  matrices can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "V")`
  - The  $W$  matrix can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "W")`
- Seurat method - Returns updated input Seurat object
  - $H$  matrices for all datasets will be concatenated and transposed (all cells by k), and form a DimReduc object in the reductions slot named by argument reduction.
  - $W$  matrix will be presented as `feature.loadings` in the same DimReduc object.
  - $V$  matrices, an objective error value and the dataset variable used for the factorization is currently stored in misc slot of the same DimReduc object.

### Difference from `optimizeALS()`

In the old version implementation, we compute the objective error at the end of each iteration, and then compares if the algorithm is reaching a convergence, using an argument `thresh`. Now, since the computation of objective error is indeed expensive, we canceled this feature and directly runs a default of 30 (`nIteration`) iterations, which empirically leads to a convergence most of the time. Given that the new version is highly optimized, running this many iteration should be acceptable.

### References

Joshua D. Welch and et al., Single-Cell Multi-omic Integration Compares and Contrasts Features of Brain Cell Identity, Cell, 2019

### Examples

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc)
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc)
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
 pbmc <- runINMF(pbmc)
}
```

---

runIntegration

*Integrate scaled datasets with iNMF or variant methods*

---

### Description

LIGER provides dataset integration methods based on iNMF (integrative Non-negative Matrix Factorization [1]) and its variants (online iNMF [2] and UINMF [3]). This function wraps [runINMF](#), [runOnlineINMF](#) and [runUINMF](#), of which the help pages have more detailed description.

**Usage**

```
runIntegration(
 object,
 k = 20,
 lambda = 5,
 method = c("iNMF", "onlineINMF", "UINMF"),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'liger'
runIntegration(
 object,
 k = 20,
 lambda = 5,
 method = c("iNMF", "onlineINMF", "UINMF"),
 seed = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'Seurat'
runIntegration(
 object,
 k = 20,
 lambda = 5,
 method = c("iNMF", "onlineINMF"),
 datasetVar = "orig.ident",
 useLayer = "ligerScaleData",
 assay = NULL,
 seed = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object | A <a href="#">liger</a> object or a Seurat object with non-negative scaled data of variable features (Done with <a href="#">scaleNotCenter</a> ).        |
| k      | Inner dimension of factorization (number of factors). Generally, a higher k will be needed for datasets with more sub-structure. Default 20.             |
| lambda | Regularization parameter. Larger values penalize dataset-specific effects more strongly (i.e. alignment should increase as lambda increases). Default 5. |
| method | iNMF variant algorithm to use for integration. Choose from "iNMF", "onlineINMF", "UINMF". Default "iNMF".                                                |
| ...    | Arguments passed to other methods and wrapped functions.                                                                                                 |
| seed   | Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1.                                                                                                    |

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| verbose    | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                  |
| datasetVar | Metadata variable name that stores the dataset source annotation. Default <code>"orig.ident"</code> .                                                                                                |
| useLayer   | For Seurat $\geq$ 4.9.9, the name of layer to retrieve input non-negative scaled data. Default <code>"ligerScaledData"</code> . For older Seurat, always retrieve from <code>scale.data</code> slot. |
| assay      | Name of assay to use. Default NULL uses current active assay.                                                                                                                                        |

### Value

Updated input object. For detail, please refer to the referred method linked in Description.

### References

1. Joshua D. Welch and et al., Single-Cell Multi-omic Integration Compares and Contrasts Features of Brain Cell Identity, Cell, 2019
2. Chao Gao and et al., Iterative single-cell multi-omic integration using online learning, Nat Biotechnol., 2021
3. April R. Kriebel and Joshua D. Welch, UINMF performs mosaic integration of single-cell multi-omic datasets using nonnegative matrix factorization, Nat. Comm., 2022

### Examples

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc)
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc)
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
 pbmc <- runIntegration(pbmc)
}
```

---

runOnlineINMF

---

*Perform online iNMF on scaled datasets*


---

### Description

Perform online integrative non-negative matrix factorization to represent multiple single-cell datasets in terms of  $H$ ,  $W$ , and  $V$  matrices. It optimizes the iNMF objective function (see [runINMF](#)) using online learning (non-negative least squares for  $H$  matrices, and hierarchical alternating least squares (HALS) for  $V$  matrices and  $W$ ), where the number of factors is set by  $k$ . The function allows online learning in 3 scenarios:

1. Fully observed datasets;
2. Iterative refinement using continually arriving datasets;
3. Projection of new datasets without updating the existing factorization

All three scenarios require fixed memory independent of the number of cells.

For each dataset, this factorization produces an  $H$  matrix (k by cell), a  $V$  matrix (genes by k), and a shared  $W$  matrix (genes by k). The  $H$  matrices represent the cell factor loadings.  $W$  is identical among all datasets, as it represents the shared components of the metagenes across datasets. The  $V$  matrices represent the dataset-specific components of the metagenes.

## Usage

```
runOnlineINMF(object, k = 20, lambda = 5, ...)
```

```
S3 method for class 'liger'
```

```
runOnlineINMF(
 object,
 k = 20,
 lambda = 5,
 newDatasets = NULL,
 projection = FALSE,
 maxEpochs = 5,
 HALSiter = 1,
 minibatchSize = 5000,
 HInit = NULL,
 WInit = NULL,
 VInit = NULL,
 AInit = NULL,
 BInit = NULL,
 seed = 1,
 nCores = 2L,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)
```

```
S3 method for class 'Seurat'
```

```
runOnlineINMF(
 object,
 k = 20,
 lambda = 5,
 datasetVar = "orig.ident",
 layer = "ligerScaleData",
 assay = NULL,
 reduction = "onlineINMF",
 maxEpochs = 5,
 HALSiter = 1,
 minibatchSize = 5000,
 seed = 1,
 nCores = 2L,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)
```

## Arguments

|                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object                            | <a href="#">liger</a> object. Scaled data required.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| k                                 | Inner dimension of factorization—number of metagenes. A value in the range 20-50 works well for most analyses. Default 20.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| lambda                            | Regularization parameter. Larger values penalize dataset-specific effects more strongly (i.e. alignment should increase as lambda increases). We recommend always using the default value except possibly for analyses with relatively small differences (biological replicates, male/female comparisons, etc.) in which case a lower value such as 1.0 may improve reconstruction quality. Default 5.0. |
| ...                               | Arguments passed to other S3 methods of this function.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| newDatasets                       | Named list of <a href="#">dgCMMatrix-class</a> object. New datasets for scenario 2 or scenario 3. Default NULL triggers scenario 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| projection                        | Whether to perform data integration with scenario 3 when newDatasets is specified. See description. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| maxEpochs                         | The number of epochs to iterate through. See detail. Default 5.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| HALSiter                          | Maximum number of block coordinate descent (HALS algorithm) iterations to perform for each update of $W$ and $V$ . Default 1. Changing this parameter is not recommended.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| minibatchSize                     | Total number of cells in each minibatch. See detail. Default 5000.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| HInit, WInit, VInit, AInit, BInit | Optional initialization for $H$ , $W$ , $V$ , $A$ , and $B$ matrices, respectively. Must be presented all together. See detail. Default NULL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| seed                              | Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| nCores                            | The number of parallel tasks to speed up the computation. Default 2L. Only supported for platform with OpenMP support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| verbose                           | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| datasetVar                        | Metadata variable name that stores the dataset source annotation. Default "orig.ident".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| layer                             | For Seurat $\geq$ 4.9.9, the name of layer to retrieve input non-negative scaled data. Default "ligerScaledData". For older Seurat, always retrieve from <code>scale.data</code> slot.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| assay                             | Name of assay to use. Default NULL uses current active assay.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| reduction                         | Name of the reduction to store result. Also used as the feature key. Default "onlineINMF".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

## Details

For performing scenario 2 or 3, a complete set of factorization result from a run of scenario 1 is required. Given the structure of a [liger](#) object, all of the required information can be retrieved automatically. Under the circumstance where users need customized information for existing factorization, arguments `WInit`, `VInit`, `ANit` and `BInit` are exposed. The requirements for these argument follows:

- `HInit` - A list object of matrices each of size  $k \times n_i$ . Number of matrices should match with `newDatasets`.

- **WInit** - A matrix object of size  $m \times k$ . (see [runINMF](#) for notation)
- **VInit** - A list object of matrices each of size  $m \times k$ . Number of matrices should match with `newDatasets`.
- **AInit** - A list object of matrices each of size  $k \times k$ . Number of matrices should match with `newDatasets`.
- **BInit** - A list object of matrices each of size  $m \times k$ . Number of matrices should match with `newDatasets`.

Minibatch iterations is performed on small subset of cells. The exact minibatch size applied on each dataset is `minibatchSize` multiplied by the proportion of cells in this dataset out of all cells. In general, `minibatchSize` should be no larger than the number of cells in the smallest dataset (considering both object and `newDatasets`). Therefore, a smaller value may be necessary for analyzing very small datasets.

An epoch is one completion of calculation on all cells after a number of iterations of minibatches. Therefore, the total number of iterations is determined by the setting of `maxEpochs`, total number of cells, and `minibatchSize`.

Currently, Seurat S3 method does not support working on Scenario 2 and 3, because there is no simple solution for organizing a number of miscellaneous matrices with a single Seurat object. We strongly recommend that users create a [liger](#) object which has the specific structure.

## Value

- **liger method** - Returns updated input [liger](#) object.
  - A list of all  $H$  matrices can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "H")`
  - A list of all  $V$  matrices can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "V")`
  - The  $W$  matrix can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "W")`
  - Meanwhile, intermediate matrices  $A$  and  $B$  produced in HALS update can also be accessed similarly.
- **Seurat method** - Returns updated input Seurat object.
  - $H$  matrices for all datasets will be concatenated and transposed (all cells by  $k$ ), and form a `DimReduc` object in the `reductions` slot named by argument `reduction`.
  - $W$  matrix will be presented as `feature.loadings` in the same `DimReduc` object.
  - $V$  matrices,  $A$  matrices,  $B$  matrices, an objective error value and the dataset variable used for the factorization is currently stored in `misc` slot of the same `DimReduc` object.

## References

Chao Gao and et al., Iterative single-cell multi-omic integration using online learning, *Nat Biotechnol.*, 2021

## Examples

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc)
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc)
if (requireNamespace("RcppPlanc", quietly = TRUE)) {
 # Scenario 1
```

```

pbmc <- runOnlineINMF(pbmc, minibatchSize = 200)
Scenario 2
Fake new dataset by increasing all non-zero value in "ctrl" by 1
ctrl2 <- rawData(dataset(pbmc, "ctrl"))
ctrl2@x <- ctrl2@x + 1
colnames(ctrl2) <- paste0(colnames(ctrl2), 2)
pbmc2 <- runOnlineINMF(pbmc, k = 20, newDatasets = list(ctrl2 = ctrl2),
 minibatchSize = 100)

Scenario 3
pbmc3 <- runOnlineINMF(pbmc, k = 20, newDatasets = list(ctrl2 = ctrl2),
 projection = TRUE)
}

```

---

|                |                                |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| runPairwiseDEG | <i>Find DEG between groups</i> |
|----------------|--------------------------------|

---

## Description

Two methods are supported: "pseudoBulk" and "wilcoxon". Pseudo-bulk method aggregates cells basing on biological replicates and calls bulk RNAseq DE methods, DESeq2 wald test, while Wilcoxon rank sum test is performed on single-cell level. runPairwiseDEG() is generally used for flexibly comparing two specific groups of cells, while runMarkerDEG() is used for a one-vs-rest marker test strategy.

While using pseudo-bulk method, it is generally recommended that you have these variables available in your object:

1. The cell type or cluster labeling. This can be obtained from prior study or computed with [runCluster](#)
2. The biological replicate labeling, most of the time the "dataset" variable automatically generated when the [liger](#) object is created. Users may use other variables if a "dataset" is merged from multiple replicates.
3. The condition labeling that reflects the study design, such as the treatment or disease status for each sample/dataset.

Please see below for detailed scenarios.

## Usage

```

runPairwiseDEG(
 object,
 groupTest,
 groupCtrl,
 variable1 = NULL,
 variable2 = NULL,
 splitBy = NULL,
 method = c("pseudoBulk", "wilcoxon"),
 usePeak = FALSE,

```

```

 useReplicate = "dataset",
 nPsdRep = NULL,
 minCellPerRep = 3,
 printDiagnostic = FALSE,
 chunk = NULL,
 seed = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE)
)

runMarkerDEG(
 object,
 conditionBy = NULL,
 splitBy = NULL,
 method = c("pseudoBulk", "wilcoxon"),
 useDatasets = NULL,
 usePeak = FALSE,
 useReplicate = "dataset",
 nPsdRep = NULL,
 minCellPerRep = 3,
 printDiagnostic = FALSE,
 chunk = NULL,
 seed = 1,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE)
)

runWilcoxon(
 object,
 data.use = NULL,
 compare.method = c("clusters", "datasets")
)

```

## Arguments

|                                            |                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object                                     | A <a href="#">liger</a> object, with normalized data available                                                           |
| groupTest, groupCtrl, variable1, variable2 | Condition specification. See ?runPairwiseDEG section <b>Pairwise DEG Scenarios</b> for detail.                           |
| splitBy                                    | Name(s) of the variable(s) in cellMeta to split the comparison. See Details. Default NULL.                               |
| method                                     | DEG test method to use. Choose from "pseudoBulk" or "wilcoxon". Default "pseudoBulk"                                     |
| usePeak                                    | Logical. Whether to use peak count instead of gene count. Only supported when ATAC datasets are involved. Default FALSE. |
| useReplicate                               | cellMeta variable of biological replicate annotation. Only used with method = "pseudoBulk". Default "dataset".           |
| nPsdRep                                    | Number of pseudo-replicates to create. Only used when method = "pseudoBulk". Default NULL. See Details.                  |

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| minCellPerRep   | Numeric, will not make pseudo-bulk for replicate with less than this number of cells. Default 3.                                                                                                        |
| printDiagnostic | Logical. Whether to show more detail when verbose = TRUE. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                |
| chunk           | Number of features to process at a time during Wilcoxon test. Useful when memory is limited. Default NULL will process all features at once.                                                            |
| seed            | Random seed to use for pseudo-replicate generation. Default 1.                                                                                                                                          |
| verbose         | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default getOption("ligerVerbose") or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                  |
| conditionBy     | cellMeta variable(s). Marker detection will be performed for each level of this variable. Multiple variables will be combined. Default NULL uses default cluster.                                       |
| useDatasets     | Datasets to perform marker detection within. Default NULL will use all datasets.                                                                                                                        |
| data.use        | Same as useDatasets.                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| compare.method  | Choose from "clusters" (default) or "datasets". "clusters" compares each cluster against all other cells, while "datasets" run within each cluster and compare each dataset against all other datasets. |

### Value

A data.frame with DEG information with the all or some of the following fields:

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| feature   | Gene names                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| group     | Test group name. Multiple tests might be present for each function call. This is the main variable to distinguish the tests. For a pairwise test, a row with a certain group name represents the test result between the this group against the other control group; When split by a variable, it would be presented in "split.group" format, meaning the stats is by comparing the group in the split level against the control group in the same split level. When running marker detection without splitting, a row with group "a" represents the stats of the gene in group "a" against all other cells. When running split marker detection, the group name would be in "split.group" format, meaning the stats is by comparing the group in the split level against all other cells in the same split level. |
| logFC     | Log fold change                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| pval      | P-value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| padj      | Adjusted p-value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| avgExpr   | Mean expression in the test group indicated by the "group" field. Only available for wilcoxon tests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| statistic | Wilcoxon rank-sum test statistic. Only available for wilcoxon tests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| auc       | Area under the ROC curve. Only available for wilcoxon tests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| pct_in    | Percentage of cells in the test group, indicated by the "group" field, that express the feature. Only available for wilcoxon tests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| pct_out   | Percentage of cells in the control group or other cells, as explained for the "group" field, that express the feature. Only available for wilcoxon tests.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

### Using Wilcoxon rank-sum test

Wilcoxon rank-sum test works for each gene and is based on the rank of the expression in each cell. LIGER provides dataset integration but does not "correct" the expression values. Projects with strong batch effects or integrate drastically different modalities should be cautious when using this method.

### Comparing difference between/across cell types

Most of times, people would want to know what cell types are for each cluster after clustering. This can be done with a marker detection method that test each cluster against all the other cells. This can be done with a command like `runMarkerDEG(object, conditionBy = "cluster_var")`. When using default pseudo-bulk method, users should additionally determine the pseudo-bulk setup parameters. If the real biological replicate variable is available, it should be supplied to argument `useReplicate`, otherwise, pseudo-replicates should be created. See "Pseudo-Replicate" section for more.

### Compare between conditions

It is frequently needed to identify the difference between conditions. Users can simply set `conditionBy = "condition_var"`. However, most of time, such comparisons should be ideally done in a per-cluster manner. This can be done by setting `splitBy = "cluster_var"`. This will run a loop for each cluster, and within the group of cells, compare each condition against all other cells in the cluster.

In the scenario when users only need to compare two conditions for each cluster, running `runPairwiseDEG(object, groupTest = "condition1", groupCtrl = "condition2", variable1 = "condition_var", splitBy = "cluster_var")` would address the need.

For both use case, if pseudo-bulk (default) method is used, users should determine the pseudo-bulk setup parameters as mentioned in the previous section.

### Detailed runMarkerDEG usage

Marker detection is performed in a one vs. rest manner. The grouping of such condition is specified by `conditionBy`, which should be a column name in `cellMeta`. When `splitBy` is specified as another variable name in `cellMeta`, the marker detection will be iteratively done for within each level of `splitBy` variable.

For example, when `conditionBy = "celltype"` and `splitBy = NULL`, marker detection will be performed by comparing all cells of "celltype\_i" against all other cells, and etc. This is analogous to the old version when running `runWilcoxon(method = "cluster")`.

When `conditionBy = "gender"` and `splitBy = "leiden_cluster"`, marker detection will be performed by comparing "gender\_i" cells from "cluster\_j" against other cells from "cluster\_j", and etc. This is analogous to the old version when running `runWilcoxon(method = "dataset")`.

### Detailed runPairwiseDEG usage

Users can select classes of cells from a variable in `cellMeta`. `variable1` and `variable2` are used to specify a column in `cellMeta`, and `groupTest` and `groupCtrl` are used to specify existing classes from `variable1` and `variable2`, respectively. When `variable2` is missing, `groupCtrl` will be considered from `variable1`.

For example, when `variable1 = "celltype"` and `variable2 = NULL`, `groupTest` and `groupCtrl` should be valid cell types in `object$celltype`.

When `variable1` is `"celltype"` and `variable2` is `"gender"`, `groupTest` should be a valid cell type from `object$celltype` and `groupCtrl` should be a valid class from `object$gender`.

When both `variable1` and `variable2` are missing, `groupTest` and `groupCtrl` should be valid index of cells in `object`.

## Pseudo-Replicate

Pseudo-replicate assignment is a technique to complement the lack of real biological replicates when using pseudo-bulk DE methods. LIGER's pseudo-bulk method generally requires that each comparison group has at least 3 replicates each composed of at least 3 cells, in order to ensure the statistic power. When less than 3 real replicates are found for a comparison, the default setting (`nPsdRep = NULL`) splits each into 3 pseudo-replicates, otherwise no pseudo-replicates are automatically generated. When `nPsdRep` is given a number, LIGER will always go through each comparison group and split each real replicate into the given number of pseudo-replicates.

## Examples

```
pbmc$leiden_cluster <- pbmcPlot$leiden_cluster

Identify cluster markers
degStats1 <- runMarkerDEG(pbmc, conditionBy = "leiden_cluster")

Compare "stim" data against "ctrl" data within each cluster
degStats3 <- runPairwiseDEG(pbmc, groupTest = "stim", groupCtrl = "ctrl",
 variable1 = "dataset",
 splitBy = "leiden_cluster",
 minCellPerRep = 4)
```

---

runTSNE

---

*Perform t-SNE dimensionality reduction*


---

## Description

Runs t-SNE on the aligned cell factors (result from [alignFactors](#)), or unaligned cell factors (result from [runIntegration](#))) to generate a 2D embedding for visualization. By default [Rtsne](#) (Barnes-Hut implementation of t-SNE) method is invoked, while alternative `"fftRtsne"` method (FFT-accelerated Interpolation-based t-SNE, using Kluger Lab implementation) is also supported. For very large datasets, it is recommended to use `method = "fftRtsne"` due to its efficiency and scalability.

Extra external installation steps are required for using `"fftRtsne"` method. Please consult [detailed guide](#).

**Usage**

```
runTSNE(
 object,
 useRaw = NULL,
 useDims = NULL,
 nDims = 2,
 usePCA = FALSE,
 perplexity = 30,
 theta = 0.5,
 method = c("Rtsne", "fftRtsne"),
 dimredName = "TSNE",
 asDefault = NULL,
 fitsnePath = NULL,
 seed = 42,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 k = nDims,
 use.raw = useRaw,
 dims.use = useDims,
 use.pca = usePCA,
 fitsne.path = fitsnePath,
 rand.seed = seed
)
```

**Arguments**

|            |                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object     | <a href="#">liger</a> object with factorization results.                                                                                                |
| useRaw     | Whether to use un-aligned cell factor loadings ( $H$ matrices). Default NULL search for aligned factor loadings first and un-aligned loadings then.     |
| useDims    | Index of factors to use for computing the embedding. Default NULL uses all factors.                                                                     |
| nDims      | Number of dimensions to reduce to. Default 2.                                                                                                           |
| usePCA     | Whether to perform initial PCA step for Rtsne. Default FALSE.                                                                                           |
| perplexity | Numeric parameter to pass to Rtsne (expected number of neighbors). Default 30.                                                                          |
| theta      | Speed/accuracy trade-off (increase for less accuracy), set to 0.0 for exact TSNE. Default 0.5.                                                          |
| method     | Choose from "Rtsne" or "fftRtsne". See Description. Default "Rtsne".                                                                                    |
| dimredName | Name of the variable in cellMeta slot to store the result matrix. Default "TSNE".                                                                       |
| asDefault  | Logical, whether to set the resulting dimRed as default for visualization. Default NULL will set it when no default is set.                             |
| fitsnePath | Path to the cloned FIt-SNE directory (i.e. '/path/to/dir/FIt-SNE'). Required only when first time using runTSNE with method = "fftRtsne". Default NULL. |
| seed       | Random seed for reproducibility. Default 42.                                                                                                            |

verbose Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default `getOption("ligerVerbose")` or TRUE if users have not set.

use.raw, dims.use, k, use.pca, fitsne.path, rand.seed  
**Deprecated.** See Usage section for replacement.

### Value

The object where a "TSNE" variable is updated in the `cellMeta` slot with the whole 2D embedding matrix.

### See Also

[runUMAP](#)

### Examples

```
pbmc <- runTSNE(pbmPlot)
```

---

|          |                                                                              |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| runUINMF | <i>Perform Mosaic iNMF (UINMF) on scaled datasets with unshared features</i> |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Performs mosaic integrative non-negative matrix factorization (UINMF) (A.R. Kriebel, 2022) using block coordinate descent (alternating non-negative least squares, ANLS) to return factorized  $H$ ,  $W$ ,  $V$  and  $U$  matrices. The objective function is stated as

$$\arg \min_{H \geq 0, W \geq 0, V \geq 0, U \geq 0} \sum_i^d \left\| \begin{bmatrix} E_i \\ P_i \end{bmatrix} - \left( \begin{bmatrix} W \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} V_i \\ U_i \end{bmatrix} \right) H_i \right\|_F^2 + \lambda_i \sum_i^d \left\| \begin{bmatrix} V_i \\ U_i \end{bmatrix} H_i \right\|_F^2$$

where  $E_i$  is the input non-negative matrix of the  $i$ 'th dataset,  $P_i$  is the input non-negative matrix for the unshared features,  $d$  is the total number of datasets.  $E_i$  is of size  $m \times n_i$  for  $m$  shared features and  $n_i$  cells,  $P_i$  is of size  $u_i \times n_i$  for  $u_i$  unshared features,  $H_i$  is of size  $k \times n_i$ ,  $V_i$  is of size  $m \times k$ ,  $W$  is of size  $m \times k$  and  $U_i$  is of size  $u_i \times k$ .

The factorization produces a shared  $W$  matrix (genes by  $k$ ). For each dataset, an  $H$  matrix ( $k$  by cells), a  $V$  matrix (genes by  $k$ ) and a  $U$  matrix (unshared genes by  $k$ ). The  $H$  matrices represent the cell factor loadings.  $W$  is held consistent among all datasets, as it represents the shared components of the metagenes across datasets. The  $V$  matrices represent the dataset-specific components of the metagenes,  $U$  matrices are similar to  $V$ s but represents the loading contributed by unshared features.

This function adopts highly optimized fast and memory efficient implementation extended from Planc (Kannan, 2016). Pre-installation of extension package `RcppPlanc` is required. The underlying algorithm adopts the identical ANLS strategy as `optimizeALS(unshared = TRUE)` in the old version of LIGER.

**Usage**

```
runUINMF(object, k = 20, lambda = 5, ...)

S3 method for class 'liger'
runUINMF(
 object,
 k = 20,
 lambda = 5,
 nIteration = 30,
 nRandomStarts = 1,
 seed = 1,
 nCores = 2L,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object        | <a href="#">liger</a> object. Should run <a href="#">selectGenes</a> with <code>unshared = TRUE</code> and then run <a href="#">scaleNotCenter</a> in advance.                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| k             | Inner dimension of factorization (number of factors). Generally, a higher k will be needed for datasets with more sub-structure. Default 20.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| lambda        | Regularization parameter. Larger values penalize dataset-specific effects more strongly (i.e. alignment should increase as lambda increases). Default 5.                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| ...           | Arguments passed to other methods and wrapped functions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| nIteration    | Total number of block coordinate descent iterations to perform. Default 30.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| nRandomStarts | Number of restarts to perform (iNMF objective function is non-convex, so taking the best objective from multiple successive initialization is recommended). For easier reproducibility, this increments the random seed by 1 for each consecutive restart, so future factorization of the same dataset can be run with one rep if necessary. Default 1. |
| seed          | Random seed to allow reproducible results. Default 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| nCores        | The number of parallel tasks to speed up the computation. Default 2L. Only supported for platform with OpenMP support.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| verbose       | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

**Value**

- [liger](#) method - Returns updated input [liger](#) object.
  - A list of all  $H$  matrices can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "H")`
  - A list of all  $V$  matrices can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "V")`
  - The  $W$  matrix can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "W")`
  - A list of all  $U$  matrices can be accessed with `getMatrix(object, "U")`

**Note**

Currently, Seurat S3 method is not supported for UINMF because there is no simple solution for organizing a number of miscellaneous matrices with a single Seurat object. We strongly recommend that users create a [liger](#) object which has the specific structure.

**References**

April R. Kriebel and Joshua D. Welch, UINMF performs mosaic integration of single-cell multi-omic datasets using nonnegative matrix factorization, Nat. Comm., 2022

**Examples**

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc, useUnsharedDatasets = c("ctrl", "stim"))
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc)
if (!is.null(getMatrix(pbmc, "scaleUnsharedData", "ctrl")) &&
 !is.null(getMatrix(pbmc, "scaleUnsharedData", "stim"))) {
 # TODO: unshared variable features cannot be detected from this example
 pbmc <- runUINMF(pbmc)
}
```

runUMAP

*Perform UMAP Dimensionality Reduction***Description**

Run UMAP on the aligned cell factors (result from [alignFactors](#)), or unaligned cell factors (raw result from [runIntegration](#))) to generate a 2D embedding for visualization (or general dimensionality reduction). Has option to run on subset of factors. It is generally recommended to use this method for dimensionality reduction with extremely large datasets. The underlying UMAP calculation imports uwot [umap](#).

**Usage**

```
runUMAP(
 object,
 useRaw = NULL,
 useDims = NULL,
 nDims = 2,
 distance = c("cosine", "euclidean", "manhattan", "hamming"),
 nNeighbors = 20,
 minDist = 0.1,
 dimredName = "UMAP",
 asDefault = NULL,
 seed = 42,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 k = nDims,
```

```

 use.raw = useRaw,
 dims.use = useDims,
 n_neighbors = nNeighbors,
 min_dist = minDist,
 rand.seed = seed,
 ...
)

```

## Arguments

|                                                        |                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object                                                 | <a href="#">liger</a> object with factorization results.                                                                                              |
| useRaw                                                 | Whether to use un-aligned cell factor loadings ( $H$ matrices). Default NULL search for aligned factor loadings first and un-aligned loadings then.   |
| useDims                                                | Index of factors to use for computing the embedding. Default NULL uses all factors.                                                                   |
| nDims                                                  | Number of dimensions to reduce to. Default 2.                                                                                                         |
| distance                                               | Character. Metric used to measure distance in the input space. Default "cosine", alternative options include: "euclidean", "manhattan" and "hamming". |
| nNeighbors                                             | Number of neighboring points used in local approximations of manifold structure. Default 20.                                                          |
| minDist                                                | Numeric. Controls how tightly the embedding is allowed compress points together. Default 0.1.                                                         |
| dimredName                                             | Name of the variable in cellMeta slot to store the result matrix. Default "UMAP".                                                                     |
| asDefault                                              | Logical, whether to set the resulting dimRed as default for visualization. Default NULL will set it when no default is set.                           |
| seed                                                   | Random seed for reproducibility. Default 42.                                                                                                          |
| verbose                                                | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                   |
| k, use.raw, dims.use, n_neighbors, min_dist, rand.seed | <b>Deprecated.</b> See Usage section for replacement.                                                                                                 |
| ...                                                    | Additional argument passed to <code>uwot::umap()</code> .                                                                                             |

## Details

For `nNeighbors`, larger values will result in more global structure being preserved at the loss of detailed local structure. In general this parameter should often be in the range 5 to 50, with a choice of 10 to 15 being a sensible default.

For `minDist`, larger values ensure embedded points are more evenly distributed, while smaller values allow the algorithm to optimize more accurately with regard to local structure. Sensible values are in the range 0.001 to 0.5, with 0.1 being a reasonable default.

## Value

The object where a "UMAP" variable is updated in the `cellMeta` slot with the whole 2D embedding matrix.

**See Also**[runTSNE](#)**Examples**

```
pbmc <- runUMAP(pbmcPlot)
```

---

scaleNotCenter

---

*Scale genes by root-mean-square across cells*


---

**Description**

This function scales normalized gene expression data after variable genes have been selected. We do not mean-center the data before scaling in order to address the non-negativity constraint of NMF. Computation applied to each normalized dataset matrix can form the following equation:

$$S_{i,j} = \frac{N_{i,j}}{\sqrt{\sum_p^n \frac{N_{i,p}^2}{n-1}}}$$

Where  $N$  denotes the normalized matrix for an individual dataset,  $S$  is the output scaled matrix for this dataset, and  $n$  is the number of cells in this dataset.  $i, j$  denotes the specific gene and cell index, and  $p$  is the cell iterator.

Please see detailed section below for explanation on methylation dataset.

**Usage**

```
scaleNotCenter(object, ...)

S3 method for class 'dgCMatrx'
scaleNotCenter(object, features, scaleFactor = NULL, ...)

S3 method for class 'DelayedArray'
scaleNotCenter(
 object,
 features,
 scaleFactor = NULL,
 geneRootMeanSq = NULL,
 overwrite = FALSE,
 chunk = getOption("ligerChunkSize", 20000),
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'ligerDataset'
scaleNotCenter(
 object,
```

```

 features = NULL,
 scaleFactor = NULL,
 chunk = getOption("ligerChunkSize", 20000),
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'ligerMethDataset'
scaleNotCenter(
 object,
 features = NULL,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'liger'
scaleNotCenter(
 object,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 features = varFeatures(object),
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 remove.missing = NULL,
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'Seurat'
scaleNotCenter(
 object,
 assay = NULL,
 layer = "ligerNormData",
 save = "ligerScaleData",
 datasetVar = "orig.ident",
 features = NULL,
 ...
)

```

## Arguments

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object      | <a href="#">liger</a> object, <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> object, <a href="#">dgCMatrx-class</a> object, or a Seurat object.                                                                                                                                                               |
| ...         | Arguments passed to other methods. The order goes by: "liger" method calls "ligerDataset" method", which then calls "dgCMatrx" method. "Seurat" method directly calls "dgCMatrx" method.                                                                                                    |
| features    | Character, numeric or logical index that choose the variable feature to be scaled. "liger" method by default uses <a href="#">varFeatures</a> (object). "ligerDataset" method by default uses all features. "Seurat" method by default uses <code>Seurat::VariableFeatures(object)</code> . |
| scaleFactor | Numeric vector of scaling factor to normalize the raw counts to unit sum. This pre-calculated at liger object creation (stored as <code>object\$nUMI</code> and internally                                                                                                                  |

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                | specified in S3 method chains, thus is generally not needed to be specified by users.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| geneRootMeanSq | Numeric vector of root-mean-square of unit-normalized expression for each gene. This is pre-calculated at the call of <code>selectBatchHVG</code> (stored at <code>featureMeta(dataset(object, "datasetName"))\$rootMeanSq</code> and internally specified in S3 method chains, thus is generally not needed to be specified by users. |
| overwrite      | Logical. When writing newly computed HDF5 array to a separate HDF5 file, whether to overwrite the existing file. Default FALSE raises an error when the file already exists.                                                                                                                                                           |
| chunk          | Integer. Number of maximum number of cells in each chunk, when scaling is applied to any HDF5 based dataset. Default 20000.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| verbose        | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| useDatasets    | A character vector of the names, a numeric or logical vector of the index of the datasets to be scaled but not centered. Default NULL applies to all datasets.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| remove.missing | <b>Deprecated.</b> The functionality of this is covered through other parts of the whole workflow and is no long needed. Will be ignored if specified.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| assay          | Name of assay to use. Default NULL uses current active assay.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| layer          | For Seurat $\geq$ 4.9.9, the name of layer to retrieve normalized data. Default "ligerNormData". For older Seurat, always retrieve from data slot.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| save           | For Seurat $\geq$ 4.9.9, the name of layer to store normalized data. Default "ligerScaleData". For older Seurat, stored to scale.data slot.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| datasetVar     | Metadata variable name that stores the dataset source annotation. Default "orig.ident".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

## Value

Updated object

- `dgCMatrx` method - Returns scaled `dgCMatrx` object
- `ligerDataset` method - Updates the `scaleData` and `scaledUnsharedData` (if unshared variable feature available) slot of the object
- `liger` method - Updates the `scaleData` and `scaledUnsharedData` (if unshared variable feature available) slot of chosen datasets
- `Seurat` method - Adds a named layer in chosen assay (V5), or update the `scale.data` slot of the chosen assay ( $\leq$ V4)

## Methylation dataset

Because gene body mCH proportions are negatively correlated with gene expression level in neurons, we need to reverse the direction of the methylation data before performing the integration. We do this by simply subtracting all values from the maximum methylation value. The resulting values are positively correlated with gene expression. This will only be applied to variable genes detected in prior. Please make sure that argument `modal` is set accordingly when running `createLiger`. In this way, this function can automatically detect it and take proper action. If it is not set, users can still manually have the equivalent processing done by doing `scaleNotCenter(lig, useDataset = c("other", "datasets"))`, and then `reverseMethData(lig, useDataset = c("meth", "datasets"))`.

**Note**

Since the scaling on genes is applied on a per dataset base, other scaling methods that apply to a whole concatenated matrix of multiple datasets might not be considered as equivalent alternatives, even if options like `center` are set to `FALSE`. Hence we implemented an efficient solution that works under such circumstance, provided with the Seurat S3 method.

**Examples**

```
pbmc <- selectBatchHVG(pbmc, n = 10)
pbmc <- scaleNotCenter(pbmc)
```

---

selectBatchHVG

---

**[Experimental]** *Batch-aware highly variable gene selection*


---

**Description**

Method to select HVGs based on mean dispersions of genes that are highly variable genes in all batches. Using a the top `target_genes` per batch by average normalize dispersion. If target genes still hasn't been reached, then HVGs in all but one batches are used to fill up. This is continued until HVGs in a single batch are considered.

This is an *rliger* implementation of the method originally published in [SCIB](#). We found the potential that it can improve integration under some circumstances, and is currently testing it.

This function currently only works for shared features across all datasets. For selection from only part of the datasets and selection for dataset-specific unshared features, please use [selectGenes\(\)](#).

**Usage**

```
selectBatchHVG(object, ...)

S3 method for class 'liger'
selectBatchHVG(
 object,
 nGenes = 2000,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'ligerDataset'
selectBatchHVG(
 object,
 nGenes = 2000,
 features = NULL,
 scaleFactor = NULL,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)
```

```
S3 method for class 'dgCMatrx'
selectBatchHVG(
 object,
 nGenes = 2000,
 returnStats = FALSE,
 scaleFactor = NULL,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'DelayedArray'
selectBatchHVG(
 object,
 nGenes = 2000,
 means = NULL,
 scaleFactor = NULL,
 returnStats = FALSE,
 chunk = getOption("ligerChunkSize", 20000),
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)
```

### Arguments

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object      | A <a href="#">liger</a> object, <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> object or a sparse/dense matrix. The liger objects must have raw counts available. A direct matrix input is preferably log-1p transformed from CPM normalized counts in cell per column orientation. |
| ...         | Arguments passed to S3 methods.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| nGenes      | Integer number of target genes to select. Default 2000.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| verbose     | Logical. Whether to show a progress bar. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                                                                            |
| features    | For <code>ligerDataset</code> method, the feature subset to limit the selection to, mainly for limiting the selection to happen within the shared genes of all datasets. Default NULL selects from all features in the <code>ligerDataset</code> object.          |
| scaleFactor | Numeric vector of scaling factor to normalize the raw counts to unit sum. This pre-calculated at liger object creation (stored as <code>object\$numi</code> and internally specified in S3 method chains, thus is generally not needed to be specified by users.  |
| returnStats | Logical, for <code>dgCMatrx</code> -method, whether to return a data frame of statistics for all features, or by default FALSE just return a character vector of selected features.                                                                               |
| means       | Numeric vector of pre-calculated means per gene, derived from log1p CPM normalized expression.                                                                                                                                                                    |
| chunk       | Integer. Number of maximum number of cells in each chunk when working on <code>HDF5Array</code> Default 20000.                                                                                                                                                    |

**Value**

- **liger-method:** Returns the input liger object with the selected genes updated in varFeatures slot, which can be accessed with varFeatures(object). Additionally, the statistics are updated in the featureMeta slot of each ligerDataset object within the datasets slot of the object.
- **ligerDataset-method:** Returns the input ligerDataset object with the statistics updated in the featureMeta slot.
- **dgCMatrix-method:** By default returns a character vector of selected variable features. If returnStats = TRUE, returns a data.frame of the statistics.

**References**

Luecken, M.D., Büttner, M., Chaichoompu, K. et al. (2022), Benchmarking atlas-level data integration in single-cell genomics. *Nat Methods*, 19, 41–50. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41592-021-01336-8>.

**See Also**

[selectGenes\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
pbmc <- selectBatchHVG(pbmc, nGenes = 10)
varFeatures(pbmc)
```

---

selectGenes

*Select a subset of informative genes*

---

**Description**

This function identifies highly variable genes from each dataset and combines these gene sets (either by union or intersection) for use in downstream analysis. Assuming that gene expression approximately follows a Poisson distribution, this function identifies genes with gene expression variance above a given variance threshold (relative to mean gene expression). Alternatively, we allow selecting a desired number of genes for each dataset by ranking the relative variance, and then take the combination.

**Usage**

```
selectGenes(object, thresh = 0.1, nGenes = NULL, alpha = 0.99, ...)
```

```
S3 method for class 'liger'
selectGenes(
 object,
 thresh = 0.1,
 nGenes = NULL,
 alpha = 0.99,
```

```

 useDatasets = NULL,
 useUnsharedDatasets = NULL,
 unsharedThresh = 0.1,
 combine = c("union", "intersection"),
 chunk = getOption("ligerChunkSize", 20000),
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 var.thresh = thresh,
 alpha.thresh = alpha,
 num.genes = nGenes,
 datasets.use = useDatasets,
 unshared.datasets = useUnsharedDatasets,
 unshared.thresh = unsharedThresh,
 tol = NULL,
 do.plot = NULL,
 cex.use = NULL,
 unshared = NULL,
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'Seurat'
selectGenes(
 object,
 thresh = 0.1,
 nGenes = NULL,
 alpha = 0.99,
 useDatasets = NULL,
 layer = "ligerNormData",
 assay = NULL,
 datasetVar = "orig.ident",
 combine = c("union", "intersection"),
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

```

### Arguments

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object | A <a href="#">liger</a> , <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> or Seurat object, with normalized data available (no scale factor multiplied nor log transformed).                                                                                                                                |
| thresh | Variance threshold used to identify variable genes. Higher threshold results in fewer selected genes. Liger and Seurat S3 methods accept a single value or a vector with specific threshold for each dataset in useDatasets.* Default 0.1.                                               |
| nGenes | Number of genes to find for each dataset. By setting this, we optimize the threshold used for each dataset so that we get nGenes selected features for each dataset. Accepts single value or a vector for dataset specific setting matching useDataset.* Default NULL does not optimize. |
| alpha  | Alpha threshold. Controls upper bound for expected mean gene expression. Lower threshold means higher upper bound. Default 0.99.                                                                                                                                                         |
| ...    | Arguments passed to other methods.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

|                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| useDatasets                                                                           | A character vector of the names, a numeric or logical vector of the index of the datasets to use for shared variable feature selection. Default NULL uses all datasets.                                                                   |
| useUnsharedDatasets                                                                   | A character vector of the names, a numeric or logical vector of the index of the datasets to use for finding unshared variable features. Default NULL does not attempt to find unshared features.                                         |
| unsharedThresh                                                                        | The same thing as thresh that is applied to test unshared features. A single value for all datasets in useUnsharedDatasets or a vector for dataset-specific setting.* Default 0.1.                                                        |
| combine                                                                               | How to combine variable genes selected from all datasets. Choose from "union" or "intersection". Default "union".                                                                                                                         |
| chunk                                                                                 | Integer. Number of maximum number of cells in each chunk, when gene selection is applied to any HDF5 based dataset. Default 20000.                                                                                                        |
| verbose                                                                               | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default getOption("ligerVerbose") or TRUE if users have not set.                                                                                                                    |
| var.thresh, alpha.thresh, num.genes, datasets.use, unshared.datasets, unshared.thresh | <b>Deprecated.</b> These arguments are renamed and will be removed in the future. Please see function usage for replacement.                                                                                                              |
| tol, do.plot, cex.use, unshared                                                       | <b>Deprecated.</b> Gene variability metric is now visualized with separated function <a href="#">plotVarFeatures</a> . Users can now set none-NULL useUnsharedDatasets to select unshared genes, instead of having to switch unshared on. |
| layer                                                                                 | Where the input normalized counts should be from. Default "ligerNormData". For older Seurat, always retrieve from data slot.                                                                                                              |
| assay                                                                                 | Name of assay to use. Default NULL uses current active assay.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| datasetVar                                                                            | Metadata variable name that stores the dataset source annotation. Default "orig.ident".                                                                                                                                                   |

## Value

Updated object

- liger method - Each involved dataset stored in [ligerDataset](#) is updated with its [featureMeta](#) slot and [varUnsharedFeatures](#) slot (if requested with useUnsharedDatasets), while [varFeatures\(object\)](#) will be updated with the final combined gene set.
- Seurat method - Final selection will be updated at `Seurat::VariableFeatures(object)`. Per-dataset information is stored in the `meta.features` slot of the chosen Assay.

## Examples

```
pbmc <- normalize(pbmc)
Select basing on thresholding the relative variance
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc, thresh = .1)
Select specified number for each dataset
pbmc <- selectGenes(pbmc, nGenes = c(60, 60))
```

---

|                |                                                                      |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| selectGenesVST | <i>Select variable genes from one dataset with Seurat VST method</i> |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Seurat FindVariableFeatures VST method. This allows the selection of a fixed number of variable features, but only applies to one dataset. No normalization is needed in advance.

## Usage

```
selectGenesVST(
 object,
 useDataset,
 n = 2000,
 loessSpan = 0.3,
 clipMax = "auto",
 useShared = TRUE,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE)
)
```

## Arguments

|            |                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object     | A <a href="#">liger</a> object.                                                                                                                    |
| useDataset | The names, a numeric or logical index of the dataset to be considered for selection.                                                               |
| n          | Number of variable features needed. Default 2000.                                                                                                  |
| loessSpan  | Loess span parameter used when fitting the variance-mean relationship. Default 0.3.                                                                |
| clipMax    | After standardization values larger than clipMax will be set to clipMax. Default "auto" sets this value to the square root of the number of cells. |
| useShared  | Logical. Whether to only select from genes shared by all dataset. Default TRUE.                                                                    |
| verbose    | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default getOption("ligerVerbose") or TRUE if users have not set.                             |

## References

Seurat::FindVariableFeatures.default(selection.method = "vst")

## Examples

```
pbmc <- selectGenesVST(pbmc, "ctrl", n = 50)
```

---

|           |                                   |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| sub-liger | <i>Subset liger with brackets</i> |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Subset liger with brackets

**Usage**

```
S3 method for class 'liger'
x[i, j, ...]
```

**Arguments**

- x                   A [liger](#) object
- i                   Feature subscriptor, passed to featureIdx of [subsetLiger](#).
- j                   Cell subscriptor, passed to cellIdx of [subsetLiger](#).
- ...                  Additional arguments passed to [subsetLiger](#).

**Value**

Subset of x with specified features and cells.

**See Also**

[subsetLiger](#)

**Examples**

```
pbmcPlot[varFeatures(pbmcPlot)[1:10], 1:10]
```

---

|                  |                                   |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| sub-ligerDataset | <i>Subset ligerDataset object</i> |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Subset ligerDataset object

**Usage**

```
S3 method for class 'ligerDataset'
x[i, j, ...]
```

**Arguments**

|     |                                                                                                           |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x   | A <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> object                                                                     |
| i   | Numeric, logical index or character vector of feature names to subscribe. Leave missing for all features. |
| j   | Numeric, logical index or character vector of cell IDs to subscribe. Leave missing for all cells.         |
| ... | Additional arguments passed to <a href="#">subsetLigerDataset</a> .                                       |

**Value**

If *i* is given, the selected metadata will be returned; if it is missing, the whole cell metadata table in `S4Vectors::DataFrame` class will be returned.

**Examples**

```
ctrl <- dataset(pbm, "ctrl")
ctrl[1:5, 1:5]
```

---

sub-sub-liger

*Get cell metadata variable*


---

**Description**

Get cell metadata variable

**Usage**

```
S3 method for class 'liger'
x[[i, ...]]
```

**Arguments**

|     |                                                                |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| x   | A <a href="#">liger</a> object                                 |
| i   | Name or numeric index of cell meta data to fetch               |
| ... | Anything that <code>S4Vectors::DataFrame</code> method allows. |

**Value**

If *i* is given, the selected metadata will be returned; if it is missing, the whole cell metadata table in `S4Vectors::DataFrame` class will be returned.

**Examples**

```
Retrieve whole cellMeta
pbmc[[]]
Retrieve a variable
pbmc[["dataset"]]
```

---

|             |                            |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| subsetLiger | <i>Subset liger object</i> |
|-------------|----------------------------|

---

## Description

This function subsets a [liger](#) object with character feature index and any valid cell index. For datasets based on HDF5, the filenames of subset H5 files could only be automatically generated for now. Feature subsetting is based on the intersection of available features from datasets involved by cellIdx, while featureIdx = NULL does not take the intersection (i.e. nothing done on the feature axis).

a [ligerDataset](#) object is also allowed for now and meanwhile, setting filename is supported.

## Usage

```
subsetLiger(
 object,
 featureIdx = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 useSlot = NULL,
 chunkSize = 1000,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 newH5 = TRUE,
 returnObject = TRUE,
 ...
)
```

## Arguments

|              |                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object       | A <a href="#">liger</a> or <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> object.                                                                                                        |
| featureIdx   | Character vector. Missing or NULL for all features.                                                                                                                    |
| cellIdx      | Character, logical or numeric index that can subscribe cells. Missing or NULL for all cells.                                                                           |
| useSlot      | The slot(s) to only consider. Choose one or more from "rawData", "normData" and "scaleData". Default NULL subsets the whole object including analysis result matrices. |
| chunkSize    | Integer. Number of maximum number of cells in each chunk, Default 1000.                                                                                                |
| verbose      | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default getOption("ligerVerbose") or TRUE if users have not set.                                                 |
| newH5        | Whether to create new H5 files on disk for the subset datasets if involved datasets in the object is HDF5 based. TRUE writes a new ones, FALSE returns in memory data. |
| returnObject | Logical, whether to return a <a href="#">liger</a> object for result. Default TRUE. FALSE returns a list containing requested values.                                  |
| ...          | Arguments passed to subsetLigerDataset                                                                                                                                 |

**Value**

Subset object

**See Also**

[subsetLigerDataset](#)

**Examples**

```
pbmc.small <- subsetLiger(pbmc, cellIdx = pbmc$nUMI > 200)
pbmc.small <- pbmc[, pbmc$nGene > 50]
```

---

|                    |                                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| subsetLigerDataset | <i>Subset ligerDataset object</i> |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function subsets a [ligerDataset](#) object with valid feature and cell indices. For HDF5 based object, options are available for subsetting data into memory or a new on-disk H5 file. Feature and cell subscription is always based on the size of rawData. Therefore, the feature subsetting on scaled data, which usually contains already a subset of features, will select the intersection between the wanted features and the set available from scaled data.

**Usage**

```
subsetLigerDataset(
 object,
 featureIdx = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 useSlot = NULL,
 newH5 = TRUE,
 filename = NULL,
 filenameSuffix = NULL,
 chunkSize = 1000,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 returnObject = TRUE,
 ...
)

subseH5LigerDataset(
 object,
 featureIdx = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 useSlot = NULL,
 newH5 = TRUE,
 filename = NULL,
 filenameSuffix = NULL,
```

```

 chunkSize = 1000,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 returnObject = TRUE
)

subsetMemLigerDataset(
 object,
 featureIdx = NULL,
 cellIdx = NULL,
 useSlot = NULL,
 returnObject = TRUE
)

```

### Arguments

|                |                                                                                                                                                                        |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object         | <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> object. HDF5 based object if using subsetH5LigerDataset, in-memory data for subsetMemLigerDataset.                                        |
| featureIdx     | Character, logical or numeric index that can subscribe features. Missing or NULL for all features.                                                                     |
| cellIdx        | Character, logical or numeric index that can subscribe cells. Missing or NULL for all cells.                                                                           |
| useSlot        | The slot(s) to only consider. Choose one or more from "rawData", "normData" and "scaleData". Default NULL subsets the whole object including analysis result matrices. |
| newH5          | Whether to create a new H5 file on disk for the subset dataset if object is HDF5 based. TRUE writes a new one, FALSE returns in memory data.                           |
| filename       | Filename of the new H5 file if being created. Default NULL adds suffix ".subset_{yymmdd_HHMMSS}.h5" to the original name.                                              |
| filenameSuffix | Instead of specifying the exact filename, set a suffix for the new files so the new filename looks like original.h5.[suffix].h5. Default NULL.                         |
| chunkSize      | Integer. Number of maximum number of cells in each chunk, Default 1000.                                                                                                |
| verbose        | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default getOption("ligerVerbose") or TRUE if users have not set.                                                 |
| returnObject   | Logical, whether to return a <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> object for result. Default TRUE. FALSE returns a list containing requested values.                           |
| ...            | Arguments passed to subsetH5LigerDataset                                                                                                                               |

### Value

Subset object

### Examples

```

ctrl <- dataset(pbm, "ctrl")
ctrl.small <- subsetLigerDataset(ctrl, cellIdx = 1:5)
ctrl.tiny <- ctrl[1:5, 1:5]

```

suggestK

**[Experimental]** *Suggest optimal K value for the factorization*

## Description

This function sweeps through a series of k values (number of ranks the datasets are factorized into). For each k value, it repeats the factorization for a number of random starts and obtains the objective errors from each run. The optimal k value is recommended to be the one with the lowest variance.

**We are currently actively testing the methodology and the function is subject to change. Please report any issues you encounter.**

Currently we have identified that a wider step of k values (e.g. 5, 10, 15, ...) shows a more stable variance than a narrower step (e.g. 5, 6, 7, ...).

Note that this function is supposed to take a long time when a larger number of random starts is requested (e.g. 50) for a robust suggestion. It is safe to interrupt the progress (e.g. Ctrl+C) and the function will still return the recorded objective errors already completed.

## Usage

```
suggestK(
 object,
 kTest = seq(5, 50, 5),
 nRandomStart = 10,
 lambda = 5,
 nIteration = 30,
 nCores = 1L,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE)
)
```

## Arguments

|              |                                                                        |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object       | A <a href="#">liger</a> object.                                        |
| kTest        | A numeric vector of k values to be tested. Default 5, 10, 15, ..., 50. |
| nRandomStart | Number of random starts for each k value. Default 10.                  |
| lambda       | Regularization parameter. Default 5.                                   |
| nIteration   | Number of iterations for each run. Default 30.                         |
| nCores       | Number of cores to use for each run. Default 1L.                       |
| verbose      | Whether to print progress messages. Default TRUE.                      |

## Value

A list containing:

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| stats  | A data frame containing the k values, objective errors, and random starts.                                                                                                                                                  |
| figure | A <a href="#">ggplot2</a> object showing the objective errors and variance for each k value. The left y-axis corresponds to the dots and bands, the right second y-axis maps to the blue line that stands for the variance. |

## Examples

```
pbmcPlot <- scaleNotCenter(pbmcPlot)
Minimum test example, not for demonstrative recommendation

suggests <- suggestK(
 object = pbmcPlot,
 kTest = c(2, 3),
 nRandomStart = 2,
 nIteration = 2
)
suggests$figure
```

---

|                   |                                                        |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| updateLigerObject | <i>Update old liger object to up-to-date structure</i> |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Due to massive updates since rliger 2.0, old liger object structures are no longer compatible with the current package. This function will update the object to the latest structure.

## Usage

```
updateLigerObject(
 object,
 dimredName,
 clusterName = "clusters",
 h5FilePath = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object      | An object of any version of rliger                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| dimredName  | Name of the dimension reduction embedding to be stored. Please see Details section.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| clusterName | Name of the clustering assignment variable to be stored. Please see Details section.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| h5FilePath  | Named character vector for all H5 file paths. Not required for object run with in-memory analysis. For object containing H5-based analysis (e.g. online iNMF), this must be supplied if the H5 file location is different from that at creation time. |

## Details

Old liger object (<1.99.0) stores only one embedding at slot `tsne.coords`. `dimredName` must be specified as a single character. Pre-release version (1.99.0) stores multiple embeddings in `cellMeta`. `dimredName` must be exact existing variable names in `cellMeta` slot.

Old liger object stores clustering assignment in slot `clusters`. `clusterName` must be specified as a single character. Pre-release version does not require this.

## Value

Updated liger object.

## Examples

```
Not run:
Suppose you have a liger object of old version (<1.99.0)
newLig <- updateLigerObject(oldLig,
 dimredName = "UMAP",
 clusterName = "louvain")

End(Not run)
```

---

writeH5

*Write in-memory data into H5 file*

---

## Description

This function writes in-memory data into H5 file by default in 10x cellranger HDF5 output format. The main goal of this function is to allow users to integrate large H5-based dataset, that cannot be fully loaded into memory, with other data already loaded in memory using [runOnlineINMF](#). In this case, users can write the smaller in-memory data to H5 file instead of loading subset of the large H5-based dataset into memory, where information might be lost.

Basing on the goal of the whole workflow, the data will always be written in a CSC matrix format and `colnames`/`rownames` are always required.

The default method coerces the input to a [dgCMatrix-class](#) object. Methods for other container classes tries to extract proper data and calls the default method.

## Usage

```
writeH5(x, file, ...)

Default S3 method:
writeH5(x, file, ...)

S3 method for class 'dgCMatrix'
writeH5(
 x,
```

```

 file,
 overwrite = FALSE,
 indicesPath = "matrix/indices",
 indptrPath = "matrix/indptr",
 dataPath = "matrix/data",
 shapePath = "matrix/shape",
 barcodesPath = "matrix/barcodes",
 featuresPath = "matrix/features/name",
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'ligerDataset'
writeH5(x, file, ...)

S3 method for class 'liger'
writeH5(x, file, useDatasets, ...)

```

### Arguments

|                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>                                 | An object with in-memory data to be written into H5 file.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>file</code>                              | A character string of the file path to be written.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>...</code>                               | Arguments passed to other S3 methods.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>overwrite</code>                         | Logical, whether to overwrite the file if it already exists. Default FALSE.                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <code>indicesPath, indptrPath, dataPath</code> | The paths inside the H5 file where the <a href="#">dgCMatrix-class</a> constructor <code>i</code> , <code>p</code> , and <code>x</code> will be written to, respectively. Default using cellranger convention "matrix/indices", "matrix/indptr", and "matrix/data". |
| <code>shapePath</code>                         | The path inside the H5 file where the shape of the matrix will be written to. Default "matrix/shape".                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>barcodesPath</code>                      | The path inside the H5 file where the barcodes/colnames will be written to. Default "matrix/barcodes". Skipped if the object does not have colnames.                                                                                                                |
| <code>featuresPath</code>                      | The path inside the H5 file where the features/rownames will be written to. Default "matrix/features/name". Skipped if the object does not have rownames.                                                                                                           |
| <code>useDatasets</code>                       | For liger method. Names or indices of datasets to be written to H5 files. Required.                                                                                                                                                                                 |

### Value

Nothing is returned. H5 file will be created on disk.

### See Also

[10X cellranger H5 matrix detail](#)

### Examples

```

raw <- rawData(pbm, "ctrl")
writeH5(raw, tempfile(pattern = "ctrl_", fileext = ".h5"))

```

---

`writeH5AD`*Write liger object to H5AD files*

---

### Description

Create an H5AD file from a [liger](#) object. This function writes only raw counts to `adata.X`, while normalized and scaled expression data will not be written, because LIGER use different normalization and scaling strategy than most of the other tools utilizing H5AD format.

Supports for single sparse matrices or internal [ligerDataset](#) objects are also provided if there is a need to convert single datasets.

### Usage

```
writeH5AD(object, ...)

S3 method for class 'dgCMatrx'
writeH5AD(
 object,
 filename,
 obs = NULL,
 var = NULL,
 overwrite = FALSE,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'ligerDataset'
writeH5AD(
 object,
 filename,
 obs = NULL,
 overwrite = FALSE,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)

S3 method for class 'liger'
writeH5AD(
 object,
 filename,
 overwrite = FALSE,
 verbose = getOption("ligerVerbose", TRUE),
 ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object    | One of <a href="#">liger</a> , <a href="#">ligerDataset</a> or <a href="#">dgCMatrx-class</a> object.                                                  |
| ...       | Arguments passed down to S3 methods                                                                                                                    |
| filename  | A character string, the path to the H5AD file to be written                                                                                            |
| obs       | External data.frame that contains metadata of the cells but does not embed inside the object. Rownames must be identical to the colnames of object.    |
| var       | External data.frame that contains metadata of the features but does not embed inside the object. Rownames must be identical to the rownames of object. |
| overwrite | Logical, whether to overwrite the file if it exists.                                                                                                   |
| verbose   | Logical. Whether to show information of the progress. Default <code>getOption("ligerVerbose")</code> which is TRUE if users have not set.              |

**Value**

No return value, an H5AD file is written to disk with the following specification, assuming the file is loaded to `adata` in Python:

- `adata.X` - Raw count CSR matrix, outer joined with all datasets
- `adata.obs` - Cell metadata, with exactly same content of `cellMeta(object)`
- `adata.var` - Feature metadata containing only the feature names as the index of `pd.DataFrame`.
- `adata.obsm['X_inmf_aligned']` - The integrated embedding, aligned cell factor loading matrix, the primary output of LIGER, if available.
- `adata.obsm['X_inmf']` - The raw cell factor loading matrix, if available.
- `adata.obsm['<dimRedName>']` - The dimensional reduction matrix, such as UMAP or TSNE, if available.
- `adata.uns['inmf']['W']` - The shared factor feature loading matrix, if available.
- `adata.uns['inmf']['V']['<datasetName>']` - The dataset-specific factor feature loading matrix, if available.
- `adata.uns['inmf']['features']` - The variable features being used for factorization, supposed to match to the second shape of `W` and `V`, if available.
- `adata.uns['inmf']['lambda']` - The hyperparameter `lambda` used, the regularization parameter for the factorization, if available.
- `adata.uns['inmf']['k']` - The number of factors used for the factorization, if available.

**Examples**

```
print("The example below works, but causes PDF manual rendering issue for some reason")
Not run:
writeH5AD(pbmc, filename = tempfile(fileext = ".h5ad"))

End(Not run)
```

# Index

## \* datasets

- bmmc, [19](#)
- deg.marker, [38](#)
- deg.pw, [39](#)
- pbmc, [88](#)
- pbmcPlot, [89](#)
- .complexHeatmapDotPlot, [5](#), [94](#), [96](#)
- .ggCellViolin, [6](#), [91](#), [110](#)
- .ggScatter, [10](#), [90](#), [102](#), [109](#), [114](#), [126](#), [130](#)
- .ggplotLigerTheme, [7](#), [7](#), [11](#), [90](#), [91](#), [97](#), [99](#),  
[102](#), [109](#), [110](#), [113](#), [114](#), [121](#), [123](#),  
[126](#), [128](#), [130](#)
- .plotHeatmap, [12](#), [107](#), [116](#), [118](#)
- [.liger (sub-liger), [187](#)
- [.ligerDataset (sub-ligerDataset), [187](#)
- [[.liger (sub-sub-liger), [188](#)
- [[<-.liger (liger-class), [50](#)
- \$.liger (liger-class), [50](#)
- \$<-.liger (liger-class), [50](#)
  
- alignFactors, [14](#), [20](#), [21](#), [57](#), [153](#), [172](#), [176](#)
- as.data.frame, [56](#)
- as.liger, [17](#)
- as.liger (as.liger.dgCMatrix), [15](#)
- as.liger.dgCMatrix, [15](#)
- as.ligerDataset  
(as.ligerDataset.ligerDataset),  
[17](#)
- as.ligerDataset.ligerDataset, [17](#)
  
- bmmc, [19](#)
- brewer.pal, [13](#), [108](#), [117](#), [119](#)
  
- c.liger (liger-class), [50](#)
- calcAgreement, [19](#)
- calcAlignment, [21](#)
- calcARI, [23](#)
- calcDatasetSpecificity, [24](#), [43](#)
- calcNMI, [25](#)
- calcPurity, [27](#)
  
- cbind.ligerDataset  
(ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- cellMeta (liger-class), [50](#)
- cellMeta, liger, character-method  
(liger-class), [50](#)
- cellMeta, liger, missing-method  
(liger-class), [50](#)
- cellMeta, liger, NULL-method  
(liger-class), [50](#)
- cellMeta<- (liger-class), [50](#)
- cellMeta<-, liger, character-method  
(liger-class), [50](#)
- cellMeta<-, liger, missing-method  
(liger-class), [50](#)
- centroidAlign, [14](#), [15](#), [28](#)
- closeAllH5, [30](#)
- commandDiff, [31](#)
- commands (liger-class), [50](#)
- commands, liger-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- convertOldLiger, [31](#), [50](#)
- coordinate, [32](#)
- coordinate, liger, character-method  
(coordinate), [32](#)
- coordinate, ligerSpatialDataset, missing-method  
(coordinate), [32](#)
- coordinate<- (coordinate), [32](#)
- coordinate<-, liger, character-method  
(coordinate), [32](#)
- coordinate<-, ligerSpatialDataset, missing-method  
(coordinate), [32](#)
- createH5LigerDataset, [33](#), [36](#)
- createLiger, [15](#), [16](#), [34](#), [180](#)
- createLigerDataset, [18](#), [36](#), [37](#)
  
- DataFrame, [92](#), [104](#), [188](#)
- dataset (liger-class), [50](#)
- dataset, liger, character\_OR\_NULL-method  
(liger-class), [50](#)
- dataset, liger, missing-method  
(liger-class), [50](#)

dataset, liger, numeric-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 dataset<- (liger-class), 50  
 dataset<-, liger, character, ANY, ANY, matrixLike-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 dataset<-, liger, character, missing, ANY, ligerDataset-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 dataset<-, liger, character, missing, ANY, NULL-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 datasets (liger-class), 50  
 datasets, liger-method (liger-class), 50  
 datasets<- (liger-class), 50  
 datasets<-, liger, logical-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 datasets<-, liger, missing-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 defaultCluster, 87  
 defaultCluster (liger-class), 50  
 defaultCluster, liger-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 defaultCluster<- (liger-class), 50  
 defaultCluster<-, liger, ANY, ANY, character-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 defaultCluster<-, liger, ANY, ANY, factor-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 defaultCluster<-, liger, ANY, ANY, NULL-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 defaultDimRed (liger-class), 50  
 defaultDimRed, liger-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 defaultDimRed<- (liger-class), 50  
 defaultDimRed<-, liger, character-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 deg.marker, 38  
 deg.pw, 39  
 DFrame, 57  
 dgCMatrx-class, 166, 179, 194, 195, 197  
 dim, liger-method (liger-class), 50  
 dim, ligerDataset-method  
     (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 dimnames, liger-method (liger-class), 50  
 dimnames, ligerDataset-method  
     (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 dimnames<-, liger, list-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 dimnames<-, ligerDataset, list-method  
     (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 dimRed (liger-class), 50  
 dimRed, liger, index-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 dimRed, liger, missing\_OR\_NULL-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 dimRed<- (liger-class), 50  
 dimRed<-, liger, character, ANY, ANY, matrixLike-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 dimRed<-, liger, index, ANY, ANY, NULL-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 dimReds (liger-class), 50  
 dimReds, liger-method (liger-class), 50  
 dimReds<- (liger-class), 50  
 dimReds<-, liger, list-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 download.file, 47  
 downsample, 40, 145, 146  
 droplevels, 114  
 exportInteractTrack, 41, 73  
 featureMeta, 185  
 featureMeta (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 featureMeta, ligerDataset-method  
     (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 featureMeta<- (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 featureMeta<-, ligerDataset-method  
     (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 fortify.liger (liger-class), 50  
 getFactorMarkers, 42, 109  
 getH5File (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 getH5File, liger, ANY-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 getH5File, ligerDataset, missing-method  
     (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 getMatrix (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 getMatrix, liger, ANY, ANY, ANY-method  
     (liger-class), 50  
 getMatrix, ligerATACDataset, ANY, missing, missing-method  
     (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 getMatrix, ligerDataset, ANY, missing, missing-method  
     (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 getProportionMito, 44  
 H5Apply, 45  
 h5fileInfo (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 h5fileInfo, ligerDataset-method  
     (ligerDataset-class), 62  
 h5fileInfo<- (ligerDataset-class), 62

- h5fileInfo<-, ligerDataset-method  
(ligerDataset-class), 62
- Heatmap, 6, 12, 13, 94, 96
- HeatmapList, 6, 94, 96
- HeatmapList-class, 117, 119
- importBMMC (importPBMC), 46
- importCGE (importPBMC), 46
- importPBMC, 46
- imputeKNN, 47, 69, 70
- is.newLiger, 48
- isH5Liger, 49
- length.liger (liger-class), 50
- lengths.liger (liger-class), 50
- liger, 14–16, 18, 19, 21, 23, 25–27, 29, 31, 32, 34, 40, 41, 43, 47–49, 56, 61, 62, 66, 68, 70, 74, 77, 79, 83, 84, 86–91, 94, 95, 97, 99, 102, 106, 109, 110, 114, 116, 118, 120, 123, 125, 126, 128, 134, 137, 144, 146–150, 152, 154–156, 159, 161–163, 166–169, 173, 175–177, 179, 182, 184, 186–189, 192, 196, 197
- liger (liger-class), 50
- liger-class, 50
- ligerATACDataset, 37, 48, 70, 77, 137
- ligerATACDataset  
(ligerATACDataset-class), 60
- ligerATACDataset-class, 60
- ligerCommand, 57
- ligerCommand (ligerCommand-class), 61
- ligerCommand-class, 61
- ligerDataset, 32, 34, 35, 37, 45, 48, 50, 57, 59, 60, 66–68, 76, 77, 83, 85, 86, 88, 136, 147, 148, 155, 179, 182, 184, 185, 188–191, 196, 197
- ligerDataset (ligerDataset-class), 62
- ligerDataset-class, 62
- ligerMethDataset, 37
- ligerMethDataset  
(ligerMethDataset-class), 67
- ligerMethDataset-class, 67
- ligerRNADataset  
(ligerRNADataset-class), 67
- ligerRNADataset-class, 67
- ligerSpatialDataset, 32, 37, 126
- ligerSpatialDataset  
(ligerSpatialDataset-class), 68
- ligerSpatialDataset-class, 68
- ligerToSeurat, 68
- linkGenesAndPeaks, 41, 69, 72
- louvainCluster-deprecated, 71
- makeFeatureMatrix, 72
- makeInteractTrack-deprecated, 72
- makeRiverplot-deprecated, 73
- mapCellMeta, 74
- matrix, 32
- mergeDenseAll (mergeSparseAll), 76
- mergeH5, 75
- mergeSparseAll, 76
- modalOf, 77
- names.liger (liger-class), 50
- names<- .liger (liger-class), 50
- normalize, 48, 77
- normalizePeak (normalize), 77
- normData (ligerDataset-class), 62
- normData, liger-method (liger-class), 50
- normData, ligerDataset-method  
(ligerDataset-class), 62
- normData<- (ligerDataset-class), 62
- normData<-, liger, ANY, ANY, H5D-method  
(liger-class), 50
- normData<-, liger, ANY, ANY, matrixLike\_OR\_NULL-method  
(liger-class), 50
- normData<-, ligerDataset, ANY, ANY, H5D-method  
(ligerDataset-class), 62
- normData<-, ligerDataset, ANY, ANY, matrixLike\_OR\_NULL-method  
(ligerDataset-class), 62
- normPeak (rawPeak), 136
- normPeak, liger, character-method  
(rawPeak), 136
- normPeak, ligerATACDataset, missing-method  
(rawPeak), 136
- normPeak<- (rawPeak), 136
- normPeak<-, liger, character-method  
(rawPeak), 136
- normPeak<-, ligerATACDataset, missing-method  
(rawPeak), 136
- online\_iNMF-deprecated, 80
- optimizeALS, 160, 174
- optimizeALS-deprecated, 81
- optimizeNewData, 82, 85, 86
- optimizeNewK, 83, 84, 86
- optimizeNewLambda, 83, 85, 85

- optimizeSubset, 87
- pbmc, 88
- pbmcPlot, 89
- plot\_grid, 99, 100, 104, 114, 122
- plotBarcodeRank, 89
- plotByDatasetAndCluster (plotDimRed), 100
- plotCellViolin, 7, 90, 110, 149
- plotClusterDimRed (plotDimRed), 100
- plotClusterFactorDot, 93
- plotClusterGeneDot, 95
- plotClusterGeneViolin, 96
- plotClusterProportions (plotProportion), 119
- plotDatasetDimRed (plotDimRed), 100
- plotDensityDimRed, 98
- plotDimRed, 11, 100, 109, 149
- plotEnhancedVolcano, 105
- plotFactorDimRed (plotDimRed), 100
- plotFactorHeatmap, 12
- plotFactorHeatmap (plotGeneHeatmap), 106
- plotGeneDetectedViolin (plotGeneViolin), 110
- plotGeneDimRed (plotDimRed), 100
- plotGeneHeatmap, 12, 106, 116
- plotGeneLoadingRank (plotGeneLoadings), 108
- plotGeneLoadings, 108
- plotGeneViolin, 110
- plotGODot, 112
- plotGroupClusterDimRed, 113
- plotMarkerHeatmap, 115
- plotPairwiseDEGHeatmap, 117
- plotPeakDimRed (plotDimRed), 100
- plotProportion, 119
- plotProportionBar (plotProportion), 119
- plotProportionBox, 122
- plotProportionDot (plotProportion), 119
- plotProportionPie (plotProportion), 119
- plotSankey, 124
- plotSpatial2D, 126
- plotTotalCountViolin (plotGeneViolin), 110
- plotVarFeatures, 128, 185
- plotVolcano, 129
- quantile\_norm-deprecated, 135
- quantileAlignSNF, 130
- quantileNorm, 14, 15, 132, 135
- rawData (ligerDataset-class), 62
- rawData, liger-method (liger-class), 50
- rawData, ligerDataset-method (ligerDataset-class), 62
- rawData<- (ligerDataset-class), 62
- rawData<-, liger, ANY, ANY, H5D-method (liger-class), 50
- rawData<-, liger, ANY, ANY, matrixLike\_OR\_NULL-method (liger-class), 50
- rawData<-, ligerDataset, ANY, ANY, H5D-method (ligerDataset-class), 62
- rawData<-, ligerDataset, ANY, ANY, matrixLike\_OR\_NULL-method (ligerDataset-class), 62
- rawPeak, 136
- rawPeak, liger, character-method (rawPeak), 136
- rawPeak, ligerATACDataset, missing-method (rawPeak), 136
- rawPeak<- (rawPeak), 136
- rawPeak<-, liger, character-method (rawPeak), 136
- rawPeak<-, ligerATACDataset, missing-method (rawPeak), 136
- read10X, 137, 140
- read10XATAC (read10X), 137
- read10XFiles, 140
- read10XH5, 141
- read10XH5Delay (read10XH5), 141
- read10XH5Mem (read10XH5), 141
- read10XRNA (read10X), 137
- readH5AD, 142
- readH5ADDelay (readH5AD), 142
- readH5ADMem (readH5AD), 142
- readLiger, 144
- readSubset, 145
- removeMissing, 146
- removeMissingObs (removeMissing), 146
- restoreH5Liger, 148
- restoreOnlineLiger (restoreH5Liger), 148
- retrieveCellFeature, 149
- reverseMethData, 150, 180
- Rtsne, 172
- runCINMF, 150
- runCluster, 87, 124, 153, 168
- runGeneralQC, 44, 155
- runGOEnrich, 112, 157
- runGSEA, 158

- runINMF, [81](#), [83–88](#), [151](#), [160](#), [162](#), [164](#), [167](#)
- runIntegration, [14](#), [29](#), [57](#), [80](#), [81](#), [134](#), [153](#), [162](#), [172](#), [176](#)
- runMarkerDEG, [105](#), [116](#), [129](#), [157](#)
- runMarkerDEG(runPairwiseDEG), [168](#)
- runMarkerDEG(), [38](#)
- runOnlineINMF, [80](#), [162](#), [164](#), [194](#)
- runPairwiseDEG, [105](#), [118](#), [129](#), [157](#), [168](#)
- runPairwiseDEG(), [40](#)
- runTSNE, [172](#), [178](#)
- runUINMF, [162](#), [174](#)
- runUMAP, [174](#), [176](#)
- runWilcoxon(runPairwiseDEG), [168](#)
  
- scale\_brewer, [9](#), [110](#), [121](#), [124](#)
- scale\_colour\_gradient2, [10](#), [104](#), [110](#), [115](#), [121](#), [124](#), [127](#)
- scale\_fill\_viridis\_c, [99](#)
- scaleData(ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- scaleData,liger,ANY-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- scaleData,ligerDataset,missing-method (ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- scaleData<- (ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- scaleData<- ,liger,ANY,ANY,H5D-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- scaleData<- ,liger,ANY,ANY,H5Group-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- scaleData<- ,liger,ANY,ANY,matrixLike\_OR\_NULL-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- scaleData<- ,ligerDataset,ANY,ANY,H5D-method (ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- scaleData<- ,ligerDataset,ANY,ANY,H5Group-method (ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- scaleData<- ,ligerDataset,ANY,ANY,matrixLike\_OR\_NULL-method (ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- scaleNotCenter, [67](#), [152](#), [161](#), [163](#), [175](#), [178](#)
- scaleUnsharedData(ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- scaleUnsharedData,liger,character-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- scaleUnsharedData,liger,numeric-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- scaleUnsharedData,ligerDataset,missing-method (ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- scaleUnsharedData<- (ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- scaleUnsharedData<- ,liger,ANY,ANY,H5D-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- scaleUnsharedData<- ,liger,ANY,ANY,H5Group-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- scaleUnsharedData<- ,liger,ANY,ANY,matrixLike\_OR\_NULL-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- scaleUnsharedData<- ,ligerDataset,missing,ANY,H5D-method (ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- scaleUnsharedData<- ,ligerDataset,missing,ANY,H5Group-method (ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- scaleUnsharedData<- ,ligerDataset,missing,ANY,matrixLike\_OR\_NULL-method (ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- selectBatchHVG, [180](#), [181](#)
- selectGenes, [128](#), [175](#), [181](#), [183](#)
- selectGenes(), [183](#)
- selectGenesVST, [186](#)
- seuratToLiger(as.liger.dgCMatix), [15](#)
- show,liger-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- show,ligerCommand-method (ligerCommand-class), [61](#)
- show,ligerDataset-method (ligerDataset-class), [62](#)
- sub-liger, [187](#)
- sub-ligerDataset, [187](#)
- sub-sub-liger, [188](#)
- subsetH5LigerDataset (subsetLigerDataset), [190](#)
- subsetLiger, [40](#), [59](#), [66](#), [87](#), [94](#), [95](#), [107](#), [146](#), [149](#), [187](#), [189](#)
- subsetLigerDataset, [59](#), [66](#), [146](#), [147](#), [188](#), [190](#), [190](#)
- subsetMemLigerDataset (subsetLigerDataset), [190](#)
- suggestK, [192](#)
- umap, [176](#)
- updateLigerObject, [193](#)
- varFeatures, [179](#), [185](#)
- varFeatures(liger-class), [50](#)
- varFeatures,liger-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- varFeatures<- (liger-class), [50](#)
- varFeatures<- ,liger,ANY,character-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- varUnsharedFeatures(liger-class), [50](#)
- varUnsharedFeatures,liger,ANY-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- varUnsharedFeatures,ligerDataset,missing-method (liger-class), [50](#)
- varUnsharedFeatures<- (liger-class), [50](#)

`varUnsharedFeatures<-`, `liger`, `ANY`, `ANY`, `character-method`  
    (`liger-class`), [50](#)  
`varUnsharedFeatures<-`, `ligerDataset`, `missing`, `ANY`, `character-method`  
    (`liger-class`), [50](#)  
`viridis`, [6](#), [9](#), [13](#), [94](#), [96](#), [104](#), [107](#), [110](#), [117](#),  
    [119](#), [121](#), [124](#)  
  
`writeH5`, [194](#)  
`writeH5AD`, [196](#)