

Package ‘seer’

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Type Package

Title Feature-Based Forecast Model Selection

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Description A novel meta-learning framework for forecast model selection using time series features. Many applications require a large number of time series to be forecast. Providing better forecasts for these time series is important in decision and policy making. We propose a classification framework which selects forecast models based on features calculated from the time series. We call this framework FFORMS (Feature-based FOrcast Model Selection). FFORMS builds a mapping that relates the features of time series to the best forecast model using a random forest. 'seer' package is the implementation of the FFORMS algorithm. For more details see our paper at <<https://www.monash.edu/business/econometrics-and-business-statistics/research/publications/ebs/wp06-2018.pdf>>.

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URL <https://thiyangt.github.io/seer/>

BugReports <https://github.com/thiyangt/seer/issues>

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Suggests testthat (>= 2.1.0), covr, repmis, knitr, rmarkdown, ggplot2, tidyr, Mcomp, GGally

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accuracy_arima	<i>Calculate accuracy measue based on ARIMA models</i>
----------------	--

Description

Calculate accuracy measue based on ARIMA models

Usage

```
accuracy_arima(ts_info, function_name, length_out)
```

Arguments

ts_info	list containing training and test part of a time series
function_name	function to calculate the accuracy function, the arguments of this function should be forecast, training and test set of the time series
length_out	number of measures calculated by the function

Value

a list which contains the accuracy and name of the specific ARIMA model.

accuracy_ets	<i>Forecast-accuracy calculation</i>
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Description

Calculate accuracy measure based on ETS models

Usage

```
accuracy_ets(ts_info, function_name, length_out)
```

Arguments

ts_info	list containing training and test part of a time series
function_name	function to calculate the accuracy function, the arguments of this function should be forecast, training and test set of the time series
length_out	number of measures calculated by the function

Value

a list which contains the accuracy and name of the specific ETS model.

accuracy_mstl	<i>Calculate accuracy based on MSTL</i>
---------------	---

Description

Calculate accuracy based on MSTL

Usage

```
accuracy_mstl(ts_info, function_name, length_out, mtd)
```

Arguments

ts_info	list containing training and test part of a time series
function_name	function to calculate the accuracy function, the arguments of this function should be forecast, training and test set of the time series
length_out	number of measures calculated by the function
mtd	Method to use for forecasting the seasonally adjusted series

Value

accuracy measure calculated based on multiple seasonal decomposition

accuracy_nn	<i>Calculate accuracy measure calculated based on neural network forecasts</i>
-------------	--

Description

Calculate accuracy measure calculated based on neural network forecasts

Usage

```
accuracy_nn(ts_info, function_name, length_out)
```

Arguments

ts_info	list containing training and test part of a time series
function_name	function to calculate the accuracy function, the arguments of this function should be forecast, training and test set of the time series
length_out	number of measures calculated by the function

Value

accuracy measure calculated based on neural network forecasts

accuracy_rw	<i>Calculate accuracy measure based on random walk models</i>
-------------	---

Description

Calculate accuracy measure based on random walk models

Usage

```
accuracy_rw(ts_info, function_name, length_out)
```

Arguments

ts_info	list containing training and test part of a time series
function_name	function to calculate the accuracy function, the arguments of this function should be forecast, training and test set of the time series
length_out	number of measures calculated by the function

Value

returns accuracy measure calculated based on random walk model

accuracy_rwd	<i>Calculate accuracy measure based on random walk with drift</i>
--------------	---

Description

Calculate accuracy measure based on random walk with drift

Usage

```
accuracy_rwd(ts_info, function_name, length_out)
```

Arguments

ts_info	list containing training and test part of a time series
function_name	function to calculate the accuracy function, the arguments of this function should be forecast, training and test set of the time series
length_out	number of measures calculated by the function

Value

accuracy measure calculated based on random walk with drift model

accuracy_snaive	<i>Calculate accuracy measure based on snaive method</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Calculate accuracy measure based on snaive method

Usage

```
accuracy_snaive(ts_info, function_name, length_out)
```

Arguments

ts_info	list containing training and test part of a time series
function_name	function to calculate the accuracy function, the arguments of this function should be forecast, training and test set of the time series
length_out	number of measures calculated by the function

Value

accuracy measure calculated based on snaive method

accuracy_stlar	<i>Calculate accuracy measure based on STL-AR method</i>
----------------	--

Description

Calculate accuracy measure based on STL-AR method

Usage

```
accuracy_stlar(ts_info, function_name, length_out)
```

Arguments

ts_info	list containing training and test part of a time series
function_name	function to calculate the accuracy function, the arguments of this function should be forecast, training and test set of the time series
length_out	number of measures calculated by the function

Value

accuracy measure calculated based on stlar method

accuracy_tbats	<i>Calculate accuracy measure based on TBATS</i>
----------------	--

Description

Calculate accuracy measure based on TBATS

Usage

```
accuracy_tbats(ts_info, function_name, length_out)
```

Arguments

ts_info	list containing training and test part of a time series
function_name	function to calculate the accuracy function, the arguments of this function should be forecast, training and test set of the time series
length_out	number of measures calculated by the function

Value

accuracy measure calculated based on TBATS models

accuracy_theta	<i>Calculate accuracy measure based on Theta method</i>
----------------	---

Description

Calculate accuracy measure based on Theta method

Usage

```
accuracy_theta(ts_info, function_name, length_out)
```

Arguments

ts_info	list containing training and test part of a time series
function_name	function to calculate the accuracy function, the arguments of this function should be forecast, training and test set of the time series
length_out	number of measures calculated by the function

Value

returns accuracy measure calculated based on theta method

accuracy_wn	<i>Calculate accuracy measure based on white noise process</i>
-------------	--

Description

Calculate accuracy measure based on white noise process

Usage

```
accuracy_wn(ts_info, function_name, length_out)
```

Arguments

ts_info	list containing training and test part of a time series
function_name	function to calculate the accuracy function, the arguments of this function should be forecast, training and test set of the time series
length_out	number of measures calculated by the function

Value

returns accuracy measure calculated based on white noise process

acf5	<i>Autocorrelation-based features</i>
------	---------------------------------------

Description

Computes various measures based on autocorrelation coefficients of the original series, first-differenced series and second-differenced series

Usage

```
acf5(y)
```

Arguments

y	a univariate time series
---	--------------------------

Value

A vector of 3 values: sum of squared of first five autocorrelation coefficients of original series, first-differenced series, and twice-differenced series.

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

acf_seasonalDiff	<i>Autocorrelation coefficients based on seasonally differenced series</i>
------------------	--

Description

Autocorrelation coefficients based on seasonally differenced series

Usage

```
acf_seasonalDiff(y, m, lagmax)
```

Arguments

y	a univariate time series
m	frequency of the time series
lagmax	maximum lag at which to calculate the acf

Value

A vector of 3 values: first ACF value of seasonally-differenced series, ACF value at the first seasonal lag of seasonally-differenced series, sum of squares of first 5 autocorrelation coefficients of seasonally-differenced series.

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

build_rf	<i>build random forest classifier</i>
----------	---------------------------------------

Description

train a random forest model and predict forecast-models for new series

Usage

```
build_rf(  
  training_set,  
  testset = FALSE,  
  rf_type = c("ru", "rcp"),  
  ntree,  
  seed,  
  import = FALSE,  
  mtry = 8  
)
```

Arguments

training_set	data frame of features and class labels
testset	features of new time series, default FALSE if a testset is not available
rf_type	whether ru(random forest based on unbiased sample) or rcp(random forest based on class priors)
ntree	number of trees in the forest
seed	a value for seed
import	Should importance of predictors be assessed?, TRUE of FALSE
mtry	number of features to be selected at each node

Value

a list containing the random forest and forecast-models for new series

cal_features	<i>Calculate features for new time series instances</i>
--------------	---

Description

Computes relevant time series features before applying them to the model

Usage

```
cal_features(
  tslist,
  seasonal = FALSE,
  m = 1,
  lagmax = 2L,
  database,
  h,
  highfreq
)
```

Arguments

tslist	a list of univariate time series
seasonal	if FALSE, restricts to features suitable for non-seasonal data
m	frequency of the time series or minimum frequency in the case of msts objects
lagmax	maximum lag at which to calculate the acf (quarterly series-5L, monthly-13L, weekly-53L, daily-8L, hourly-25L)
database	whether the time series is from mcomp or other
h	forecast horizon
highfreq	whether the time series is weekly, daily or hourly

Value

dataframe: each column represent a feature and each row represent a time series

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

cal_m4measures	<i>Mean of MASE and sMAPE</i>
----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Calculate MASE and sMAPE for an individual time series

Usage

```
cal_m4measures(training, test, forecast)
```

Arguments

training	training period of a time series
test	test period of a time series
forecast	forecast obtained from a fitted to the training period

Value

returns a single value: mean on MASE and sMAPE

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

Examples

```
require(Mcomp)
require(magrittr)
ts <- Mcomp::M3[[1]]$x
fcast_arima <- auto.arima(ts) %>% forecast(h=6)
cal_m4measures(M3[[1]]$x, M3[[1]]$xx, fcast_arima$mean)
```

cal_MASE	<i>Mean Absolute Scaled Error(MASE)</i>
----------	---

Description

Calculation of mean absolute scaled error

Usage

```
cal_MASE(training, test, forecast)
```

Arguments

training	training peiod of the time series
test	test period of the time series
forecast	forecast values of the series

Value

returns a single value

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

cal_medianscaled	<i>scale MASE and sMAPE by median</i>
------------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Given a matrix of MASE and sMAPE for each forecasting method and scaled by median and take the mean of MASE-scaled by median and sMAPE-scaled by median as the forecast accuracy measure to identify the class labels

Usage

```
cal_medianscaled(x)
```

Arguments

x	output form the function fcast_accuracy, where the parameter accuracyFun = cal_m4measures
---	---

Value

a list with accuracy matrix, vector of arima models and vector of ets models the accuracy for each forecast-method is average of scaled-MASE and scaled-sMAPE. Median of MASE and sMAPE calculated based on forecast produced from different models for a given series.

cal_sMAPE	<i>symmetric Mean Absolute Percentage Error(sMAPE)</i>
-----------	--

Description

Calculation of symmetric mean absolute percentage error

Usage

```
cal_sMAPE(training, test, forecast)
```

Arguments

training	training period of the time series
test	test period of the time series
forecast	forecast values of the series

Value

returns a single value

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

cal_WA	<i>Weighted Average</i>
--------	-------------------------

Description

Weighted Average(WA) calculated based on MASE, sMAPE for an individual time series

Usage

```
cal_WA(training, test, forecast)
```

Arguments

training	training period of a time series
test	test period of a time series
forecast	forecast obtained from a fitted to the training period

Value

returns a single value: WA based on MASE and sMAPE

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

classify_labels	<i>Classify labels according to the FFORMS framework</i>
-----------------	--

Description

This function further classify class labels as in FFORMS framework

Usage

```
classify_labels(df_final)
```

Arguments

df_final a dataframe: output from split_names function

Value

a vector of class labels in FFORMS framewok

classlabel	<i>identify the best forecasting method</i>
------------	---

Description

identify the best forecasting method according to the forecast accuacy measure

Usage

```
classlabel(accuracy_mat)
```

Arguments

accuracy_mat matrix of forecast accuracy measures (rows: time series, columns: forecasting method)

Value

a vector: best forecasting method for each series corresponding to the rows of accuracy_mat

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

combination_forecast_inside	<i>This function is call to be inside fforms_combination</i>
-----------------------------	--

Description

Given weights and time series in a two seperate vectors calculate combination forecast

Usage

combination_forecast_inside(x, y, h)

Arguments

- x weights and names of models (output based on fforms.ensemble)
- y time series values
- h forecast horizon

Value

list of combination forecasts corresponds to point, lower and upper

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

convert_msts	<i>Convert multiple frequency time series into msts object</i>
--------------	--

Description

Convert multiple frequency(daily, hourly, half-hourly, minutes, seconds) time series into msts object.

Usage

convert_msts(y, category)

Arguments

- y univariate time series
- category frequency data have been collected

Value

a ts object or msts object

e_acf1

Autocorrelation coefficient at lag 1 of the residuals

Description

Computes the first order autocorrelation of the residual series of the deterministic trend model

Usage

```
e_acf1(y)
```

Arguments

y a univariate time series

Value

A numeric value.

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

fcast_accuracy

calculate forecast accuracy from different forecasting methods

Description

Calculate forecast accuracy on test set according to a specified criterion

Usage

```
fcast_accuracy(
  tslist,
  models = c("ets", "arima", "rw", "rwd", "wn", "theta", "stlar", "nn", "snaive",
    "mstlarima", "mstlets", "tbats"),
  database,
  accuracyFun,
  h,
  length_out,
  fcast_save
)
```

Arguments

tslist	a list of time series
models	a vector of models to compute
database	whether the time series is from mcomp or other
accuracyFun	function to calculate the accuracy measure, the arguments for the accuracy function should be training, test and forecast
h	forecast horizon
length_out	number of measures calculated by a single function
fcast_save	if the argument is TRUE, forecasts from each series are saved

Value

a list with accuracy matrix, vector of arima models and vector of ets models

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

fforms_combinationforecast

Combination forecast based on fforms

Description

Compute combination forecast based on the vote matrix probabilities

Usage

```
fforms_combinationforecast(
  fforms.ensemble,
  tslist,
  database,
  h,
  holdout = TRUE,
  parallel = FALSE,
  multiprocessing = future::multisession
)
```

Arguments

fforms.ensemble	a list output from fforms_ensemble function
tslist	list of new time series
database	whethe the time series is from mcom or other

h	length of the forecast horizon
holdout	if holdout=TRUE take a holdout sample from your data to calculate forecast accuracy measure, if FALSE all of the data will be used for forecasting. Default is TRUE
parallel	If TRUE, multiple cores (or multiple sessions) will be used. This only speeds things up when there are a large number of time series.
multiprocess	The function from the future package to use for parallel processing. Either multisession or multicore . The latter is preferred for Linux and MacOS.

Value

a list containing, point forecast, confidence interval, accuracy measure

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

fforms_ensemble	<i>Function to identify models to compute combination forecast using FFORMS algorithm</i>
-----------------	---

Description

This function identify models to be use in producing combination forecast

Usage

```
fforms_ensemble(votematrix, threshold = 0.5)
```

Arguments

votematrix	a matrix of votes of probabilities based of fforms random forest classifier
threshold	threshold value for sum of probabilities of votes, default is 0.5

Value

a list containing the names of the forecast models

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

holtWinter_parameters *Parameter estimates of Holt-Winters seasonal method*

Description

Estimate the smoothing parameter for the level-alpha and the smoothing parameter for the trend-beta, and seasonality-gamma

Usage

```
holtWinter_parameters(y)
```

Arguments

y a univariate time series

Value

A vector of 3 values: alpha, beta, gamma

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

prepare_trainingset *preparation of training set*

Description

Preparation of a training set for random forest training

Usage

```
prepare_trainingset(accuracy_set, feature_set)
```

Arguments

accuracy_set output from the fcast_accuracy
feature_set output from the cal_features

Value

dataframe consisting features and classlabels

rf_forecast	<i>function to calculate point forecast, 95% confidence intervals, forecast-accuracy for new series</i>
-------------	---

Description

Given the prediction results of random forest calculate point forecast, 95% confidence intervals, forecast-accuracy for the test set

Usage

```
rf_forecast(
  predictions,
  tslist,
  database,
  function_name,
  h,
  accuracy,
  holdout = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

predictions	prediction results obtained from random forest classifier
tslist	list of new time series
database	whethe the time series is from mcom or other
function_name	specify the name of the accuracy function (for eg., cal_MASE, etc.) to calculate accuracy measure, (if a user written function the arguments for the accuracy function should be training period, test period and forecast).
h	length of the forecast horizon
accuracy	if true a accurarcy measure will be calculated
holdout	if holdout=TRUE take a holdout sample from your data to caldulate forecast accuracy measure, if FALSE all of the data will be used for forecasting. Default is TRUE

Value

a list containing, point forecast, confidence interval, accuracy measure

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

sim_arimabased	<i>Simulate time series based on ARIMA models</i>
----------------	---

Description

simulate multiple time series for a given series based on ARIMA models

Usage

```
sim_arimabased(
  y,
  Nsim,
  Combine = TRUE,
  M = TRUE,
  Future = FALSE,
  Length = NA,
  extralength = NA
)
```

Arguments

y	a time series or M-competition data time series (Mcomp)
Nsim	number of time series to simulate
Combine	if TRUE, training and test data in the M-competition data are combined and generate a time series corresponds to the full length of the series. Otherwise, it generate a time series based on the training period of the series.
M	if TRUE, y is considered to be a Mcomp data object
Future	if future=TRUE, the simulated observations are conditional on the historical observations. In other words, they are possible future sample paths of the time series. But if future=FALSE, the historical data are ignored, and the simulations are possible realizations of the time series model that are not connected to the original data.
Length	length of the simulated time series. If future = FALSE, the Length agument should be NA.
extralength	extra length need to be added for simulated time series

Value

A list of time series.

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

sim_etsbased

*Simulate time series based on ETS models***Description**

simulate multiple time series for a given series based on ETS models

Usage

```
sim_etsbased(
  y,
  Nsim,
  Combine = TRUE,
  M = TRUE,
  Future = FALSE,
  Length = NA,
  extralength = NA
)
```

Arguments

y	a time series or M-competition data time series (Mcomp)
Nsim	number of time series to simulate
Combine	if TRUE, training and test data in the M-competition data are combined and generate a time series corresponds to the full length of the series. Otherwise, it generate a time series based on the training period of the series.
M	if TRUE, y is considered to be a Mcomp data object
Future	if future=TRUE, the simulated observations are conditional on the historical observations. In other words, they are possible future sample paths of the time series. But if future=FALSE, the historical data are ignored, and the simulations are possible realizations of the time series model that are not connected to the original data.
Length	length of the simulated time series. If future = FALSE, the Length agument should be NA.
extralength	extra length need to be added for simulated time series

Value

A list of time series.

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

sim_mstlbased

*Simulate time series based on multiple seasonal decomposition***Description**

simulate multiple time series based a given series using multiple seasonal decomposition

Usage

```
sim_mstlbased(
  y,
  Nsim,
  Combine = TRUE,
  M = TRUE,
  Future = FALSE,
  Length = NA,
  extralength = NA,
  mtd = "ets"
)
```

Arguments

y	a time series or M-competition data time series (Mcomp object)
Nsim	number of time series to simulate
Combine	if TRUE, training and test data in the M-competition data are combined and generate a time series corresponds to the full length of the series. Otherwise, it generate a time series based on the training period of the series.
M	if TRUE, y is considered to be a Mcomp data object
Future	if future=TRUE, the simulated observations are conditional on the historical observations. In other words, they are possible future sample paths of the time series. But if future=FALSE, the historical data are ignored, and the simulations are possible realizations of the time series model that are not connected to the original data.
Length	length of the simulated time series. If future = FALSE, the Length agument should be NA.
extralength	extra length need to be added for simulated time series
mtd	method to use for forecasting seasonally adjusted time series

Value

A list of time series.

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

split_names	<i>split the names of ARIMA and ETS models</i>
-------------	--

Description

split the names of ARIMA, ETS models to model name, different number of parameters in each case.

Usage

```
split_names(models)
```

Arguments

models	vector of model names
--------	-----------------------

Value

a dataframe where columns gives the description of model components

stlar	<i>STL-AR method</i>
-------	----------------------

Description

STL decomposition method applied to the time series, then an AR model is used to forecast seasonally adjusted data, while the seasonal naive method is used to forecast the seasonal component

Usage

```
stlar(y, h = 10, s.window = 11, robust = FALSE)
```

Arguments

y	a univariate time series
h	forecast horizon
s.window	Either the character string “periodic” or the span (in lags) of the loess window for seasonal extraction
robust	logical indicating if robust fitting be used in the loess procedue

Value

return object of class forecast

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

unitroot	<i>Unit root test statistics</i>
----------	----------------------------------

Description

Computes the test statistics based on unit root tests Phillips–Perron test and KPSS test

Usage

```
unitroot(y)
```

Arguments

`y` a univariate time series

Value

A vector of 3 values: test statistic based on PP-test and KPSS-test

Author(s)

Thiyanga Talagala

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