Package 'sewage'

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add_node

add node to a sewage pipeline

Description

add_node() will place a new node in the specified pipeline. This will be executed sequentially when the pipeline is executed using run()

Usage

```
add_node(pipeline, component, name, input, ...)
```

Arguments

an initialized sewage pipeline

a function to be executed. Must be a valid function specification or exported sewage object including Joiner and Splitter

name

a name to give to the given component. This will be used as the 'input' parameter for downstream nodes

input

the node to use as input into 'component'. Inputs should be either (1) the name of an existing node in the pipeline, or (2) the name(s) of any argument(s) in the first ndoe of the pipeline. These names can be whatever you want, but should match the arguments you pass to run()

additional arguments to be passed to the 'component' argument

Value

```
a sewage_pipeline object
```

Examples

```
my_func = function(df) {
    df %>%
        head(15)
}
pipeline = Pipeline()
pipeline = pipeline |>
    add_node(name = 'processor', component = my_func, input = 'file')
```

draw.sewage_pipeline 3

Description

This function draws a DAG of the existing pipeline flow. For additional information see igraph::spec_viz

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sewage_pipeline'
draw(pipeline, ...)
draw(pipeline, ...)
```

Arguments

```
pipeline an instantiated pipeline object
... reserved for future use
```

Value

```
an htmlwdget object
```

Joiner

Initialize a Joiner object

Description

The Joiner takes in objects and joins them according to a defined method into a single node.

Usage

```
Joiner(method)
```

Arguments

method

function to join incoming objects together

Value

```
a sewage_joiner object
```

Note

additional arguments to be passed to method should be passed in the . . . of [add_node()]

print.sewage_pipeline

Examples

```
pipeline = Pipeline() |>
    add_node(Joiner(method = rbind), name = "Joiner", input = c("file1", "file2"))
```

Pipeline

Initialize a sewage Pipeline

Description

Initialize a sewage Pipeline

Usage

```
Pipeline()
```

Value

A sewage pipeline object

```
{\tt print.sewage\_pipeline} \ \ {\it Printing Pipelines}
```

Description

print a sewage pipeline

this will print all nodes and theis inputs in the pipeline. Once the pipeline has been executed, print will show the outputs available through [pull_output()]

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sewage_pipeline'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x a [Pipeline()] object ... not used
```

Value

formatted sewage pipeline output

Examples

```
pipeline = Pipeline() |>
    add_node(component = head, name = "Head", input = "file")
print(pipeline)
```

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pull_output

Extract output components from a pipeline

Description

Extract output components from a pipeline

Usage

```
pull_output(x, component, ...)
## S3 method for class 'sewage_pipeline'
pull_output(x, component, ...)
```

Arguments

x an executed pipeline object

component a character string specifying which output component to pull

... reserved for future use

Value

output from a terminating node of an executed sewage pipeline

Examples

```
pipeline = Pipeline() |>
    add_node(component = head, name = "Head", input = 'file')
result = run(pipeline, file = iris)
pull_output(result, "Head")
```

run

Run a pipeline

Description

This function is the extry point for executing a pipeline object

Usage

```
run(pipeline, start = NULL, halt = NULL, ...)
```

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Arguments

pipeline an initialized pipeline object
start node at which to start execution. If NULL then execution will start at the first node

halt halt execution at a specified node. Adding this parameter will halt execution of the remainder of the pipeline. Note that because pipelines are executed sequentially in the order you add them to the pipeline, in the case of a branching pipeline, any nodes from a different branch that were specified earlier in the pipeline will still be executed.

... parameter(s) to pass to starting node of the pipeline. This should match the 'input' parameter of 'add_node' of the starting node. In the case that you have multiple inputs or are starting at a later point in the pipeline, each argument should match the name of a starting node in your pipeline.

Value

an executed sewage_pipeline object

Examples

```
func1 = function(x) {
    x
}
pipeline = Pipeline() |>
    add_node(component = func1, name = "Func1", input = "file") |>
    add_node(component = func1, name = "Func2", input = "Func1") |>
    add_node(component = func1, name = "Func3", input = "Func2")
run(pipeline, file = mtcars)
run(pipeline, start = "Func2", Func1 = iris)
run(pipeline, halt = "Func2", file = mtcars)
```

Splitter

Initialize a splitter object

Description

Splitter takes in exactly one input node and propogates the input to *n* output nodes.

Usage

```
Splitter(edges = 2)
```

Arguments

edges

number out outputs. Must be greater than 1

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Details

After executing a Splitter object, the pipeline will contains n outputs and will be named as SplitterName_output{i}.

Value

```
a sewage_splitter object
```

Note

The ouputs of a Splitter object are accessed through the naming convention {name}.output_{i} where name is the specified name of the Splitter object. This allows you to pass split objects to downstream nodes or access them through the pipeline results.

Examples

```
pipeline = Pipeline()
pipeline = pipeline |>
    add_node(name = 'Splitter', component = Splitter(), input = 'file')
result = run(pipeline, file = mtcars)
pull_output(result, 'Splitter.output_1')
pull_output(result, 'Splitter.output_2')
```

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