$Package \ `trouBBlme4SolveR'$

July 22, 2025

Version 0.1.2

Date 2024-08-20
Title Troubles Solver for 'lme4'
Description The main function of the package aims to update 'lmer()'/'glmer()' models depending on their warnings, so trying to avoid convergence and singularity problems.
Depends R (>= $4.1.0$)
Imports lme4 (>= 1.1-28)
Suggests nlme (>= 3.1-123), ggplot2 (>= 2.0.0), minqa
License GPL-3
<pre>URL https://gitlab.com/iagogv/troubblme4solver</pre>
<pre>BugReports https://gitlab.com/iagogv/troubblme4solver/-/issues</pre>
Encoding UTF-8
NeedsCompilation no
Author Iago Giné-Vázquez [aut, cre] (ORCID: https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6725-2638)
Maintainer Iago Giné-Vázquez <iago.gin-vaz@protonmail.com></iago.gin-vaz@protonmail.com>
Repository CRAN
Date/Publication 2024-08-20 09:40:02 UTC
Contents
dwmw
fly_parameters
fstruction
issue618
issue618large
treatments
Index 11

2 dwmw

dwmw

Solver for (generalized) linear MM warnings

Description

Updates a (possibly generalized) linear mixed model computed with the library **lme4** functions lmer or glmer, in order to elude some singularity or convergence problems informed by distinct warnings or messages.

Usage

```
dwmw(lmmodel,
    boundary_check = TRUE, scale = FALSE, scale_info = TRUE,
    tol = 1e-4, max_message_iter = 7, pri_nAGQ = FALSE, max_nAGQ = 6,
    next_optimizer = "bobyqa", next_optCtrl = list(maxfun = 2e5),
    when_next = max_message_iter - 1, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

lmmodel	The model of interest, output of either lmer or glmer, that is, an object of class merMod and <i>subclass</i> either lmerMod or glmerMod.	
boundary_check	A length 1 boolean object (TRUE [default] or FALSE), determining if the function removes those random effects which make the model singular (in the simplest situation, those with standard deviation almost 0.	
scale	A length 1 boolean object (TRUE or FALSE [default]), determining if the function must rescale the numeric predictors when this action is asked in a <i>warning</i> or <i>message</i> .	
scale_info	A length 1 boolean object (TRUE [default] or FALSE), determining if the function should cat a message when some predictor variables are on very different scales, but are not rescaled.	
tol	A numeric value (default is 1e-4), tolerance under which to consider if a model is singular (see boundary_check argument).	
max_message_iter		
	A numeric value (default is 7), generally the maximum number of iterations allowed to update the model. For the exception, see the Details section.	
pri_nAGQ	A length 1 boolean object (TRUE or FALSE [default]), determining if the function prioritizes incrising nAGQ over updating model start parameters when both are possible solutions to warned issues.	
max_nAGQ	A numeric value (default is 6), maximum to which increase the nAGQ argument fitting glmer models.	
next_optimizer	An optimizer (default is "bobyqa"), next to be used when model convergence is failing.	

dwmw 3

next_optCtrl A list (default is list(maxfun=2e5)) of additional arguments to be passed to

the nonlinear optimizer (see Nelder_Mead, bobyqa). In particular, both Nelder_Mead and bobyqa use maxfun to specify the maximum number of function evaluations they will try before giving up - in contrast to optim and optimx-wrapped optimizers, which use maxit. (Also see convergence for details of stopping

tolerances for different optimizers.

when_next A numeric value not greater than max_message_iter - 1 (which is the default),

specifying from which iteration a model convergence failing is approached with

a new optimizer (next_optimizer) and with a new set of arguments to it (next_optCtrl).

verbose A length 1 boolean object (TRUE or FALSE [default])

specifying if function iterations and model updating should be verbose.

Details

If the model does not generate any warning or message, dwmw returns itself. The function rescales numeric predictors if some warning or message suggests it and the scale argument is TRUE. If the model fails to converge, it only updates the starting values for the parameters in the model through the first when_next - 1 iterations, while it also updates the optimizer and their arguments through the next iterations.

If the model is singular (there is a "boundary (singular)"-alike message) and boundary_check is TRUE, the formula is updated removing the random effects which cause the model to be singular. If all the random effects are removed, a linear or generalized linear model is computed according to the lmmodel object.

If the model has subclass glmerMod, a single scalar random effect and converges but it is nearly unidentifiable with a very large eigenvalue, then nAGQ is increased one unity while nAGQ <= max_nAGQ (and only in this case, allowing the iterations to exceed max_message_iter until nAGQ == max_nAGQ).

Value

Generally, an object of class merMod, being either an object of *subclass* glmerMod or an object of subclass lmerMod, corresponding to the input lmmodel argument. When all random effects are removed, an object of class glm or lm depending also on the input lmmodel.

Author(s)

```
Iago Giné-Vázquez, <iago.gin-vaz@protonmail.com>
```

See Also

```
lmer, glmer, merMod lmerControl, convergence, troubleshooting, isSingular, lm and glm.
```

Examples

```
if(requireNamespace("nlme")){
library(lme4)
data(Orthodont, package = "nlme")
Orthodont$nsex <- as.numeric(Orthodont$Sex == "Male")
Orthodont$nsexage <- with(Orthodont, nsex*age)
## Without using dwmw, the next model is singular</pre>
```

fly_parameters

fly_parameters

Data for the SO question Rhrefhttps://stackoverflow.com/questions/23478792/warning-messages-when-trying-to-run-glmer-in-rwarning messages when trying to run glmer in r.

Description

Two integer variables (ValidDetections and FalseDetections) to build an outcome, two factor variables to be used as clusters for the random effects (SUR.ID and Day), three factor variables to be used as fixed effects (tm, Area and replicate), five numeric variables to be used as fixed effects (c.distance, c.tm.depth, c.receiver.depth, c.temp and c.wind) and a pair of variables extra, allowing to build a model which fails to converge.

Usage

```
data("fly_parameters")
```

Format

A data frame with 220 observations on the following 14 variables.

SUR.ID a factor with levels 10185 10186 10250

tm a factor with levels CT PT-04

ValidDetections a numeric vector

CountDetections a numeric vector

FalseDetections a numeric vector

replicate a factor with levels 1 2

Area a factor with levels Drug Channel Finger

Day a factor with levels 03/06/13 2/22/13 2/26/13 2/27/13 3/14/13

R.det a numeric vector

fstruction 5

```
c.receiver.depth a numeric vector
c.tm.depth a numeric vector
c.temp a numeric vector
c.wind a numeric vector
c.distance a numeric vector
```

Source

warning messages when trying to run glmer in r

Examples

```
data(fly_parameters)
str(fly_parameters)
df <- fly_parameters</pre>
df$SUR.ID <- factor(df$SUR.ID)</pre>
df$replicate <- factor(df$replicate)</pre>
Rdet <- cbind(df$ValidDetections,df$FalseDetections)</pre>
Unit <- factor(1:length(df$ValidDetections))</pre>
library(lme4)
m1 <- glmer(Rdet ~ tm:Area + tm:c.distance +
            c.distance:Area + c.tm.depth:Area +
            c.receiver.depth:Area + c.temp:Area +
            c.wind:Area +
            c.tm.depth + c.receiver.depth +
            c.temp +c.wind + tm + c.distance + Area +
            replicate +
            (1|SUR.ID) + (1|Day) + (1|Unit),
            data = df, family = binomial(link="logit"))
summary(m1)
m1_new <- dwmw(m1, scale = TRUE, max_message_iter = 3)</pre>
summary(m1_new)
```

fstruction

Formula removal of singular random effects

Description

Removes those random effects from a model formula making the model to be singular.

Usage

```
fstruction(model, tol = 1e-4)
```

6 issue618

Arguments

model	The model of interest, output of either lmer or glmer, that is, an object of class merMod and <i>subclass</i> either lmerMod or glmerMod.
tol	A numeric value (default is 1e-4), tolerance under which to determine if the random effects make the model to be singular.

Value

A list with a string component dstring which is the formula as character updated (to be used by update) after removing the singular random effects and, when no all the random effects are removed two other string components:

- betchar: a character vector with the random effect terms removed from the formula.
- inchar: a character vector having the same length as betchar with the corresponding groups (aggregate levels) for which the random effects are removed.

Author(s)

```
Iago Giné-Vázquez, <iago.gin-vaz@protonmail.com>
```

See Also

formula, update

Examples

issue618large 7

Description

Three variables, being one dichotomous, other continuous and the last, categorical. Data for the first reproducible example for issue 618 on the lme4 Github-repository, making glmer to produce a

```
Model is nearly unidentifiable: very large eigenvalue - Rescale variables?

warning for the model outcome_dead ~ AGE + (1|ZIP).
```

Usage

```
data("issue618")
```

Format

A data frame with 1000 observations on the following 3 variables.

```
outcome_dead an integer vector

AGE an integer vector

ZIP an integer vector
```

Source

convergence issues with continuous variables in model

Examples

```
data(issue618)
str(issue618)

library(lme4)
m1<- glmer(outcome_dead ~ AGE + (1|ZIP), family = binomial, data = issue618)
summary(m1)
m2 <- dwmw(m1, scale = TRUE)
summary(m2)</pre>
```

issue618large

Data example github issue 618 on the lme4 repository

Description

Three variables, being one dichotomous, other continuous and the last, categorical. Data for the first reproducible example for issue 618 on the lme4 Github-repository, making glmer to produce a

```
Model is nearly unidentifiable: very large eigenvalue - Rescale variables?

warning for the model outcome_dead ~ AGE + (1|ZIP).
```

8 plants

Usage

```
data("issue618")
```

Format

A data frame with 1000 observations on the following 3 variables.

```
outcome_dead an integer vector

AGE an integer vector

ZIP an integer vector
```

Source

convergence issues with continuous variables in model

Examples

plants

Data for the SO question Rhrefhttps://stackoverflow.com/questions/60028673/lme4-error-boundary-singular-fit-see-issingularlme4 error: boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular.

Description

Five variables, being one continuous to use as outcome (Weight), and four factors, of which two (Rep and PLANT) are used as clusters for the random effects of a singular linear mixed model (Weight $\sim 1 + (1|Rep:PLANT))$.

Usage

```
data("plants")
```

9 treatments

Format

A data frame with 536 observations on the following 5 variables.

Line a factor with levels Line1 Line10 Line11 Line12 Line13 Line14 Line15 Line16 Line17 Line18 Line19 Line2 Line20 Line21 Line22 Line23 Line24 Line25 Line26 Line27 Line28 Line29 Line3 Line30 Line31 Line32 Line33 Line34 Line35 Line36 Line37 Line38 Line39 Line4 Line40 Line41 Line42 Line43 Line44 Line45 Line46 Line47 Line48 Line49 Line5 Line50 Line51 Line52 Line53 Line54 Line55 Line56 Line57 Line58 Line59 Line60 Line61 Line62 Line63 Line64 Line65 Line66 Line67 Line7 Line8 Line9

```
Rep a factor with levels 1 2
Weight a numeric vector
PLANT a factor with levels 1 2 3 4
X a factor with levels 24 12 21 11 13 14 22 23
```

Source

lme4 error: boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular

Examples

```
data(plants)
str(plants)
library(lme4)
fit <- lmer(Weight ~ 1 + (1|PLANT:Rep), data = plants)</pre>
summary(fit)
fit2 <- dwmw(fit)
summary(fit2)
```

Validated treatments Data for the Cross question Rhrefhttps://stats.stackexchange.com/questions/575666/lme4-glmerwarning-messages-with-count-data-mixed-effects-model-and-how-

to-prlme4: glmer() warning messages with count data mixed-effects

model and how to proceed with model fit

Description

A continuous variable to be used as outcome (total_no), another to be used as predictor (week), two factor variables to be used as predictors (treatment and fzone) and another factor to be used as cluster for the random effects (plot) of a Poisson model failing to converge, and an extra variable.

Usage

```
data("treatments")
```

10 treatments

Format

```
A data frame with 142 observations on the following 7 variables.

plot a numeric vector

date a character vector

total_no a numeric vector

zone a character vector

treatment a character vector

week a numeric vector

fzone a character vector
```

Source

lme4: glmer() warning messages with count data mixed-effects model and how to proceed with model fit

Examples

Index

```
* datasets
    fly_parameters, 4
    issue618, 6
    issue618large, 7
    plants, 8
    treatments, 9
* \ models \\
    dwmw, 2
bobyqa, 3
convergence, 3
dwmw, 2
fly_parameters, 4
formula, 6
fstruction, 5
glm, 3
glmer, 2, 3, 6
isSingular, 3
issue618, 6
issue618large, 7
list, 3
1m, 3
1mer, 2, 3, 6
lmerControl, 3
merMod, 2, 3, 6
Nelder_Mead, 3
optim, 3
plants, 8
treatments, 9
trouBBlme4SolveR (dwmw), 2
troubleshooting, 3
update, 6
```