

Package ‘tidier’

July 22, 2025

Title Enhanced 'mutate'

Version 0.2.0

Description Provides 'Apache Spark' style window aggregation for R dataframes and remote 'dbplyr' tables via 'mutate' in 'dplyr' flavour.

Imports dplyr (>= 1.1.0), tidyr (>= 1.3.0), checkmate (>= 2.1.0),
rlang (>= 1.0.6), slider (>= 0.2.2), magrittr (>= 1.5), furr
(>= 0.3.0), dbplyr (>= 2.3.1),

Suggests lubridate, stringr, testthat, RSQLite, tibble,

URL <https://github.com/talegari/tidier>

License GPL (>= 3)

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.2.1

NeedsCompilation no

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Repository CRAN

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mutate	<i>Drop-in replacement for mutate</i>
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Description

Provides supercharged version of [mutate](#) with `group_by`, `order_by` and aggregation over arbitrary window frame around a row for dataframes and lazy (remote) tbls of class `tbl_lazy`.

Usage

```
mutate(x, ..., .by, .order_by, .frame, .index, .complete = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	(data.frame or <code>tbl_lazy</code>)
<code>...</code>	expressions to be passed to mutate
<code>.by</code>	(expression, optional: Yes) Columns to group by
<code>.order_by</code>	(expression, optional: Yes) Columns to order by
<code>.frame</code>	(vector, optional: Yes) Vector of length 2 indicating the number of rows to consider before and after the current row. When argument <code>.index</code> is provided (typically a column of type date or datetime), before and after can be interval objects. See examples. When input is <code>tbl_lazy</code> , only number of rows as vector of length 2 is supported.
<code>.index</code>	(expression, optional: Yes, default: NULL) index column. This is supported when input is a dataframe only.
<code>.complete</code>	(flag, default: FALSE) This will be passed to <code>slider::slide/slider::slide_vec</code> . Should the function be evaluated on complete windows only? If FALSE or NULL, the default, then partial computations will be allowed. This is supported when input is a dataframe only.

Details

A window function returns a value for every input row of a dataframe or `lazy_tbl` based on a group of rows (frame) in the neighborhood of the input row. This function implements computation over groups (`partition_by` in SQL) in a predefined order (`order_by` in SQL) across a neighborhood of rows (frame) defined by a (up, down) where

- up/down are number of rows before and after the corresponding row
- up/down are interval objects (ex: `c(days(2), days(1))`). Interval objects are currently supported for dataframe only. (not `tbl_lazy`)

This implementation is inspired by spark's [window API](#).

Implementation Details:

For dataframe input:

- Iteration per row over the window is implemented using the versatile [slider](#).

- Application of a window aggregation can be optionally run in parallel over multiple groups (see argument `.by`) by setting a **future** parallel backend. This is implemented using **furrr** package.
- function subsumes regular usecases of `mutate`

For `tbl_lazy` input:

- Uses `dbplyr::window_order` and `dbplyr::window_frame` to translate to `partition_by` and window frame specification.

Value

data.frame or `tbl_lazy`

See Also

`mutate_`

Examples

```
library("magrittr")
# example 1 (simple case with dataframe)
# Using iris dataset,
# compute cumulative mean of column `Sepal.Length`
# ordered by `Petal.Width` and `Sepal.Width` columns
# grouped by `Petal.Length` column

iris %>%
  mutate(sl_mean = mean(Sepal.Length),
         .order_by = c(Petal.Width, Sepal.Width),
         .by = Petal.Length,
         .frame = c(Inf, 0),
         ) %>%
  dplyr::slice_min(n = 3, Petal.Width, by = Species)

# example 2 (detailed case with dataframe)
# Using a sample airquality dataset,
# compute mean temp over last seven days in the same month for every row

set.seed(101)
airquality %>%
  # create date column
  dplyr::mutate(date_col = lubridate::make_date(1973, Month, Day)) %>%
  # create gaps by removing some days
  dplyr::slice_sample(prop = 0.8) %>%
  dplyr::arrange(date_col) %>%
  # compute mean temperature over last seven days in the same month
  tidier::mutate(avg_temp_over_last_week = mean(Temp, na.rm = TRUE),
                 .order_by = Day,
                 .by = Month,
                 .frame = c(lubridate::days(7), # 7 days before current row
                           lubridate::days(-1) # do not include current row
```

```

        ),
        .index = date_col
      )
# example 3
airquality %>%
  # create date column as character
  dplyr::mutate(date_col =
    as.character(lubridate::make_date(1973, Month, Day))
  ) %>%
  tibble::as_tibble() %>%
  # as `tbl_lazy`
  dbplyr::memdb_frame() %>%
  mutate(avg_temp = mean(Temp),
    .by = Month,
    .order_by = date_col,
    .frame = c(3, 3)
  ) %>%
  dplyr::collect() %>%
  dplyr::select(Ozone, Solar.R, Wind, Temp, Month, Day, date_col, avg_temp)

```

mutate_

Drop-in replacement for [mutate](#)

Description

Provides supercharged version of [mutate](#) with `group_by`, `order_by` and aggregation over arbitrary window frame around a row for dataframes and lazy (remote) tbls of class `tbl_lazy`.

Usage

```

mutate_(
  x,
  ...,
  .by,
  .order_by,
  .frame,
  .index,
  .desc = FALSE,
  .complete = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	(data.frame or <code>tbl_lazy</code>)
<code>...</code>	expressions to be passed to mutate
<code>.by</code>	(character vector, optional: Yes) Columns to group by
<code>.order_by</code>	(string, optional: Yes) Columns to order by

<code>.frame</code>	(vector, optional: Yes) Vector of length 2 indicating the number of rows to consider before and after the current row. When argument <code>.index</code> is provided (typically a column of type date or datetime), before and after can be interval objects. See examples. When input is <code>tbl_lazy</code> , only number of rows as vector of length 2 is supported.
<code>.index</code>	(string, optional: Yes, default: NULL) index column. This is supported when input is a dataframe only.
<code>.desc</code>	(flag, default: FALSE) Whether to order in descending order
<code>.complete</code>	(flag, default: FALSE) This will be passed to <code>slider::slide/slider::slide_vec</code> . Should the function be evaluated on complete windows only? If FALSE or NULL, the default, then partial computations will be allowed. This is supported when input is a dataframe only.

Details

A window function returns a value for every input row of a dataframe or `lazy_tbl` based on a group of rows (frame) in the neighborhood of the input row. This function implements computation over groups (`partition_by` in SQL) in a predefined order (`order_by` in SQL) across a neighborhood of rows (frame) defined by a (up, down) where

- up/down are number of rows before and after the corresponding row
- up/down are interval objects (ex: `c(days(2), days(1))`). Interval objects are currently supported for dataframe only. (not `tbl_lazy`)

This implementation is inspired by spark's [window API](#).

Implementation Details:

For dataframe input:

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- function subsumes regular usecases of [mutate](#)

For `tbl_lazy` input:

- Uses `dbplyr::window_order` and `dbplyr::window_frame` to translate to `partition_by` and window frame specification.

Value

`data.frame` or `tbl_lazy`

See Also

[mutate](#)

Examples

```

library("magrittr")
# example 1 (simple case with dataframe)
# Using iris dataset,
# compute cumulative mean of column `Sepal.Length`
# ordered by `Petal.Width` and `Sepal.Width` columns
# grouped by `Petal.Length` column

iris %>%
  tidier::mutate_(sl_mean = mean(Sepal.Length),
                  .order_by = c("Petal.Width", "Sepal.Width"),
                  .by = "Petal.Length",
                  .frame = c(Inf, 0),
                  ) %>%
  dplyr::slice_min(n = 3, Petal.Width, by = Species)

# example 2 (detailed case with dataframe)
# Using a sample airquality dataset,
# compute mean temp over last seven days in the same month for every row

set.seed(101)
airquality %>%
  # create date column
  dplyr::mutate(date_col = lubridate::make_date(1973, Month, Day)) %>%
  # create gaps by removing some days
  dplyr::slice_sample(prop = 0.8) %>%
  dplyr::arrange(date_col) %>%
  # compute mean temperature over last seven days in the same month
  tidier::mutate_(avg_temp_over_last_week = mean(Temp, na.rm = TRUE),
                  .order_by = "Day",
                  .by = "Month",
                  .frame = c(lubridate::days(7), # 7 days before current row
                             lubridate::days(-1) # do not include current row
                            ),
                  .index = "date_col"
                  )

# example 3
airquality %>%
  # create date column as character
  dplyr::mutate(date_col =
                as.character(lubridate::make_date(1973, Month, Day))
                ) %>%
  tibble::as_tibble() %>%
  # as `tbl_lazy`
  dbplyr::memdb_frame() %>%
  mutate_(avg_temp = mean(Temp),
          .by = "Month",
          .order_by = "date_col",
          .frame = c(3, 3)
          ) %>%
  dplyr::collect() %>%
  dplyr::select(Ozone, Solar.R, Wind, Temp, Month, Day, date_col, avg_temp)

```

`remove_common_nested_columns`*Remove non-list columns when same are present in a list column*

Description

Remove non-list columns when same are present in a list column

Usage

```
remove_common_nested_columns(df, list_column)
```

Arguments

<code>df</code>	input dataframe
<code>list_column</code>	Name or expr of the column which is a list of named lists

Value

dataframe

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